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The Secretary of State for India through the Committee formed in The Old Country to aid in replacing the loss caused by The disastrous Fire of February the 14th 1890
TUŁU-ENGLISH

DICTIONARY

BY

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PREFACE.

The Tuḷu language, one of the Dravidian family, is spoken only by half a million of people, inhabiting the central part of South-Canara. Until recently there was no literature in this language, except some legends written on palm-leaves in the Malayālam character, in the possession of Brahman families. It was only after the arrival of the Basel Missionaries in this district (1834) that some books were written and printed in the Basel Mission Press, the most important being a translation of the New Testament, which was completed in 1847, and of which a new typographical edition was issued in 1859. Other publications intended for the use of the church and schools followed in course of time, and in 1872 Rev. J. Brigel compiled a Tuḷu Grammar, which we recommend to those interested in that language. For writing, a modification of the Malayālam alphabet was in vogue till the Basel Mission Press employed Canarese characters in printing.

2. The compilation of a vocabulary was commenced some 30 years ago. The Rev. G. Kammerer, who died in 1858, left a manuscript containing about 2000 words. The author took this vocabulary in hand and continued adding to it from all available sources, without in the least contemplating the printing of the same. In 1883, however, the question of printing a Tuḷu Dictionary was first mooted, and further steps having been taken in the matter, the Government of Madras was pleased to defray the cost of its publication.
3. A Transliteration in Latin characters of every word will, especially for beginners, facilitate the use of the book. The appended list (p. viii.) will show the rules according to which the transliteration has been made.

4. Special attention should be paid to words sounding alike, viz:

- పల్లి, a lizard.  
- పల్లి, a mosque.  
- ఏను, an anna.  
- ఏను, an elephant.  
- ముత్తు, a pearl.  
- ముద్దు, a kiss.  
- మడిపు, a fold.  
- మడిపు, a consultation.

5. Although it is customary in Dravidian Dictionaries to give the crude form of the Verb, it was thought better to give first the Infinitive form, as the conjugation of the verb is dependent on the ending of the Infinitive. The Root, however, is given after the transliteration. The three terminations of the Infinitive are as follows:

1. వోడుని, as వోడ + ని = వోడుని, to read;  
2. మాల్పుని, మాల్+ పుని = మాల్పుని, to do;  
3. తిపిని, తి + పిని = తిపిని, to see.

As the formation of the Causative form is sometimes rather intricate and the meaning is often different from that attached to the root, it has been thought best to introduce the causative form as a separate word.

6. As to the Adjectives, only the simple ones have been especially mentioned; all others which are either Adjective-Participles, or Nouns converted into Adjectives either by different terminations, as the Dative, Locative and Genitive, or by adding Adjective-Participles (ఇతి, ఉపు, అయి, etc.), have been omitted, as the student can easily convert any Noun into an Adjective whenever required.

7. In a similar manner it ought to be stated that all proper Adverbs have been specially pointed out; those, however, which are either Datives or Locatives or Nouns with Verbal Participles (అడు) have been omitted for the above reason.
8. The Tulu language does not possess many words with abstract meanings. The Gerund of every verb may, however, be used in this sense, for instance, वॉडनेवे wōdunavu reading, तूपिनेवे tūpinavu observation. Besides this there are some other derivations, as वॉडिगे vōdigē of वॉडी vōdī, हेक्सिगे heccigē of हेक्सि heccī, जापेलु jappelu of जापी jappī, डीजेलु diįjelu of डीजी diįjī, तार्टे tartē of तारी tārī, मुर्ते murtē of मुरुण मुरुण, etc. Such abstract words, if not found in this Dictionary, can easily be formed by means of the Infinitive.

9. The meanings of many words might have been considerably increased, but for the sake of brevity we have, (especially in the case of words derived from Sanskrit), given only the most usual ones.

10. It should be taken into consideration that not only the different castes of the Tulu speaking people have their own peculiarities of expression and pronunciation, e.g. for “wedding” Brahmans say जबोजा kalāyna, Pariahs say अदाताना baḍatana, and other caste people say जबमे madumē, but that there are also three local distinctions of dialect, viz., a southern, a northern and an eastern one, in which similar peculiarities exist; for instance:

S. जबोजेजा podepini, जबोजा sadī, जबोजा tudē, जबोजा tūpinī, जबोजसमा sūpīnī
N. जबोजेजा podepini, जबोजा tādī, जबोजा sudē, जबोजसमा sūpīnī
E. जबोजेजा pudepuni, जबोजे hādī, जबोजे hudē, जबोजसमा hūpīnī

11. As to the adoption of Sanskrit, words besides those in common use with the people in connection with their worship, a number of words have been received which are current among Tulu Brahmans only, though not all; and there are also some words which owe their introduction to Christianity. The Tulu people also use a number of words which were originally Canarese, Malayāḷam and Hindustāṇi; of these only the most common ones have been introduced here.

12. The names of about 600 Plants will be found in this collection. About half are taken from “Five Hundred Indian
Plants" by C. Stolz, and the others have been obtained in other ways, careful investigation being required in some cases.

13. A Supplement of about 200 new words is appended.

14. For List of Abbreviations see the following page.

15. In the preparation of this Dictionary the following works have been consulted: Canarese Dictionary by W. Reeve, Malayāḷam Dictionary by Dr. H. Gundert, and Sanskrit Dictionary by Dr. Th. Benfey.

16. In conclusion the author desires to record the great obligations he is under, to the Munshis Messrs. Madhvarāya of Caup, Sitārāma of Mulki, Sarvottama Pei of Mangalore, and Catechist Israel Aarons for the assistance given him, and among some others, he is also indebted to the corrector of the Mission Press, Mr. Śivarāu, who has been of very great service to him in carrying the work through the press. He nevertheless regrets certain errors which have crept into the work, and for which he craves the forbearance of the critic. These have been noted in the Errata.

Mangalore, October 1886.

A. M.
Abbreviations.

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<td>bet.</td>
<td>better.</td>
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<td>bram.</td>
<td>word peculiar to Tulu Brahmans.</td>
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<td>Roman Catholic.</td>
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<td>singular.</td>
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<td>vlg.</td>
<td>vulgar word.</td>
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### Transliteration.

#### a. Vowels.

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | a as a in about. |
| ə | ā a far. |
| ə | ī i him. |
| ə | ī i police. |
| ə | ū u full. |
| ə | ū u rule. |
| ṭu | ru, vocalised r. |

(əə ru not used)

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | e as e in met. |
| ə | ē (final) as a mat. |
| ə | ē as e grey. |
| ə | ei, ai, oi ei height. |
| ə | o (wo) o not. |
| ə | ō (wō) o note. |
| ə | ōu, au ou house. |
| ə | u (half u) as e in the French je. |

#### b. Medials.

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | ə=ī before ə, ə, Æ, ə, Æ. |
| ə | ū n ə,erchant. |
| ə | ū n ə, ə, Æ, Æ. |
| ə | ū n ə, ə, Æ, Æ. |

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | ə=m before ə, ə, Æ, ə. |
| ə | ū in ə, ə, ə. |
| ə | ū=, vocalised. |

#### c. Consonants.

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | ka as ka in kalendar. |
| ə | kha ka aspirated. |
| ə | ga ga in gander. |
| ə | gha ga aspirated. |
| ə | ēn ng in singing. |
| ə | ēch chapter. |
| ə | ēcha ēca aspirated. |
| ə | ēja ēja in jam. |
| ə | ēma ēma in mad. |
| ə | ēja ēja aspirated. |
| ə | ēnā nyc in bunyan. |
| ə | tē the cerebral ta. |
| ə | thā ta aspirated. |
| ə | dā the cerebral da. |
| ə | ḍha ḍha aspirated. |
| ə | nā the cerebral na. |
| ə | tā the dental ta. |
| ə | thā ta aspirated. |
| ə | ksha as ksha in Lakshmi. |

| 
| --- | --- |
| ə | da the dental da. |
| ə | dha da aspirated. |
| ə | nā the dental na. |
| ə | pa as pa in parrot. |
| ə | pha pa aspirated. |
| ə | ba ba in bat. |
| ə | bha ba aspirated. |
| ə | ma ma in mad. |
| ə | yā ya yam. |
| ə | ra ra rag. |
| ə | la la lap. |
| ə | va va van. |
| ə | sa sha shām. |
| ə | sa sha marshal. |
| ə | sa sa sat |
| ə | ha ha ham. |

<p>| ə | la the cerebral l. |</p>
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| a, The first letter of the alphabet; 2. an interjection of surprise; 3. when prefixed to nouns derived from Sanskrit beginning with a consonant, it denotes negation, as यो
| आंकित, s. A mark; adj. marked. —कित तो अर्ध्वन्तनिः to affix one's signature to any writing; 2. to dedicate a work; 3. to put a mark.
| आंकन, s. Crookedness; adj. bent, crooked.
| आंकुश, s. A goad, hook used to drive an elephant with.
| आंकिपुनि (आंकिपुनि), v. a. To cipher, count, reckon (in writing).
| आंकठे, s. A numerical figure.
| आंकौलेडा मारा, s. Alangium decapetalum (hexapetalum).
| आंगु, s. Greediness, eagerness. —गु, —को to be greedy, covetous; cf. आंगु.
| आंगुसावुनि (आंगुसावुनि), v. a. To reproach, despise; 2. to disregard; 3. to arraign; also आंगुसावुनि, आंगुसावुनि.
aṅga, s. A limb, member; 2. the body.  aṅgaḥ the members of the body.
aṅgastra, s. The instruments of action, as mind, speech, body.
aṅgafricanā, s. The body.
aṅgajāmeri, s. The hair of the body.
aṅgaṃri, s. A name of the foe of Cupid.
aṅgajē, s. The god of love, 2. a son; 3. desire.
aṅgadī, s. A shop, stall.
aṅgana, s. The space around a temple or demon-shrine; 2. a courtyard, the space in front of a house.
aṅgatāpa, s. Heat of the body; 2. fatigue.
aṅgadanē, s. Thirst. -aṅgadē to give to drink. -aṅgadheto drink.
aṅgade, s. The name of a celebrated monkey, the son of Śiva.
aṅgapaṅkuy, s. The hair about the privities, vīgha.
aṅgarpārishe, s. Anatomy.
aṅgupūje, s. Worshiping the different members of an idol.
aṅgupradakshane, s. Rolling the body after the car of an idol or round a temple, as a penance or in fulfilment of a vow; see aṅgasaṅga. aṅgabēsaryu, s. Fatigue.
aṅgarakshe, s. Personal protection, preservation, safety.
aṅgarēke, s. A coat, jacket, vesture.
aṅgarōma, s. The hair of the body.
aṅgalappu, aṅgalāpa, s. Covetousness, inordinate desire, eagerness of gain. -aṅgalāpē to be of inordinate desire; 2. to endeavour, try. -aṅgalāpe a covetous person.
aṅgavastra, s. An upper garment, a towel.
aṅgasikshe, s. Penance; 2. mortification of the body in penance.
aṅgasucē, s. Ceremonial purity; 2. a thrashing, beating.
aṅgasāṅga, s. Sexual intercourse.
aṅgasādhanē, s. Gymnastics, bodily exercise.
aṅgasiddhi, s. Prosperity.
aṅgasūtra, s. The pulse; 2. a kind of girdle; see aṅgasutta.
aṅgase, s. A particular kind of building, the front part of which is used as a shop and the back part as a private dwelling; 2. a towel, scarf.
aṅgasonne, s. A sign.
made with the finger, head, eye, etc.

Angahimse, s. Corporal punishment. —&amp; to wound, punish.

Angahina, adj. Maimed.

Angakshema, s. Bodily health.

Anganga, adj. All, of every kind; see escoses.

Angakshema, s. Bodily health.

Angaraka, s. A black stroke put on the forehead.

Angarake, s. The planet Mars. &amp; Tuesday.

Angare, s. The planet Mars; 2. Tuesday.

Angavuni, c.v. (of &amp;), To yawn, gape, open (as the mouth).

Angi, s. A long gown, or coat.

Angidpini (Angi), v.n. To be greedy, covetous; see under &amp;.

Angipuni (Angi), v.a. To wish, be greedy of.

Angisavuni (Angi), v.a. To reproach; see Angika, Angikara.

Angikara, s. Reception, admission; 2. acceptance. —&amp; to accept, receive.

Angirasa, s. The name of a Hindoo saint.

Angushtha, s. The thumb; 2. the great toe; also Angshuma.

Anguni (Angi), v.n. To open; 2. to be seized with a fit of yawning; as Angushtha the mouth opens; 3. to cringe.

Angula, s. An inch; 2. a finger, the thumb, great toe; 3. the name of a saint.

Angustani, s. A thimble.

Angela, Angela, s. A native inch equal to about 1 1/4 of the English inch; see Angusa.

Angele, s. A greedy person, glutton.

Angei, s. The palm of the hand. —&amp; the cavity of the hand. —&amp; the lines on the palm of the hand; see Angika, Angikara.

Angipargha (Angi), s. The members of the body.

Angostra (Angi), s. An upper garment, a towel.

Anuna, Anuninolou, s. All the limbs; see Angoka.

Anuna, see Angka.

Anunanyuni (Angi), v.a. To be greedy of, to covet; cf. Angi.
the famous monkey general;
2. the black goddess.

anjalumini, s. A kind of fish.

anjigé, anjiké, s. Fear, alarm, fright; 2. shyness. —to fear, be afraid of, be alarmed, be frightened; 2. to be shy. —a coward, timid person.

anjiyuni, anjuní (aunj, aun). v. n. To fear. —a coward, timid person.

anjura, s. A fig. —a ripe fig. —the glomorous fig tree.

anjele, s. A timid fellow.

anúana s. A collyrium or ointment applied to the eyes (see aunj); 2. particular applications, as lampblack, antimony etc.; 3. a kind of medicine for the eyes; also to antimony. —necromancer, conjurer, soothsayer, also antimony. —to put a sharp medicine or collyrium into the eyes; 2. to conjure.

antú, s. Gum, paste, resin; 2. adhesion. —to come in contact with, to touch; 2. to follow, pursue; 3. to stick, adhere to. —to gum, paste. —to become adhesive.
antupattu, adj. Adhesive, attractive.
antuni, v. n. To adhere, stick; v. a. to paste; 2. to attract.
andu, s. The buttocks; ṣo ṭa ṭa ṭa ṭa a stool to sit upon. ṭoṭeṣa a small under garment.
anda, s. An egg, that which is oval shaped. -aṭṭi the oviparous class, as bird, fish etc.
andasu, s. A kind of fish; bet. ṭeṣaṇi.
andi, s. A germ of mangoes etc. -ānam fruits to put forth; also ṭeṣa ṭa ṭa ṭa.
andipenāru, s. The name of a tree, Carallia integrerrima.
andē, s. The vessel of a toddy-drawer for putting toddy in; 2. a vessel made of hollow bamboo or nut-shell.
aṇāvuni (aṇa), v. a. To raise or lift up the head or face; 2. to peep.
auṇukanāyi, s. Coconut and plantains offered to an idol; see ṭa ṭa ṭa ṭa ṭa. -eṣa ṭeṣa, -aṭṭi to offer coconuts and plantains.
anne, s. An elder brother; 2. a maternal uncle; 3. an elderly man.
antara, s. Intermediate space, interval; 2. difference, disparity; 3. rank. -aṭṭi, -aṭṭi, -aṭṭi the intermediate posts of a roof.
antaraṅga, s. The mind, heart; 2. a secret; 3. secrecy; in loc. secretly.
antaraṅga, s. Pistia stratioides; cf. Seaw.
aṇāvuni, antarāntara, s. Distinction of rank.
antarāṇa, antaraṇa, antarāṅa, antaraṭṭa, antraṭṭa, antarāṣṭra, s. Mid-space, mid-air, included space, interval; ṭaṭṭa ṭa ṭa ṭa lit. 'he is in the atmosphere', used for one who has died and has no rest; 2. fg. he is in a dilemma, he is not settled.
aṇūṇa, antaripuni, antarīṇu, antariyuni (aṇa), v. n. To end; 2. to die; 3. to differ.
antardese, s. The unknown fate.
anta 6

anta, antarmāḍu, s. An under roof.

antarya, s. The inner part; 2. the heart, mind.

antarsunna, s. The beam on the walls.

antuga, s. Total.

antastu, s. An upper store or room; 2. a secret.

antya, s. End, completion; adj. last, final, ultimate. — the time of death.

antā, d. v. Yes, yea. — to be true. — to be brought up; 2. to be verified, proved. — true. — a true word: — lit. there is no gainsaying the truth. — to prove, improve. — is it so? is it true? also calling attention.

andunda (condl. form of ant), adv. Namely, that is to say.

andūḍu (past part. of ant used as) conj. (lit. Having said,) that. — he said that he would come.

anda, s. Form, shape; 2. beauty, elegance, handsomeness, symmetry; 3. purport. adj. beautiful, pretty; — a handsome man. — to decay, wane.

andacanda, adj. Very handsome, very pleasant.

andage, andake, s. A blind man, a man of defective vision; 2. a cripple.

andapa, s. A kind of palankin.

andaye, see andaya.

andasya, see andasya.

andassa, s. Darkness, blackness. — a very dark place. — hell of darkness.

andā, see under ant.

andāju, andāji, s. Estimate. — to make an estimate.

andāyi, see under ant.

andāye (antā), s. A consenter, one who consents; 2. p. t. of antā, cf. under ant.

andipunār, see ant.

ande, int. of entreaty, addressing, calling attention.

andesa, s. Doubt, hesitation; 2. shyness.

andakāra, s. Darkness.

andhage (andhāg), s. A blind man; see andhār.

andhārā andhādarbāryu, s. A blind government; 2. tyranny. — a tyrant, mismanager.

anna, s. Food, esp. cooked rice. — a gift of food.
Anna, s. A homeless person, pauper; 2. a simpleton; cf. अमान.

Ampuni, see अम्पुर.

Amba, amba, amba, ambo, s. Bellowing, lowing
2. a cry, noise. —स्वर to bel-
low, low (like a calf).

Ambaté, ambañe, ambañe, s. The wild mango, hogplum.
—हो, a hogplum-tree, Spon-
dias mangifera.

Ambara, s. The sky; 2. cloth, apparel; अम्बु a purple cloth. अम्बु a name of श्री.

Ambarappu, s. Hurry, confusion, perplexity.
—इं to become per-
plexed.

Ambari, ambari, s. An elephant’s saddle, how-
dah.

Ambali, s. Tipsiness, drunkenness; 2. drowsiness: लिंग अम्बली (I or he) told (it) in drowsiness of sleep.

Ambala, see अम्बल.

Ambākilu, s. A kind of verandah; 2. an outer gate or door.

Ambi, s. Cow-dung.

Ambigāre, s. A boat-
man; cf. अम्बकीर.

Ambige, s. A hunter; see अम्बकीर. अम्बी.

Ambila, s. The place a-
round or in front of a tem-
ple; 2. a verandah around a temple.

Ambu, s. Water.

Ambu, s. An arrow. —अंब a hunter.

Ambuge, s. The flower of Arum colocosia; cf. अम्बा.

Ambuni (अ) B., v. a. To do, make; cf. अम्ब, अम्बी, अम्बू.

Ambuli, s. A kind of pap or gruel of rāgi or rice.

Ambē, s. A goddess, अम्बी; अम्बी a dumb goddess; cf. अम्बी.

Ambekāru, s. Walking or crawling on hands and feet.
—निसान, —निपिसन to crawl.

Ambēpu, s. Mango blossoms.

Ambela, see अम्बल.

Ambē, see अम्ब.

Ambodi, s. A kind of dance or mock-fight among the Pariahs.

Ambode, s. A kind of fried cake.

Ambottu, s. Arrogance, pride; also अम्बोट. —अंबोट to be arrogant.

amma, s. A lady; मामा मान Kāli.

Ammapaddeyi, s. eu-
phem. for Small-pox.

Ammayya, int. of sor-
row or pain.
amme, s. A father; ♂ ammē, ♂ ammēna an elder uncle; ♂ ammēna a younger uncle (father's, not mother's brother); ♂ ammēna lit. nourishing father, foster father, adoptive father; pl. ammēra; hon. pl. ammēyunu.

amottu, see amotta. ♂ amūṣā, s. Part, share, portion. —amūṣā to divide, apportion.

♂ amūṣa, s. A goose, swan; also ♂ aṃṣa, ♂ aṃṣaṇa.

aṃṣapāḍa, s. A caret, asterisk; 2. a prop; cf. aṃṣā.

ah, aha, ah, aha, int. Ah! eh!

akara, akara, akarə, adv. There, yonder, far; also ♂ akara.

akalu, see akalū.

akasmika, adj. Accidental, sudden, unexpected.

akāra, s. The letter ♂; cf. akara.

akāla, adj. Untimely, unseasonable. —akāla premature death.

akirti, s. Infamy, disgrace.

akṛtya, s. Iniquity; adj. wicked, bad.

akēri, s. End; in dat. or loc. at or about the end, finally; also akēri.

akkka, akkkē, s. An elder sister; 2. an elderly woman.
agapelu, s. Separation; 2. despatch.

agama, adj. Fixed, immovable.

agaru, agaru, agalu, s. A fort ditch, trench, moat; 2. wall; గారడా a saltpan. —నంది to dig a trench.

agarugandha, s. Red sandal wood, Aquilaria agallochum.

agasanaru, s. The liniment; 2. flax.

agasemara, s. The name of a tree, Agati grandiflora.

agastya, s. The name of a Hindu saint; 2. necessity, bet. అగష్టా.

agata, adj. Not dangerous.

agadhath, s. An abyss. adj. bottomless, deep; 2. very difficult.

agini, see అగిని.

agilyu, s. A kind of tree; అగిలూమా Agallochum.

agudu, s. A furnace, fire for warming.

aguru, see అగురు.

aguruni (ఆగరుని), v. n.

To totter, stagger.

agelu, s. A kind of demon worship with food etc. —ప్రశ్ని worship of demons and serpents with food-offering. —ప్రశ్ని to give such offerings to demons, etc.
agrā, agrāra, agrahāra,
s. A Brahmin village.

aghā, s. Sin; 2. passion.

aghōra, adj. Terrible, fierce, dreadful.

aśānācāla, adj. Firm, fixed, decided. — आ फ firmness, decidedness.

acara, adj. Immovable; 2. inanimate.

acala, s. A mountain; adj. immovable.

acancala, adj. Firm, fixed, decided.

firmness, decidedness.

acodya, adj. Curious, wonderful.

acca, adj. Pure, unmixed, genuine; cf. स. accada, s. A peculiar kind of cloth to put on; 2. a wrapper; cf. जंदा.

acē, s. A peculiar kind of cloth to put on; 2. a wrapper; cf. जंदा.

acēda, s. A red mark put on the forehead; 2. a mixture of raw rice and red powder; also स. जंदा.

acēi, s. A form, model; 2. a weaver's reed. — आ फ to print, to coin. — आ फ a model made of wood; an axle-tree.

acēkattu, s. Convenience, fitness. adj. neat, compact commodious.

acēbella, s. Country sugar, jaggory made of sugarcane.

ājam, s. The process of digestion or consumption; also आ फ to be digested; to be exhausted.

ajanta, adj. Many, all: आ फ ब all plenty people come together.

ajante, s. An attendant.

ajakulū, s. Yawning, gaping. — आ फ ि आ फ to yawn, gape.

ajakāyī, s. Coconut. — आ फ to break coconuts (in a kind of play).

ajakē, s. Idleness. — आ फ आ idle talk. — आ फ a babbler.

ajakelu, s. Relapse.

ajakōlu, s. The rope or cane for putting clothes on.

ajanē, s. The noise of a thief, goblin, etc.

ajapu, ajabu, adj. Strange, wonderful.

ajapuni (आ), v. a. To select, choose.

ajappu, s. Selection. आ फ selected.

ajamāsu, s. Estimate; 2. deliberation; 3. trace, search.

ajamila, v. a. To deliberate, trace; 2. to estimate.

ajameisuni, v. a. To deliberate, trace; 2. to estimate.

ajaru, ajaryu, ajarya, adj. Imperishable, not decaying.

ajara s. A kind of moss; cf. आ फ आ फ.

ajalu, s. A portion, part.

— आ फ a customer.

ajalipi, s. Fate.
atti, s. A pile, heap of rice.

attila, s. An upper loft, gar-

attama, s. Deception, pretence.

attara, adj. Wide spread, as the branches of a tree.

attu, s. Polycarpacea
corymbosa, also त्रेतावेश.

attu, s. An upper loft, gar-

attu, s. A good labourer;

attu, s. A household; 2.

attu, s. The foot-print; 2.

attu, s. Administration.

attu, s. Articles to be

attu, s. Meal.

attu, s. A household care.

attu, s. An upper room.

attu, s. Shouting, laughter;

attu, s. Meal. —को a cook.
attunī (अतूं), v. a. To put; to discharge urine, vlg.

attē, s. The sole of a shoe; 1. support, stand; 3. knot; 2. an upper loft for storing rice; a knot or ring of a rattan. —stc bent legs, bandy legs. —stc to sit down on cross legs.

attemi s. The eighth lunar day; the birthday of the; bet. अतेमि

attemutte, s. Arms and legs; hands and legs are broken.

attoligē, s. A loft supported on posts, temporary gallery.

adupini (अदुपिनी), v.n. To cook. to marry a man.

adaṅgāyi, s. A kind of pickle.

adakū, adaka, s. Hindrance; also अदाक.

adakā, adāka, adakājāgū, s. An unclean place; 2. a burying place. —stc a wild unclean place.

adakabāre, s. A kind of fruit, Cucumis pubescens.

adakāyisuni, v. a. To hinder.

adakuni (अदाकुं), v. a. To throw, cast out; 2. to discharge, fire, as अदाकुं अदंकुं to fire a gun; also अदेकुं.

adagyū, s. A ship; cf. अदगी, अदेकगी

adajāti, s. An out-caste; 2. a mongrel; adj. mixed.

adana, adāna, addana, s. A shield.

adanagāyi, see अदानगायी

adanadī, see अदानदी

adapa, s. A barber’s dressing case; 2. a bundle; also अदंपा, अदंपायण.

adapuni (अदापुनी), v. a. To plough; cf. अदंपुण.

adābe, s. An adulteress; adj. bastard, illegitimately born; bet. अदाबे. —क अदाबे a bastard, an illegitimate person, vlg.

adaminū, s. A kind of fish.

adarū, s. A thin branch, twig; 2. copse.

adaruni (अदरुणी), v. n. To crack.

adavi, s. A forest, jungle.

adāvu, adāvu, s. A mortgage, pledge; 2. the thing mortgaged. —क अदावे

to pawn, pledge, mortgage.

adāyisuni, see अदायिसुनी

adi, s. Bottom, base; 2. foot; the foot-sole, foot-step.

to fall one upon the other.
ad aḍi, adj. Cooked, dressed, prepared. —ad aḍi prepared food; a meal ready to be served.
ad aḍinukara, s. A large vessel; also adinukara.
adikeburu, s. A kind of creeper, Pothis scandens; also adikeburu.
adikei, J. The palm of the hand. adj. Defeated, vanquished. —aḍi to lie underneath; to be overturned, defeated.
adigantu, s. The binding in the middle of a sack converting it into a "bissac"; the lower part of a "bissac" or sack tied in the middle. 2. the lower joints of a reed or cane.
adigulu, s. A cook. 2. a priest.
adigè, s. Cooking, distilling. 2. emulsion or confection prepared from medicinal herbs. —aḍi a cook.
adigaraku, s. Ballast.
adiniru, s. Water at the bottom of something, standing water. 2. stored-up-water for irrigation of lower lying fields. —aḍi to store up water in a field after the 2nd or 3rd crop until rainfall.
adipattuni, v. a. To singe, burn.
adiparelu, s. A spurious jewel.
adipaduni, r. a. To stack corn in a straw- (or bamboo-mat-) granary in a yard. 2. proceed.
adipurelu, s. Sweeping. —aḍi, —aḍek a female sweeper. —aḍi a female sweeper.
adipunī (aḍi), v. a. To sweep.
adibūruni, v. n. To submit.
adimudelu, s. Capital for trading. 2. resources.
adimūru, s. Overturning. —aḍi, —aḍin to be overturned. —aḍip to upset, turn over.
adisudisamana, s. Dressed food.
adumbu, s. The creeper Ipomoea maritima.
ade, adegū, adv. There. adi (emph.) just there, to that very place. [aḍi adenguni, see adikara. aḍi aḍeka, adj. Narrow, close. 2. small, short, brief.
adekuni, see adikara. aḍepu, s. The act of shutting, closing, finishing. —aḍi to shut, close.
adepuni, aḍepuni, aḍepunu, aḍevuni (aḍi), v. n. To shut, close. 2. to roost, perch: adi to the fowl perches. adi to cost: aḍi what’s the price? also aḍi to be shut up, closed.
ade

adeśu, adj. Faded, waned, drooping or hanging down (as one's head).

ađeke, s. Obstacle, hindrance. 2. shelter.

ađege, adv. For nothing, to no purpose. 2. without anything more, barely, merely; also ađa.

ađevuni, ađevuni (adeģ), v. n. To hide, be concealed.

ađka, see adešu.

ađkalā, s. A cooking shed. 2. an oven.

ađda, s. A rafter.


ađkalu, to dam up, shut in; to hinder, interrupt, prevent; to block up a path or entrance; to screen. —ađka to cross with lines, underline —ađka to oppose, stop, hinder. —ađka to place across. —ađka to oppose, confront, interrupt. —ađka to prostrate, bow down (a kind of salutation). —ađka to hinder, oppose.

ađdantra, s. The torments supposed to be caused by a demon.

ađka, ađa, addaka, see adešu.

ađkattē, s. A dam.

ađkattimut-tiganda, s. A female's head-ornament. 2. the head-gear of a devil-dancer.

ađkatteri, s. A betelnut-cutter or cracker; also ađkalu.

ađkasabu, s. An improper or unnatural profession. adj. Unusual, contrary.

ađkāryu, s. The bent knee, as —ađka to squat. 2. a crooked leg. —ađka to interfere with.

ađkalū, s. A bolt, lock, tenon, lynch-pin.

ađkei, s. The arm in a posture of defence.

ađkolū, s. A cross-bar.

ađgandha, s. A horizontal mark on the forehead made with sandal paste by certain caste people.

ađgera, s. An intersected line, a line across another.

ađgela, s. Breadth, width, diameter.

ađgellyu, s. A lateral branch.

ađgođē, s. A partition wall.

ađghāya, s. An untimely or accidental death. —ađka to be caught suddenly, to be in danger of life; to be very afraid.
adda, s. A box in which the linga is kept.

addaći (अद्दा-ची), s. An axle.

addajati, see adda.

addaṇa, s. A shield.

addanī, addanigē, s. A bench.

addanē, see adda.

addatarē, s. An ill-formed head.

addatolē, ad datolū, s. A transverse beam, cross-bar.

addadanigē, s. A kind of an open palankin carried sideways.

addadanđē, s. A hand-cuff. 2. a partition wall, parapet, dam.

addadabbē, s. The bamboo pole with which anything is carried across the shoulder.

addanālayi, s. A stammering tongue. 2. lying, gainsaying.

addaniṭa, adv. Broadwise.

addapantē, ad dapaṅkti, s. A line crossing another. -जस्ता to sit at meals apart from others (in a siderow).

addapātera, s. Interrupting one in speaking. 2. contradicting, gainsaying. -सह to interrupt, gainsay.

addapudaryu, s. A nickname.

addapudē, s. A load carried on a pole by two or more persons. 2. a load carried on the shoulder.

addabarē, see adda.

addabēli, s. A hedge or fence across a path.

addamara, s. A cross-bar.

addamārga, s. A cross-way, by-path. 2. a false way.

addamudi, s. A female's tuft of hair fixed on the side of the head.

addara, addarē, s. Tetanus; also -साद.

addali, addali, s. A pole placed across.

addavakkelu, s. A new or temporary tenant or lodger.

addāseraṅgu, s. The upper end of a woman's cloth drawn over the right shoulder.

addasādi, s. A by-path, cross-way.

addasālu, s. A transverse row or line. 2. repeated interruptions, interference.

addaligē, see adda.

addaduni (अद्दा-दुः), v. n. To walk to and fro, to parade.

addadiddī, adj. Awkward, clumsy. 2. topsy-turvy.

addāpini, see adda.
addi, s. Obstacle, stoppage.
   2. opposition. —addi to hinder, prevent, oppose, stop.

addeli (aḍḍ), v. a.
   To put out, drive out.

addyara, s. An earthen jar or vessel. डूबा a water pot.

addyे, s. A cake, pudding.

adnådi (aḍḍ-कुंडा), adj.
   Indifferent, middling. 2. vulgar, low. 3. wild; cf. र्नना.

adpini, adpuni (aḍḍ), see डूका.

adpilly, s. A kitchen.

adyonuni, adyondupūni, v. n.
   To leave a place at once.

anaka, s. Narrowness, closeness. adj. Narrow, small.

anakasānakā, adj. Quarrelling.

anapu, s. Need, want.
   2. urgency, necessity. 3. hinderance, obstacle. 4. harm.

anar, s. Moss, lichen, mouldiness, the green stuff on stagnant water; cf. र्नस्ता. —न् to become mossy, slimy.

anasu, s. A handle, hilt.

anāvuta, see र्नस्ता.

anavuni, anānavuni, annāvuni (aṇn), v. n.
   To look up, lift up the face, gaze.

ani, s. A kind of mask or appendage worn by a devil-dancer. 2. a peacock’s tail

when spread. 3. a small fly. —न्स्ता, —ता to put on a mask etc.

anita, adj. Elastic; also डूका.

anilē, see डूका.

anilekāyi, s. The gall-nut, ink-nut.

anilemara, s. The ink-nut-tree, Terminalia chebula.

anu, s. An atom, any thing extremely small, dust.

anupu, see डूका.

anubē, adj. Soft.

anē, int. Oh! hey.

anē, s. The forehead, see डूका.
   2. steepness. 3. a very steep foot-path. —न्स्ता to ascend a steep path.

anē, see डूका.

anekallu, s. A certain stone in a temple-yard dedicated to the tutelar demons of a temple.

anepuni (aṇṇ), v. a. To press, push, strike against, come in contact.

anēbaravu, s. Fate, destiny. 2. appointed lot; see डूका.

ankilu, v. A very narrow door, a wicket. 2. a lodge. —न्स्ता a strait passage.

anya, s. The prow of a vessel.
ata, adj. Unstable, infirm, weak, helpless.

atetre, s. A dependent, helpless person.

ati, pref. Over, beyond, exceeding, much etc.

atrikrama, s. Transgression, infringement. —s to transgress, encroach, violate.

atantre, s. A dependent, helpless person.

ati, pref. Over, beyond, exceeding, much etc.

atikrama, s. Transgression, infringement. —s to transgress, encroach, violate.

atithi, s. A guest.

atithya, see ātha.

atipriya, adj. Much beloved.

atirikta, adj. Excessive, exceeding.

atśayā, s. Pre-eminence. 2. abundance. 3. wonder, marvel.

atīsārya, s. Diarrhoea, dysentery.

atīsvādu, s. A good flavour.

atula, atula, s. Sesamum orientale. adj. unequalled, incomparable.

ātī, def. v. Not, not so; negation of quality; cf. ātt. —ā to deny, contradict.

ātt to abnegate. ātt if not, else, or.

attantra, s. Absence of mind, carelessness; cf. ātt.

āttande, conj. (part. of ātt) But, besides, except, without, unless.

ātṛ, ātṛ attaryu, attara, s. A kind of mat made of split bamboos.

attaru, s. Otto or essence of roses etc. 2. perfume.

attala, attala, attala, s. A kind of cake for the Samārādhane feast.

attasamara, s. The fig tree, Ficus religiosa. ātṛ a platform built round the foot of a sacred fig tree; also ātṛ.

ātā, ātā, interrogs of ātā.

ātāryu, see ātā.

āttigē, s. An elder brother's wife.

ātē, s. A mother-in-law. 2. an aunt.

ātyanta, adj. Excessive, extreme, exceeding.

ātyartha, adj. Excessive.

ātyalpa, adj. Very small, trifling.

ātyavaśya, adj. Very necessary.

ātyāśe, s. Greediness, covetousness. 2. lust.

ātyuttama, adj. Most excellent, best.

ātē, see ātē.

ātri, ātri, atrimuni, s. One of the seven sages, father of Čandra.
adruṣya, adj. Invisible.
adruṣṭa, s. Fortune, fate.
adè, s. An inner room. 2. a small room.
adeki, s. Right of management of family-property; also ṣrṣṇ. —के an heir, the head of a family etc. —के the management or administration of the family-property to extend.
adeli, adoli, s. A kind of chisel.
adali, adoli, s. Half an anna; ले half a rupee, an eight anna piece.
adēkū, adēka, see adeli.
adēka, see adeli. दिक.
adogati, adhōgati, s. Perdition.
adōmukhi, s. Downward tendency. 2. the name of a female Bhūta.
addana, s. Weakness. 2. sickness. 3. affliction; cf. आचे, अचे. —ढो a weak or distressed man.
addalipuni, adolipuni (दलि, दोलि), v. a. To rebuke. 2. to frighten. 3. to command.
adpuni (दप्त), v. n. To go to stool, विद्य.
adbhuta, s. A phenomenon, miracle, wonder; adj. Wonderful, surprising.

adri, s. A hill. 2. a tree.

adruni, see अद्रुनी।

advana, see अद्वनो।

advāna, see अद्वाना।

adveita, s. The Vedānta śāstra or the doctrinal system of Śaṅkarācārya which regards the Supreme Spirit and the human spirit as one.

adhama, adj. Low, mean, vile. adj. a low or vile person.

adhika, adj. Much, great, more.

adhikāra, s. Authority, power. adj. a head official; a governor; a man of power.

adhipati, s. A ruler, lord, commander.

adhina, s. Possession, control. adj. Dependent on. adj. dependence, subjection.

adhīne, s. An adherent, a dependent.

adheirya, s. Discouragement, timidity, cowardice.

adhyayana, s. Study. 2. the reading of sacred books.

adhyakshe, s. A superintendent, overseer. 2. a bishop, Chr.

adhyāya, s. Chapter, section; cf. अध्येय।

advāna, s. Labour. 2. im-
ani, s. Bud, sprout, germ. 2. soft timber. — to bud, germinate. a sprout from a seed.

anivāra, s. Trouble, hardship. 2. starvation.

anīṣṭha, s. Something unpleasant. 2. adversity. 3. displeasure.

aniti, s. Injustice, wrong.

anu, pref. After, like, under, along etc.

anukāla, see anukula.

anukula, s. Agreement. 2. convenience. 3. help, aid. adj. Convenient, helpful. — to be convenient. — to make convenient, arrange.

anukramanikē, s. Arrangement, order. 2. an index, table of contents.

anugraha, s. Favour, regard, mercy, grace.

anutana, s. Opportunity, fitness. — to watch for an opportunity.

anukāla, adv. Daily.

anupakāra, s. Unkindness, disfavour.

anupatya, s. Indigence, necessity, need, want of means. 2. inconvenience.

anubhava, s. Enjoyment, suffering 2. experience.

anubhavipuni, v. a. To enjoy. 2. to experience.

anubhoga, s. Enjoyment.

anumati, s. Consent, agreement.

anumāna, s. Doubt, suspicion, conjecture, surmise. 2. fear. — to doubt, suspect.

anurāga, s. Love, regard, passion.

anurūpa, s. Likeness, resemblance.

anulēpa, s. Anointing, besmearing.

anuvandige, s. Consent.

anuvāra, see anuvāra.

anusāra, s. Imitation, following. — according to.

anepini, anepuni (अनेप), v. a. To touch. 2. to hug, embrace.

anevuni, see anuvāra.

anēka, adj. Much, many, plenty.

anpini (अन), v. a. To say, speak; cf. अन्य, etc.

anya, see anya.

anya, adj. Foreign, different, strange.

anyajāti, s. A different class or caste. a person of a different caste or creed, a stranger.

anyadeśa, s. A foreign country.

anyabhāshē, s. A foreign language.

anyamanya, see anyabhāshē.

anya, s. Injustice,
wrong, iniquity. adj. Unjust, unreasonable. — an unjust person.

anyö anyönya, s. Communion, fellowship, friendship.

apa, pref. denoting inferiority, privation, separation, contrariety etc.; also so.
apakāra, s. An unkindness, ill-turn, injury. mahitude, hatred.
apakirti, s. Reproach, disgrace, infamy.
apaga, adv. Then; also so.
apakāra, s. Impoliteness, insult. fault.
apajaya, s. Defeat, overthrow, loss.
apaddha, s. A lie; see so.
apanambige, s. Unbelief, distrust. disbelieve.
apamāna, s. Disrespect. disgrace. to disgrace.
apara, adj. Other, opposite, latter. funeral rites.
aparāñana, aparāhana, s. Afternoon.
aparādha, s. Offence, guilt. a punishment, fine. to pay a fine. to accuse of a crime, to condemn. to commit an offence, to transgress; to fine.
aparimita, adj. Unmeasured, boundless, infinite.
apūtu, adj. Quite, entire, whole.
apūrva, adj. Unprecedented, uncommon.
apēkshē, s. Wish, desire.
2. expectation, hope.
apēka to desire, wish, request.
apōli, s. Ruin, waste.
appa, int. of surprise: what may it be! 2. a mode of calling a mother.
appa, an affix of respect added to proper names of men, as ᴷᵃʳᵉ, ᴷᵃʳे, ᴷᵃʳे, ᴷᵃʳे, etc.
appa, s. A kind of cake fried or baked.
appantāye, appante, s. An honest, respectable man, a good man.
appantigē, s. Honesty, fidelity, chastity,
appada, see ḳ.".
apanē, s. Command, order.
apāra to command, give order, permit.
appāra to take leave.
apappā, int. of surprise, sorrow.
[cake.
apala, s. A very thin round
appalipuni (appala), v. a.
To strike anything with the open hand, to squash.
appiyuni (appula), v. a. To embrace, clasp; also ḳ.".

appukei, appei, s. Folding the arms on the breast.
apo to cross or fold the arms on the breast.
appē, s. Mother.
appo, appōdē, s. A cake made for the performance of funeral rites.
aprakāśa, Absence of light, darkness.
aprājīga, s. A bad man.
aprāmēye, s. God, the Incomprehensible.
aprayōjana, s. Uselessness, unserviceableness.
aprōjīga, s. A bad man.
aphimu, aphini, s. Opium.
appa, int. of astonishment.
abādi, s. Hoof; also ḳ.".
abādē, s. A kind of bean.
abaddha, adj. False, incorrect, wrong.
false news or rumours.
abara, s. The stern of a ship.
abarē, s. A common country bean, Lablab vulgaris.
abala, adj. Weak, impotent.
abale, s. A weak or impotent man.
abindige, s. Perplexity.
2. obstinacy.

abilase, see abilase.

aburu, s. Character, respectability, keen feeling of honour; cf. aburu, abaru.
-are a respectable man.
-ku to dishonour, rebuke.
why are you so overbearing?
aburi, s. A kind of fish. 2. see aburi.

abesu, int. Lift up! pull! an intimation that anything is ready to be lifted up, e.g.,
a basket or a bucket from a well etc.

abba, abbabba, abbo, int. expressing wonder or grief.

abbagedare, s. The proper names of female demon twins.

abbara, abbarané, s. Boast, ostentation. 2. sound, noise, cry. -sas, -sas, to cry aloud,
making noise; to frighten; to boast.

abbaligé (pù), s. A kind of flower.

abbé, s. An elderly woman, matron.

abbésa, s. Study, practice, exercise. 2. familiarity; fr. égér.

abroní dei, s. A kind of shrub, Grewia microcos; also abroni de.

abhaya, s. Security. 2. promise of protection or pardon. 3. confidence.

abhava, s. Non-existence. 2. annihilation. 3. a negative (gram.).

abhasa, adj. Worthless, vulgar. 2. corrupt; fr. égér.

abhijana, s. A family, race.

abhina, s. Mimicry. 2. gesture; also abhina.

abhine, s. A mimic.

abhipraya, s. Design, intention. 2. wish. 3. opinion.

abhimana, s. A keen feeling of honour, pride. 2. regard, affection.

abhilašhe, s. Desire, wish, inclination.

abhivruddhi, s. Increase, prosperity. 2. progress, thriving, improvement.

abhishēka, s. Sprinkling with water. 2. consecration by pouring oil, ghee etc. 3. unction. abhishēka, abhisthe the ordination of a king; abhishēka the ordination of a priest. -sas to anoint, ordain, install.
abhu


delay, vexation. 2. obstacle. 3. offence, scandal.
- to be an impediment, to be delayed. — to hinder, object, offend, vex.

abhuru, see abhyanta, s. An interval.

abhyasa, see erdri. a. A to tendril; 2. a fork.

amake, s. A tendril; 2. a fork.

amapuni, v. a. To quiet, press down; see amake.

amaru, adj. Twin. 2. double. — to twin children.

amara, adj. Immortal. s. A deity. 2. an immortal. — heaven.

amarakosha, s. The name of a Sanskrit dictionary of synonyms.

amarvuni (అమరవుణి), v. a. To push forward. 2. to hold fast.

amarigë, s. A heap; also — to heap up.

amariyadi, s. Disrespect, incivility, dishonour. adj. Disrespectful.

amaruni (అమరుని), amaryuni, amaryuni (అమరుయుని), v. n. To aggress. 2. to cleave to.

amaruni (అమరుని), v. n. To become quiet, calm. v. a. To settle, seize, touch, hold.

amarë, s. A ditch, canal. — to make a ditch, dike.

amarta, see amrta.

amarsvuni (అమరస్వుని). v. a. To frighten.

amarsila, amarsila, s. Brimstone.

amal, s. Intoxication, drunkenness, giddiness. — a drunkard. — to be intoxicated. — to intoxicate.

amasani, see amasani.

amasara, s. Necessity. 2. urgency. 3. hurry cf. amn. — to hasten, be in a hurry.

amnathu, s. Deposit. 2. suspension. — to suspend.

amrigë, s. A trunk.

amaruni (అమరుని), v. a. To suit, fit. 2. to embrace, hold. 3. a plant to twine.

amase, amvasë, s. The day of the new moon.

amita, adj. Immeasurable, boundless, infinite.

amine, s. A sheriff's officer; see amine.

amusani, s. Pride, arrogance, insolence, haughtiness. — to show pride. — to be proud.

amulya, adj. Costly, invaluable.

amruta, adj. Immortal. s. Nectar, ambrosia. 2. different
fluids as water, milk, palm-wine etc. — a custard-apple. — Anona squamosa, the custard apple tree, — Cocculus cordifolius, the heart-leaved moon-creeper — the mythical churning of the sea for nectar. — sweet words or speech. — immortality; cf. ayogya.

amè, s. Ceremonial impurity or defilement in case of birth.

amepuni, amatupattuni (amma), v. a. To press, hold in the arms, hug.

amēdhya, s. Faeces, ordure.

amōga, adj. Precious, excellent. 2. fruitful.

amikkayi, see amayā.

amma, s. A lady. 2. mother. 3. gen. of amē.

ammuni (amma), v. a. To swallow, devour.

amme, see amā.

amsani, see amayā.

aya, see amē. 2. good luck. 3. a tax.

ayana, s. Going. 2. a path. 3. a half year, that is the course of the sun northward and southward—from solstice to solstice—each of six months.

ayinda, adv. Hereafter, in future.
araŋkāvuni, see araŋkāvuni.
araṇṭuni (araṇḍ), v. a. To grope for, grasp. 2. to seek, look for.
arāṭe, s. A greedy person, a miser.
arantaḍé, s. A royal residence; cf. araṇḍa.
arantaṇi (araṇḍi), v. n. To feel, grope. 2. to grasp at.
arambuni (araṇḍi), v. a. To touch. 2. to climb, creep up (plants); also araṇḍa.
arāku, s. Arrack, country spirit; cf. araṇḍa, araṅḍa.
arāku, s. Gum-lac, sealing-wax; araṇḍa, stick-lac; araṇḍa, black sealing-wax; araṇḍa, red sealing-wax; araṇḍa, seed-lac; araṇḍa, shell-lac. araṇḍa, araṇḍa to seal, fasten with sealing-wax.
arāku, s. A fine, white cloth; also araṇḍa, araṅḍa.
arakūṭēḷu, s. A large black scorpion, scolopendra.
arakalū, see araṇḍa.
arakē, adj. Half filled (opp. of araṇḍa full).
arakē, araṇḍa arakhū, arakhu, s. Essence or spirit distilled from any thing; cf. araṇḍa.
aragani, s. Kitchen furniture.
aragini, s. A talking parrot. 2. a neat or tidy woman.
aragisaṇu, adv. However, at any rate; in connection with neg. verbs by no means, never; araṇḍa araṇḍi he will never do it.
aragu, see araṇḍa.
aragunḍara, s. Ruin; also araṇḍa, araṅḍa.
aratuni (araṇḍi), v. n. To scramble, fumble. 2. to make a grating noise. 3. to interrupt, blab; also araṇḍa.
arate, s. Prate, blabbing, tattle; also araṇḍa.
araduni (araṇḍi), v. a. To gather up, to grasp. 2. to rub.
aradōkiyē, see araṇḍi araṇḍa.
arane, s. The green lizard, Lacerta interpunctuala, said to be poisonous; araṇḍa araṇḍa araṇḍa araṇḍa if a lizard bites death (is certain). araṇḍa a kind of creeper used in medicine. araṇḍa a kind of fish.
aranya, s. A wilderness, forest. adj. Wild.
arati, s. Anger, passion; displeasure.
aratē, araṇḍe, aradē, s. Heat, burning. 2. impetuosity. araṇḍa araṇḍa araṇḍa araṇḍa to burn very much or exceedingly.
arala, araṇḍa aradaḷa, aradaḷē, s. Yellow arsenic or yellow orpiment. araṇḍa araṇḍa yellow ochre. araderu, s. pl. A class of
Mohammedan merchants. 2. policemen, peons; also arıra. arıra, see arıra.

**arára, araru, arapelu.** s. Cooling.

**arárapuée, s.** The shoe-flower; see ąaru.

**arárapunì (ary), v.n.** To cool, become calm; ąaru ąarla to become cool.

**arárapè, s.** A crack, split; cf. ąarla.

**arábara ąarabara tinpini, v.a.** To eat greedily, devour.

**arábarà, ąarabàyi, arabei.** s. Violent clamour, crying aloud, lamentation. ąaralà to cry out vehemently, to bawl out, lament. ąaralo a braying brawler, vlq.

**aráarà, arabi.** s. An Arab.

**aráarà, arabu.** s. Covetousness, desire, eagerness for gain.

**aráarai, see ąarai.**

**aráramadalałà, see ąaramadala.**

**aráramane, s.** A palace, royal residence.

**aráralu, s.** Drizzling rain. ąarulà to drizzle.

**aráraluni, s.** The black bee.

**aráraluni (ary), v.n.** To open, expand. 2. to bloom, blossom.

**aráralöle, s.** A tender palm-leaf. 2. a kind of ear-ornament.

**arára, arava, s.** Tamil. ąarim the Tamil language. ąarim the Tamil country.

**aráramà, ąaramàru, aravanațìgè, aravanațìgè, s.** A shed where water is served gratuitously to travellers.

**aráramànì aravamañì, s.** A kind of gem.

**aráravàsì, see ąaravàsì.**

**aráravà, aravu.** s. Width, breadth. adj. Wide, open.

**aráravuni (ary), v.a.** To heap up.

**arárasinà, ąarasinàrmudà arasina-kutta, arasinanumànda, s.** The jaundice.

**arárasu, s.** A king, monarch. ąarim a royal family. ąarim royalty, kingship. ąarim a king’s son, royal prince.

**aráraskutta, arasukutta, s.** A kind of dropsy.

**arárarikù, arasukuri, s.** A carbuncle; also ąjarànà, ąjarànà. ąarim arase, see ąarim.

**aráraluni, see ąaraluni.**

**arárajaràkà, adj.** Kingless. s. Anarchy, confusion.

**aráraràbi, adj.** Broad, large, extensive. ąarim a very large house.

**arárami, adj.** Unlawful. 2. vicious, restive, f. i. a horse; also ąaràmì.

**aráravù, see ąarim.**

**arárarù, aravuni (ary), v.a.** To gather. 2. to embrace, clasp.
in the arms. to embrace or receive with open arms.

arala (arala). s. A person doing half a day’s work. 2. half a day’s wages.

ari, s. An enemy.

ari, s. Rice freed from husk. Some of the principal kinds of rice are: 1. varuna, 2. sri varuna, utara 2. varuna, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam, karnam. 2. arumuriyoduni, 3. arul. 2. to reach the shore, to land; to get out of a difficulty, to be successful; cf. arul.

aril, sec. A metal dish.

ariri, see 3.

ariri, see 3.

arikala, s. A place for husking rice; also aril.

arike, s. Consent. 2. confession. 3. request. — to reveal, confess; to inform, represent; to request.

arishiga, sec. See arisi.

arishiga, see arisiga.

arijola, s. Indian corn, Sorghum saccharatum.

ariti, see arul.

arida, see arisiga.

aripuni (ari), v. a. To sift. 2. to strain, filter.

aripe, s. A sieve, colander, strainer; to a leak (in an earthen vessel).

ariva, see arul.

arivantra, see arul.

arivuni, see arul.

arivana, s. A metal dish; also arul.

arive, see arul.

arisha, s. Misfortune, misery. adj. Unfortunate; impious.

arishete, s. An unfortunate man, a poor man, a person in distress.

aru, s. Brim, edge, margin, border. to reach the shore, to land; to get out of a difficulty, to be successful; cf. arul.

arumbuni, see arul.

arugu, s. Verge, brink, border, margin; cf. arul.

arusi, s. Want of appetite.

aruna, adj. Purple-coloured. s. The name of the rising sun.

arupu, see arul.

arubuda, see arul.

arumute, s. The gills of a fish.

arumuriyoduni (arumuriyoduni). n. n. To weep with loud lamentation and shrieks.

aruve, s. The mouth of a river, a seaport; also arul. a bar, the entrance to a harbour.

aruve, see arul.

aruhu, s. Knowledge. 2. understanding, perception.
aru, arulmarulu, adj. Foolish, simple, childish.
are, are, arūpa, arūpu, adj. Formless, invisible. 2. deformed, ugly.
are, s. Half, a moiety; cf. are - are half a man's height.
areśuni (areśun), v. a. To rub off, peel, skin.
areśunāvuni, v. v. (of areśun), To cause to deny. 2. to hide away.
areśuni (areśun), v. a. To deny, gainsay. 2. to conceal; cf. areśun.
areṣule, s. A denier, disowner.
areṣule, see areṣul.
arekaṇū, s. A half sight, an imperfect glance. 2. squint eyes. 3. eyes partly closed.
arekāni, s. The hundred and twenty-eighth part of any thing.
arekāyi, adj. Half ripe; also ṣṣarekājącu. [part.
arekāli, s. The eighth areke, see arekāli.
arekodyelu, s. Half salted or insufficiently seasoned dish.
aregaṇṭu, s. A loose knot; 2. half a load, a small bundle.
aregāla, s. The hot season, summer.
areṭṭe, adj. Half dead. 2. reduced, thin, lean.
areṣappe, adj. Tasteless, unsavoury.
areṭṭi, adj. Half-caste, mongrel, mixed.
arejiva, s. lit. Half the life; the state of being half dead.
areduni (aredun), v. a. To spoil, corrupt, mar, taint. 2. to destroy, ruin.
aredalā, see aredun.
areduni (aredun), v. n. To low.
arenārī, s. A person dressed partly as a male and partly as a female.
arenālāyī, s. A stammering tongue.
arenirelu, s. A slight shadow. 2. an imperfect shade.
arepālu, s. Half a share, half part; ṣṣe a partner or shareholder entitled to half a share.
arepāvu, s. One half of a quarter, one-eighth of a seer.
arepāvuni, v. v. (of arepāv), To cause to grind. 2. to cause to submit; to subdue.
arepinī, arepuni, arepuni (arepuni), v. a. To pulverize by pounding or grinding. 2. to oppress. ṣṣarepuni, ṣṣareplu a grinding stone.
arepu, arepelyu, s. The act of grinding. 2. that
which is ground for condiment.


arebanda, adj. Half cooked.

arebāyi, see arebāya.

arebirely, lit. Half a finger (measure). s. About half an inch.

arebei, s. Twice thrashed straw.

aremadaly, s. A leaf of a palmyra. 2. one half of a cocoa-palm-leaf.

aremanasū, lit. Half mindedness. s. Indecision. 2. reluctance.

aremarly, s. Craziness, weakness of intellect. adj. Half mad.

aremapala, s. A small wild fruit, Randia longispina.

aremunde, s. A widow, whose head has not been shaved.

aremyi, adj. Reduced in body, lean, thin. 2. half inclined, half minded.

arevāsi, s. A half part, a moiety.

areyāl, s. An honorary name given to a section of the Bant caste.

arka, s. The sun. 2. a crystal. 3. a shrub, called also the yakcamāle (యక్కనాలె).

arkaṇji, s. Swill, dishwater, the washings of rice etc. —ఎందుifferent kinds of leaves chopped and mixed

with straw and boiled in a swill for feeding cattle with.

arkati, see arka.

arkade, s. Sunset.

arkame, s. A strong desire, eagerness. 2. indigestion, flatulence.

arkarka, adv. By degrees. —ఎందు to eat repeatedly. 2. to gulp down.

arkāluy, s. A knot, tie. —ఎందు to tie, make a knot. —ఎందు to loosen a knot, to untie.

arkāluy, s. A handful. మిస్ ఎండ్ర్ ఎందు ఎందు give (me) a handful of straw.

arkuni (ఎండ్ర్): v. n. To become less. 2. to be humbled, depressed.

arkè, see are.

arkēbüru, see and.? ( ఎండ్ర్).

argantu, s. Determination, resolution. 2. obstinacy; 3. malice. —ఎండ్్రం an obstinate man. —ఎండం to persevere in obstinacy.

argānte, s. A resolute or obstinate person.
argi

argi, s. Water collected in an elevated place. 2. drizzle.

argi, v. n. To loathe, be disgusted. —argi to eat with aversion.

argi, v. a. To loathe, be disgusted. —argi to eat with aversion.

argi, s. A worshipper. 2. a priest.

arcake, s. Worship, adoration.

arcane, s. Worship, adoration.

arcipuni, v. a. To worship. v. n. To officiate as a priest.

arji, s. Petition, representation; complaint. —arji to present a petition; when the petition is presented it will be favourably considered.

arjita, see arji.

arjune, s. The third son of Pāṇḍu (सृजु).

arţuni, see arjune.

arduni, see arjune.

arta, see arjune.

arti, s. An amusement, sport, fun. 2. novelty, curiosity. 3. fondness. —arto a merry man, a person given to pleasure. —arto to please, amuse; to fondle.

arti, s. The wild fig tree, Ficus racemosa. —arto an unripe wild fig.

arta, s. Gain, wealth, riches, esp. money. 2. meaning. —arto to explain, interpret.

ardala, see ardala.

ardāya, s. Half the gain.

arduni (सृज), v. a. To wash or bleach clothes.

ardha, s. Half, a moiety; cf. ardha.

ardha, s. A half portion.

arnana, arrna, arnana, s. A male Pariah (also arnana).

arpada, s. Small-pox; also —arpada a pock-mark. —arpada a kind of small-pox which leaves scars or marks.

arpane, s. An offering. —arpene to offer.

arpāta, s. Lamentation.

arpita, adj. Presented, offered. [cry.

arpini (सृज), v. n. To weep, arpinuni, arpini, arpisuni (सृज, सृज), v. a. To dedicate, offer.

arpuni (सृज), v. a. To efface, waste, obliterate; cf. arpu.

arpel, s. A fretful person. 2. one easily moved to tears.

arpesi, see arpesi.

arbața, see ardala.

arbāyi, see ardala.

arbi, s. Water collected in an elevated place. 2. drizzle-
ing rain. —�����������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������������行段落因此，前文中的内容可能会有所遗漏。
ala

alaṅkū, s. An armadillo.
2. a kind of fish.
alaṅkū, s. The dried oil-plant of *Sesamum Indicum* or jinjili seed.
alaṅkaripuni (alaṅkū), v.a. To adorn, decorate.
alankāra, s. Ornament, decoration. 2. beauty. —&<br>
rhetoric.
alaṅkāvuni, c. v. (of alaṅkāra), To cause to shake, to shake. 2. to perturb, confuse.
alankuni, alaṅguni (alaṅkū), v. a. To shake, agitate, wave, move. 2. to strike or knock against, trip up. v.n. Be agitated.
alankuni, alaguni (alaṅkū, alagū), v. a. To wash. 2. to shake, be agitated as water; see alakṣuṃ.
alambhava, see alambhatu.
alakṣa, s. The town of Kubera, the god of wealth. — to become wealthy.
alagū, alagū, alagū, s. Tremulousness or quivering of the voice in singing. — a tremulous voice.
alaguni (alaṅkū), v. n. To shake; cf. alakṣaṃ.
alage, see alaṅkaripuni.
alakṣa, s. A rampart.
alatunī, see alambuṇa.
alambuda, see alambhava.
alambunī (alaṅkū), v. a. To wash. 2. to shake, be agitated as water; see alakṣuṃ.
alakṣhaṇa, see alakṣhaṇam.
alakṣyā, alakshe, s. Disregard, negligence, indifference.
Behold, lo, there it is; see also.

Destruction, ruin; see also. — to go to ruin.

A thick coir-ropé, cable; also alabi, alayi.

The annual Moharam festival of the Mohammedans. to close the festival with bathing.

To take away.

alivi, see also.

Aliki, adj. Inferior, low, mean; bel. s. — to depreciate, disregarde, degrade. a word of contempt.

low people.

alige, see also.

alige, see also.

alipuni, see also.

The tree called Memecylon.

dissolve, decay. 2. to perish, die, become extinct; also to.

Extinction, ruin.

To be soft, as a ripe fruit.

alumbuda, see also.

alumbuni, see also.

aluguni (v.n. To move; see also.

alubaPGA, s. Vexation, trouble.

Butter-milk; see also.

to churn butter-milk.

Grease or oil etc. swimming on the surface of water. greasy substances to stick to something.

alejuni (s.n.), v.n. To turn. to hesitate in speaking. 2. to deny; see also.

alejavuni c. v. (of ale), To cause to shake, to shake. 2. to cause to mingle.

alejuni, alejuni, alejuni (s.n.), v.n. To be agitated, disturbed. 2. to be turbid.

3. to mix, mingle. 4. to be united.

alepavi, see also.

alepavuni, c. v. (of ale), To cause to tire, to fatigue.

alepuni (s.n.), v.a. To oppress. v.n. To be fatigued; see also.

alemangi, s. A European.

2. a German.

aleyun, alevuni, alevuni (s.n.), v.n. To wander, roam.

2. to be weary. 3. to bethink oneself. to stare; see also.
salutation given to Brahmins or Jains by inferiors.

almeru, s. An almeira, a wardrobe. [pick.

allukaddi, s. A tooth.

allambra, s. Agitation, alarm.

Alla, s. The Mohammedan appellation of the Supreme Being. 2. int. of surprise.

allavuni (allavuni), v. a. To mix; cf. अळवुळ.

alli, alli, allige, s. The water-lily; also अळीस. 2. the flower of Nelumbium speciosum; also अळी.

alludu, adj. Perishable, transient.

allê, s. The side, groin, hip. —ऋ a lateral branch.

ava, pref. implying diminution, privation.

ava, int. Behold, lo; see अ.

avakasa, s. Opportunity, leisure; cf. अकाश.

avagada, s. Calamity, evil, mischief. 2. disorder, confusion. 3. difficulty, danger.

avaguna, s. An evil disposition, a vice. 2. the state of growing worse.

avaje, s. Sound, noise.

avâdè, s. A kind of country beans; also अव.

avatâra, s. Descent, incarnation. अवातार the ten incarnations of Vishnu (अवंत).
avasána, avása, avasáya, s. End, conclusion, termination. 2. death.

avasára, see avasára.

avaste, avasthe, s. State, condition. 2. circumstances, situation. 3. difficulty.

avá, int. Lo! behold; see avá.

avántara, adj. Intermediate, included. 2. calamitous. s. Straits. 2. alarm, confusion. 3. public calamity. 4. foreign invasion.

aváéya, adj. Not fit to be spoken. 2. obscene.

aváltê, aváltigê, s. Charge, care; commission, conferred trust; safe keeping. — to give in charge, to entrust another; also avántè.

avíâra, s. Want of enquiry. 2. indiscretion, rashness. 3. negligence.

avidhêya, adj. Disobedient. — disobedience.

avivêka, s. Indiscretion. 2. imprudence, folly.

avišvâsa, s. Distrust, unbelief, unfaithfulness.

avišvâsi, s. An unbeliever.

avu, pron. dem. It, that, that thing. — besides that. — is it that? — (emph.) just that, even that, the very thing.
avukāni, avukān, a. To crop. 2. to snatch, 3. to press down: लक्षणों के अनुसार किए जाने वाले कुक्कुर को किया जाता है, press it down as much as you can.

avunṭu, s. Pride, haughtiness, arrogance.

avunṭuni (अवुङ्कुः), n. To be proud.

avumpuni (अवुङ्पुः), a. To press. 2. to mumble.

avukāsa, see अवुकास.

avutana, s. A feast, entertainment, dinner; also स्रोत. —स्रोढ़ to give an entertainment. —वाक्य a guest.

avushadha, see अवुशधा.

avulu, adv. There. 2. beyond; also एव. अहंस्तकाले here and there. अह्ये (emph.) just there, even there, in that very place.

avyaya, s. An indeclinable word, gram.

avval, see अवर.

ašakta, adj. Weak, feeble. 2. sick.

ašakti, s. Weakness, incapacity.

ašakte, s. A weak or sick person.

ašakya, adj. Impracticable, impossible.

ašana, s. Eating. 2. food. सरकार maintenance, subsistence; —सरकार to give maintenance, to feed.

asaltarā, asaltarī, adj. Incorporeal. —सल्टा a voice from heaven, an oracle.

asuci, asuddha, adj. Impure, unclean, polluted. —सुधा to become unclean. —सुधा uncleanness, pollution.

asubha, adj. Inauspicious, evil. s. Unluckiness, misfortune.

ašemane, s. A seat for the bride.

ašoka, s. Freedom from grief. 2. the name of a king. अशोक (राज) ašoke (mara), s. The tree Uvaria longifolia. —रा a grove of such trees.

ašrābī, ašrāpy, aśrāpya, see अश्राप.

aśrī, अश्री, aśrēsha, aśrēsi, see अश्री.

aśva, s. A horse.

aśvattha-, aśvattha-, aśvata mara, see अशवत.

aśvapati, s. The king of horses. 2. a dynasty at Delhi.

aśvamēda, s. The ceremony of sacrificing a horse.

aśta, aśṭaka, adj. Eight.

aśṭakashta, s. Eight sources of troubles to which man is liable.

aśṭakāṅga, s. A board or cloth having eight rows of squares eight in each row; a chess-board.
The eight elephants, according to the Hindu Śastras, are supposed to support the earth.

Ashtage, s. An offering for the dead.

Ashtatāla, s. A mode or measure in music.

Ashtadikku, s. The eight points of the compass; also the guardians of the eight points of the compass.

Ashtadravya, s. An offering of eight ingredients.

Ashtapatti, s. An octagon.

Ashtapadi, s. A verse with eight feet.

Ashtabandha, s. A kind of mortar composed of eight ingredients.

Ashtabhāgya, s. The eight requisites to the regal state, viz. territory, treasure, forces, elephant, horse, ketasol, fly-brush, palankeen.

Ashtabhoga, s. The eight sources of enjoyment, viz. habitation, bed, raiment, jewels, wife, flower, perfumes, betel-leaf and arecanut.

Ashtama, num. adj. The eighth.

Ashtamāsiddhi, see ashtamāsiddha.

Ashtami, see ashtamāsiddha.

Ashtasiddhi, s. The eight miraculous attainments.

Ashtāvidhāna, s. The eight kinds of devotion.

Ashtāksharimantra, s. The eight mystical letters used in incantations.

Ashteiśvarya, see ashtāvidhāna.

Asuru, see asankha.

Asāṅkhya, adj. Innumerable.

Asāṅgati, s. An adverse circumstance, an accident.

Asandarbha, s. Unseasonableness, inconvenience. adj. Unconnected, irrelevant; impracticable.

Asambandha, s. Disconnection, incoherence. adj. Disconnected, incoherent. 2. absurd.

Asāṅhya, adj. Disgusting, loathsome. s. Molestation, intolerable vexations. 2. disgust, aversion. to be disgusted with.

Asakta, see asanka.

Asaṭṭhe, s. Disdain, contempt, scorn. 2. negligence, carelessness. the state
of being scornful or careless.

- to despise, neglect.

- adj. Untrue, false.

- adj. False. 2. uninspired.

- see

- adj. Untrue, false. 2. Untrue.

- s. Falsehood.

- un-

- inspired.

- adj. Untrue, false.

- un-

- inspired.

- see

- adj. Untrue, false. 2. Untrue.

- s. Falsehood.

- adj. False. 2. un-

- inspired.

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- s. Falsehood.

- adj. False. 2. un-

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- adj. False. 2. un-

- inspired.

- see

- adj. Untrue, false. 2. Untrue.

- s. Falsehood.

- adj. False. 2. un-

- inspired.

- adj. False. 2. un-

- inspired.
astu, astunama, s. Consent, agreement.
aste, adv. Slowly. — to breathe heavily; bet. aste.
asthira, adj. Unsteady, transient, fleeting.

asraDU, asrapu, s. Any grain etc., the cultivation of which exhausts the soil. 2. a wicked person.

asra, s. A nobleman, good man.

asre, s. A destroyer; cf. asra.
avastha, s. Sickness, illness. adj. Unwell, sick.
aha, ahaha, int. of surprise. Ah! aha!

ahaŋkaripuni (ahaka), v. n. To be proud, arrogant, conceited.
ahaŋkara, s. Self-consciousness. 2. egotism, pride, self-conceit, haughtiness. a proud, self-conceited or insolent man.

ahannika, see ahaŋkara.

ahambhāva, s. Self-consciousness, self-confidence, insolence.
ahammati, s. Self-conceitedness, a vain mind.

ahi, s. A snake.
ahita, adj. Disagreeable, unsalutary. s. Harm, wrong.

ahorātre, s. A day and a night lasting from sunrise to sunrise.
ala, s. Measure, capacity.
alaŋku, s. An ant-eater.
alaŋkāvuni, see aalaŋkuni.
alaŋkuni, see aalaŋkuni.
alatuni (alat), v. n. To shake. 2. to move.
alaka, s. A large basket for measuring rice etc.
alākere, alake, alatē, s. Measurement. to measure, mete; cf. alā, alas.
alapuni (alap), v. a. To measure.
alya, see ahaŋkara.
alavuni (), v. n. To mix.
alāvu, see ahaŋkara.
alikaṭṭu, s. Ruin.
alipuni (alip), v. n. To perish, die. 2. to be destroyed, be ruined; also alapuri alapuni.
aliya, s. A son-in-law, nephew; — as a rule a man’s sister’s son marries the daughter of his mother’s brother. bet. aliya. — the law of inheritance in the female line. According to this law the family property descends not from a man to his son, but from a woman to her daughter.
aliyantara, s. Ruin, extinction.
aliyuni, see aksha.
aluku, s. Modesty, bashfulness.
aluvali, s. A daughter's dowry.
aluve, s. An instalment.
2. a term of payment; cf. āgle, ala
aluve, s. The mouth of a river, a harbour. -āma a custom-house; see āalu.
alē, see ā.
alēji, s. A kind of weed growing on the surface of stagnant water.
alajuni, see āalu.
alapāyī, see āalu.
allevuni (əli), v. n. To muse, to be absent-minded or abstracted. adē to look bewildered, perplexed; cf. āago.
aluni, see āalu.
altu, adv. Thence; also āaltu (gen. of the adv. āali), adj. Of that place.
alpa, adv. There, in that place. āali here and there.
alya, see āalu.
ali, alli, allige, see ālu. alle, see ālu.
έ, The second letter of the alphabet.

έ, dem. pron. That; έή that side or party; έ ἄντεκα that man. έ έ, ἄντεκα each, every, respective. —έκα each work. 2. when added to two or more consecutive words, the meaning is disjunctive: either—or, whether—or; as ἄντεκα έκα whether this or that man? 3. it is an affix of interrogation, which changes according to phonetic rules into ἅ, ἄντεκα: as ἄκα yes: ἃκα is it? ἃκα you came: ἃκα did you come? ἃκα thou, you: ἃκα is it you?

άνκαριν, see άνκαριν.

άνκαρα, see άνκαρα.

άνκίτα, see άνκίτα.

άνκα, s. Force, pressure, compulsion. 2. authority, power, control. 3. support. —άκα to force, compel, to obtain by coaxing. —άκα a strong, powerful man.

άγιρά, s. The sixth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

άνδυ, see άνδυ.

άνδα, άνδα, άνδαλα, see άνδα.
The atmosphere, sky.

A nettle-plant, Urtica heterophylla.

Akkulu, dem. pron. (pl. of akka or akka), They. 2. it is affixed to adjectives, participles and nouns to convert them into personal nouns, as good those that see, working people etc.

Akruti, s. Form, shape.

Akhya, a name. 2. the subject of a sentence, gram.

Akhya, s. The predicate, gram.

Agu, (lit. fire). s. Steam. to be consumed, to come to an end. a steamer.

Agama, s. Arrival. 2. a work on Hindu ritual etc. 3. augment, gram.

Agamana, s. Advent, arrival.

Agara, Agara, a habitation, house.

Agara, see aga.

Agni, see agne.
Ajala, s. Six seers.

Ajavuni, c. v. (of adā), To dry or drain.

Ajī, num. Six.

Ajīquni (adā), v. a. To expose clothes etc. for drying.

Ajīpa, see ādā.

Ajīyuni, ājuni (ādā, ādā), v.n. To dry up, drain off; as, ājāyuni, ājali to be dried up. ājān dried, freed from moisture or sap. ājān undried, wet; ājān a wet cloth.

Ajē, see ādā.

Ājolū, num. adv. Six times.

Ājne, s. Command, order.

2. permission.

3. a judicial sentence, doom.

Ājpa, num. Sixty; see ādā.

Āta, s. Amusement, sport, game.

2. a play; ādē an actor; a gambler.

2. ādē, ādē dancing and playing with music.

3. when forming the latter part of compounds it signifies continuity; as, ādā crying or weeping long. ādā a lamentation.

Atānakū, ātānaka, s. Hinderance, obstacle.

Atī, s. The fourth solar mouth.

2. ādā profound darkness.

2. ādā a kind of grass.

Ādū, see ādā.

Adambara, s. Pride. 2. pomp, show.

Ademōde, see ādā.

Adalō, s. The Malabar-nut-tree, Justicia adhatoda.

Ādē, ādē ādalite, ādalte, s. Administration, management.

2. governing. ādē to manage. ādē an administrator, manager.

Adāvuni, c. v. (of ādā), To agitate. 2. to shake.

Ādige, s. A belch; bet. ādā.

Ādige, adv. In vain, for nothing; see ādā.

Adunī (adā), v. n. To move. wave, swing, vibrate.

2. to shake, totter. v. a. To move; rock.

2. to shake. Different playful and regular movements are expressed by adding it to verbs; as, ādā to be swinging. ādē a moving to and fro, etc.

Āde, s. A coward.

Ādegu, see ādā, ādā.

Ādege, see ādā.

Ādele, s. An unsteady man.

2. a vagabond.

Adēvuni (adā), v. n. To be moving, undulating, vibrating. ādēvādē constant motion, oscillation or vibration.

Ānu, adj. Male.

2. ānu a male child, a boy. ānu a male
tree. s. A boy, youngster. 

adaga, s. The bridegroom's house.

anugadi, s. The lower half of a cocoanut-shell.

anugad,

A boy, youngster.

anugadh, s. A male variety of the wild jack-tree.

anugadha, s. The entrance to a harbour.

anugadha, s. A peg, nail. 2. a wedge. 3. a screw.

anugadhaikallyu, s. The keystone of an arch.

anugadha, s. An oath.

anugadhaekallyu, s. A hail-stone.

anugadha, indef. num. adj. So much. — so many people.

— so much time, so long.

2. as much as: I say only so much.

anugadha, s. is it only so much?

anugadha, or  a. is it only so much that you give?

anugadha, for so much.

anugadha, anugadha anugadha, anugadha, see anugadha.

anugadha, see anugadha.

anugadha, s. Hospital. to entertain a guest.
adi, see ādi.

āditya, s. The sun. —āda Sunday.

aduppuni (ādi-ppuni). v. n. To have become, to be that. ādāpuni ādār as or when it is so.

ādare, s. The sixth lunar mansion; b.l. āde.

ādhūpuni, see ādhū.

ādhāra, s. Support, prop. 2. a basis, foundation. —āda a title-deed. 2. a security-bond. —āden a rich man.

ādhīna, s. Authority, control. 2. dependence; cf. āde āna ādhāra, s. Joy, happiness, pleasure.

āna ānaga, see āna.

ānarta, see ānār.

āni, adv. Then, at that time. —āni 3 ādū from that time, since then. —āmi till then.

affixed to verbs it signifies: at the time, as ānā at the time of going.

ānikorantu, s. A large kernel.

ānipuni (āni), v. a. To make lean. 2. to lull.

ānē, s. An elephant. —ānē a thick forest inhabited by elephants. —ānē an elephant-shed. —ānē an elephant keeper. —ānē a chain for fastening an elephant. —ānē the trunk of an elephant.

āneuēge, see ānu.

ānekallu, see ānek.

ānekārū, s. The Cochin-leg, elephantiasis.

ānekdu, āneku, ānekere, s. A large tank.

ānegajji, āneguddu, s. A troublesome kind of scab, mange.

ānenūlisara, s. A kind of aloes.

ānetajaṅku, s. Cassia occidentalis.

ānedūji, s. A large needle.

ānenēgili, s. Pedalium murex, a larger variety of caltrops.

ānepāduṇi (ānepādi), v. a. To lull (a baby).

ānebākili, s. The entrance gate of a palace. 2. a city-gate. 3. any large gate.

ānemaṅjalu, s. Curcuma zedoaria.

āneminu, s. A whale; also ānēmēnē.

ānemuṅgu, s. Calosanthes indica.

ānhika, s. Daily ceremonies.

āpa, s. A kind of rice-cake.

āpagā, adv. Then, at that time. —ānda that very moment, instantly. ānēdā now and then, occasionally; gradually.
Mishap. 2. trouble, calamity, distress. 3. danger, evil. — a time of trouble.

See also the copula: to be that, to become that. It becomes white. 2. to have origin, grow, as mangoes grow on the tree. 3. to happen, occur: where did this happen? 4. to fit, suit: this coat fits me. 5. to be possible: it can be lifted. 6. to be related to: he is my younger brother. It is used as an auxiliary verb, e.g. it is done, and serves also to form compound verbs: to come into existence, to be true, to be proved, etc.

It is done, finished.

It may be or may happen: the crop is likely to turn out good. 2. when used absolutely as a reply, it is equivalent to "yes"; will you go? yes.

The negative forms of these tenses are: pres. t. p. t. perf. t. fut. t.

not be—denoting moral and physical impossibility. added to inf. marks emph. prohibition, as thou shalt not kill. when repeated after nouns etc. means either—or, as either this or that man.

It is much used as a polite form of request. please go away. I should like him to come.

a practicable thing; a finished work. married. a divided land. when affixed to nouns and certain verbal forms, they convert them into adjectives, as an easy work; the requisite things. The personal nouns formed of the above, are: which are similarly joined to s., adj. etc.

That which should not be, becoming. 2. impracticable. 3. improper, wicked.
\( \text{api} \), ger. (or adv. part. Having become, being. 2. when affixed to s. or adj. it converts them into adv., as अनुगENE wrongly, अनुग certainly. 3. affixed to datives and infinitives it means for, in behalf of, on account of, as अनुमति on that account, अनुचित in order to make. 4. affixed to pron. it means of one’s own accord, as अपने or अपनी he gave of his own accord (without being requested). अनुमति neg. having not become, being not.

अनु When it happens, happened or will happen. — when just when it happens etc.

अनु Till it happens.

अनु cond., अनुक्तू cond. emph. If it becomes, if it be, although it be, अनुसार if it be so. 2. as a conj. but, yet, though; at least, even.

अनु pot. It can or may be.

अनु It must be or become.

2. to be related to. अनुसार how is he related to you? अनुसार अनुसार what ought to happen, what is necessary.

अनु सन, अनुसूच, अनुसूच, verbal nouns. That which happens, etc. 2. that which is fit, possible, practicable.

अनु अपु नु गENE, see अनु. अनु अपुले, see अनु. अनु अपु ले, see अनुग़ सन.

�नु अपे, adv. Yonder, opposite. अनु अपे यonder house. अनु अपे one from the other side. अनु अपे yonder or the other side.

अनु अपे क्षे, see अनुग. अनु अपे, adv. Just then; cf. अनुक्तू. अनु अपेक्षा just when doing.

अनु अप्ता, adj. Dear, attached.

2. trustworthy, confidential.

अनु अप्ता, s. An intimate friend.

अनु अप्ता and acquaintances.

अनु अपिमु, see अनुग.

अनु अपिदु, adj. Populous, inhabited. 2. cultivated. 3. thriving. अनुवु to populate; to cultivate; to improve.

अनु अपिदा, adj. Young.

अनु अपुरु, see अनुग.

अनु अपिरण, s. Ornament, jewels.

अनु अपिमदु, अपिमदु, s. Import, (opp. export). 2. income.

अनु अपिमारसुनी, see अनुग.

अनु अपिमावडे, see अनुग.

अनु अपिला, s. Acidity. 2. tamarind. 3. vinegar. adj. Sour, acid; v.lg. अपिला.

अनु अपिया, s. A nurse.

अनु अपिया, s. Gain; see अपिया.

अनु अपिया, s. A foundation, base. अनु अपिया to lay a foundation.

�नु अपिया, s. Measure, proportion.

अनु अपिया to regulate or fix the limits. — to measure.
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Ay, v. a. To dig a foundation.

Ayavuni, v. a. To winnow.

Ayasa, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. indisposition. 3. trouble, vexation.

Ayi, see Ay.

Ayita, see Ay.

Ayida, see Ay.

Ayinavu, see Ay.

Ayisa, see Ay.

Ay, see Ay.

Ayinavu, s. A festival in connexion with a temple.

Ayana, s. A festival in connexion with a temple.

Ay, pron. He. 1. everyone, each (man). 2. it is joined to participles etc. to form personal nouns, as एकाः one who does, एकाः one who did, एकाः one who did not do; cf. एको.

Ayeré, adv. On that side, beyond (opp. एकाः on this side). एकाः on that side of the river. एकाः to cross a river.

Ayya, see Ay.

Ayyeru, see Ay.

Aru, dem. pron. (honour. pl. 3rd p. of एक or एक), They, i.e. that person. एकः emph. himself, none but he. 2. it is joined to participles to form personal nouns, as एकः one who goes, एकः one who went, एकः one who did not go.

Ara, A termination occurring in some nouns and meaning home, place or locality, as एकः lodging; एकः etc. names of villages.
arambha, s. Commencement, beginning. 
arambhipuni (అరమ్భిపుని), v. a. To make a beginning, to begin.

Commencement, beginning.

To begin.

ząge, see aversal; cf. ənəs. 
ząga, ərə, ərə, ərə, ərə. The concluding part of a temple feast, including bathing the idol.

aranyya, see aranyya.

ząti, s. Wave-offering, consisting in waving lamps etc. 
2. the lamp for wave-offering.
ząfe, əʃə to offer, wave frankincense etc. əʃə a censer. əʃə, əʃə a lamp with one wick. əʃə, əʃə, a metal plate for wave-offering.

ząti, see ząti.

arabhara, s. Responsibility, care.

ərəbhə, s. Beginning, commencement. ərəbhə from the beginning of the world. ərəbhə, ərəbh, ərəbh since you began doing; cf. ərəbhə.

ərəvə, s. An usufructuary mortgage. ərə, a deed of such mortgage.

ərəta, s. Tottering, shaking; cf. ərəta.

ərədə, ərədə, ərədə, ərədə, ərədə. To walk arm in arm or hand in hand.

ərədə, s. Worship, adoration, prayer. see ərədə.
aro, all., aroga, aropa, aropane, s. Imputation, accusation.
2. a false charge.
arohipsuni (arohipsuni), v. a. To impute, accuse unjustly, charge with.
arohipana, s. Ascending, climbing, mounting. Ascension day, Chr.
aroipa, s. The last leaf of a cocoa-palm-branch.
arka, s. A bow. 2. an arch.
arukuni (arkuni), v.n. To cry out, shout.
argita, adj. Acquired, accumulated, inherited, as patrimonial. Self-acquired.
artic, inherited wealth or property.
arti, s. Pain, distress. adj. Afflicted, distressed, sorrowful.
artè, s. One who is afflicted.
arupopini, see of.
ärdre, s. The sixth lunar mansion, a aronis, when it rains heavily.
árbaṭa, árbhata, árbhāte, s. Fearful noise, uproar. 2. a joyful cry, triumph. To roar, shout, triumph.
arva, ad. Noble, respectable, belonging to the Aryans.
āryayeru, s. A castrated buffalo.
ārya, s. An Aryan. 2. a man of the Ārya caste.
ārvāra, see ārvāra.
ārsāvuni (ārsāvuni), v. a. To despise, defy, set at naught. 2. to disparage. To talk disparagingly or defiantly.
āla, s. The silk-cotton tree, Salmaña Malabarica; also silk cotton.
ālaṅgane, s. The act of embracing.
ālamba, s. Seizing. 2. killing. 3. a violent death.
ālade, s. A kind of demon's shrine.
ālasu, see ālasu.
ālasya, s. Weariness. 2. idleness, laziness, sloth.
ālātyu, see ālātyu.
ālapane, s. Humming a tune.
ālapisuni (ālapisuni), v.n. To hum a tune, to sing.
ālasu, see ālasu.
āli, s. Breath, life, strength. To pant, be fatigued, tired.
is gone, or exhausted. स्वाधीन.. visual strength.

शीतम्, शीतराम अलिकल्यु, अलिपरंदु, s. Hailstone.

शी अलेष, s. A press, mill, as को आस्र- a sugarcane mill. -को a mill to work.

शीक्षो अलेिसृणी (अधिष्ठ), v. n. To listen to, to hear attentively.

शीक्षो अलोका, s. Seeing, a view. 2. light. 3. panegyric. अलोकेन an object of sight.

शीक्षो अलोकान, s. Reflection, investigation, thought. -लोकेन to consider, reflect on. -लोकेन to advise, to give one's opinion.

शीक्षो, शीक्षो, शीक्षो अवंदी, अवंदेन, अवंदु, see शीक्षो.

शीक्षो अवंदेन, s. A kind of bean, lentil.

शीक्षो अवंदेन, see शीक्षो.

शीक्षो अवरा, postp. On account of. अवरान on that account. अवरान on this account.

शीक्षो अवर्तने, s. Revolution. 2. repetition. -विक्ष्ण to repeat.

शीक्षो अवालु, see अवालु.

शीक्षो अवालु, s. Yawning. -वालु to yawn, gape.

शीक्षो अवाश्या, see अवाश्या.

शीक्षो अवु, see अवु.

शीक्षो अवुसा, sec अवुसा.

शीक्षो अवे, s. A potter's kiln, an oven. -वालु, -वानु to open a kiln. -वानु clay.

शीक्षो अवफु, s. A burnt offering; cf. अवफु. -वनु to offer a sacrifice.

शीक्षो अवसा, s. Possession by spirits, demoniacal possession. -वसा to be possessed with a devil, be in a frenzy.

शीक्षो अवदु, see अवदु.

शीक्षो, अवादा, sec अवादा.

शीक्षो असकृता, adj. Avaricious, covetous, greedy.

शीक्षो असमारी, s. A covetous person.

शीक्षो असिगे, see असिगे, असिगे.

शीक्षो असिपुणी (असिपुणी), v. a. To wish, desire.

शीक्षो असिरवाचाण, असिरवादा, s. Benediction, blessing. -सिरवाचाण, see असिरवाचाण.

शीक्षो असिरवादपुणी (असिरवादपुणी), v. a. To bless, confer a blessing.

शी अष्टे, s. Desire, longing, wish. 2. expectation, prospect, hope. -अष्टेन a covetous man. -अष्टेन to have a wish. -अष्टेन to have lost hope, to despair of. -अष्टेन to give up hope, to abandon a wish. -अष्टेन to hold out hope. -अष्टेन to wish, covet hope.

शीक्षो अश्वार्याय, s. Wonder, surprise. -अश्वार्याय to wonder, be surprised. -अश्वार्याय to astonish, surprise. -अश्वार्याय to make wonders, perform a mi-
racle. — असा, — अस प a wonderful or remarkable thing or affair.

अस्माः असेंमा, s. A hermitage. 2. one of the four stages of Brahminical life; e.g. असेंमा a bachelor, student; असेंमा a householder; असेंमा an anchorite; असेंमा an ascetic.

अस्रया, s. Support, refuge. 2. protection, reliance. 3. dependence. —अस्रया to give protection, patronise. —अस्रय to depend upon.

अस्रयिपुनि (अस्रयपुनि), v. a. To seek shelter.

असरी, s. A dependant, client.

अस्लेशा, s. The ninth lunar mansion; also अस्लेपु. अस्विजा, s. The seventh lunar month (September-October).

अशिदा, अशिधा, s. The fourth lunar month (June-July).

असु, s. A weaver's warp before starching. 2. a web, texture; cf. असुः. —असु the rake of a weaver's warp.

असुपासु, s. Proximity, vicinity, environs, neighbourhood. adv. Round about.

असक्ता, adj. Attached, devoted. 2. zealous, active.

असक्ति, s. Diligence, devotion, attachment.

असना, s. A stool, seat. 7 असना the judgment seat. 9 असन the throne. 2. the anus.

असर, —असरे an anal fistula.

असरु, s. Thirst. 2. that which slakes thirst. —असरु to give to drink.

असरा, s. Refuge, support. 2. protection, patronage; cf. असरे.

असर्मे, s. Management of a family, care of a household.

असदा, असदा, see असरे.

असामी, s. A person, an individual. 2. a customer. 3. a debtor.

असिगे, s. A mattress, bed; also असिक.

असु, असु, see असरे.

असे, see असरे.

असकृता, s. Protection, shelter, countenance.

अस्ति, s. Property, wealth, estate. —अस्त्य, —अस्त a man of property.

अस्ते, adv. Gently, slowly.

अस्थन, अस्थिना, s. An assembly. 2. a hall of audience.

असपत्री, s. An hospital.

असपदा, s. Place to stand on, basis, support. 2. protection, refuge, shelter. 3. means; असपदा असपदा I have no means of livelihood.

असपा, संस्त्य, see असरे.
asra, s. A kind of priest.

āsvada, s. Ability, power; faculty. 2. estate, property; wealth, riches; see āsva.

āhañkāra, see āhasa.

āha, intj. of joy or sorrow.

āhāra, s. Food, provision, sustenance.

āhāha, intj. Alas, ha!

āhuta, adj. Offered as an oblation in fire.

āhuti, s. A sacrifice.

ālu, s. A person. 2. a labourer, hired person. 3. a messenger. ālu, a strong man; a chieftain.

ālu, pers. pron. fem. sing. She.

ālā, s. Depth. adj. Deep, profound.

āli, adj. Ruined, waste; bet. āli.

āli, see āli.

āli, s. Reign, government.

ālīta, see ālīta.

ālunī (ālūnī), v.a. To rule, govern, reign. ālunī a governor. ālunī a governess.

āluve, ālūve, ālvike, ālyike, s. Reign.

āluve, s. A family-name of some Bants.

ālimage, s. A servant.

ākshēpa, s. Objection. 2. blame.

i, The third letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is very often written o. Words not found under this letter should be sought for under o.

āikā, adj. Base, inferior, mean.

āikki, see āoki.

āingū, see āingi.

āingaṇā, s. Separation, distinction. adj. Distinct, separate; also sāndō, sōdō.
To stoop.

To absorb, as water, to dry. 2. to sink in, as eyes from disease; also अंगुणि, अंगुणि (अंगुणि), v. n.

To go under, to pass through. 3. to establish. To go into the English writing or language.

Thus, so, in this manner; —अिति not this but that way. —अिति such and such a man. अिति, emph. just so. अिति such, of this kind or sort.

Here, in this place. —अिति a man of this place, or of this age.

Lately, recently.

Small, little.

An engine, machine.

The New Testament, as styled by Mussulmans.

See अिति.

Agreeableness, delightfulness, pleasantness.

A stout silver or gold bracelet.

Place, room, space.

2. refuge, shelter. 3. opportunity. adj. Broad, wide.

This man. अिति, अिति, अिति this woman; plur. अिति this person, used honorifically, as a polite form of the sing. m. or f.; cf. अिति, अिति.
imbo, see 59.
imma, The heel.
imma, imma, imma-dige, adj. Double, two-fold; also adj.
imma-kha, immone, adj. Double faced.
imma, adv. Hither, this side.
imma, see 59.
imma-ki, s. Fiction, invention.
imma-kalpa, see 59.
imma-kal, see 59.
imma-kavuni, lit. two bands. s. Narrowness, difficulty, straitness, poverty. to be confined, pent up. to be in troubles. to encounter difficulties, to be in straits. adj. Narrow, strait.
imma-ki, see 59.
imma, s. Both sides.
imma, see 59.
imma, see 59.
imma-kavuni, v.a. To distinguish, put out, as fire. to be extinguished. nimma-kuni (23), v.a. To put, serve up, as food.
imma, 23. 23 ikkuli, ikkule, s. A pair of pincers or tongs.
imma, s. The residence of the late Lingait kings of Bednore. a measure of two feet and seven inches long. a gold pagoda worth thirteen gold fanams or four rupees.
imma, s. Both hands. 2. an ambidexter.
imma, see 59.
imma, see 59.
imma, see 59.
imma, s. A bud, germ or tender shoot.
imma-iguru, (23), v.n. To bud, germinate or shoot up.
imma-igguni (23), v.n. To draw, pull.
imma-icceadi, adj. Double, two-fold.
imma-icce, icche, icche, s. Wish, desire. 2. appetite. 3. relish, delight. according to one's desire or wish, as one pleases. to wish, long for.
imma, s. Trouble. 2. importunity. to trouble, importune; cf. 59.
imma, s. Trousers.
imma, s. An abkari (liquor) contractor. 2. a man wearing trousers.
imma, s. An abkari contract.
An impotent man.

the cinnamon tree.

cinnamon oil; also

Negation of existence; not to exist, not to be. It is regularly conjugated only in the present and perfect tenses, through all persons. not even one. there is nothing.

I have no money. ? have you any children? no. Emph. not in the least, not at all. Used as a disjunctive conjunction: if not, or; either—or. not existing, absent. without; cf. 

Flour.

see

A mortice, cavity cut into a piece of timber to receive the end of a beam or plank. a stone placed under a beam.

The jaw; cf. 

A brick.

Narrowness.

A nightingale.

A kind of medicinal plant.

Half ground, coarse, rough.
ita

itabāri, s. A confident, trustworthy person.

itāry, see itabāri.

itiḥāsa, s. History, traditional accounts of former events.

ittanda, s. Both parties or sides.

ittattu, s. Both sides or places. 2. both banks of a river, etc.

ittāra, ittaru, adv. Enough; cf. ittaru.

itti, see itabāri.

ittille, s. A written report. to report in writing.

ittirna, s. Sickness.

itté, adv. Now, at present. emph. just now, this moment, immediately. of the present time. now for once, for the present. (lit.) now one and afterwards another, a proverbial expression for sickness or duplicity, "to blow hot and cold".

itte, see itabāri.

ityarthava, s. Decision, determination, settlement. to decide, determine, establish.

ittyādi, These and others, et cetera.

idamuṭṭa, adv. Till now.

iddi, see ibbi.

ina, see itabāri.

inate, see itabāri.

ināpy, s. Evil disposition.

inapu, s. Evil disposition.

2. defeat, discomfiture.

ināmy, s. A gift, present. to give a present or reward.

ini, adv. To-day. for this day.

ine, s. A couple, pair. 2. a companion, mate. to be a match. 2. to pair (obsc.)

inkārya, s. Abnegation.

to abnegate. 2. to refuse.

inpin (i), v. a. To say, tell. 2. to speak; also itarud.

iparita, see ittabāri.

ipuni, see itabāri.

ippaṭa, s. lit. Double stripes; a wale, the mark of a rod or whip on animal flesh.

ippaṭsha, s. Both parties or sides.

ippili, s. Long pepper, Piper longum; also itarud.

ipuni (i), v. n. To be, exist; also itarud.

ippuli, see ittabāri.

ippe, s. The olive fruit. the olive tree.

ibāti, s. Sacred ashes with which a Sivite besmears his forehead.

ibbarelu, s. Two fingers
united by a membrane (web-fingers).

Ibbu, s. A kind of cucumber.

Ima, s. Snow; bet. iez.

Imini, see izzem.

Ime, s. An eye-lash; also izzem net; cf. izzem.

Iyaruni, iyavanii (izzem, izzem), d. v. To be sufficient; pres. or fut. 3rd pers. n. izzem, izzem, it will be enough or sufficient; also izzem net, izzem he is likely to come; past. izzem, izzem it is enough; neg. izzem, izzem it is not enough or sufficient.

Iyere, s. This side (of a river).

Iyee, d. v. Yes; cf. izzem.

Iyyodu, adv. This year.

Ir, a prefix signifying Two, double, both, e.g. izzem two-fold, izzem double edged, izzem both sides; in some cases the izzem assimilates to the consonant following, e.g. izzem izzem, izzem etc.

Irvey, see izzem.

Irul, s. A remittance to the treasury.

Irambala, s. Twenty seers.

Irakasu, s. Sulphate of iron.

Iri, s. Abatement of intoxication.
to give a blow with both hands spread out.

irda, see irda.

irnālayi, s. Double tongue.

irnāli, s. A double pulse.
1. a carpenter's boring tool.
2. a swelling of the throat.

irda, set'z. A double tongue.

irnāli, s. A double pulse.
2. a carpenter's boring tool.
3. a mat.

irpē, s. A kind of net. 2. a double leaf.
3. a mat.

irpē, s. A kind of fish.

irportu, s. A whole day (forenoon and afternoon), twice a day. 3. irpē a whole day's labour; cf. irpē.

irbādi, adj. Double, two-fold.

irbalappu, s. A double growth. 2. a twist. 3. tightness.

Irbalipuni (irbalipuri), s. A. To tie a cloth round the waist, to gird (the loins). 2. to fasten a thatched roof with double ropes over it.

irbalē, irbalē, s. A double bracelet. 2. double transverse laths or slips of bamboos, palms etc.

irbāliyuni (irbāliyuni), s. A. To be benumbed.

irbiyi, s. A double edge.
3. a double edged sword.
4. a snake, serpent.

irbu, see irbu.

irbuliyuni (irbuliyuni), s. A. To curdle, be decomposed, as milk etc.

irmandē, s. Two vessels placed on the same hearth. 2. a large forehead 3. a very large vessel.

irmaḍikē, adj. Double, two fold; see irmaḍikē. irmaḍikē.

irmāne, s. Horripilation. 2. rising up, as of corn shoots.

irmārū, s. Fickle-mindedness, unsteadiness. 2. idiocy.

irmārle, s. A fickle-minded man. 2. an idiot.

irmārpu, s. Two fathoms.

irmīnū, s. A kind of fish.

irmune, irmune, s. A double edge or point.
3. irmune a double pointed style used for writing on palmyra leaves.

irmena, see irmena.

irmeyi, irmeyi, irmei, s. Both sides. 2. a cloth of different colour or texture on each side.
irdone, see िर्मने.  
िर्ला, आर्लू, आर्लू, s. Dusk, darkness, night.  
िर्ला, s. Two seers. अर्ला two seers of rice.  
िर्वा, num. Twenty. —िर्ला twentieth  
िर्वांदे, see िर्वांदे.  
िर्वाला, see िर्वाला.  
िर्वारा, adv. A second time, twice.  
िर्वेयु, (personal form of the numeral तू). Two persons.  
िर्वेरि, s. A medicinal plant; Andropogon muri-  
catum.  
िर्वोंदे, s. Two kuṭṭas or eight fluid ounces.  
िर्वोलु, see िर्वोलु.  
िर्वोलु, adv. Two times, twice; cf. िर्वुरु.  
िर्वांसु, see िर्वांसु.  
िििल, िईलकी, िलकी, s. (in official language) A department, a branch-office. adj. Belonging or attached to a department.  
ििली, s. A female's cloth.  
ििली, see िििली.  
ििलू, s. A large torch, flambeau.  
ििली, see िििली.  
ििलू, see िििलू.  
ििलू, s. A hair.  
ििलू, s. A fold, plait. तूलू—threelfold. तूलू—how many fold; cf. िििली.  
ििले, see िििले.  
ििलू, see िििलू.  
ििलू, s. A house, dwelling.  
ििलू, s. A family. िििलू, िििलू at home, in the house. िििलू िििलू to go home. —ििलू the inmates of a house. —ििलू to build a house.  
ििलबूरु, s. A kind of creeper used in thatching roofs and plaiting baskets and small boxes.  
ििलसु, see िििलसु.  
ििले, see िििले.  
ििलता, adj. Acceptable, agreeable, pleasant, wished, cherished, beloved. िििलता to be loved, cherished. —ििलता a desired-for event; an object which pleases one. —ििलता friends. —ििलता a dearly beloved friend. —ििलता sa-  
voury food, a favourite dish. s. Wish, desire. 2. friendship, familiarity, love. —ििलता to break off friendship. —ििलता to make friendship, to love, like. िििलता to make love, िििलता िििलता िििलता िििलता िििलता (proverb) three blows to him who makes love, and three measures of ghee to him who causes discord.
ishtasiddhi, s. Attainment or fulfilment of one's desire.

ishtāśāra, s. Friendship, familiarity.

ishtānīṣṭha, adj. Liked and disliked. 2. good and bad.

ishtānāna, see अनुभव.

ishtānipitve, s. Simple imprisonment.

ishtāṛtha, s. The object of desire. 2. the highest good.

ishte, s. A friend, companion. —पुंस्क, friend and foe.

ishtānti relatives and friends.

isū, isi, intj. expressing disgust.

islū, s. Whistling. —मे to whistle.

isa, see ई.

isabakuly, s. The seed of Plantago Isphagula.

isamungli, s. Crinum deflexum.

isarabēry, s. The root of the plant Aristolochia Indica.

isare, see ई.

isavi, isvi, s. The Christian era.
I, The fourth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ə.  

I, pron. 2nd pers. sing. Thou; emph. ə even thou.  

I, dem. pron. This or these; as ə ə this boy, ə ə these people.  

Iŋə, see əkə, əkə.  

Iŋudavuni, c. v. (of əkə) To cause to stoop.  

Iŋuduni, əkədʒə Iŋuduni, əkədʒə, see əkədʒə.  

Iŋuθu, əuθu, see əuθu.  

Indu, s. The sago-palm, Caryota urens.  

Imbala, s. A kind of leech.  

Imbe, adv. This side, here; cf. əuθu.  

Ikka, s. An arrow.  

Icilu, s. The wild date.  

Icilu, see əkə.  

Imbe, adv. This side, here; cf. əuθu.  

Ikkane, s. An arrow.  

Indu, s. The wild date-tree, Phoenix sylvestris.  

Icuni, ijuni (əkə, əkə), v. n. To swim.  

Itu, s. Manure, fertilizer (of land). 2. fat, sap. —ə to manure.  

Iti, s. A lance, spear.  

Idu, s. A pledge, pawn. 2. an equivalent. —ə to stand security. —ə to deposit a pledge, to pawn. —ə to be equal, to match, pair; ə ə to be liable to sin.  

Idige, iduge, idege, adv. In vain; cf. əkə.  

Idi, see ə.  

Ide, ide δ, idegu, see əkə, əkə.  

Ine, s. A lute, a fretted musical instrument of the guitar kind; also əkə, əkə.  

Itu, indef. num. So much, so many; emph. ə ə just so much, only so much. əkə pl. so many (people), ə ə ə ə so far, as far as this, up to this. ə ə is this all? ə ə being so; nevertheless. əkə (əkə) so and so much or so and so many; with neg. it denotes unlimitedness: not a little, inexpressible.  

Ipini (əkə), v. a. To shoot (an arrow).  

Ipe, adv. This side. ə ə people on this side or part. ə ə this side.  

Ibuti, see əkə.  

Iyavu, see əkə.
iru, pers. pron. (pl. of iy), You, used honorifically in addressing a person.
iranga, s. Separation.
irana, s. A small drum.
irinti, s. A cricket.
iruni (ịs), v. a. To rub off, be worn out. irihe to undergo wear and tear, wear off, be reduced to powder. 2. to pick up.
irulli, see irulu.
irulu, s. The tender fruit of the palmyra tree.
irpadi, see isvara.
irse, s. A lord, master.
isvara, s. The eleventh year of the Hindu cycle.
isvaraberyu, see svara.
isvare, s. The Supreme Being. 2. a name of Śiva.
isutugu, adv. Instantly, this moment.
isuni (ịs), v. a. To scrape.

u, The fifth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ụ.
ünkà, s. Dirtiness, filthiness; cf. ọrù.
ungila, s. A ring. -nji the ring-finger. ọnogoro a plain ring.
unu, ọnunụ uinguṣta, ungushta, s. The great toe. -nji the thumb.
unjuru, see ọnunu and ọnunọ.
unjii, see ọnunọ
unjì, see ọnunọ
unjí, see ọnunọ
unjị, see ọnunọ
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undu

occurred, what is really a fact, what exists. यद्यपि तो to exist. —चोरे to create, produce; to invent. —रूढ़ रूढ़ी the Creator.

unduluga, s. A kind of fried cake.

unde, s. A ball, globe.
2. a ball-shaped confection.

unde, undyē s. A sheaf of straw; cf. अन्नगय. अन्नगय उदलुगा, जनित्रा उदलुगा, see जनित्रा उदलुगा.

untavuni, c.v. (of अन्नगय) To cause to stand up.
2. to detain, stop. अन्नगय— to allow further time to a debtor to pay his debt.

untuni (अन्नगय), v. n. To stand.
2. to remain, stay.
3. to stop, cease.

undu, pers. pron. neut.
This, it. अन्नगय besides this, moreover. pl. अन्नगय these.

unnata, adj. High, lofty, tall, supreme.

umbe, umbuge, umbuēēe, umbe, s. The white flowered thorn-apple, Datura alba; also अन्नगय— or अन्नगय— D. fastuosa; see जनित्रा. अन्नगय उभुळा, s. A kind of bush.

umbuda, s. A kind of colibry.

umbude, adj. Globular and small. s. Chewed betel.

umbudepakki, s. A kind of bird; cf. अन्नगय.

umburu, s. A kind of small leech; also अन्नगय.

umbē, see जनित्रा.

umboili, s. A freehold, land granted without rent.
2. any present, donation; gratuitous service.

umma, अन्नगय उम्मूा, उम्मापा, int. (when startled), meaning Who knows? 2. I do not know.

ummi, see जनित्रा.

ummuge, see जनित्रा.

ummuta, s. The purple thorn-apple, Daturafastuosa which is said to cause mania. see जनित्रा.

ummuru, see जनित्रा.

urndula, see जनित्रा.

urndē, s. A lump. 2. a morsel.

urndēbūru, s. The smooth-leaved heart-pea, the creeper Cardiospermum halicababum.

urndely, adj. Round, circular. अन्नगय small rice pastry balls baked or boiled with sugar and milk or cocanut juice.

urndula, see जनित्रा.

urndu, अन्नगय उरंदु, उरंदु, s. Vomiting. 2. an emetic.

cholera.

ukāda, ukkāda, s. A small boat. 2. a lookout place between the bounds of two towns.
ukkā, s. Steam; cf. जरु, सचिन.

ukkā, s. To boil, bubble up. 2. to run over in boiling. 3. to swell up, spring up; cf. जरु.

ugaru, adj. Brackish; also अगरी.

ugādi, see उगड़ा.

ugipuni (उगप), v.n. To spit out.

uguraddige, s. A necklace with chasings or engravings like finger nails.

uguru, s. A nail, claw. —ता a whitlow. —पत्र tepid, lukewarm.

ugurubāru, s. The creeper Daemia extensa.

ugga, s. Over-boiled rice; cf. उगा.

uggi, s. A handle. 2. a hook. —पत्र to fasten a hook; also अग, अग.

ugguni (उगुन), v.n. To stammer. 2. to spurt. अगस्तो blood to flow by spurts.

uggelu, s. A well.

ugra, adj. Angry, vehement, passionate. 2. cruel. s. Wrath, rage. अगः to be angry.

ugrāna, ugrāṇa, ugrāṇiga, s. A storeroom. —सत्ता; see उग्राणी. अगः a granary.

ugrāni, s. A storekeeper, steward. 2. a village peon under a Potail.

ugre, s. A passionate man.

ucapati, s. Dealsings on credit.

ucayisuni(उचैयिसुण), v.n. To exceed the bounds of propriety either in word or deed.

ucita, adj. Proper, suitable, fit. s. A gift. अच्छा freely, gratis.

uccākaśa, s. Quarrel, fight. 2. see उक्का

uccākitta, see उक्काकित्ता

uccāya, see उक्काय.

uccāripuni (उक्काप) v.a.

To utter, pronounce.

uccal, see उक्क.

uccātane, s. Exorcising evil spirits.

uccā, s. Quarrel, see उक्क.

uccāra, uccāra, uccāraṇे, s. Pronunciation.

uccālu, s. A hammer. 2. a worm.

uccā, s. A snake. 2. a worm.

ucca, s. A snake, serpent; cf. जाना.

uccā, s. A fountain, spring. अगस्तो a marshy field; see उगरी.

ujade, s. A deserted person.
uja, s. Light, splendour.
- to become light.

ujādu, s. Ruin. - to be ruined.

ujā, ujājā, ujāla, ujālā, adj.
White. - ujā white colour.

uje, see ujā. - ujā to ooze, percolate, trickle. 2. to become swampy.

uiratu, s. Force, violence.
- to force.

uiru, s. A swing. 2. A hammock.

uijuni (ujā), v. a. To rub; cf. ujādē.

uiru, ujjeru, ujjeru, s.
A pestle.

uiranu, ūravuni, ūravuni (uiru), v. a. To raise, lift up; cf. uiru.

uirane, s. Forgery, fabrication.

uīt̄u, see ūtaru. [clothing.

uirutane, s. Food and

uiru l̄oi, see ūtaru.

uiru, s.
A gold or silver girdle; also ūravuni.

uiru, ūravuni, ūradige, ūradige, s.
A kind of cake.

uiru, ūradu, ūradu, s.
The belly, stomach. - ūradu hectic fever.

uiru, ūradu, ūravuni, ūrasuni (uiru ūradu, ūradige), v. a.
To deny, contradict. 2. to reject.

udi, see ujā.

udigerē, s. A gift. - ujā (proverb.)
a betelnut may be a present as much as an elephant.

udu, s. An iguana.

udu, s. A star. 2. water.

uduku, s. A kind of small drum.

uduge, see ujā.

udugerē, see ujā.

ududhāra, see ūravuni.

udupati, s. The moon.

udettelu, s. Bruise. adj.
Bruised.

udupuni, ud̄vuni (ud̄u), v. a. and n.
To break, split, as pottery etc.

ud̄u, s.
Any pile of three, with one on the top, as marbles, seeds etc. - to set thus in piles of four each.

ud̄uddane, adv.
In rapid succession, one after another, over and over again. - to speak hastily. - to come or follow in close succession.

ud̄sure, s.
A honorary gift; cf. ooarttu.

unape, adj.
Little recovering.

unaru, see ūtaru.

unayu, s.
A meal, dinner, boiled rice and curry; also ūradu, ūradu.
[young.

unile, adj.
Small, short,
To take one's meal, to dine, eat rice, (in opposition to a slight repast of fruits, cakes etc).

The time of evening. 2. the night-meal.

Boiled rice, solid food; also an antidote.

The north. 2. an answer. 3. (in law) a defence. adj. (Left), northern; subsequent, later. a surety, bondsman.

The shrub Achyranthes aspera.

A successor, heir.

The sun's course to the north of the equator.

The twenty-first lunar mansion.

An upper or outer garment. 2. a towel.

The twelfth lunar mansion, the tail of Leo.

Haste, rashness, precipitancy.

Zeal, perseverance. 2. a rash, or strenuous exertion.

The dried date fruit; also an excellent man.

An excellent man.

The procession of an idol on a car. a moveable idol generally taken abroad during a procession.

Produced, born.

A festival, public rejoicing. the procession of an idol on a car. a moveable idol generally taken abroad during a procession.

Festivity, joy, rejoicing 2. energy, strenuous exertion; it is often interchanged with .

A free gift, a freehold.

Water.

The rising of the sun, moon, or other heavenly bodies. the dawn.

The belly. 2. the core of any thing. feeding the belly. colic.

Haste, rashness, precipitancy.
uda, s. The white ant. udalupuṇḍa, s. A white-ant-hill. 2. (med.) a cancer; pins or pinlike holes on the sole of the foot udalē, s. Saliva, spittle.

udātta, adj. Liberal. 2. lofty. 3. high, as a note in music. s. The acute accent, gram.

udarū, s. The credit system, lending.

udāra, adj. Liberal, generous. — udāra, — uḷa liberality.

udāraṇe, udārane, udārā, see udarū.

udalu, see udālu.


udāharane, s. An answer. 2. an example, illustration.

udi, see udāsū.

udipāvuni, c. v. (of udō, udō) To beget.

udipini, see udippuni.

udime, s. Merchandise, trade.

udiyabenpini, v. n. To become rich.

udiyuni (udō), v. n. To rise, as the sun. 2. to be generated.

udupu, s. The act of coming into existence.

uduribūru, s. The creepers Asparagus sarmen-
tosus, and Asparagus race-
omus.

uduruni, v. n. To fall, drop off. 2. to hang down.

ude, s. A sheath. [song.

uderāga, s. A morning

udēvuni (udē), v. a. To throw out. v. n. The hands to shake, as in sickness.

udo, intj. A formula used in presenting offerings to a goddess.

udda, s. Length. 2. distance. adj. Long. — uḍḍa, a prattler, braggart, bully.

uddakuddya, adj. (lit. long and short) Middle sized. 2. separate. 3. distinct. adv. Distinctly.

uddari, see uddāra.

uddāra, see uddāra.

uddumē, see uddumē.

uddhāra, s. Deliverance. 2. protection. 3. prosperity. — uḍḍhāra to obtain deliverance; to become rich. — uḍḍhārā to protect, support. — uḍḍhāra to deliver the spirit of a deceased person from the power of a demon by propitiating it.

uddārā, s. The biennial ceremony of washing an idol.

udyōga, s. Exertion, industry. 2. business, occu-
udri, s. A replacement, employment. — a public servant.

udri, s. A braid of false hairs.

udri, s. A match, pair. ~ an equal.

udrigonda, s. A hair-ornament.

udriburu, see —

udruni, see —


udreka, s. Excessive lust.

udhara, see —

unape, see —

unile see —

unnata, see —

upa, A Sanskrit prefix implying direction. 2. vicinity. 3. inferiority.

upakathe, s. An episode.

upakarana, s. An appendage. 2. means, materials. 3. an instrument, tool. 4. vessels used in worshipping an idol.

upakara, upakruti, s. A service, favour, kindness, benefit. ~ a benefactor.

upakrama, s. Taking in hand, setting about.

upagrama, s. Suburb.

upacara, upacarane, upacara, s. Politeness, courtesy.

upajatra, see —

upadēsa, s. Instruction, teaching. 2. initiation into the mysteries of religion.

upadēsi, s. A teacher. 2. a catechist, Chr.

upadra, upātra, upādī, s. Calamity. adversity, trouble, affliction; cf. —

upanayana, s. The ceremony of investing a Brahman boy with the sacred thread.

upapada, s. The modern grammatical term for article, also any subordinate word in a sentence.

upabodhake, s. An assistant teacher. 2. a deacon. Chr. [division.

upabhaga, s. A subdivision.

upame, s. Resemblance. 2. comparison. 3. simile, parable.

upayoga, s. Application, use. 2. advantage, utility.

uparāga, s. An eclipse.

uparāli, see —

upari, adv. Above, over, after; also ~

uparme, see —

upavāsa, see —

upasamana, s. Putting to rest. 2. alleviation. 3. calmness, rest. ~ to be alleviated, assuaged. ~ to appease, pacify.
upa, s. A grammatical term for preposition, e.g. त, मत etc.

upastha, s. The parts of generation of either sex.

upahati, s. Mischief, trouble. 2. calamity; cf. तु.

upakarma, s. The annual festival of purification among the Brahmans between July and August when their sacred threads are renewed.

upadhi, see तृषु.

upāya, s. An expedient, device, scheme. 2. means. 3. stratagem.

upāsa, s. Fasting; also तथा, तरक्ष्य, s. Disregard.

2. want of appetite. 3. reluctance.

upadu, see तृषु.

upadu imper. of तृषु.

upparige, s. The upper story of a house.

upala, s. Macaranga Indica.

upaligē, s. A kind of tree. see तृषु.

upādā, s. Pickles.

upāru, see तृषु.

uppu, s. Salt. तृषु brackish. —तृषु salt water. तृषु refined salt. तृषु small grained salt. तृषु rock salt, Bombay salt. तृषु earth salt.

upuda, s. Salted fish; cf. तृषु.

uppuni (तृषु), ir. v. To be, exist. 2. to abide, live in. 3. to help, support, protect. 4. c. dat. pers. to have, possess; also तृषु, (past तृषु etc.)

upuruni (तृषु), v. n. To faint, stagger.

upperuni (तृषु), v. n. Cattle to copulate.

uprāli, s. Spite. 2. annoyance. —तृषु to despise, deride; to annoy.

ubāryu, ubāryu, s. Brackishness. adj. High. 2. turbid. adv. Above. —तृषु salt water. तृषु brackish, or barren soil. —तृषु fish to ascend a river with the tide. —तृषु the stench of (stagnant) sea-water.

ubalige, s. A kind of tree.

ubē, s. Steam. —तृषु to bleach clothes. 2. to drive out any vermin by smoke. 3. to ripen fruits by artificial heat; also तृषु.

ubē, ubē, ubbē, see तृषु.

uberuni (तृषु), v. n. To become thick.
ubba, ubbāryu, see usū.

ubbara, adj. High. 2. swollen. 3. turbid. adv. Aloft, see usū.

ubbā, ubbārib, ubbara, adv. Aloft, see usū.

ubbī, s. Saliva, spittle.

viscid spittle. a spittoon;

ubbāna, s. A spittoon; also

ubbibiyuni (ubbī), v. n.

To spit.

ubbūna, ubbūnubb, ubbetruni (ubbī, uṣṇā), v. n. To swell. 2. to be elated with joy or puffed up with pride.

ubbesa, s. Difficulty of breathing, gasping. 2. asthma.

to gasp, be breathless; to suffer from asthma; also

ubbīna, s. A spittoon; see usū.

ubbī, s. A kind of very small crab.

ubblaperera, s. Stammering, lisping.

uble, s. A stammerer.

ubhaya, adj. Both, two.

Both parties. on both sides or places.

umani, see usū.

umi, s. The husk or chaff of paddy.

umīlū, s. A mosquito, gnat. a mosquito-curtain.

ume, s. The wife of Śiva; also umē.

umēdu, umēdi, s. Liking, inclination. 2. expectation, prospect.

umēdvāre, s. A volunteer, candidate. 2. a copyist.

umma, see uṣṇā.

uyikū, s. Crying like a monkey.

uyiluni, see uṣṇā, uṣṇā

uyivuyi, interj. signifying alarm.

uyālū see usū.

ura, s. Ploughing, tillage.

a ploughman’s stick.

to plough and level a field a second time; to make a field to hold or retain water.

uralū, s. A ploughman’s or herdman’s song.

to sing whilst ploughing; also

uri, s. A kind of very small crab.

uri, s. Blaze, flame. 2. heat. 3. acute pain. 4. wrath. burning itch. burning heat. a furious person. urine morbidly heated. to speak angrily; to take revenge.

urigejje, s. Small bells strung on a rope and tied round the neck of a he-buffalo.

uripuni (uri), v. a. To sound, play upon. to sound a trumpet.

uriyuni (uri), v. n. To burn, blaze. 2. to feel a burning sensation, as from
fever or itch; to feel acute pain. 3. to feel anguish. 4. to be wrath. \textit{uro}- (lit. the belly to burn), to be hungry; to feel anguish, to be envious. \textit{urna} - (lit. the body to burn); to be feverish; to be provoked, be angry. \textit{uru} well-heated, pure, as silver.

\textbf{uru}, s. Tediousness. \textit{adj.} Idle. —\textit{uro} to be idle, to feel reluctant. —\textit{urus} to procrastinate, put off.

\textbf{urunu}, \textit{urundulu}, \textit{adj.} Round.

\textbf{uruntu}, \textit{uruntu} \textit{nind}e, s. A kind of drum.

\textbf{urundeburu}, s. The smooth-leaved heart-pea, \textit{Cardiospermum Halicacabum}.

\textbf{urumbuni (en\textit{w}), v.a.} To bore; \textit{also} \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{uruduni}, see \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{urubu}, see \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{uruvolu, see ururu, en\textit{w}}.

\textbf{ureru}, s. A deer.

\textbf{uresu} \textit{urepuni (en\textit{w}), v.a.} To try metals by a touch-stone.

\textbf{uresu} \textit{urevuni(en\textit{w}), v.n.} To be penetrated or incrusted, as with salt; \textit{also} \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{uresu} \textit{uresuni (en\textit{w}), v.a.} To rub. 2. to polish. 3. \textit{see} \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{uro}, \textit{intj.} Alas. —\textit{uro} alas, what a pity! —\textit{uro} have pity on me.

\textbf{uro}, \textit{uro} \textit{urolu}, s. A bar across a passage.

\textbf{urkaruni} \textit{(en\textit{w}), v.n.} To bubble up, as boiling water.

\textbf{urkavuni, c. v. (of en\textit{w})} To cause to run over. 2. to put out.

\textbf{urki}, s. The shrub \textit{Sida Indica}.

\textbf{urkilyu}, s. The prickly-heat. 2. a kind of shrub. 3. a rough basket.

\textbf{urku}, s. An amulet. —\textit{ureru} a necklace composed of small glass beads with a big gold bead in the middle.

\textbf{urkune}, s. The act of bubbling up.

\textbf{urkuni (en\textit{w}), v.n.} To rise; \textit{cf.} \textit{ureru}.

\textbf{urguni}, v. \textit{n.} To curdle. 2. to ferment.


\textbf{ur\textit{ti}, see ur\textit{u}}.

\textbf{urd\textit{a}ta}, s. Wrestling, combat, struggle.

\textbf{urd\textit{avuni, c. v. (of en\textit{w})}} To set persons against each other, to stir up fighting.

\textbf{urd\textit{uni}, v. \textit{n.}} To wrestle, combat, struggle.

\textbf{ur\textit{na}}, A round shaped cake.
Mini 74 hero 3D usva

urni, s. A bulb, protuberance. —सुज्जी to clot, curdle.

uriti, see सुज्जी in वृहस्पति.

urdi, s. Increase, prosperity.

urdu, s. The kidney-bean, Phaseolus mungo.

urduni (सुज्जी), v. a. To rub, file. 2. to polish.

urpuni (सुज्जी), v. a. To blow a wind-instrument; cf. सुज्जी.

urpelū, s. Slight boiling. —सुज्जी rice obtained from boiled paddy and differing from the unboiled (= सुज्जी).

urbi, urbu, s. Increase, as of any disease or trouble. —सुज्जी, (lit. to perceive trouble), to discern. चुंबन— pressure of work.

urbuliyuni, see सुज्जी.

uryuni, see सुज्जी.

urye, s. A red kind of fowl.

uri, s. A brass vessel for preparing curries in.

urlu, s. A noose, snare. —सुज्जी to be entrapped in a snare. —सुज्जी to lay a snare. —सुज्जी to put a noose round the neck; to hang. —सुज्जी to hang oneself.

urle, s. A kind of cake.

urvane, s. An instrument for destroying nits.

urve, adj. Unripe.
usñañu, adj. Alert, sharp; bet. অনুভূত.
usñà, adj. Hot, warm. s. Heat, warmth.
usñā, usñu, ussane, s. A deep sigh.
usñaru, usaru, see অনুভূত.
usñnu, usuru, usulu, s. Breath. 2. life. —হইতে to hold the breath. —হইতে to die; gases to escape, as from a corked bottle. —হইতে to breathe, respire.
usñti, s. Collusion, connivance.
usña, see অনুভূত.
usña, usva, usvali, usvali, adv. In, into. Some declensions are formed of this adverb; as, — তে a back or inner room. অনন্যঃ from within. 
usña, usñaru, usñaru, see অনুভূত.
usñavu, s. One’s secret.
usñavu, usñasne, s. Intrigue, conspiracy, secret design; collusion, fraud.
usñi, s. A chisel.
usñih, usñi, usnika, usni, s. A small river-island or peninsula.
usñe, see অনুভূত.
usñi, usñi, intj. Alas!
usñi, usñi, s. Remnant, rest.
usñi, usñi, s. A sprain, or cramp.
usñi, usñi, usnuni (সন্নুই), v.n. To be sprained, or cramped; also এস্নুই সন্নুই.
usñi, usñi, uslna, uslna, see অনুভূত.
usñi, usñi, uslade, s. A fisherman.
usñi, usñi, usllye, s. A master, lord (fem. অনুভূত).
usñi, usñi, s. A generic name for garlic. অনুভূত, onions, গল্পে গর্লিক.
usñi, usñi, usnori, s. A memo. of a receipt given to a tenant for part-payment of rent.
The sixth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ṽ.

Superior, costly, fine.

To lift up. 2. to cause a person to get up or leave his seat. 3. to insult, despise; cf. उत्तरत्व.

To get up, press.

To press down. उदुनि जँढ़ों to hold firmly.

न्तुरा, see दश्शा.

A hole.

To ooze; also उदुनि देत्या.

A food, meal.

A spring, fountain.

Hospitality and civility.

To hold firmly.

To fix. 2. to put in order. 3. to fix the boards of a chest.

A kind of broom grass.

To plough; cf. उपतेश्वर. 2. to fix.

A weight, burden.

2. a staff. उदा a weighing rod.

Superior, costly. उदां, उदा, ṭदा, adj. Sky-blue.

A pole used as a prop.

A malignant kind of jaundice from which particularly children suffer.

To blow, as a pipe. 2. to swell. उदबत्ती a piper.

Aromatic pastille.

Defect, maim. उदं, उदिं a cripple.

To blow, as a pipe. 2. to swell. उदां a piper.

A public office. उदर्स local custom.

Gossip.

An aromatic pastille.

To plant, fix firmly.

A stranger; also उदांशा.

A town. 2. a village. 3. one’s native place.

A countryman. उदर्स townsfolk.

Country sesame. उदर्स from village to village; cf. दश्शा.

A village grant.
uru, s. A walking stick.

uruki (uru), v. a. To set firmly. 2. to plant in the ground as a seed or shrub, etc. 3. to gain power. 65— to plant one's foot. 65— to be established firmly, to take root; to grow.

urukolu, s. A cross bar at the entrance of a garden etc.; cf. uruli.

urya, see urupa.

urjita, adj. Confirmed, established.

urdha, adj. Aloft, on high. 63 ethereal course, heavenly bliss.

urya, adj. Strange; cf. urukolu.

usanthe, s. A large bug.

usu, s. A fart.

usuni (usu), v. n. To ooze; cf. usu to break wind downwards, vlg.

uselu, adj. Oozing. 2. filthy. 3. breaking wind downwards, vlg. 56 a man who frequently breaks wind downwards.

uhel, uhane, s. Supposition, conjecture.

uliga, s. Service. 2. work. 56 a servant, labourer.

uliyuni (uliga), v. n. To ooze; cf. uliyuni. 2. the bowels to evacuate frequently; also usuneti.

ru, The seventh letter of the alphabet, but seldom used in Tulu. It is commonly pro-
nounced like 6 or 6, which see for words beginning with 6; as, 66 = sas, 66 = is.
YE

ye, The eighth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ọ.

yénkù, see ọ́òóì.

yénkulu, pers. pro. We. This word which is the plural of ọ́òóì signifies only the persons addressing, and should be distinguished from ọ́óó which always includes both the persons addressing and addressed.

yénú cá, adv. How? -ọ̀, ọ̀ however, anyhow, by all means.

yénú ì, see ọ̀óì.


yénú jírú, s. A kind of tree.

yénú tí, s. Boasting, pride.
2. craftiness, cunning. -ọ̀óó to show pride, be cunning. -ọ́ọ́ọ́ to boast, prattle, play tricks. -ọ́óó a crafty man.

yenté, s. A clod of earth.
2. an unburnt brick; cf. ọ́óó.

yénújí, s. Calculation, estimation.

yénúnumi (ọ́óó), v. a. To count. 2. to think, presume. 3. to expect.

yénú, s. Oil. -ọ̀ čè an oil mill. -ọ́óó to rub with or apply oil. ọ̀- distilled oil. ọ̀́-cinnamon oil. ọ̀̀-gingely oil. ọ̀̀-sandalwood oil. ọ̀̀-cocoanut oil. ọ̀̀-lamp-oil. ọ̀̀-olive oil. ọ̀̀-castor oil. ọ̀̀-the oil of the nuts of Rottleria tinctoria. ọ̀̀-kerosene oil. ọ̀̀-champaka oil etc.

yentú, ọ́óó yènnekappu, yènnekempu, adj. Dark red.

yènnébadáne, s. A species of brinjals.

yentra, see ọ́óóì.

yendiruni (ọ́óóì), v. a. To say fully; cf. ọ̀óóì.

yénnumi, pro. Mine; cf. ọ́óóì.

yènnuní, see ọ́óóì.

yempta, see ọ́óóì.

yemmalú, s. A woman. ọ́óó an angry woman.

yemmé, see ọ́óóì 2. see ọ́óóì.

yemmettuní (ọ́óóì), v. n. To turn back. 2. to yield. 3. to abate, as sickness; cf. ọ́óóì.

yèkambélú, see ọ́óóì.

yèkáre, yèkáre, yèkre, s. An acre.

yèkkú, adj. Nearly dead.


eykusakkv, adv. Confusedly, indiscriminately. မီး to become confused. မီး to reproach unjustly. မီး to be perverse.

eyka, see yeji 2. the ace.

eykam, s. The unit of numeration, first place in ciphering.

eykkavaka, see yekku.

eykkadyu, adv. Then. မီး already. မီး a little while ago.

eykadi, s. A kind of game with cowries, arranged on a board. မီး to play such a game.

eykade, s. Hiccough. 2. gasping. မီး to hiccough; to gasp; cf. yeji.

eykanale, adj. Lean, thin. s. A glutton, greedy man; 2. see yeji.

eykamale, yekkamale, yekkamē, s. The swallow wort, Calotropis gigantea.

eykalē, yeccarike, s. Wakefulness. 2. care, caution. 3. warning. မီး to be awake. မီး to warn, put on guard. မီး to take precaution. မီး to remind. မီး to be on guard, be alert.

eykalē, yeccarisuni (ဗ္း), v. a. To admonish. 2. to caution, warn against.

eykak, s. Body. မီး to put on clothes. မီး to assault; see yeji.

eykigē, see yeji.

eykē, see yeji.

eyjamāne, see yeji.

eyjipu, s. Endeavour, attempt. မီး to caution, betray. မီး to try through others.


**yejja**, **yedde**

1. **yejja**, s. A hole.
2. A loophole.
3. The eye of a needle.

**yejnya**, see **yedde**.

**yeṭṭakutṭa**, s. Quarrelling and fighting.

**yeṭṭāvuni**, c.v. (of **yettavuni**) To bend, cause to stoop.

**yeṭṭi**, s. A prawn.

**yeṭṭiballyaru**, s. A small kind of shark.

**yeṭṭisutta**, **yeṭṭisudda**, s. The sword-fish.

**yeṭṭuni** (of **yettavuni**), v. a. To stitch, as leaves.
2. To cause mischief.
3. To box the ear.

v. n. To stumble, bow down; be hit.

**yeṭṭele**, s. A mischief-maker.

**yeda**, see **yedde**.

**yeḍaṇku**, adv. On the left side.

**yeḍaṇkuni** (of **yedaṇku**), v. a.

To kick.
2. To hit.
3. To disregard; see **yeḍuturuṇi**.

**yeḍapuni**, **yeḍuturuṇi**, see **yeddaṇkuni**.

**yeḍavaṭṭu**, **yeḍevatṭu**, adj. Middling, indifferent.
2. Dull, stupid.
3. Rough, rugged.

- **yeḍaṇku** an indifferent work; an objectionable act.

- **yeḍaṇkuni** a stupid fellow.

- **yeḍapuni** a rugged path.

**yeḍumbure**, s. A doll.

**yeḍupuni**, see **yeddaṇkuni**.

**yede**, see **yeddaṇkuni**.

**yeḍedeṭṭu**, see **yeddaṇkuni**.

**yedenāṇya**, s. Paper-money.

- **yedenāṇya** a stupid fellow, a man temporarily engaged.

**yedenāli**, s. An inner wall round a temple.

**yeḍemudi**, see **yeddaṇkuni**.

**yeddhe**, s. Goodness. adj.

Good, excellent, superior, fair, fine.
2. Happy.
3. Prosperous.

- **yeddhe** a superior caste, fine breed.
- **yeddhe** a festive day, holiday.

- **yeddhe** an auspicious occasion.
- **yeddhe** black pepper. adv. Well, very well.

- **yeddhe** to improve in health; to prosper, be happy.
- **yeddhe** may you (he etc.) be happy.

- **yeddhe** to do good, to bless with prosperity.

- **yeddhe** (lit. to eat good), to enjoy happiness as the fruit of one's good deeds.

- **yeddhe** to speak favourably, fluently, or at length; to speak or argue ably; to chatter.

- **yeddhe** of good sort.
good, emph. copiously, abundantly, heartily; immoderately, severely, violently.

yedpu, v. a. To thump, strike with the fist. 2. to pound in a mortar.

yenuma, num. Eight.

yena s. A corpse. a good for nothing, vlg.

yenike, yenke, yene, yenke, s. Calculation, counting; estimation.

yenelyu, adj. Pertaining to the first crop. the first crop.

yenoi, s. A ladder.

yenne, see oor.

yenpa num. Eighty.

yenma, see oor.

yenm, s. The gingely-oil seed, Sesamum orientale. gingely-oil.

yet, see oor.

yetasti, adj. Exact, correct. adv. Exactly, correctly; bet. oor.

yete, see oor.

yettugadi, yettugađe, s. Scheme, device.

to scheme, devise.

yettutaggyu, adj. Uneven, rugged.

yettana, see oor.

yettara, adj. High, lofty, tall. s. Height.
to stand in front, to oppose; to rebel. — to set up or instigate a person against another. — to speak to one’s face; to contradict, oppose. — to come in sight, be seen; to be overtaken. face to face. before, in presence of.

yedi, see येडी
yedīke, s. A wing.
yediyane, see येडी
yedukoṇuni (येडुकुणुनि), v. a. To oppose; to rebel.
yenē, s. Antagonism.
yedurāli, s. An antagonist.
yede, s. The heart, chest, bosom. to harden one’s heart. to take courage. courage, boldness.
yeddanige, see येडडाणिजे
yeddumbe, s. A kind of plant.
yeddupu, s. An ambuscade, lying in wait. to lie in ambush.
yeddyuni (येड्डयुनि), v. a. To speak to one’s face; to contradict, oppose.
yeddyu, s. A kind of fish.
yedde, yedde, yeddane, yeddyana, s. A fan.
yedru, see येड्रू
yedroli, s. The creeper Jasminum angustifolium.
yedroli, see येड्रोली
yeri, s. The glare or heat of fire. — येरी a very hot wind, sultry wind. — येरु येरु to glare, be affected with the heat of fire; cf. येरु.

yeriyante, s. A kind of fish.

yeriyavuni, येरियावुणी, c. v. (of येरु येरु) To burn, blaze.

yeriyuni (येरी येरी), v.n. To glare. 2. to be hot.

eru, s. A buffalo. 2. a moth, worm. — येरु येरु to be decayed with worms. — येरु येरु to come into manhood.

yerutari, yerutśli, येरुतारी, येरुत्स्ली, s. A kind of palm tree.

yerebāyi, येरेबाय, see येरेबाय.

yerndale, येरन्डले, s. A green pigeon.

yerk∪, येरक∪, s. Rising or accumulation, as of water, etc. 2. severity. adj. Exceeding. — येरक∪ to be in danger.

yerka, येरका, s. Fulness. 2. proximity. adj. Full; near.

yerkavuni, येरकवुणी, c. v. (of येरु येरु) To tuck up, as clothes, when wading a river etc. 2. to hold back, as milk by a cow etc.

yerkuni (येरक∪), v.n. To puff up, swell. 2. to rise or collect, as water in a place. 3. to be full of milk, as the breast or udder. — येरक∪ the belly to be distended.

yerke, येर्के, yerkelu, येर्केलू, s. Rising; cf. येर्स, येर्स।

yergone, येर्गोने, yergole, येर्गोले, s. A dull man like a buffalo, a simpleton; a glutton, येर्गोले।

eri, see येरी।

yerête, स. The flood tide; cf. येरे, येरे।

yerpa, स. Seventy.

yerpene, s. A hairpin. adj. Old.

yerpuni (येरप∪), v.a. To lift up.

yerme, येर्मे, s. A she-buffalo. — येरेम्न a kind of bush. — येरेर्म्न a calf. — येरेम्न a kind of fish.

yelakki, येरलक्की, see येरलक्की।

yelatra, yelastra, येरलाट्रा, येरलास्त्रा, s. A handkerchief.

yelā, intj. of surprise.

yeli, s. A rat. — येरी येरी rat's bone, arsenic.

yelikebi, येरलिकेबी, s. The herb Evolulus emerginatus.

yelipuni, येर्लिपुणी, see येरलिपुणी।

yeriyuni, v.n. To melt, as any soft substance, butter, etc.; also येरी येरी।

yeliseri, येर्लिसेरी, s. A shark; also येर्लिसेरी।

yelu, येलू, s. A bone. — येरु येरु a pain in the bones. — येरु येरु a joint of the bones.

yelè, येले, s. A leaf.
A small but dangerous insect found on betel leaves.

To melt, as lead, butter, etc.

The day after tomorrow.

A name of Kālī.

Little, small, short. 2. inferior, mean. from infancy. to extol and disparage anything alternately.

Tomorrow.

The petal of a flower, leaf. a tobacco leaf.

Seventy. seventieth.

The ninth letter of the alphabet. In MSS. it is often written ୗ.

is affixed to the words and when addressing or asking honorifically a single person; as, O Rāmā! O boys! O children! is it not so? It is also affixed to nouns, pronouns, and adverbs by way of emphasis. man only. you alone. even to day.

One, single. 2. solitary. 3. combined, united.

the accurate adjustment of song and instrumental music. unity, unanimously.

singular number, gram. of one colour or caste. a solitary man; a bachelor. jointly, unanimously; collusively.

At once; abruptly.

A medical plant.
yeka, s. A monarch.
yeka, see yekanayake, s. A monarch.
yekanayake, see yeka, s. A monarch.
yela abruptly, suddenly; without permission. 2. unreasonably, unjustly. —三亚 to reproach unjustly.
yekangi, s. A solitary life. 2. alone.
yekanta, s. Solitude. 2. secrecy. —三亚 Solitary, secluded; secret, in seclusion, secretly.
yekadasi, j. The eleventh day of either fortnight in the lunar month, on which Hindus fast.
yekini, see yekini, s. Honesty, uprightness. 2. chastity.
yekoc, adv. Alone.
yecane, see yecane, adv. Alone.
yecuni, yecdyuni (ya@), v. n. To reflect, muse. 2. a kind of gambling in which a piece of coin is tossed up and a wager laid as to which side it will fall.
ye@ s. A goat. [man.
yedamode, s. A stupid yedi, s. A coward; cf. yedi.
yede, s. A blockhead.
yeni, s. A ladder; cf. ini.
yetu, intg. pro. How much? how many? —三亚 how much, how much! —三亚 how often?
yetu, s. Annoyance (from goblins); cf. yetaoni, s. Annoyance (from goblins).
yetooni, see yetooni, s. Annoyance (from goblins).
yetolu, intg. How often?
ynu, see ynu, s. unnu, adv. When? —三亚, —三亚 always, for ever.
ynu, yepa, yepo, adv. When? —三亚 always, ever.
yepuni (ya@), v. a. To catch, as a ball. 2. to take, lift or toss up a child in the arms.
yepol, see yepol.
yemarke, yemarge, see yemarke.
yeme, s. A turtle.
yeru, intg. pro. Who? —三亚 whoever, whosoever, any one. 2. who is that? 3. at whose house? 4. for whom? for whose sake? 5. who knows?
yeru, see yeru.
yeruperyu, s. Difference, distinction. 2. perversity, distortion. 3. reproach.
yerane, intg. Who?
yeravuni, c. v. (of yeru) To raise, lift up. 2. to increase, enhance; promote. 3. to load; embark. 4. to pet and spoil. —三亚 —三亚 —三亚 to flatten; to pet and spoil a child,
servant, etc. ṣe to raise the price; to out-bid. ṣe to set up a tree. ṣe to enhance punishment. ṣe to promote, increase one's pay. ṣe to load a cart or vessel with goods.

yeri, s. A kind of fish. 2. a bed for planting vegetables etc.

yeruni (ṣiṣ), v. a. To ascend, climb, mount. v. n. To rise. 2. to be increased, be augmented. 3. to be accumulated.

yerete, see ṣe.

yerlaki, s. A part of a boxing match.

yersāvuni (ṣiṣ), v. a. see ṣe. 2. to beat, strike. 3. to eat up.

yelu, see ṣe.

yēlakki, s. Cardamoms.

yēlanna, s. Weariness. ṣe to become weary.

yelamū, s. An auction, public sale. ṣe to sell by auction.

yelavuni, c. v. (of ṣe) To cause to melt.

yēluni (ṣiṣ), v.n. To melt, as lead, butter etc.

yēvanaṇā, adv. However, at any rate.

yēvāra, see ṣe.

yēvudeppude, s. Doubt, perplexity. adj. Doubtful.

yēvura, see ṣe.

yēsā, see ṣe.

yēsīgē, see ṣe, ṣiṣ.

yēlu, num. Seven. ṣe seventh.

yēlige, s. Increase, growth. 2. prosperity. 3. improvement; cf. ṣe.

yēlpā, see ṣe.

yēlya, see ṣe.

yēlverū, s. Seven persons.

ei, The tenth letter of the alphabet. Also written esosj.

einda, adv. Hereafter.

eindrajala, eindrajali, see  ṣe, ṣiṣ.

eiku, pro. (dat. of ṣe) For or to it. emph. ṣe to or for it only. ṣe is it for it? ṣe ṣe owing to it, therefore.

eikuḷu, pro. neut. They.

eikya, s. Unity, harmony.

2. diligent application to any pursuit or occupation. 3. spiritual communion.

eigalu, eigulu, s. A schoolmaster.

eigeru, see ṣe.

eigēna, s. Five spans.
eitu, pro. (loc. of eiti) In it.
eidāvara, adv. Owing to it, therefore.
eita, see eiti.
eito, pro. (gen. of eiti), Its, of it.
eitāra, eitvāra, s. Sunday.
eitala, s. A kind of medicinal plant used for castrated buffaloes.
eyali, see eito.
ayida, see eito.
einu, num. Five. ein fifth.
einudu, num. Five hundred.
einuni, v.a. To tread.
eibu, s. A flaw, defect.
eimale, s. Obliquity, irregularity, as in the foundation of a house.
eye, eyye, eiyye, see eyye.
eyo, eiyyo intj.
Alas! 2. no, not. have you got money? no.
eyo, see eyo.
eyore, pro. Five persons.
eiyelyu, see eiyle.
eiyoyo, intj. O! woe!
eirutali, s. A kind of necklace worn by a virgin or matron.
eirane, eirani, s. A new ornamented earthen vessel used by Lingaits during nuptial ceremonies.
eirānali, see eirana.
eirana, eiru, s. Weariness, affliction; bet. eisra.
eiravata, s. The elephant of Indra, regent of the eastern quarter.
eirani (5), v.a. To wait, stay, stop.
eirolu, s. A kind of creep-
eilata, eilasu, s. Sport. 2. childishness; also eisra.
eilasu, s. Incivility, impoliteness; cf. eisi.
eilasi, see eili.
eiva, num. Fifty. the fiftieth.
eivaji, eiveji s. Money, wealth, property.
eiveru, see eivaj.
eisabasų, intj. Bravo! well done! [es.
eisvarya, s. Wealth, richness.
eisų, intj. Ha! alas!
eisa, see eisu.
eisra, s. Wealth. 2. cheerfulness; cf. eisra.
**WO**

wives \( wənti, \) adj. Alone, single, separated. — a single man.

wives \( wənti, \) s. An ear-ring.

wives \( wəntē, \) s. A camel, dromedary.

wives \( wonda, \) s. A public tank.

wives \( wonde, \) see \( \mathcal{W} \\text{W}. \)

wives \( wontagāre, \) s. A strong man. 2. a clever man.

wives \( wonti, \) s. Turn, time.

wives \( wontigē, \) s. Contribution.

wives \( wontu, \) s. A turn, time. adv. Once.

wives \( wontē, \) s. A little, a bit, smallness. adj. Little, few, small, trifling; also \( wəntē \) — a few persons. — a few days. — a little time. very little.

wives \( wondakē, \) s. Urine. to piss, make water.

wives \( wondane, \) see \( \mathcal{W} \text{W}. \)

wives \( wondalige, \) wondolme, s. Congruity.

wives \( wondavuni, \) c. v. (of \( \mathcal{W} \text{W} \)) To gather, collect, join; to heap up.

wives \( wondikē, \) wondigē, s. Joining, uniting, coalescence; cf. \( \mathcal{W} \text{W}. \)
wondipuni, see wondipuni.
wonduni (wondi), v. a. & n.
To gather, accumulate.
wonde, see wonde.
wondoluvė, s. Relation.
wonnu, s. Gold.
wonne, see wonne.

wombu, adj. Becoming, elegant, graceful.
wombuni (wombe), v. n.
To be suitable, to agree with.
womma, intj. of surprise.
wombha, wommukha, wommuga, s. One direction. adv. In one direction. — wondi, — wondi to assemble for a certain purpose.
wommuta, adv. All around; cf. wommha.
wommè, adv. Once. 2. together; cf. wondi. — wonnu oneness, unity. — wonnu to gather, collect, heap up.
womeṭṇuni (womme), v. n. To be gathered.
wommēvuni (womme), v. n. To be united, to be associated.
womku, s. A lane, footpath; also womekha.
wonđa, s. A quarter seer; also wombha; cf. womha.
wormba, num. Nine. — won the ninth.
wombuni, see wommuni.

wokalātyu, see wokalātyu.
wokile, see wokile.
wokka, s. The hip, waist. — wone a string or thin girdle round the waist.
wokkattu, s. Concord, unanimity.
wokkattuni (wokkata), v. n.
To be in concord.
wokkanā, s. A heading, title, address. 2. style, composition; bet. — wom to sign.
wokkayi, s. A single hand.
wokkuni (wokku), v. a. To scratch.
wokkelu, s. A tenant. — wome to occupy, reside. — wome to be tenanted as a house, place or garden.
wokkelma, s. One of a cultivating class called the Bants, a Bant; fem. wokkeli, wokkeli.
wogātu, s. A riddle, an enigma. 2. mystic language, cant. — wogātu an ambiguous expression.
wogaru, s. Brackishness. adj. Salty, brackish.
wogaru, s. Brackishness. v. n. To become salty or brackish.
woggu, see woggu.
woggu, see woggu.
woggu, s. Oneness, concord. — woggu, see woggu.
Seasoning. To season.

b. To become one, be united.

A handle, hook; cf. wotig. A piece of plank suspended on both ends, for keeping things. to be of one mind. to lay wait.

Depth.

To wipe off, rub out, efface.

A small whetting board: for sharpening knives, chisels etc.

To deliver, give in charge; also a board for sharpening knives, chisels etc.

To deliver, give in charge; also a board for sharpening knives, chisels etc.

To whet, sharpen (a knife). to row (a boat).

To deduct, remit.

A load, weight, burden.

A diamond; bet. A vizier.

To gather. 2. to change money, cash a cheque or note.

The enclosure of a house. 2. vicinity.

Discount, agio. 2. premium. discount of a rupee.

The chin.

Money, cash.

Agreement, consent, contract, covenant. 2. a treaty.

To consent, agree, concur. 2. to be pleased.
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<td><strong>wodati, s.</strong> A mistress.</td>
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<td><strong>wodateluy, s.</strong> Breaking. <strong>adj.</strong> Broken; cf. wodaky.</td>
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<td><strong>wodayu, see wodaks.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>wodi, s.</strong> A bubo. — <strong>wodiku, s.</strong> a bubo to break out.</td>
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<td><strong>wodipuni, see wodakuy.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodiyuni (wodi), v. n.</strong> To break. 2. to stoop, bend, as a branch laden with fruits. <strong>wodiku, see wodakuy.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>wodive, see wodakuy.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodug, wo dulu, s.</strong> Iguana. — <strong>wodug, s.</strong> an iguana to get into a house; (fig.) to have a bad omen.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>woduguy, wodukelu, wodugeluy, wodugeluni (wodakuy), v. n.</strong> To cease to bear fruit.</td>
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<td><strong>wodakari, see wodaks.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodatana, see wodan.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>wodatu, see wodaks.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodatu, s.</strong> Breaking. <strong>adj.</strong> Broken; cf. wodaky.</td>
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<td><strong>wodiyuni (wodi), v. n.</strong> To break or break open. <strong>wodeyuni (wodi), v. n.</strong> To break.</td>
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<td><strong>wodeye, see wodakuy.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodewotitu, s.</strong> A whole family.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodka, s.</strong> End, termination. 2. bruise. <strong>adj.</strong> Broken. — <strong>woded, s.</strong> the last man. <strong>woded, s.</strong> inferior rice imported from the Ghats, broken rice.</td>
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<td><strong>wodkelu, s.</strong> Finishing, end. <strong>wodka, a.</strong> Flowing. — <strong>wodka, a.</strong> flowing water.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>wodavuni, c. v. (of wodakuy) 2) To turn, stretch, cast, set.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sanskrit</td>
<td>English</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोड्दा</td>
<td>to turn flowing water into a field etc.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोड़ा</td>
<td>to hold or stretch out the hand.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडद</td>
<td>to cast a net.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडदह</td>
<td>to set up a snare.</td>
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<td>वोडद, स.</td>
<td>A stalwart or well formed man.</td>
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<td>वोडदा, स.</td>
<td>Stubble. 2. see वोडदे.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडदू, स.</td>
<td>To hold or stretch out, as the hand. v. n. To flow, run.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडदे, स.</td>
<td>Multiplication table.</td>
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<td>वोडलगा, स.</td>
<td>A royal assembly, darbar.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडता, स.</td>
<td>A stroke, beating. 2. gain, emolument.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडतें, स.</td>
<td>A kind of fish.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडेतलू, स.</td>
<td>To cause to pluck, bend, diminish. 2. to lessen, diminish. 3. to drain. 4. to change, as money.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडपावुनी, स.</td>
<td>Plucking.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडपु, स.</td>
<td>To pluck. 2. to lessen, decrease.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडपुनी, व.</td>
<td>A belt or girdle, made of gold etc. and generally worn by a devil-dancer.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोड्युंगिला, स.</td>
<td>A ring with engraving worn by females.</td>
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<td>वोड्युंगेलू, स.</td>
<td>Dry, withered; lean, thin; also वोड्युंगेला.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडकाट्टू, वोडकाट्टी, व.</td>
<td>Dried. 2. stiff. 3. faded, emaciated; cf. वोडकाट्टी.</td>
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<td>वोडकेलू, स.</td>
<td>Dryness. 2. see वोडकेलू.</td>
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<td>वोडनेप, व.</td>
<td>Bitter, astringent.</td>
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<td>वोडनारू, स.</td>
<td>see वोडनेप.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडनासू, स.</td>
<td>see वोडनेप.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडेन, स.</td>
<td>Bail, security. —वोडेन a bail, bondsman.</td>
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<td>वोडता, स.</td>
<td>Stubble. 2. see वोडता.</td>
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<td>वोडत्तू, स.</td>
<td>One side. adv. Aside, in a corner. —वोडत्तू to keep aside.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडक्षणा, वोडक्षणी, वोडक्षणा, वोडक्षणी</td>
<td>Force, compulsion. 2. persuasion, coaxing; also वोडक्षणा. —वोडक्षणा to force; to persuade.</td>
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<tr>
<td>वोडक्षर, वोडक्षरी, वोडक्षरा</td>
<td>Extremity, corner. 2. order, arrangement. —वोडक्षर to keep in a corner, put in order. —वोडक्षर to move aside —वोडक्षर to gather.</td>
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<td>वोडक्षर, वोडक्षरा, स.</td>
<td>An under letter.</td>
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<td>वोडक्षर, स.</td>
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To cause to press. 2. to be impressed or sealed.

wotti, s. A pawn, pledge.

wottu, s. The mark of aspiration under a letter; a kerned letter. 2. closeness, thickness. —to place closely, fix firmly; to foment. —or to reproach or abuse indirectly.

wottu, adj. Single, solitary.

wottu, v. To press. 2. shampoo. 3. to seal, stamp.

wottele, s. An oppressor.

wodagū, s. Haste, speed. —to make haste, to hasten.

wodagūvuni, c. v. (of wodagū) To procure, supply. 2. to prepare. 3. to assist; also असंवादनीतिक.

woddadun, v. n. To be in distress, strive with difficulties. 2. to be prostrated from illness.

woddavuni, see woddadun.

wodde, s. Wetness, moisture. adj. Wet; of दो. wona, see wodde.

wonapē, see wodde.

wonaru, s. An art, skill, cunning. 2. means, device, attempt. —a contriver. schemer; also दोनो. wonantara, see wonaru.

wopage, woppa, woppage, adv. Jointly, in company with. adj. (सन) Joint; accessory; neighbouring. असंवादन a companion, attendant. असंवादन born of the same parents, a brother.

wopala, see wopage.

woppanda, s. An agreement, contract. 2. an alliance, treaty.

woppasale, s. Flattery.

woppāvuni, c. v. (of woppā) To cause to consent or agree. 2. to persuade, prevail upon. 3. to level. असंवाद a levelled field.
woppige, s. Consent, assent, agreement; compliance. woppi-yuni, woppiyoununi (woppi), v. a To admit, acknowledge; to acquiesce in. v. n. To agree to, assent, consent. 2. to comply with. 3. to be fit, suitable. 4. to resemble.

woppu, s. Signature. to sign.

woppurtu, see wopppuc. wopardige, wommadige, wommante, s. A single man. adv. Alone.
womma, intj. of surprise.
wommuta, see wommu. 2. harmony, unanimity. 3. see wommu.
womme, see womme. womyanu, see womyana. woyaluni (woyal), v. n. To reel, stagger.

woyi, see woyi. 2. a pole, staff.
woyite, see woyit. woyina, see woyina. woyipane, s. A kind of wooden comb to pick lice with; also woyipane.
woyipawuni, c. v. (of woyipane) To cause to draw or pull.
woyipuni, v. a. To draw, pull, drag.
woyimala, s. Feigning, pretence; insinuation.

woyilu, s. The force or velocity of a stream etc.

woyisilu, see woyi.

woyisonuni, see woyisonu.

woyya, intj. A sound uttered by labourers by way of encouragement when drawing anything very ponderous. to utter this sound.

woyyaluni, see woyyalu.

woyyana, see woyyanu.

woyyara, s. Coquetry, affectation, foppery. to be affected or foppish.

woru, num. One, single, solitary, esp. in cpds, as one eye etc.

woru, see wóru.

wora, adv. Once, at once. each time, now and then.

wora, s. Gold leaf; gilt.
worak, s. A watery place.
woragu, s. A cushion to lean the back upon. a wooden seat with a back.

worayuni, c. v. (of woraguni) v. n. To lean the back against or upon anything, to recline.

wora, s. Gold leaf; gilt.
wora, s. A collection, subscription; cf. wore.

wora, s. A pagoda, coin of four Rupees.

wora, s. The ploughman's song.

wora, worna, worna, worna, wora, see wore.

wora, worna, see wore.

wori, adj. Single, solitary.

worie, see wore.

woripavuni, woripavuni, woripavuni, c. v. (of wore) To spare. 2. to protect. 3. to assist, help.

woripuni, woripuni, woripuni, v. n. To remain, be left. 2. to survive.


woripu, woripu, woripu, pro. A single or solitary man. emph. - än, - añ alone, singly.

woru, s. Features, form, mark, shape.

woruva, see wore.

woruvara, adv. Once.

wore, s. A scabbard, sheath.

worakuni (worakuni), v. n. To roll on the ground, in the dust or mire; also wore.

worekally, s. A touchstone; also worekally.

worèkorè, s. Obliteration.
wore

woreguni, see worepuni.
worepuni, see woreguni.
worepelu, see woreguni.
worevuni (अज्ञ), v. a. To rub, wipe, cause to corrode.
2. to tease, trouble; cf. worepuni.
woresuni (असन), v. n. To diminish, wear off.
3. to fail. v. a. To rub, wipe.

workaṇṇu, s. A single eye.
workādi, adj. One sided.
2. partially developed. -एक a drooping or languid person.
-डों to cut or pare on one side of any thing. -जन्तु to develop gradually, as a creeper or the kernel of a tender cocoanut.
-एको one half of a cocoanut.
workade, s. A stick in the manure.
workāru, s. A single leg.
workāme, adj. Alone.
workenni, s. One of the cheeks or temples. -स्या hemicrania.
worga, s. A class, community; a tribe.
2. a proprietary land.
3. (merc.) the ledger (book).
4. transfer, shift.
-धूत, -हरि, -ष ष a proprietor, landlord.
-हों to be transferred; also अर.
worgipuni (अर्ण), v. a.
To arrange or classify ac-
counts in the ledger; also अर्णगु.

worguni (अर्गु), v. n. To agree (any food) with one's stomach.
2. to have a relish for a particular dish.
3. to agree with a proposition.

worgele, worgole, s. A man who can relish or digest anything.

worgōri, s. The first of a breed of fowls.
worja, see worj.

worjipuni, see worj.

worna, see wor.

worta, see wor.

worti, pron. A single woman.
worte, see wor. 2. see wor.

words, adj. Bent, crooked, tortuous, uneven.
-डों to cast a side-glance, to leer; to squint.
-जन्तु to place crookedly.
-जन्तु to talk evasively -एको to fall obliquely; also अर.

wordāngely, adj. Crooked, curved; inclined, bent.

wordāvuni, c. v. (of एक) To incline, slope, form with a slope.

wordi, s. Report, news, intimation.
-दूत, समर, जात to report, intimate; also अर.

worduni (अर्ण), v. n. To bend, bow.
2. to lean on one side.

wordele, s. A capricious man.

worna, s. Shape; see जो. जो अर्धे as before.

wornaga, adv. Formerly, once upon a time.

worpale, s. A single load. 2. A single leaf. 3. A mat made of single palmyra leaves. 4. A small mat for one person; cf. ले.

worbadi, adj. Single. —समय a garment, a small piece of cloth. adv. Whole, all over, entire.

worbale, worbale, s. A single slip of a bamboo. 2. A bangle.

worbuddhi, s. Union, harmony.

worbule, s. A single crop.

worbhāga, s. A single part, portion or division.

worma, s. A vital organ or member; also डे. 2. a secret. —जो secret; prickling; vital. —तंि a vital part. —जो a secret that will affect a person.

wormara, s. The trunk of a tree lopped of its branches.

worme, worme-lā, adv. Throughout, everywhere, all over.

worla, s. A seer, a measure equal to eighty tolas. —जो a seer of paddy. —लांकी (lit. a man worth a seer of paddy), a worthless man.

worluni, see जो.

worva, s. Crookedness. adj. Oblique, slope; cf. ले. —समय to stand crookedly. —समय to talk evasively.

worvāra, see जो.

worsa, s. A year; also जो.

wolunguni (समय), v. n. To move in a circle or to and fro.

wolapuni (समय), v. a. To love. 2. to fondle.
wola, s. Pasture. —also to tie cattle for grazing; also ʼwolamayi.

wolame, wolume, s. Affection, love, kindness.

wolasu, adj. Putrid, stinking, dirty, unclean; also wola, intj. Behold! lo!

oli, An affix to verbs meaning can, e.g. ʼos, can make, or can be made; ʼes, can go; ʼes, can read, etc. (opp. to ʼes, cannot).

woli, s. A cadjan leaf used to write upon. —also ʼol, a basket made of cadjan leaves.

wolipu, s. The skin. 2. the skin of a snake. 3. shape. —also to cast off the skin, as a snake.

wolipuni (ʼol), v. n. To be possessed with a demon.

wolipe, s. Gratuitous supplies to persons of distinction. 2. a present, gift. —also ʼole to give a present; also ʼole.

wolimade, s. A place where devil-dancers are painted.

woliyuni (ʼol), v. n. To favour, be kind, as superiors to inferiors.

woluiγuni, see ʼolγun. ʼole wole, pl. of ʼole.

woleppu, see ʼolep.

wolpa, see ʼolep.

wolpe, s. Purity; cf. ʼolep. 2. see ʼolep.
or parents, with the news
of her attaining puberty. —致敬 to send such a message.

wosa, s. A spring, fountain. — a fountain-head.

an oozing or trickling
spring. — a lateral spring.

wosarū, s. A spring, fountain. — a fountain-head.

wosaru, s. A spring, fountain.

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wosaru, s. A spring, fountain.
thin reed. 2. a pipe made of reed.

**wonti**, s. A blood-sucker, salamander. ━*wonti* a swelling of the face. ━*wonti* a kind of fish.

**wotepuli**, s. The sour fruit of *Garcinia cambogia*; also ━*wotepuli* a kind of fish.

**wondu**, (abbr. of *wonduru*)
Where is it?

**wonti**, s. A blood-sucker, salamander. ━*wonti* a swelling of the face. ━*wonti* a kind of fish.

**wukali, wukuli**, s. Crimsoned turmeric water. ━*wukali* squirting this red liquid upon passers by etc. at the conclusion of an important temple festival or of a marriage; also ━*wukali*.

**wokino** (of *wokali*), v.a. To answer to a call.

**wokino**, see ━*wokino*.

**wodi, s.** A pair, couple. ━*wodi* to pair, couple.

**woja, wojasa**, s. Light, splendour. 2. strength. 3. bravery, valour.

**wojja**, intj. Hailing, calling out to a person at a distance.


**wojta**, s. Running, race. 2. the current of a stream, sailing of a vessel.

**woṭepuli**, see ━*woṭepuli*.


**woḍari**, s. A potter. 2. a term of reproach implying want of sense. ━*woḍari* the potter's work; a clumsy or ill-executed work.

**woḍikaṭṭu**, s. A religious or social association of members of the same caste at board, festival, marriage etc.; cf. ━*woḍikaṭṭu*.

**woḍilu, woḍu**, s. A potsherd. 2. a tile.

**woḍuni** (of *woḍuni*), v. n. To run. ━*woḍuni* roots to spread in every direction.

**woḍe, see ━*woḍe*.


**woḍreyi**, abbr. of *woḍreyi*; see ━*woḍreyi*.

**woṇi**, s. A lane, alley.

**woṇe**, see ━*woṇe*.

**woṇedaye**, s. An areca-nut planter. 2. the name of a caste. 3. a lame man.

**woṇavuni**, c. v. (of *woṇavuni*)
To cause to read, to teach how to read.

**woṇig**, s. Reading, perusal.

**woṇuni** (of *woṇuni*), v. a. To read, peruse. ━*woṇuni* to read over to another.

**woḍya**, see ━*woḍya*. 
1. The first letters with which a Hindu commences his studies, meaning 'I make obeisance to the Infinite'.
2. an alphabet.

1. Polish. -a a fine kind of sand used for polishing jewellery.
2. According to. Polish, a fine kind of sand used for polishing jewellery.

1. Polish. Any small seed.
2. To grumble; see woryuni.

1. A band of musicians. -a a musician.
2. To play upon musical instruments.

1. Menial service of Pariahs.
2. A menial servant.

1. To serve. 2. to do homage.
2. Always, As, like. 3. Likeness, resemblance.

1. A metallic ear-ring. 2. a palmyra leaf rolled up
and put into the hole of a female's ear. 3. a letter or epistle inscribed on a palmyra leaf.  — the carrier of such a message. — jaggory made of palm juice.

wōlega, see ఇర.
wŏleguni (ఇగుని), v. n. To sit in state. 2. to lean, recline. 3. to tremble as a demon-priest.
wōlemanaąngu, s. A kind of fish.
wōlya, see ఇరా.

AU

au, The thirteenth letter of the alphabet.
aunkuni (ఉకుని), v. a. To press down.
aųtu, s. Arrogance, insolence, pride.
aumpuni (ఉంపుని), v. a. To chew, mumble, bite softly.
aųtu, s. End, termination. — to be finished.
aude, s. Dolichos catjang; also ఇడ్డు.
auta, s. The letter ఉ in combination with a consonant, as in కు. — ఇండిక to combine it so.
ka, The fourteenth letter of the alphabet.

कॉक, s. A bracelet.

1. A sacred string tied round the right wrist of a bridegroom or the left of a bride.
2. A bracelet of gold or shell-lac, with prickly chasings.

कौकाण, s. Boa.

कौकाण, s. A kind of dancing among pariahs at a particular season.

कौर्क, s. A kind of dancing among pariahs at a particular season.

कौर्क, s. Enchased tin foils used in decoration.

कौर्क, s. A small plate.

कौर्क, s. A hollow plate.

कौर्क, s. The bitter gourd, Momordica charantia.

कौर्क, s. The town of Conjeveram.

कौर्क, s. Gong-metal, bell-metal.

कौर्क, s. A vase. A metallic utensil of a demon shrine.
A kind of bitter orange used in medicine.

A kind of wasp.

A worker in bell-metal, brazier.

A dancing-girl.

A vow made to a demon.

see ка́ндá.

A lotus.  2. see कंतः

A kind of tambourine.

A calf.  2. the pestle of a grinding stone.  3. a sheaf of hay.

A kind of bush.

A bag or metallic vessel in which pilgrims put their offerings.  2. a wicker-work used for storing rice etc.

see कंतः.

Danger, peril.

An iron style used for writing upon palm leaves.

see कंतः.

To stir up a quarrel.

To quarrel, fight.  2. to quarrel.

The neck, throat. — to swearing by the neck.

A quarrel-some man.

The neck, throat.  — to up to the neck; swearing by the neck.  — an ornament worn round the neck.

A kind of necklace.

A guttural letter.

s. A necklace of gold beads worn by males.

The name of a certain king. — a gold coin issued by him.

adj. Stolen. — stealing; adultery.  a woman who has become pregnant by adultery, vlg.

see कंतः

s. A field.

see कंतः.

A husband.

see कंतः.

abbr. of कंतपिनी

Confused, out of order.  2. unreasonable, improper.  Confusedly: at random: im-
properly. - kanda to roam about. - kanda to prate, prattle; to abuse; to speak nonsense.

kanda, s. A hole, opening. 2. a window; cf. kana.
kanda, see kanda.
kandima, s. The trunk of a tree cut down for sawing.
kanda, s. A thief. 2. a knave, rogue.
kanduga, see soozliX.
djirjandkandu, "To take. 2. to steal.
kande, s. A bulbous root. 2. the stomach. 3. bottom. - kanda (lit. the stomach to evacuate), to be hard pressed, bothered; to be done up. - kandu, to suffer from colic. - kandu to grow or appear above the surface of earth, as the trunk of a coconut tree etc.
kande, s. A dwarf.
kandegare, see kanda.
kanderiyuni, v. a. To make a cut.
kandely, adj. Thievish, stealing. - kanda thievishness, theft. kandely a male thief. kandely a female thief.
kanddonuni, v. ref. (lit. to take for oneself) To steal, rob.

kannu, s. The eye; the sight, vision. 2. the nipple of a breast, pap etc. 3. a rent, tear. 4. the eye of a needle. 5. the star in a peacock's feather. - out of sight. - to the eye-lashes. - the eyelids. - the outer corner of the eye. - the eye-ball. - a speck in the eye. - a film on the eye. - the rheum of the eyes. - the pupil of the eye. - the eye-brows. - tears. - to shed tears. - sore eyes. - liberality, prodigality; eagerness. - a man given to winking. - a beck, wink. - an estimate made by looking at a thing, a rough calculation. - a squint, leering. - a blind eye. - a sickness in which the eye-lashes fall off. - to become blind. - to wink. - to instigate, encourage by winking. - to blindfold, deceive. - to stare vacantly, be puzzled. - to doze, be sleepy. - to open the eyes. - to swoon. - to stare.
kangnumberu, s. Talking in sleep.
kangukatru, s. Blindfolding, deception. 2. juggling, conjuration. —a a juggler.
anka, see ṣon.
kangambaruni (son), v. n. To talk in sleep.
kanādi, see ṣor.
kangadāniyunī, kāndadyunī (son), v. n.
To be confused, perplexed.
kanamālyu, s. The morbid secretions of the eye.
kanāire, adv. With one's own eyes. 2. clearly, distinctly. —Γ to see for oneself; to see clearly.
ānī, s. Fibre. 2. gummy exudation from the outer fibrous covering of a coconut. —Γ Caryota urens.
kanuçeub, s. A kind of insect, infesting the eyes.
kanōji, see ṣonari.
kantu, s. An instalment or stipulated period of payment. —Γ a written contract to fulfill an obligation by instalments. —Γ to agree to pay a debt by instalments; to fix, settle.
āntu, kantu, kanta, s. Depth. 2. a precipice, steepness. adj. Deep. 2. precipitous. adv. Deeply. 2. precipitously. —Γ to fathom the depth of water. —Γ to plant deeply. —Γ, —Γ, see sonari. —Γ kantare, adj. Inclined, bent downward. —Γ a spade the edge of which is inclined inward. —Γ to walk with downcast eyes.
kanavuni, c. v. (of ṣon)
To cause to fall or sink. 2. to prick. 3. to offend.
kantu, see ṣor.
kundu, v. n. To sink, go down. 2. set, as the sun etc. 3. to be pricked, as with a thorn, razor etc. 4. to take to heart. 5. to be offended.
kantel, s. Sinking.
kandu, adj. Dull, faded. 2. inferior. —Γ inferior silver. —Γ to fade; to become pale.
kanūka, kandaka, s. A ditch, trench.
kandambí, s. The excrement of a new-born child, calf etc.
kandāya, s. A space of four months. 2. assessment, tax.
kandavuni, c. v. (of ṣon)
To render dim or dull. 2. to deteriorate the actual state or quality of a thing.
kandu, see ṣor.
kundu, v. n. To fade, wither; to be wan. 2. to
become dim or dull. 3. to be vexed, annoyed.

**kandelu**, s. A pitcher, large pot. —*śina* a drunkard.

**kandelūbru**, s. A kind of creeper.

**kandođi**, s. An adder, viper. —*śodra* wicked people. 3. a broad hooded snake. 4. a grey coloured snake. 5. a water-snake. 6. a yellow spotted snake. —*śoja* a kind of creeper.

**kanna**, s. A hole. —*śiśa* to bore a hole.

**kannada**, s. The Canarese language. *adj.* Of or belonging to Canarese or Canara.

**kannāka**, s. A pair of spectacles, an eye-glass.

**kannya**, s. Glass. 2. a mirror. 3. a pair of eye-glasses. —*śe* a network for suspending earthen vessels. —*śiśa* a glass bangle.

**kannadeyuni**, v. n. To suffer from morbid secretion of the sore eyes.

**kannārū**, s. A class of Canarese speaking Sudras. 3. a man of this class.

**kanni**, see  sx.

**kannike**, see  sx.

**kannōji**, s. A class of professional thieves from the ghauts. 2. a rogue.

**kampa**, see  sx.

**kamp**, s. Agitation, tremor. 2. hesitation. 3. terror. 4. an earthquake. 5. diffidence in public speaking. 6. to frighten; a fish to draw away the fishing tackle, when it has caught the bait.

**kampiyuni** (*śiśa*), v. n. To tremble, quake, as with fear. v. n. To make a notch.

**kambi**, s. The borders of a cloth. 2. a flat bar of iron. 3. a wire. —*śiśa* to run away.

**kambula**, kambula, s. A bullock race in a rice-field.

**kambecci**, J. A steel plate with holes for drawing wires.

**kamberlu**, s. Demons worshipped by pariahs. —*śa* a hut of such a demon.

**kambolī**, s. A blanket. —*śa* a species of hairy caterpillar.

**kamma**, s. A pillar, post.

**kammare**, s. A blacksmith. [factive.

**kammi**, adj. Deficient, de-

**kammukimmu**, intj. Disturbance caused by talking.
kamme, kammena, kam-yana, see kamme.

karka, s. The state of being burnt or singed. –κρακα to fry, roast.

karakkallu, s. Gravel; hard sand.

karuka, karuka, see 3^3.

karnkallu, s. Gravel. ro hard sand.

karnkallu, s. To burn.

karricavuni, v. (cf. To cause to burn to cinders.

karnta, s. Obstinacy; hatred, grudge. –κραντα to be obstinate; to have a grudge.

karricavuni, c. v. (of karnkallu) To cause to burn to cinders.

karnkallu, s. To burn.

karka, karka, s. Sediment. γραντα– putrescence of sardines.

kakka, kakka, s. Krushna’s uncle.

kakka, kakka, s. A privy. –κακκα to go to stool.

kakke, s. A crow, raven. –κακκα a black kind of fowl. –κακκα a kind of black shelled oyster.

kakke, s. Cassia fistula. –κακκα its tree.

kakke, s. A sound produced, as when kneading any glutinous substance. –κακκα to tread or knead anything to a jelly.

kakke, s. A sound produced by a stone falling into mud.

kakapići, kačikući, s. Confusion, disorder. 2. reducing anything to a jelly. adj. Gummy, sticky. 3. zigzag; difficult to decipher or read.
kacita, see kaci.

kacura, see kacura.

kacure, s. A clever man.

kaeri, s. A public office. 

kahal—the Tahsildar’s office.

kahal—the Collector’s office.

kaecakadi, s. A tortoise shell.

kaecedhe, s. An outcast.

kaecah, adj. Green, unripe; raw. 2. silly, indiscreet. 3. base, low.

kaecata, s. Quarrelling, fighting; dispute.

kaecaduni, v. a. To quarrel.

kaecavuni, c. v. (of kahal) To join fast.

kaeci, see kacura.

kaeci, s. A notch, incision. 

kaecikada, see kacura.

kaecidaye, s. A native of Cutch.

kaecuni (kahal), v. n. To be joined fast. v.a. To bite.

kaecura, s. A fragrant root of the Zedoary Zerumbet or Curcuma Zerumbet; Kämpferia galanga.

kaecue, s. The end or hem of a lower garment gathered up behind and tucked into the waist-band. —kaecue to fasten the under cloth behind; any fluid to run down the rim while tilting; to turn the tail between legs, as a dog.

kahal, kajanti, kajanti, see kacura.

kajamadumé, s. The tonsure of a child.

kajaku, s. An oyster or cockle shell. 2. a cocoanut shell. kahal—the shell of a black oyster.

kajakuruve, s. A kind of basket.

kajake, adj. Variegated with white and black. —kaec a white fowl streaked with black.

kajané, s. The green stuff floating on stagnant water.

kajaruni, see kajavu.

kajavu, kajavu, s. Rubbish, sweepings. 2. see kajavu.

kajane, see kajane.

kajipu, s. Curry.

kajily, see kajili.

kajé, s. A kind of grass growing on brackish soil. 2. an acid substance accumulated on the teeth by chewing betel leaves.

kajé, adj. Dark-red, reddish. — an inferior kind of rice.

kajepuni, v. a. To chew. 2. to husk with the teeth or beak.

kajeruni, v. a. To waste, as time. 2. to lose, as
sleep. 3. to delay, put off, as work or labour.

kañelu, s. The after-birth, placenta.

kajelpuni (कजेल्पुनि), see काजेल्पुनि.

kajjātu, s. North-west wind.

kajjāya, s. A cake made of rice, jaggory and ghee. a sweet preparation consisting of dholl, gingely seed, jaggory, cocoanut, and cardamoms.

kajji, see कजी.

kajjūra, see कजजुरा.

kajje, s. Business, work.

kajjeruni (कजजरूनि), v. n.

To be interrupted, procrastinated.

kaṭukutu, s. The noise produced in biting or chewing any hard substance. 2. uneasiness in the bowels.

kaṭumastu, see कठुमस्तु.

kaṭakaṭa, s. Babbling, chattering. to chatter; to speak harshly. to laugh noisily.

kaṭakkane, adv. Readily, suddenly, at once. to speak harshly.

kaṭale, s. The shopkeeper's open box for putting in cash.

kaṭakuṭi, s. Confusion, disorder, disturbance. lumber, things lying in confusion. a quiet man.

kaṭāri, see कठारी.

kaṭāvu, s. Reaping.

kaṭāksha, s. A glance, side-look. 2. mercy, favour. to show mercy. to regard with favour.

katina, see कठिना.

katipiti, s. Wrangling. 2. disagreement, misunderstanding. misuderstanding to arise. to wrangle; to haggle in making a bargain; to disturb, as by babbling.

kaṭara, kaṭara, kaṭora, adj. Harsh, severe, cruel; cf. कठारा.

kaṭkarōhini, s. Black hellebore, Helleborus niger.

kaṭṭu, s. A band, hoop. 2. a tie, bandage. 3. a bundle, packet. 4. an order, command; a regulation. 5. a bond. a law, institute, usage, routine. fixed hire. to loosen a tie. to unfasten; to cancel a rule. to make a resolution, or rule; to excommunicate.

kaṭṭukamma, s. A fixed pillar.

kaṭṭukada, see कठठकड़.

kaṭṭukādi, s. Determination, settlement.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭukade, s.</td>
<td>A final arrangement or resolution.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭukathē, s.</td>
<td>A fable, novel, romance.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭumuttu, see</td>
<td>Adjustment, settlement. 2. order command. 3. the pacification of a devil.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭulme, see</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭuvāsu, s.</td>
<td>A rough kind of cloth. 2. a piece of cloth to wrap up clothes etc.</td>
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<td>kaṭṭa, s.</td>
<td>A dam. 2. see kaṭṭa.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭa, see</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭana, s.</td>
<td>An embankment. 2. any earth- or stone-work. 3. a building.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭanaśiravu, s.</td>
<td>A bag with divisions; also kaṭṭana.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭapuni, s.</td>
<td>An embankment between rice-fields or across a water-course.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭalme, s.</td>
<td>A building.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭale, s.</td>
<td>Custom, practice. 2. an order. 3. a rule, regulation.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭākuṭṭi, see</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭāni, s.</td>
<td>A necklace of five or seven strings of gold beads, each having a gold coin in the middle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭavuni, c. v. (of. kaṭṭa)</td>
<td>To cause to bind or tie. 2. to have a house etc. built. 3. to supply with vegetables.</td>
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<td>kaṭṭavuni, v. a.</td>
<td>To winnow.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭige, s.</td>
<td>Fuel, firewood.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭu, see</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭuttara, s.</td>
<td>Adjustment, settlement. 2. order command. 3. the pacification of a devil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭuni (kaṭṭa), v. a.</td>
<td>To bind, tie, fasten, secure. 2. to build, construct. 3. to set, as jewels. 4. to amass, as wealth. 5. to deposit, as money. 6. to pay government dues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭa (lit. to tie and give) to erect for another, as kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to build a house for another; kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to submit voluntarily; kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to refer a dispute for arbitration; kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to lease out a land. kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to store, amass; to forbear, as from showing one's pride. kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to confine. kaṭṭa ṣāḷaṁ ṣāḷaṁ to argue closely a point in dispute, to contest.</td>
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<tr>
<td>kaṭṭumuttu, see</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kaṭṭa, s.</td>
<td>A raised seat of earth or stone. 2. an altar. 3. an office. ṣāḷaṁ — a post-office. ṣāḷaṁ — an embankment round the tulasi plant. ṣāḷaṁ — a custom-house. ṣāḷaṁ to suffer loss, be ruined.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
katte, s. A flea.
kattonuni, v. refl. (of katte) To bind for oneself. 2. to supply oneself. राे- to commit sin.
kada, s. A loan, debt. चे to lend. चे to borrow.
kadamba, s. The space behind the hearth.
kadalale, s. A kind of poisonous snake; also kadamla.
kadakatru, s. Monetary transactions, lending and borrowing.
kadakda, see kadaga.
kadaga, s. A bracelet.
kadata, s. A cloth covered with a composition of charcoal and gum, and used instead of a slate for writing. 2. the skin.
kadadu, see kadaga.
kadapa, s. Distance. 2. about half a mile.
kadapavuni, c.v. (of kadapa) To cause to pass. 2. to help one to ford a river.
kadapu, s. A ferry. चे a stone placed across a stream for crossing over. चे a ferryman.
kadapu, s. A rheumatism of the joints.
kadapuduni, c.v. (of kadapa) To despatch, forward, send away, dismiss.
kadistana, s. A devil-dancer’s sword.
kadu, s. A grinding stone. चे a grinding pestle.
kadambalalu, s. The space behind the hearth.
kadambale, s. A kind of poisonous snake; also kadamala.
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kada, v. a. To cross, ford, pass. v. n. To elapse. 2. to surpass.

kadanu, s. That which can be crossed over.

kadapuni, v. a. To cross, ford, pass.

kadapyla, s. A stag, elk.

kadame, s. Deficiency, defect. 2. remnant. adj. Less, deficient; remaining. difference, about. to become less, be diminished. to lessen, reduce; to deduct.

kadapelim, s. That which can be crossed over.

kadapyla, s. A stag, elk.

kadyadi, adj. Resolute, decided, strict, exact.

kadyi, s. Broken rice; adj. Broken.

kadita, see कड़िता.

kadicilu, see कड़िचिलु.

kadime, see कड़ीमे.

kadiya, see कड़ीया.

kadiyuni, v. n. To be cut in two. 2. to break down. 3. a small fragment, bit. 3. a small passage. to block up an opening.

kadi, s. Broken rice; adj. Broken.

kadiru, adj. First-born. —primogeniture. the first-born son.

kadira, s. The plant Sida retusa.

kadu, s. Pungency; severity. 2. excess; extremity. adj. Pungent. 2. extreme, excessive. 3. severe. to poison the fish.

kadu, excessive trouble.
very bitter.  - kadu excessive passion or anger.  - kade a very liberal man.  - kadu a great sinner.  - kafemale excessive heat.

kadumbaru, s. Drowsiness, dreaminess.  - kadumbaru to talk in sleep; cf. kadumbaru.

dumbe, see kade.  

dumbe, see kadupa, kadupu, see kade.

kadubu, s. A kind of cake.

kadumuttu, s. The extreme point.  2. severity, sharpness. adj. Extreme.  2. severe.  - kafemale travail.

kaduvayi, s. A kind of fish.

kaduve, s. A hero.  2. a courageous man.  3. a clever man.

kadustana, see kade.

du, s. Verge, edge, margin.  
2. end, extremity or point.  
3. place, side, direction. adj. Last, final, ultimate.  2. low, mean.  - kadu the fruit of the last crop.  - kadu (lit. last time), end, death; evil; distress.  - kadu without head or tail; forlorn or destitute; stupid, absurd, senseless.  - kadu a retainer, adherent.  - kade the last day; the day of judgment.  - kade a low, mean, or stupid man.  - kade a side-glance, leer.  - kadu qualification.  - kadu the hip, waist, esp. of cattle.  - kadu to come to an end.  - kadu to witness the end or destruction of anything.  - kadu to threaten with evil.  - kadu to avoid, escape; to recover; to get through a task.  - kadu to pare or lop the top.  - kadu to conclude, bring to an end.  - kadu (a woman) to commit adultery, obsc.  - kadu to keep aside.  - kadu to gather together in one place.  - kadu to be an adherent of.  - kadu ultimately, finally, at the end.  - kadu that side.  - kadu this side.  - kadu inside.  - kadu outside.

kadunci (kadunci), v. a. To knead.

kadankku, s. The outer corner or angle of the eye.  
2. a side-glance, leer.  - kadu to look askance; not to be well disposed.

kadatu, s. The settlement of a dispute.  2. a double cross-beam.  3. a wooden square in front of an upper story, supported on posts.

kadkari, s. The heel.
**kađe**

A pit used by the rope-pullers when working a country water-lift.

**kađećuni**,

see [kađeđuni](#).

**kađepini** (kađe), v. a. To bite, champ, gnaw, grind.

- to chew the cud.
- to gnash the teeth.

**kađeballu**,

s. The ropes with which a water-lift is worked.

**kađeyuni**, see [kađesavuni](#).

**kađeruni**,

see [kađesavuni](#).

**kađesa**, s. Delay.

**kađesavuni**, c. v. (of kađes) To delay, detain, stop.

**kađesuni** (kađe), v. n. To be late, to delay, tarry, linger.

**kađe**, see [kađesavuni](#).

**kađga**, s. A sword.

**kađíly**, s. A turning lathe.

- to turn in a lathe.
- a turner.

**kađdi**, s. The fibre or vein of a leaf.

- a very small stick.

**kađdyya**, s. A pitcher, water-pot.

**kađdyana**, s. A bridle, reins, bit.

**kađtebeláyi**, s. A quarrelsome person.

**kađtelu**, s. That which is broken.

**kaďtelu**, s. A prattling woman.

**kaďdu**, s. Severity, rigour, harshness.

2. the strength of wine etc.; also — adj. Severe, harsh.

- a harsh word.

- to be severe, strong.

- to make strong.

**kaďta**, s. Cutting.

2. fighting.

**kaďpatti**, s. A bill-hook.

**kaďpu**, adj. Excessive, beyond limit, etc.

- an oversweet confection.

- a very harsh word.

- gold containing a larger proportion of alloy than usual; cf. [kaď](#).

**kaďpuni** (kaď), v. a. To cut; to fell down.

- a stone cut from a quarry.

**kaďma**, see [kaďesavuni](#).

**kaďle, kaďle, kaďle, kaďle**, see [kaď](#).

**kaņa**, s. A square piece.

- the piece of cloth from which a female's bodice is made.

**kaņa**, see [kaďesavuni](#).

**kaņa**, v. a. (imperat. of kaņa) Bring.

**kanambaruni**, see [kaņa](#).

**kaņaku**, s. Fuel, firewood.

**kaņaja**, s. A granary, barn.

**kaņapade**, s. A kind of
tree, having poisonous milky juice.

कुनापाणे, s. A stupid man.

कुनापरु, s. A jaw-tooth, grinder.

कुनापलाई, s. A plank for the driver to stand upon in buffalo race.

कुनापिनी, see कुनापाणे.

कुनापें, adj. Bitter, astringent.

कुनालेका, see कुनालेका.

कुनी, s. A ditch, trench.

कुनिपुनी (कुनी), v. n. To be hardened by burning, as an earthen vessel. 2. to be afflicted. कुनाले- to be depressed, dispirited; the heart to be hardened.

कुनिमे, s. A defile or pass between two mountains.

कुनीये, s. An astrologer.

कुनिले, s. A tender bamboo shoot.

कुने, s. A slender bamboo branch.

कुने, s. A blight incidental to rice crops. कुनेले- a blighted ear of corn.

कुने, s. The quill of a porcupine. —कुनेले a porcupine.

कुनेगु, कुनेगा, कुनेगी, see कुनेगी.

कुनेपुनी (कुने), v. n. To have an acrid or astringent taste. 2. to rot.

कुनेपरु, see कुनेपरु.

कुनेपें, see कुनेपें.

कुनेयुनी, see कुनेयुनी.

कुनेले, s. Astringency.

कुनेले, s. The thick end of grass or straw. 2. a small branch of a tree.

कुनेवुनी, see कुनेवुनी.

कुनोपिनी, see कुनोपिनी.

कुनोपले, see कुनोपले.

कुनो, see कुनो.

कुनाकाठ्रू, see कुनाकाठ्रू.

कुनालिरु, see कुनालिरु under कुनाले.

कुनोजी, see कुनोजी.

कुटे, see कुटे.

कुटा, s. The coir or fibres of the coconut, used to make ropes with.

कुटोर, s. A knife; also कुटे.

कुटालु, s. Cash, ready money, रु.

कुटी, s. A rat-trap; also कुटी.

कुटे, s. An ass. 2. a silly creature. —कुटे a hayena.

कुटेरी, s. Scissors, shears. 2. an betel-nut cracker. 3. a rat-trap; also कुटे—.
kadru, s. A granary. 2. a depository for the receipt of offerings.

denh kadine, see denh.
denh kadipu, see denh.
denh kadipuni, see denh.
denh kadime, see denh.
denh kadiya, adv. Strongly, well. — kadime to squeeze well.
denh kadiru, s. An ear of corn. 2. see kadru.
denh kadima, adj. Of long standing, veteran, experienced.
denh kadime, s. A veteran, an experienced man, a servant of long standing.
denh kadu, s. Grit.
denh kadupu, see denh.
denh kade, s. Catamanial discharge.
denh kadu, s. A spindle, dis- kadampe, s. The decayed part of timber. 2. a chip, splinter.
denh kadamsara, s. A perfumed braid made of the "kedagi" flower.
denh kadana, s. War, battle.
denh kadane, s. A swivel-gun.
— kadupu to fire a swivel-gun.
denh, denh kadaryu, kadaru, see kadru.
denh kadoluni, see denh.
denh kadale, s. A rag. adj. Ragged, tattered.
denh kadike, s. The Huriallee grass, Cynodon Dactylon. 2. the name of a village.
kadro, s. A kind of edible grass.

kana, s. A dream. —s to dream; chimera, fancy. —s (lit. dream and mind); sleep or wakefulness, used negatively —s, c. dat. —s to dream.

kanambaruni, see κοινό. kanaka, s. Gold. —s showing honour or devotion by pouring gold coins on the head. —s gold dust.

kanapè, see κοινό.

kanikara, s. Pity, compassion. —s to pity, have compassion.

kanipuni, kaniyuni, see κοινό.

kanimūri, s. The smell of smoke.

kānīlē, see κοινό.

kanishta, adj. Small, little. 2. young. 3. base, inferior, low. —s lowest. s a youngster.

kane, see κοινό.

kanepāvuni, c. v. (of καπατ) To afflict, cause trouble. 2. to harden, as the heart.

kanepuni (καπατ), v. n. To be afflicted, troubled. 2. to be hardened; see κοινό.

kaneryu, see κοινό.

kanevuni (καπατ), v. n. The skin to be discolored by a blow.

kanna, see κοινό.

kannada, see κοινό. kannadi, see κοινό.

kanni, see κοινό.

kanya, s. A virgin, young girl; also καπατ, καπατ, καπατ. 2. the sign Virgo in the zodiac; the sixth solar month. —s virginity. —s an offering to the dead. —s the first crop. —s a kind of grass. —s the country sarsaparilla, *Hemidesmus indicus*. —s giving a girl in marriage.

kapa, see κοινό.

kapata, s. Fraud, deceit; hypocrisy. —s, —κοινό, —κοινό. —s a hypocrite, dissembler. —s the guise of hypocrisy.

kapade, s. A gluttonous woman. 2. cloth.

kapala, kapāla, s.

The scull. 2. the temples.

kapātyu, s. An almirah.

kapayi, s. A greedy woman. 2. middling, as liquor.

kapi, s. A monkey, ape. —s a monkey's trick; teasing. —s to mimic, ape.

kapi, s. A pulley.

kapila, s. A tawny colour. adj. Tawny. —κοινό, —κοινό the founder of the Sāṅkhya philosophy.

kapura, see κοινό. [ing.]

kappa, s. Tribute, an offer-
kappa

kappanda, s. A sling. —κάππα, a sling stone.

kappad, kappā, kappad, kappādā, kappadē, s. A dirty, tattered cloth.
kappade, s. A snipe; cf. καπόδιος.
kappadē, adj. Dirty. —κάππαδη, see καπάδη.

kappary, s. A portion of a large earthen pot, potsherd.

kapparyu, s. A flat kind of cake, or a kind of bread, baked in such a potsherd.
kapparyu, adv. On the face.

kapparṣutu, s. Galvanised iron, zinc.
kapparṇu, s. A fabulous beast. 2. a glutton. 3. a rake, debauchee.
kapparṇe, s. A tadpole.
kappalū, s. A ship. —κάππα, a game cock.
kappalu, adj. Black, dark. —κάππα, a dark or dejected face.

kapparijsuttu, s. A kind of mint shrub, ‘Holy basil,’ Ocimum sanctum.

kapputo-lici, kapputolasi, s. A kind of mint shrub, ‘Holy basil.’

kappu, s. Blackness, darkness. adj. Black, dark. —κάππα, a dark or dejected face.

kapputo-lici, kapputolasi, s. A kind of mint shrub, ‘Holy basil,’ Ocimum sanctum.

kappa

kappuni (κάππα), v. a. To eat greedily.
kappe, A frog. —κάππα, large eyes.
kappu, s. Blackness, darkness. adj. Black, dark.

kabuca, s. A short jacket.
kabde, s. The space between the fingers; cf. κιδωρίζω, to expectorate.
kabanda, s. A headless trunk. 2. water.

kabandhe, s. The name of a giant. 2. a short-necked man. 3. the moon’s ascending node.

kabakei, see under καβακέi.
kabata, see καβατα. καβατα a dissembling woman.
kabadurū, intj. Be careful! καβαδο-δορίζω care, caution; control.
kabatu, s. Drill, military exercise.
kabaryu, s. A forked or lateral branch. 2. a forked stick. 3. a report. 4. news.

kabari, s. Tufted hair of females.
kabatu, see kāmā.  
kabiduni (कबिदुः), v. a. To strain, as the gruel of boiled rice.  
kabiyunī (कबियुनी), v. a. To besiege, surround, overwhelm.  
2. to overspread, as clouds; also kāmā.  
kabiyunī (*835), r. To besiege, surround, overwhelm.  
kabiyu, n. Agreement, consent.  
kabu, s. A tawny coloured bull.  
kabe, s. A forked stick. adj. Cloven, forked.  
-क्ते to get ripe, as the gingely oil-seed.  
s. A tawny coloured bull.  
kabettu, adj. Tawny, of a yellowish dark colour.  
to get ripe, as the gingely oil-seed.  
s. A tawny coloured bull.  
kabettu, adj. Tawny, of a yellowish colour.  
kabetti, s. A tawny coloured cow.  
kabēa, see kāmē.  
kabbe, kabya, adv. Topsy-turvy, upside-down.  
to overturn.  
to capsize, upset.  
kamala, s. The lotus, *Nymphaea nelsonia.  
kamasū, see kāmē.  
kamasū, There is none, vlg.  
kamastāre, s. A sea-custom superintendent.  
kamānu, s. An arch, vault.  
kamāyi, s. Gain, income.  
kamiti, s. A committee, conference.  
kamma, see kāmē.  
kammi, see kāmē, kāmē.  
kammena, kamyana, s. Smell, odour, scent, fragrance, savour.  
kaya, s. Depth, as of water etc. 2. swamp. adj. Deep; also kāmā.  
kaya, see kāmē.  
kayappa, adv. Entirely, wholly, all over. 2. well.  
to plough well.  
to anoint or besmear the whole body.  
to mix.  
kayame, s. A kind of rice; cf. kāmē.  
kayalū, see kāmē.  
kayipu, see kāmē.  
kayipe, see kāmē.  
kayilū, see kāmē.  
kayile, s. A kind of fork-shaped grass.  
A kind of forklift.  
kayalu, see kāmē.  
kayipe, see kāmē.  
kayile, o kara, J. An earthen vessel.  
the stomach.  
cooking utensils.  
kara, s. An earthen vessel.  
kara, s. The hand. 2. the trunk of an elephant. 3. a spark, ray of light, as the sun.
karaṃtuni, see karaṇḍe.
karaṇḍe, karaṇḍa, karaṇḍe-lyu, see karaṇḍa.
karaṃpė, s. A wound. 2. see karaṇḍa.
karaṃpelė, adj. Perforated, bored; having notches. s. The scar of a wound.
karaṃbuni, see karaṇḍa.
karaṃbuni (karaṇḍa), v. a.
To prune, cut off, as superfluous branches of a tree; to clear away, as bush, etc.; cf. karaṇḍa.
karaṃbelė, s. A kind of coppice.
kara ka, see karaṇḍa.
kara kara, s. The noise made in chewing, sawing, or writing.
kara, kara kara, kara kara, kara kara, s. Annoyance, trouble. 2. grief, sorrow, distress.
kara gasu, see karaṇḍa.
kara gasu, kara gasu, v. (of kara gasu) To melt, liquefy. 2. to affect the mind, make a person's heart melt. 3. to afflict, cause sorrow.
kara gasu, v. n. To melt, dissolve, liquefy. 2. to become thin or lean; to waste. 3. to become affected, softened; to relent, melt with pity; also karagunis.
kara gasu, kara gasu, kara gasu, s. A kind of fruit-shaped cake.
kara gasu, s. Wastage, loss, wear. adj. Rough, coarse; worn out. — ka waste paper. — ka to be worn out. — ka to waste, spoil.
kara di, s. A bear. — kara a hairy man.
kara di, kara di, s. A small box.
kara di, see karaṇḍa.
kara, s. An organ of sense. 2. cause, instrument or means of action. — kara the three means of action, namely, karagunis the mind, speech and body.
kara kara, kara kara, kara kara, see karaṇḍa.
kara, karatāla, s. Cadjan. 2. a mode of beating time with the hands; also kara, kara, kara, — kara cadjan leaf.
kara puni, v. a. To repulse, drive. 2. to urge. 3. to clear, remove. 4. to digest. 5. to waste. 6. to cause abortion; cf. kara gasu.
kara pe, s. A notch or incision.
kara pe, s. A troublesome or mischievous woman.
kara pe, s. A troublesome or mischievous man.
kara gasu, see kara gasu.
kara, see kara gasu.
kara, s. A swelling.
kara, s. A mould.
### करा (kara)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Meaning</th>
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<tr>
<td>करवुनि (करवुनि)</td>
<td>To be dissolved, melted. 2. To be digested. 3. To miscarry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करावे (करावे)</td>
<td>Phlegm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करालू, कारालू (करालू)</td>
<td>Pulmonary phthisis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करादी (करादी)</td>
<td>A class of Mahratta Brahmins.</td>
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<td>करानिके (करानिके)</td>
<td>See करानिके.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कराभु (कराभु)</td>
<td>Adj. Filthy, dirty, unclean, bad.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करामातु, करामातु (करामातु)</td>
<td>A miracle, wonder. 2. The power of doing wonders, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कराया, स (कराया)</td>
<td>Phlegm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करायु (करायु)</td>
<td>An agreement, contract. —से to make a contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करावली (करावली)</td>
<td>The sea-coast, coastline.</td>
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<td>करवुनि (करवुनि)</td>
<td>See करवुनि.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कराळू (कराळू)</td>
<td>Adj. Frightful, terrible. —से a frightful face.</td>
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<tr>
<td>करी, स (करी)</td>
<td>Chimney soot. 2. Charcoal, or any thing burnt, as the fibrous covering of a cocoanut, straw etc. adj. See करी.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करीया (करीया)</td>
<td>A bar with which a door etc. is fastened. 2. A pole fastened to a load, by which it is carried on the shoulders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करीया (करीया)</td>
<td>A black woman.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करीयादु (करीयादु)</td>
<td>A black man.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करीयमणि (करीयमणि)</td>
<td>The three leaved chaste tree, <em>Vitex trifolia</em>. 2. The plant <em>Gendarussa vulgaris</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>करीयामुद्याला (करीयामुद्याला)</td>
<td>An aromatic plant, <em>Andro-</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
pogon Jwarancusa, with fragrant roots.

**kariyuni** (కెరీయుని), *v. n.* To elapse, expire, pass as time. aux. *v.* To be able, or possible. డీడెయింగ్ డిసి అనువాద కార్విలా, an unavoidable business. డిడి కూడా హోర్ట మేంలే డిసీ I to die; to drop down; to be over. డిడిడి డిసి సిద్ధింగ్ I must go by all means.

**karidi** (కరిడి), s. Price, value. —మినుండం to settle the price; to purchase.

**karu** (కరు), s. Vulture. 2. see కరు. 
**karumbuni** (కరుంబుని), see కరుంబుని.
**karukumbuda** (కరుకుంబుడా), see కరుకుంబుడా.

**karukuru** (కరుకురు), s. The noise made in chewing any brittle substance.

**karugontu** (కరుగొంటు), s. Boiled and dried areca-nut.

**karuna** (కరునా), s. Mercy, pity, kindness. —మినుండం to show mercy.

**karupu** (కరుపు), see కరుపు.

**karubuni** (కరుబుని), see కరుబుని.

**karulu** (కరులు), see కరులు.

**karè** (కరే), see కరే.

**karè**, s. The seashore, coastline. 2. the bank of a river. 3. land, as opposed to water. 4. border, edge. 5. the coloured border of a cloth. —తయారు land-wind. —తీసుకు to land. —మినుండం, —మినుండం to touch or reach the land; see

—మినుండం. —రాదుడు to sail near the shore. —మినుండం to fasten a selvage; the horizon to become cloudy. —మినుండం to sail towards the land. —మినుండం to escape to the shore; to escape from danger; to recover from sickness.

**karè**, s. The pole to which a bucket is attached in a country water-lift.

**karè**, s. A parish, a social or caste jurisdictional division.

**karempè** (కరేమ్పె), see కరేమ్పె.

**karepini** (కరేపిని) see కరేపిని.

**karepuni** (కరేపుని), *v. a.* To make a notch or incision.

**karemedi** (కరేమేడి), s. The sides of a border in a rice-field.

**kareyuni**, **kareyuni**, **kareyuni** (కరేయుని), *v. n.* To crow.

**karelù** (కరెలు), s. The mark left on the skin by wearing any thing tightly.

**kareluni** (కరెలుని), *v. a.* To leave a mark on the skin, as by dressing tightly etc.

**karolu** (కరొలు), see కరొలు.

**karolu** (కరొలు), *pl.* of కరొలు.

**karky** (కర్కు), s. A very tender cocoanut. 2. its tender shell.

**karkupuli** (కర్కుపులి), *s.* Garcina Cambogia.

**karka** (కర్క), adv. At once; suddenly. 2. sharply, violently. —మినుండం to bite sharply —మినుండం to grow or ripen fast.
1. Crab, a female crab. 2. Cancer in the zodiac.

2. A kind of thorn.

2. A male crab. 2. The tree *Leucas indica*, *Phomis indica*.

2. A male crab. 2. The tree *Leucas indica*, *Phomis indica*.


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karto

karto, s. black and white. 2. see ज्ञित.
karna, s. The ear. कर्दा an ear-ring worn by a woman.
karna, s. A black paste composed of dross of iron, kernel of wild liquorice and boiled rice, applied on the right side leather of a finger-drum.
karnaparva, see कर्मापण.
karnâly, see कर्माणि.
karnike, see कर्मीके.
karnirelyu, s. A dark shadow.
karpu, s. A pit, hole, ditch. 2. a pit for catching wild beasts.
karpura, karpûra, s. Camphor. 2. the thick leaved lavender.
Levendula cariosa. कर्मुगलय crude calomel.
karpelyu, karpelu, see कर्पेल.
karba, s. Iron. कर्मुगलय an iron link.
karbasyu, karbasyu, karbasyu, s. An ox of superior breed from the up-country.
karla a ghaut cow.
karbule, karbullé, karbollé, s. A fowl having white plumage with black spots.
karma, s. An action in general. 2. a religious ceremony.
3. the objective case.
gram. 4. fate; misfortune.
5. sin, transgression.
the condition induced by one’s deeds.
the passive voice, gram. -कलय transgression.
the fruit of human actions.
funeral rites. कलय a performer of funeral rites.
the organ of action, as the hand, foot, etc.
karmane, see कर्माणि under कर.
karmara, see कर्मार.
karmayu, s. A superior kind of firewood, Vatica laccifera.
karmugalu, see कर्मुगलय under कर.
karmuda, see कर्माद.
karmuli, s. Thatched grass taken from a roof.
karya, s. A ferry.
karyada, karyade, s. The liver, as of a fowl.
karyuni, see कर्मुगलय.
karyu, s. The bowels.
2. the liver.
karyûkappade, s. The intestines, entrails.
karlé, see कर्मु.
karmavuni, s. To burn the downs of a fowl by holding it over the fire.
kala, s. A square. 2. a bed
of flowers, *etc.* 3. a place where pariahs assemble. — to make a flowerbed; a group of pariahs to sit in a circle.

**kalam**, s. A reed-pen. 2. a paragraph. — detailed, item by item.


**kalamtani**, **kalamtani**, **kalamtani**, **kalamtani**, s. An inkstand. 2. a small box.

**kalambi**, see (ref).

**kalmambuni**, **kalmambuni**, v. n. To quarrel, fight.

**kala**, see (ref).

**kalakambula**, s. A drenched miry floor.

**kalakala**, s. A confused noise, hum.

**kalakala**, adv. Brightly. — to shine brightly.

**kaladavuni**, c. v. (of (ref)) To mix. 2. to knead.

**kaladuni** (ref), v. n. To be mixed. 2. to be kneaded.

**kalapuni** (ref), v. a. To mingle. 2. to knead. **to plough a watered field.

**kalappu**, adj. Mixed. 2. kneaded.

**kalaberakè**, s. Admixture, compound.

**kalamù**, s. Grafting — to graft.

**kalamù**, **kalamù**, **kalamù**, **kalamù**, see (ref).

...
kalembi, s. A chest, cof-fer. —कलेंबी, कलैम्री, see कलेंबी.
kalembi, s. The hindmost sail of a boat.
kalpāraṇa, s. A bad affair.
kalpārnika, see कल्पार्णिका.
kalepini, kalepuni (कलेपनी), v. a. To strip off, remove. 2. to subtract, deduct.
kalevuni (कलेवुनी), n. To be stripped. 2. to be deducted.
kalka, s. Decoction, infusion of any drug. 2. sediment.
kalkare, s. A place abounding in latrite stone.
kalkarin, s. A wild kind of lotus growing on stony ground.
kalkare, s. A kind of fish.
kalkuni (कलकुनी), n. To cry, as a demon or one possessed with an evil spirit.
kalka, see कलका.
kalkorē, s. A kind of fish.
kalki, s. The tenth or last incarnation of Vishṇu, expected to put an end to the kali or iron age; also —कल्कि.
kalkarūṭṭi, kalkude, s. The name of a demon.
kalkuni, v. n. To be stripped. 2. to be deducted.
kalkante, sr. The end of the world.
kalkantarā, s. Another period of time, eternity.
kalkavuni, c. v. (of कल्कंवुनी) To teach, instruct. 2. to instigate; also कल्कंवनीति.
kalkavunih, kalpana, s. A period of time. 2. a sacred work, one of the six Vedāṅgas. 3. resolve, purpose. 4. artifice, trickery, cunning.
kalkantara, s. Another period of time, eternity.
kalkavunih, kalpānta, s. The end of the world.
kalkante, sr. The end of the world.
kalkayugu, adv. (lit. for the mouth of toddy). Something given as a relish when sipping toddy.
kalkāru, s. A medicinal drug.
kalka, s. A fluid measure equal to twelve seers.
kalkāna, s. A stone quarry.
kalkapāna, s. Fiction, fable. 2. invention, fabrication. 3. producing, forming. —कलकपणे to invent, fabricate, contrive; to produce, form; to establish.
kalkapāntara, s. Another period of time, eternity.
kalkasuni, v. a. To learn, study.
kalkavuni, v. a. To learn, study.
kalkānta, adv. According to religious directions.
kallma, s. A kind of fish.
kallmada, s. Bitumen, granulated gypsum from Arabia.
kallmasha, s. Corrosion. 2. impurity. 3. sin. 4. the matter of a sore.
kall, kalya, see kollu.
kallante, see kollu.
kalyana, s. Happiness, prosperity, good fortune. 2. marriage.
kalyani, s. The name of a tune. 2. the name of a female.
kalruthi, see kollu.
kalluttetti, s. A rotten egg.
kallubage, s. A kind of tree, the wood of which is used as timber.
kallubare, s. A kind of plantain tree.
kallumullu, s. (lit. stones and thorns). The millcog. 2. the indented surface of a mill-stone. 3. a rugged path.
kallusakkarere, s. Sugar-candy.
kallusunti, s. Wild ginger, Zingiber zerumbet.
kalla, s. A kind of oyster. — its shell; cf. kolla.
kallankalli, s. A kind of bag.
kallaungi, s. A kind of small fish.
kallantte, kallate, s. The Indian nightshade, Solanum Indicum.
kallabiru, see under kallu.
kallayi, see kallu.
kallaraga, s. Asphalt.
kallarpada, s. Small-pox attacking a person a second time.
kallarpoe, s. A kind of sieve to remove small stones from earth.
kallale, s. A class of pariahs. 2. their headman.
kalli, s. A bag of net-work, made of ropes. 2. a wickerwork. 3. the pods of cannabis. 4. see kolla.
kallittti, see kollu.
kallirolu, s. A hard grown palmyra fruit.
kalluppu, s. Rock-salt, the Bombay salt.
kalluru, s. A kind of fish. kalluruṇa, adj. Immature, half-ripe or half developed.
kalluruti, s. The name of a female Bhūta.
kalluruna, adj. Immature, half-ripe or half developed.
kalluruti. The name of a female Bhūta.

kalluruni, z. A stone to press or hurt the sole of the foot in walking.
kalle, s. The straw covering of a bundle of rice; also kalletti, s. A bag with divisions within.
kallottu, s. A foot-sore caused by a stone.
kallola, s. A large wave or billow.
kavāca, kavāče, s. Armour, a coat of mail. 2. a jacket, short coat.
kavatē, see kavāte.
kavadi, kavadi, kavaḍi, kavaḍegē, kavaḍē, s. A small shell, cowrie. -kāṭ to calculation with cowries. -kū to play with cowries.
kavānē, s. A sling. -kē a sling-stone.
kavatū, see kavāte.
kavana, s. Poetry, verse. 2. invention, fabrication. -kavē a poet. -kavē, -kavē to compose verses; to caricature. -kavē to exaggerate, invent.
kavātep, see kavātep.
kavya, kavi, kaviśvare, s. A poet.
kavite, kavitē, kavitva, s. Poetry, a poem, verse.
kavundrasa, kavunḍrasa, s. A cancer on the cheek.
kaśaya, kaśāya, s. A decoction, extract. -kaś to extract, or prepare a draught.
kaśi, s. Graft, grafting. -kaś to graft.
kaśi, kaśiti, kaśi, kaśukusu, kasukusu, adv. In bated breath, in a whisper. -kaś to whisper.
kaśidi, kaśibi, s. Embroidery, ornamental needle work.
kaśyapa, s. The name of deified sage.

kaśṭa, s. Trouble, hardship. 2. labour, toil. -kaś a time of difficulty. -kaś to give trouble. -kaś to be afflicted, to suffer. -kaś to work hard, take pains.

kashtiṣṭa, s. Enmity and friendship; love and hatred.
kasukasuka, s. A sound produced when anything is smashed.
kasaji, kasugai, see kasukayi.

kasa, adj. Brackish.

kasa, s. anything over salted.
kasa, s. Sweepings, rubbish.
kasa, s. Rancid.
kasakase, s. Poppy seed of Papaver somniferum.
kasakka, adv. Forcibly, hardly; deeply.
kasariji, kasarige, s. Dross of smelted iron.

d, s. Force, pressure.

2. sediment. adj. Rancid.
kasakasi, s. Haggling.

kasabisi, see kasabu.
kasabu, s. Profession, trade, business.
kasamu, kasaba, kasabe, s. The chief station of a district.
kasabisi, see kasabu.
kasariji, kasarige, s. Dross of smelted iron.

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kasamu, kasaba, kasabe, s. The chief station of a district.
kasabisi, see kasabu.
kasariji, kasarige, s. Dross of smelted iron.

2. sediment. adj. Rancid.
kasakasi, s. Haggling.
kala, s. Anxiety, alarm. 2. anguish, sorrow.
—to be anxious, agitated, or confused.
kalavu, s. Theft, robbery.
kalasè, see जल. kalì, see जल.
kaliyuni, see जलम. kalu, adj. False, untrue, not reliable. s. Fraud; cheating. 2. trick. 3. a lie, falsehood. —कलु a falsehood. —कलु, perjury, false evidence. —कलु to tell lies.
kaluve, see जल. kale, see जल.
kalengu, see जलम. kalepini, see जलम.
kalivuni (वृ.), v. n. To lapse, pass, as time. 2. to be exhausted, spent, as money. 3. to become loose, as the bands of a box, etc.; cf. जलम.
kalkuni, see जल.
kalve, s. A thief, robber.
kalla, adj. Deceitful, dishonest, unfair. 2. under, subordinate; additional. s. Dishonesty. 2. stealing; cf. जल.
—कल्ला the swelling gums in teething. —कल्ला an additional piece of split bamboo. —कल्ला an under roof.
kallanti, kallanti, s. Dishonesty. 2. falsehood.

kallì, s. The milk-hedge, *Euphorbia*; the prickly-pear, *Opuntia dillenii*. 2. the fructification of the hemp plant or *Cannabis sativa*. जल, जल, जल, जल जल are its varieties; cf. जल.
kalligè, s. A very tender jack-fruit.
kalle, see जल.
kallè, s. A kind of grass. 2. see जल.
kakshi, s. Objection or reply in argument. 2. wrangling, arguing. 3. one party as opposed to another; also —का an opposite party.
kankariyuni, v. n. To hawk, force up phlegm with a noise; to hem.
kangù, s. A dark-blue cloth worn by lower classes of people, or used for bedding, etc.
kanguni (वृ.), v. n. To be dejected. 2. to become pale.
karicana, s. Gold. 2. money; also जोड़, जोड़.
kanci, kante, kantya, s. A large basket.
kanda, s. A section, division of a book.
kandava, kandavana, s. Indra's garden.
kandavyi, s. A kind of fish.
kandi, s. A kind of tree; cf. kasdi.
kandé, adv. Early in the morning. s. Morning.
kandeyi, see kasdi.
kandelu, s. A kind of tree, growing near salt water.
kántane, s. A kind of tree, growing near salt water.
kante, s. A wife. 2. a beloved female.
kamparu, s. A carcass. 2. a nasty man (vlg.) adj. Nasty; filthy. 2. pot-bellied.
kangaji, s. Paper. 2. a letter. -am to write or address a letter. -at—stamp-paper.
kági, s. A brown colour.
cági, kági, káci, s. Catechu, Acacia catechu. 2. the sediment of boiled areca-nut.
kácikalli, s. A money bag of net-work.
kákicumbuda, s. A small species of ash-gourd.
kájí, s. A Mohammedan judge or priest.
kájí, s. A glass bangle worn round the wrist; also -ágí. -érté cat-eyed, blue-eyed.
káju, s. A brown-coloured dog with black stripes.
káthu, adj. Wild, rude.
-éró the wild peepul tree, Urostigma arnotianum. -éró the fruit of the creeper Momordica dioica. -érté a rough stone. -éró a wild or jungle fruit. -éró a bulbous root of Dracontium polyphilum. -érté a bull-bison.
-érté a bottle gourd, Lagenaria vulgaris. -érté wild cocco, Colocasia nymphefolia. -érté the tree Turnera ulmifolia. -érté wild green-gram, Phaseolus rostratus. -érté wild tobacco, Lobelia nicotianaefolia. -érté a wild plantain tree. -érté a wild tree. -érté. see -érté.
káta, s. Trouble, annoyance, vexation. 2. danger; also -érté. -érté to see -érté the cat’s play is the death of mice.
kata, s. A pyre, pile. -का to prepare a funeral pile.

कातण्य, s. A fowler's idol, consisting of some white-washed stones decorated with flowers. -की to make an offering to it.

कातकाय, s. Mutiny, rebellion. 2. pillage, plunder.

kati, s. A bison.

कातिरु, s. A kind of tree.

कातुनी, see कातुनी.

काठे, s. A wild untamed beast.

काते, see काते.

kādu, s. A jungle, forest. adj. Wild, rude; cf. कानी. -कादु forest and river-bank. -कादु, -कादु the plant *Todda-nia aculeata*. -कादु wild fire. -कादु a jungle sheep. -कादु a lower class of people speaking the Konkani language. -कादु a jungle fowl. -कादु a wild class or tribe. -कादु a rustic or rude man. -कादु rain-water rushing through a jungle and washing down all the rubbish in its course. -कादु (lit. a jungle-uncle), a tiger. -कादु a wild beast.

कादा, adj. Wild, untamed.

कादकादी, see कादकादी.

कादाने, s. A wild elephant.

कादिका, s. A kind of song.

कादिकोराज, s. A man of the Koragar caste living in jungles.

kādigē s. A collyrium of lamp-black and oil. -काद्ग a collyrium box.

कादिनाये, see कादिनाये.

कादुlli, s. The Indian squill, *Scilla Indica*.

kādē, s. A quail, *Tetras coturnix*.

कादुणी (सौ), v. a. To trouble, torment, importunate; also कादुणी.

कादूणी, कादूणी कृष्णा vuni, कृष्णा vuni (सौंसौं), v. a. To show, represent, mention.

कादूणी vuni काृणुपूर्ली, s. The bird mina.

kāni, s. The fraction one-sixty-four.

कानिकर, कानिके, कानिगे, s. A money offering; a present to a superior. -कानिकर, -कानिके, -कानिगे to make an offering.

kāne, s. A kind of fish. -काने long-legged. -काने a long legged man.

kāti, see काती.
**Kami**

- **kami**: A debauchee.
- **kami**: The object of desire.
- **kami**: A pretty woman.

**Katonuni**

- **katonuni**: refl. v. (of to wait; to expect.
- **katonuni**: To fight, war, battle.

**Kadaduni**

- **kadaduni**: v. n. To fight.

**Kadi**

- **kadi**: see **kata**.

**Kaduni**

- **kaduni**: v. n. To quarrel, fight, wrestle.

**Kanya**

- **kanya**, **kanna**, **kanana**: A rookery.

**Kanapuri**

- **kanapuri**: see **kanana**

**Kapaduni**

- **kapaduni**: To protect, preserve.

**Kapi**

- **kapi**: Coffee.

**Kapu**

- **kapu**: Protecting 2. watching, tending. 3. brooding; hatching. 4. a scarecrow.

**Kapu**

- **kapu**: To watch, guard. 2. to keep, preserve, protect. 3. to wait.

**Kapele**

- **kapele**: A watchman.

**Kappu**

- **kappu**: see **kata**.

**Kama**

- **kama**: Desire, wish.
- **kama**: Lust, passion.

**Kamangayi**

- **kamangayi**: A wild species of green gram, *Phaseolus rostratus*.

**Kamakshi**

- **kamakshi**: A goddess.

**Kamali**

- **kamali**: see **kata**.

**Kamavikara**

- **kamavikara**: Lust, inordinate affection.

**Kamade**

- **kamade**: A man of the mercantile class. 2. a niggardly or cunning man.

**Kamastra**

- **kamastra**: Lust, inordinate affection. adj. Libidinous.

**Kamari**

- **kamari**: Siva the enemy of Cupid.
kāmisuni (kāmi), v. a.
To covet; to wish.

kāmuka, adj. Lustful, libidinous.  a libidinous man.

kāme, s. Cupid.

kāmeli, s. A kind of jaundice. — a dropsical kind of jaundice. — a salivary kind of jaundice. — jaundice with scab.

kāmya, adj. Desirable, agreeable.

kāmyārtha, s. The object of desire.

kāya, s. The body. — bodily exertion. — the heart. — stoutness. — to commit suicide. — to lay down the body, to die.

kāyam, kāyam, kāyāmu, s. Permanency, settled state. adj. Fixed, confirmed, permanent. — permanent employment. — to confirm, settle, establish.

kāyamē, see kāyamē.

kāyaru, see kāyāru.

kāyā, s. A folded tender leaf of plants or trees. 2. seasoning. — a tender leaf; cf. kāyālu.

kāyalē, see kāyalē.

kāyāvuni, c. v. (of kāyāvuni) To have anything warmed, burned, boiled.

kāyi, s. An unripe fruit of any kind. 2. a cocoanut. 3. the seed. —, — a kind of cake. — vegetables and roots; pulse. — vegetables in general. — a kind of cake. —, — to chew the cud. — to over-boil; to get loose.

kāyida, kāyidē, s. Rule, regulation. 2. custom.

kāyipuni, c. v. (of kāyipuni) To make hot, warm, as water. 2. to fry, broil.

kāyipuni, see kāyipuni.

kāyilē, s. Sickness.

kāyīlīta, adj. Infertile.

kāyunī (kāyunī), v. n. To burn, to be hot. 2. to get ripe. 3. to be feverish. 4. to become angry. 5. to be tight, or fast; see kāyipuni. — a knot to be tight or fast. — the sun to be very hot. — water to boil. — to be very hungry. — to be feverish or hot. — bread to bake.

kāyeru, s. Strychnia, *Nux vomica.* also — kāyeru. — the nux vomica tree. — Loranthous loniceroides.

kāyerupuli, s. A kind of sour-leaved tree.

kāyelē, s. The state of being green or unripe. 2. seasoning. — to become
green or fresh. —कारा to season.

कारा kāryō, s. A kind of cake.

कारा kāryū, s. The leg. 2. the foot. —कारा knuckle. —कारा the toe. —कारा going or walking on foot. —कारा the ankle. —कारा the stalk of coco, Arum colocasia. —कारा a footstool. —कारा to tread or fix the foot. —कारा to run away. —कारा to slip the foot, lose balance; to be reduced in one’s circumstances. —कारा the thigh. —कारा to place the foot. —कारा to stretch the leg. —कारा to prostrate, do obeisance.

कारा kāryū, adj. Black, dark. —कारा lightning issuing from black clouds. —कारा black clouds. —कारा see कानगा.

कारुकुणे kārukūne, s. A clerk, writer.

कारुखांडे kārukhānde, s. An establishment. 2. a workshop. 3. management.

कारुतुधे kārutūdē, s. The thigh.

कारुबारु, कारुबेरु, see कारुबारु.

कारा kāra, s. Tasting or smelling hot; also कारा adj. Hot, sharp, pungent. अलूम — alum.

कारा kāra, s. A prison, jail.

कारा kāra, A termination affixed to a letter, as कारा the letter अ, etc.

कारांगा kārānga, s. A cutaneous disease which renders the skin black. —कारा to suffer from such a disease.

कारान्जी kāranjī, s. An artificial fountain, a kind of siphon; an underground channel.

कारां रा kāranta, see कारां रा.

काराँ kāranda, adv. Excessively, exceedingly, very. —कारा very bitter.

कारां kārande, see कारां.

काराक kāraka, s. An agent. 2. acting, doing, gram. 3. a tax. —कारा to pay a tax.

काराकण्णु kārakāṇṇu, s. The ankle. —कारा to thump the ankle, as a punishment. —कारा अ, कारा to dress down to the ankles, i.e. completely; to be foppish.

कारका, कारकादा kārakaḍa, कारगादगा, s. A kind of anklet.

कारकाय kārakāyi, see कारकाय.

कारकुं, कारकुं, कारकुं kārakuṇṭa, kārukutta, kāra- guṇṭa, s. A disease of cattle, called Epizootic aphtha.

कारगाण्ड kāragaṇṭu, s. The ankle. 2. a corn on the toe. —कारा to fracture the ankle.

कारा kāra, s. A footprint. 2. the sole of the foot.

कारा kāraṇa, s. Reason, purpose, motive. 2. cause, as opposed to effect.

कारा kārāṇika, s. A miracle. 2. supernatural power. adj.
Miraculous, supernatural. — s a prophet.

कऱ्यायुः कऱबऱ्युः, see कऱव. कऱरे, s. One belonging to the class of the Konkani speaking fishermén.

कऱरेजऱि, s. A low class of pariahs.

कऱळिकेः देवी, see कऱ. कऱळीणिः कऱळयूः, c. v. (of कऱळ) To cause to vomit.

कऱळे कऱळे, A termination affixed to nouns to signify one's profession; as, कऱळे a beggar.

कऱळे कऱळे, s. A nest. 2. a black bull, ox. adj. Black, dark. —कऱळे a black cow. कऱळे— a raven-nest. —कऱळे to build a nest.

कऱळे कऱळे (कऱळे), v. a. To vomit.

कऱळे कऱळे, कऱळे, s. A strong or black sort of salt.

कऱळे कऱळे कऱळे, see कऱ. कऱळे कऱळे कऱळे, see कऱ. कऱळे कऱळे, see कऱ.

कऱळे कऱळे, s. A kind of neck-lace or collar. कऱळे— a brass collar worn by pariah women.

कऱळे कऱळे कऱळे, s. A dried date fruit. —कऱळे rotten or shrivelled date fruits. —कऱळे a date tree.

कऱळे कऱळे, s. A kind of wild Cacinia Indica.

कऱळे कऱळे, see कऱ.
of time. —कालोऽ त the vicissitude of the times, evil days; misfortune. —कालोऽ त the right man in the right place, a man whose life opens a new epoch in human affairs. —कालोऽ त the vicissitude of time; change of seasons. —कालोऽ त the conjunction of two periods of time, as morning, noon, evening. —कालोऽ त, whiling away time, procrastination. —कालोऽ त livelihood, maintenance. —कालोऽ त to while away the time; to procrastinate; to live wretchedly. —कालोऽ त the end to approach, to die.

काला, adj. Black, dark.

कालान्तर, कालांतरा, कालातरा, s. A lever. —कालान्तरा to lift with a lever.

कालागती, s. The progress or condition of time.

कालाजिरी, कालाजिरिके, कालाजिरिकी, कालाजिरिके, कालाजिरिकी, s. Black cummin seed, Vernonia anthelmintica.

कालापिल्ली, s. A silver ornament worn on the toes.

कालाबेहरवें, s. One of the sons of Śiva.

कालमिनिके, s. A kind of medicine.

कालरुद्रे, कालरुद्रमे, कालरुद्र, कालरुद्रके, s. Śiva the destroyer.

कालाहरणा, s. Whiling away time.

कालकाशेप, s. Passing or whiling away time. 2. maintenance, support.

कालांतरा, s. The course or lapse of time.

कालिवद्ध, s. The end of a year, season or period of time.

काली, see काला.

कालिगोब्ब, s. A kind of game. 2. playing for nothing.

कालिवें, s. A channel for irrigation. 2. a canal.

कालु, see काला.

काळें, see काला.

काळे, s. A black man. 2. a black dog, etc.

कालोंकिता, adj. Opportune, well timed; according to the times.

कावंते, कावते, s. The tree Zanthoxylum rhetsa.

कावंदे, s. A master, lord, proprietor, owner.

कावदी, s. A split bamboo with ropes suspending from each end, for carrying burdens across the shoulders.

कावलु, s. Guard, custody, watch; protection. —कावलु a guard, watchman. —कावलु to place a guard. —कावलु to mount guard.

कावली, see कावलु.

कावि, s. Red ochre; also —कावि.
kāvu, s. Heat, warmth.
2. the rind or scraping of vegetables, etc. — to scrape away the skin of vegetables, etc.

kāvē, adj. Red. — the red garb of an ascetic.

kāvēri, s. The river Kāvēri. 2. a female’s name.
— a festival in honor of that river held on the 1st day of the 7th solar month.

kāvoli, s. A frying pan.

kāvyā, s. Poetry. 2. a poetical work; cf. kavya. — a garland of poetry, poetical anthology.

kāṣi, s. Benares. adj. White. — a white paper.
— see karnā. — a Benares priest; an oppressor.
— the Indian corn. — a strong, white cloth. — the Ganges water; also a destitute or worthless man.

kāṣirōga, s. Lunacy.

kāsmiru, s. The province of Cashmere. 2. a superior kind of woollen cloth.

kāṣyapa, s. A sage of that name.

kāshāyī, s. The red garb of an ascetic.

kāṣu, s. A cash, an old copper coin worth half a pie. — the fraction of a cash. — a destitute or worthless man.

kāli, s. Blackness. 2. the goddess Kāli. 3. a black cow.

kālū, s. A grain, as of rice, kāla, adj. Black, dark. — a wild cat. — a black buffalo. — a very dark night.

kālama, s. A name of Kāli. 2. a female’s name.

kāli, s. Blackness. 2. the goddess Kāli. 3. a black cow.

kāliga, see kāḷa.
kāli tākshi, s. The fifty-second year of the Hindu cycle.

kālidāse, s. A celebrated ancient poet.

kāliya, see kālidāse.

kālu, s. A black dog. 2. a man's name. adj. Black.

kāle, s. Death. [serpent. kālorage, s. A black kānkana, see kāle.

kānakare, s. A man-servant, slave. kānkana servitude, slavery.

kānkini, adj. Trickish. kā a trick; trickery. kā a kind of medicine. see kānkini.

kānkuni, see kānkini.

kāngude, see kānkuni.

kāćanilu, s. A red squirrel.

kānde, see kāngude.

kānikiitti, s. Sounding, as a broken bell.

kintana, s. Canvas. 2. linen. kān pack cloth.

kintalu, kintaly, kintala, s. The beam of a pair of scales; also kāndat.

kinnari, s. A lute, fiddle. kā the tune of a lute. kā to play upon a lute.

kinni, adj. Small, little, young. s. The young of an animal. 2. smallness. kā a chicken. kā uvula, epiglottis; a disease under the tongue, called frog.

kā a small corn; the Ricinus seed. kā a kind of rice.

kā the little finger; cf. kā.

kā narrow-mindedness; senselessness. kā old and young. kā a dejected face. kā, kā to bring forth, yeas, as sheep.

kīpurushe, s. A fabulous bird with a human face.

kimmatu, s. Value, price. kā to fix the value.

kīmpily, see kāmpily.

kīmbaruni, see kīmbaṭa.

kīmbaṭa, s. An itching sensation. 2. scratching.

kīmbily, s. The ear-wax. kā an ear-pick.

kīmbilu, see kīmbila.

kīmbun, kīmbutu, s. The little finger; cf. so. kā narrow-mindedness; senselessness. kā old and young. kā a dejected face. kā, kā to bring forth, yeas, as sheep.

kīgga, adj. Little, small.

kīiki, s. Chirping. 2. prattling. adj. Bruised, jellied. kā to tread to a jelly. kā to chirp; to prattle.

kīći, kīći, kīći, s. Boiled rice mixed with split pulse and jaggory. kā a female's brown coloured garment.
kicita, see  kir.
kicadi, see  kir.
kici, kicci, kicide, kicide, s. Fire. 2. envy. 3. indigestion, disorder of the stomach.
- a jungle fire. envy, hatred.
ki, kir, kici, kicide, kicide,  see  kir.
kieli, s. A musk-rat.
kijanyu, kijanyu, s. A kind of fish. its spawn.
kijaluni,  see  kir.
kijkittii, s. A boy's toy; a rattle.
kijibiji,  see  kir.
kijeluni,  see  kir.
kiju, see  kir.
kikutii, s. Annoyance, disturbance, teasing. a tormentor. to be vexed. to vex, disturb.
ki, see  kir.
kiki, s. A window.
kikitii, s. Ticking, as a watch; a small sound produced by tapping on a flat substance. 2. giggling, tittering. to titter.
kiitta, s. Sediment of boiled areca-nut. 2. scoria; dross of smelted iron. 3. proximity. adj. Near. to repair or cement an earthen or stone vessel with the powdered dross.
kidi, s. A spark. 2. a small precious stone. to become enraged. sparks to fly.
kini, s. Wit, keenness, cunning. to play tricks. to show one's cunning.
kinkini disc. The tinkling of small bells; a clinking sound.
kinline, s. The noise made by the fall of a small bell, etc.
kinkana, adj. Little. the little finger.
kinkuni,  see  kir.
kinnalu, s. A brass cup.
kitabu, s. A book. 2. the Koran.
kitty, see  kir.
kitty, s. Lightning. lightning to flash.
kittali, kittili, kitile, s. An orange.
kittuni ( ), v. n. To flutter; to be in agitation.
kidukana, see  kir.
kidumbre, s. A brass ear-ring; also  kir.
kidukilyu, kidukelyu, kidkulyu, kidkelyu, s. The armpit. 2. tickling. to be ticklish. to tickle.
kidambure,  see  kir.
kidi, see  kir.
kide, s. A cow-pen, stall.
- a manger; cf. kir.
kinkuni,  see  kir.
kinu, kiri, kiru, adj. Small, little, young. 2. low, mean.

kirikatun, kirikatụ, kirikaṭtun, see ƙirikatun, under ƙiru.

kirikiri, s. Disturbance, annoyance. 2. creaking, as shoes, etc.; cf. ƙiriri. -o do to prattle. -o do to disturb.

kirig, ƙirig, ƙirig, ƙirige, s. The garment worn by a girl; also ƙaram.

kiriga, ƙiriga, ƙiriga, ƙirige, s. Annoyance. -o do to annoy.

 kiridu, see ƙiriri.

kiriyatu, s. Chirayit gentian, Ophelia chirata.

kirije, s. Exorcising; charming a demon.

kirije, s. A junior, younger member.

kirita, s. A crown, diadem.

kiru, see ƙiru.

kirè, see ƙiru.

kirengu, see ƙirengu.

kireng, see ƙirengu.

kirenci, see ƙirenci.

kireji, see ƙireji.

kiregeuni, see ƙiregeuni.

kiregu, s. A kind of itch; also ƙiriga, ƙiriga.

kirate, s. A hunter, fowler; a forester.
1. Annoyance, trouble, teasing.

2. A grain.

3. A small knife.


5. A small kind of brinjal.

6. An inferior sort or kind.

7. Inferior, not fine.

8. A small kind of hut, small temporary shed.

9. See 8odjs.

10. An inferior sort or kind.

11. Inferior, not fine.

12. To fill or feed the belly.

13. Chirping.


15. The sound of chirping.

16. To draw out, pull.

17. To irritate, provoke; to stir, move.

18. See 8odjs.

19. To whistle. 2. to resound.

20. To give trouble; to haggle.

21. To hinder.

22. See 8odjs.

23. To whistle. 2. to resound.

24. The pocket of a jacket.

25. A fixed period for payment of revenue. 2. an instalment.

26. The squeaking of rats, etc.
klju, s. White lead.
klita, s. An insect in general.
2. a worm. 3. see klju.
kljana, kitake, kitage, s.
A base or rude fellow.
klju, adj. Inferior.
klju, klju, ki, s. A worm, insect. —, to decay; to become useless.
klju, s. A part, bit; a splinter.
kljana (klju), v. n. To sprit, sprit; to sprinkle.
kljana, kiduni (klju), v. a. To importunate; to dun, tease.
kibu, s. A bunch.
kibilly, see klju.
kiru, s. A split, rift; a scratch.
kiru, adj. Ancient, old; a lesson for the past and future.
kiri, s. Continuance, incessancy. —, to continue, go on without ceasing. —, incessant rain.
kiruni (klju), v. a. To scratch; to split; also kiru.
kire, see kiru.
kiruttuni (klju), v. a.
To roar, as an elephant.
kirtane, s. Praise; a psalm, hymn. — to sing praises of God.
kirti, s. Fame, renown, reputation.
kiru, s. A joint, hinge, peg. 2. a wooden fastening. — to fasten as a door; also kiru.
kilumbu, see kilu.
kiludavade, s. The lower jaw.
kili, s. A lock. — the key of a lock.
kilmaly, adj. Evil and good. 2. inferior and superior. adv. Upside-down.
kivu, s. Pus, matter of a sore.
kisuni, see kiru.
kisuli, s. A carpenter's plane.
kilu, adj. Base, low, mean. —, an inferior.
— a low class or caste.
— baseness, meanness. — a vulgar expression. — a mean disposition. — see kiru.
kilu, kilu, ru, adj.
kiru, kilu, see kiru.
kiri, adj. pref. Bad, low, small; as vulgar people. —, low tricks, etc.
kku, adj. A crimsoned powder of turmeric, used by married women for making a mark on their foreheads. — see kiru.
kuukuma, s. A crimsoned powder of turmeric, used by married women for making a mark on their foreheads. — see kiru.
kuukuru, s. Going on hands and legs, as an infant; also kiris. — a toad. — to stagger, reel.
kunke, see kunjë.
kunéa, s. A tassel, flybrush.
kunjë, s. A kind of children's hood reaching down to the calves of the legs.
kunée, s. A weaver's stay.
kunjëa, s. A heap, accumulation, hoard; assemblage.
kunjëyë, s. A small jungle. 2. the name of a village.
kunji, see kunjë.
kunjëgë, kunjërga, see kunjë.
kunjë, s. Genitals, vlg.
kunta, s. A peg, post. 2. the stocks. adj. Lame, crippled; blunt. — to a cripple's tricks. — a lame leg. — to place or fix a post. — to set up a post.
kunthani, s. Vexation. 2. dissoluteness; cf. kundë. — a debauchee.
kunthë, kunthëgë, kunthëyë kunthalë, kunthëlë, kunthëla, s. The tree Gomphia angustifolia. — its fruit.
kunthavuni, see kunthë.
kunthë, s. A female dwarf. adj. Short; worn out, wasted; blunt, dull. — a worn out broom. — to become blunt, etc.
kunthë, s. Cloth. 2. garment, dress. — to dress, clothe. — to cover with clothes, put on clothes.
kunthëuni, see kunthë.
kunthë, s. A dwarf, short man.
kunthë, s. The web beam of a loom. — to set up to warm the bleached thread. — to set a post or peg. — the cross-beam of a loom.
kunda, s. A pit, especially of sacrificial fire.
kundëla, s. A kind of ear-ring; also kunthë.
kundëli, s. A kind of serpent.
kundë, kunđi, kunđigë, s. A strong trough.
kundëlë, see kunthë.
kundë, s. The penis.
kundëla, s. A curl, ringlet. 2. the hair. 3. a drinking cup.
kunti, s. The mother of the Pandit princes.
kundë, see kunthë.
kunda, s. A pillar, post. — a stone pillar. — to build a pillar.
kunda, s. Pure gold.
kundavuni, c. v. (of kunthë) To reduce. 2. to boil down. 3. to repress, humble.
kundë, s. Deficiency, defect, fault. 2. want. 3. loss. — a helper; a companion, comrade. — to make
up a deficiency. — kundu, s. A deficiency, as in the measurement of grain, etc.

1. Kundu, s. A child of Pariahs. — kundu, v. n. To decrease, abate, be reduced. 2. To fade, wither. 3. To be boiled down.

Kundelu, s. Deficiency, as in the measurement of grain, etc.

Kundri, s. A small craft or vessel from the Maldives islands. — kundri, v. n. To decrease, abate, be reduced. 2. To fade, wither. 3. To be boiled down.

Kundukote, s. An old fort at Mercara.

Kumpari, kum-Bar, s. A god-father.

Kumpuni, see kundu.

Kumpé, see kundu.

Kumba, see kundu.

Kumbakare, kumbare, see kundu.

Kumbattu, see kundu.

Kumbaruni (kundu), v. n. To quake, tremble.

Kumbava, s. A pumpkin or gourd.

Kumbasu, see kundu.

Kumbare, s. A potter; also kundu.

Kumbi, s. A mirage. 2. The penis. 3. An elephant.


Kumbuda, A pumpkin or gourd, Cucurbita aegyptiaca. — kumbuda, an ash-gourd. — kumbuda, a small kind of ash-gourd. — kumbud, see kundu.

Kumbottu, see kundu.

Kumbha, s. The eleventh solar month (Feb.-March). 2. A pot, an earthen vessel. 3. The name of a giant, Ravana's younger brother. — kumbha, the sign Aquarius.

Kumbha, kumbha-sthala, s. The frontal globe of an elephant's head.

Kummuku, kummiké, see kundu.

Kummaya, see kundu.

Kunjily, see kundu.

Kurftuni (kundu), v. n. To shrivel, shrink.

Kurndu, see kundu.

Kurndodi, s. A kind of fish.

Kumsu, see kundu.

Kukku, s. A mango. 2. The mourning feast of the Pariahs. — kukku, a mango tree. — kukku, a young mango. — kukku, mango pickle.
Pariahs to attend a funeral ceremony.

A basket. - To peck.

A small basket.

To be humbled, depressed. 2. to sink; see ज्ञेङ्गे।

A whisper. - त्रो to whisper.

see ज्ञेने।

Ridicule, derision, mockery.

Short, little. adj. Short, little. - त्रो a copse, brushwood. - त्रो grass-stump, stubble. - त्रो a thicket of thorns. - त्रो to shave the head. - त्रो a kind of fish. त्रो an addition made to the tuft of hair on the crown of the head.

A taunter.

see ज्ञेने।

a field overgrown with such tares; a barren field.
కుట్టా, s. A stake, peg, stump.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా a short stick.  
మార్గం to play at throwing a stick.

కుట్టి, s. A blow given with the fist.

కుట్టదం, (కండ.), v. a. To thump, give a blow, strike with the fist.  
2. to crash, pound, bruise.

కుట్టరు, s. Cooing.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా a spotted dove.  
మార్గం to coo.

కుడడా, adv. Again.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా once more.  
మార్గం again and again, repeatedly.

కుడాని, see కడిస.

కుడపుణి, see కడిస.

కుడారి, s. An axe.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా a hatchet.

కుడికాలు, see కడిస, under కడ.

కుడిసేలు, see కడిస.

కుడిసేలెలు, see కడిస.

కుడిసే కిడీసేలెలు, see కడిస.

కుడిసేలె, see కడిస.

కుడ, s. Horse-gram, *Dolichos uniflorus.*  
2. the testicles of dogs, cats, etc.  
3. the fresh scars of small-pox.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా to feed (cattle) with gram; to cuff, give blows.  
మార్గం, lit. gram to scatter; small-pox to break out.

కుడంబె, s. A jungle man.  
2. a Konkani speaking Roman Catholic.

కుడాటలె, see కడిస.

కుడపు, s. A strainer, made of wicker-work.

కుడపుని, see కడిస.

కుడామా, s. A ferry.

2. see కడిస.

కుడంమే, see కడిస.

కుడవే, s. A rat's hole.

కుడేని, see కడిస.

కుడేనిమార, s. The tree of oval-leaved rosebay, *Wrightia antidysenterica.*

కుడకి, కుడకె, s. A small earthen vessel.  
ప్రత్యేకంగా a kind of firework.

కుడుని కుడుని (కండ.), v. a. To drink excessively.  
2. to swallow liquor.

కుడేలు, s. Drunkenness.

కుడేల్లె, s. A drunkard.

కుడుటలె, s. The registered right of paying land revenue.

కుడప, కుడే, see కడిస.

కుడపలు, s. A woman with uncombed hair.  
2. the name of a female demon.

కుడపుని (కండ.), v. n. To shiver, as from ague.  
v. a. To dust, shake off as the dust of a cloth, etc.

కునాలె, కునిలె కునలె, కునిలె, see కడిస.
**kutturi, s.** A civet cat.

**kutta, s.** Sickness. 
- jaundice. 
- dropsy.

**kutta, s.** Pain, as in suppuration of a boil.

**kuttara, s.** Pains, as in suppuration of a boil.

**kuttat, s.** A granary, store.

**kuttani, s.** A superior kind of silk cloth.

**kuttane, adv.** Headlong.

**kuttara, s.** A superior kind of silk cloth.

**kuttal, see** kudike.

**kuttale, s.** A sickly man.

**kuttana, s.** A liquid measure, as of oil etc.

**kuttalu, see** kudike.

**kuttaluni, see** kudike.

**kuttali, s.** A sickly man.

**kuttali, s.** A sickly man.

**kuttari, see** kudike.

**kuttu, s.** A prick, puncture; very small hole. 
1. To feel a biting or itching sensation. 
2. To ache.

**kuttalu, see** kudike.

**kuttaluni, see** kudike.

**kuttare, s.** A sickly man.

**kuttaruni, see** kudike.

**kuttari, s.** A superior kind of silk cloth.

**kuttaru, s.** A weel for catching fish with. 
2. A basket-shaped cage for fowls.

**kuttari, s.** A superior kind of silk cloth.

**kutti, s.** A liquid measure, as of oil etc.

**kuttu, s.** The trunk or stump of a tree. 
- fees levied for permission to fell trees on government land. 
- a perpendicular post supporting a roof. 
- propitiation of demons, supposed to haunt a newly constructed roof. 
- a race or family to be extinct. 
- to dig up the stump of a tree. 
- a post planted in the water for supporting anything.

**kuttipuli, s.** Tamarind.
kudipēvuni (స్థేయ). v. a. To be desiring, wishing.
2. to be anxious.

kudumbu, see సుండను, kudumbulu, s. A quail.
kuduke, see కుడుకె. kudupa, see కుడుపా.
kudupuni (స్థేయ), v. a. To cut; to reap.
kudupē, s. A small kind of earthen vessel for boiling rice. 2. (fig.) the belly.
kudumè, s. The side or cross roof of a house.
kuduru, s. A sand bank. 2. a small island.
kuduruni (స్థేయ), v. n. To recover from sickness.
kudurē, s. A horse. 2. the lock of a gun. —కుదిరు, —కుదరి a horsekeeper; a rider. —కుదరి a saddle. —కుదరి the mane of a horse. —కుదరి a stable. —కుదరి riding. —కుడరి to mount a horse, to ride.
kudē, s. A piece of wood.
kudke, see కుడ్డే. kuddu, see కుడ్డు.
kuddonuni, see కుడ్డొను. kuddoli, see కుడ్డంలి.
kuddya, kudya, s. Shortness. adj. Short, small, dwarfish. —కుడ్డి a dwarf, short man.

kudpē, see కుడ్డపే. kudrāsū, s. A square bottle.
kunalē, see కునాలె.
kupāndē, s. Concealing one's nature, acts, etc.; hypocrisy. —కుపానందే to talk like a virtuous man; to impose upon.
kupandre, see కుపాంద్రె.
kupulu, kupulu, s. The crow-pheasant. —కుపిలు red eyes. —కుపులు reddish colour. —కుపిలు a mole-hill.
kupendre, see కుపండ్రె.
kuppasa, s. A petty coat, bodice.
kuppi, s. Glass-ware. 2. china-wares. 3. a pial, bottle.
kuppē, see కుప్పే. kubalu, kubalu, s. The pinnacle, the top of a roof.
kubaja, adj. Dwarfish; hump-backed.
kubujē, s. A female dwarf.
kubuddhi, s. Foolishness; folly.
kubē, s. The top of a palm.
kubēramara, s. The mahogany tree.
kubēre, s. The Indian Pluto and god of wealth, presiding over the north quarter. 2. a rich man.
Aid, assistance. 3

Unasessed land for the use of cultivation.

Aid, assistance. 3

A girl. 2. A virgin. 3. A daughter.

A kind of very hard stone. A kind of grass growing in fields.

Consulation. 2. conspiracy, plot.

Putrid meat or fish.

To decay, putrify, as meat, etc.

A waste land cleared for cultivation.

The south pole.

A mixture of lime and turmeric water.

To decay, rot, putrify.

Adj. Little, small.

A small bundle, as of rice etc. 2. A lump, as of tamarind etc. 3. contraction.

To contract, shrivel, shrink in.

Curled hair. 2. see कुरुंदिटु.
kuru, kurna

kuru, kurna, kureyuni, kurevuni (కురెవుని), v. n. To be worn out, washed away. 2. to decay, rot.

kurelu, s. The nape of the neck.

karkavuni, v. n. (of కర్మచారు) To shake, agitate. 2. to wash well, as clothes.

kurkila, s. A kind of basket.

kurkuni, v. n. To shake, as a tree etc.

kurkuru, adv. Slowly.

kurke, see కర్కే.

kurni, see కర్ని.

kurci, s. A kind of fish.

kurdayi, s. A large black beetle that destroys the core of palm-trees.

kurdu, s.

kurdu, see కరుడు.

kurdu, see కరుడు.

kurdumari, s. A kind of poisonous vermin.

kurdusū, s.

kurpini, kurepuni (కురేపుని), v. a. To bore, scrape, excavate, drill. 2. see కరుపుని.
kurni, s. A sore in the eyelid. —sore to eyes.
kurpu, s. Manure, fertiliser. —sore to be fertilised.
kurpu, s. Sharpness, as of a cutting instrument. 2. dissection. —to dissect.
kurbilu, see kurbu, see kuva.
kuryuni, kurlu, s. Contraction, shrinking in. 2. parching, drying.
kurlari, kurlu, s. Parched rice.
kurluni, s. To be contracted, to shrivel, shrink in, as from cold; also contract.
kurlè, s. A tender plantain tree. 2. a young pig. 3. the fresh shoots of grains etc.
kuremardu, s. A kind of bitter medicinal root.
kurvayi, see kurvasi.
kurve, s. A basket. 2. distension. —to swell, to distend.
kursandì, s. A kind of sesamum imported from the ghauts. —sesamum oil.
kursani, see kuvarthi.
kursu, s. A cross. 2. see kurdì.
kura, s. Family, race, tribe. —a family god. —duties and customs pertaining to a family or caste. —one who belongs to a good family. —a caste or family to be degenerated or ruined.
kula, see kuva.
kula, s. A sweet preparation consisting of cocoanut juice, jaggory, ripe plantains, and cardamoms; also nobleman.
kulayi, s. A kind of cap.
kulākuśa, adj. Detailed. 2. whole. adv. In detail. 2. wholly.
kulāsu, s. Discharge, acquittance, letting go.
kulipè, kulupè, see kuva.
kulina, adj. Noble, honorable. —a nobleman.
kulè, s. A ghost, apparition. —continual fever.
kuleùji, s. A plot of field.
kulpè, see kuva.
kulla, see kuva.
kullavuni, see kuva.
kulligè, s. The buttocks.
kuvaka, see kuva.
kuvè, s. A mast; also mast.
kuvè, see kuva.
kuśa, s. The holy grass. Poa cynosuroides; also kuśa.
kusāla, s. Cleverness, skillfulness. 2. welfare, happiness. adj. Clever, expert, able. —kusāla keen wit, quick apprehension.

kusālu, s. Merriment, pleasure, frolic. —kusāla venereal disease. —kusāla to be merry, to lead a debaucherous life.
kūsi, s. Joy, pleasure; hilarity. 2. will. 3. agreement. —kusāla as you like, as you please.

kusāpuni, kusāspuni, kusāyuni (kusā), v. n. To contract, shrink in.
kushi, see kusā.
kushta, see kusā.
kusa, see kusā.
kusave, s. A potter.
kusālu, see kusā.
ikusinu, kusini, s. A kitchen.
kusipuni, see kusāpuni.
kusiri, see kusā.
kusiruni (kusā), v. n. To shiver. 2. to shrink in, be afraid.

kusulu, s. The small bead of a nose ornament.
kusēlū, kusēlū, s. Ingenuity, cunningness, a sly artifice. 2. wittiness, —kusēlū to play tricks.
kuskuni (kusā), v. n. To shrink, give way, sink in. 2. to sprain.

kusiti, s. Gymnastics, wrestling. —kusiti, —kusāla to wrestle.

kusri, s. The pulp or soft part of a fruit. 2. see kusā.

kusaka, adj. Fraudulent, deceitful. —kusaka a cheat, rogue.

kula, s. A tank or pond.
kulakā, see kulakā.
kulamāndra, s. Dried juice of mangoes or jackfruit.

kulavāru, s. Details. 2. item by item. 3. a list of creditors, debtors, etc.
kulavu, see kulavu.
kuligē, see kuligē.
kulipuni (kusā), v. a. To sting, as an ant.
kuli, v. s. The large black-ant.
kulunkuni (v. n.), v. a. To wet, moisten.
kulupu, s. A piece of black stone etc., with a device or inscription on it to be used as a seal.
kulapavuni, c. v. (of kulavuni) To make sit, to employ.
kulluni (v. n.), v. n. To sit, sit down. 2. to lodge, dwell.
kuyu, s. Response, responding to a call. 2. alarm. — to respond to a call; to give alarm.
kunke, s. Shortness of breath.
kūkē, s. The mock tribute given in a kind of game.
kūnja, see kūnji.
kūnji, see kūnja.
kūnjelū, s. A kind of weel for catching fish.
kunftuni, see kunfuni.
kunftuni, kunfuni, kundelū, kündolu, s. A wasp. — a large yellow wasp.
kuntuni, kuntuni, kumpuni (v. n., v. a). To peck, strike with the beak. 2. to prick a hole. 3. to put out.
kukē, see kūkē.
kūgu, s. A cry, exclamation, outcry.
küguni (v. n.), v. n. To cry out.
küi, s. A small goglet, filled with water and placed in a demon-shrine.
kūjē, s. An earthen goglet.
kūta, s. An assembly, meeting. 2. mixture, amalgamation. — to assemble; to conspire.
kutayi, s. Storing rice, granary etc. — to store rice.
kutu, s. The inner roof of a house. 2. the hip. — to place the roof on the wall. — to construct a roof.
kuntuni (v. a). To sharpen. 2. to mix, mingle. — sharpened; mixed. — sharpening; mixing.
kud, adv. With, along with, together with.
kudapanē, s. A small country water-lift.
kūdāvuni, küdisāvuni, c. v. (of kūdāvuni) To join, connect, unite. 2. to collect, gather. 3. to amass, store. 4. to mix; also — to store.
4. storing. 5. mixing.

To add, sum up.

The association or union of the members of the same caste or family.

To join, unite. 2. to cohabit, copulate. 3. to embrace, adopt. v. n. To meet, assemble, gather; also མིག་པ་པར་མི་འས་ 2. to be mixed, mingled. 3. c. dat. Can, to be able, be possible. བཅོས་གཞན་that which is practicable or possible. ཀོང་འདི་cannot, as བོད་ཐོན་I cannot, it is impossible for me. མཁན་impracticable, impossible. བཅོས་གཞན་an impossibility. བཅོས་ཐལ་not being able, or practicable. རྟོན་པ་, བོད་ཐོན་joint, attached; assembled; as, བོད་ཐོན་the assembled people. འབྲེལ་པའི་a partner; an adherent. ཞྲེལ་ཞི་a concubine. བཅོས་ཐལ་is it possible, can I? etc.

To hire, see གཞན་. To hireling, labourer.

Boiled rice; འབྲིང་rice and curry.

The dusty substance contained in the fibrous covering of a cocoa-nut. འབྲིང་ཐོས་to remove it.

To be drowsy, sleepy. 2. to hesitate.

A sleepy fellow. 2. a sluggard.

A turtle, tortoise. འབྲིང་Vishnu's second incarnation, as a turtle.

A fierce dog.

A turtle, tortoise. འབྲིང་Vishnu's second incarnation, as a turtle.
**kuli**, s. A tooth. —कुली tooth-ache. —कुलस्त्र to gnash the teeth. —कुलाकाना swelling of the gums in teething.

**kendi**, s. A tooth.

—tooth-ache.

3. swelling of the gums in teething.

**kulyavuni**, s. A tooth. —कुल्यावुनी to gnash the teeth.

**kuliya**, s. A tooth-ache.

—tooth-ache.

swelling of the gums in teething.

**kulya**, s. A tooth.

—tooth-ache.

swelling of the gums in teething.

**kulyuni**, s. A tooth.

—tooth-ache.

swelling of the gums in teething.

**kuve**, s. Arrowroot, *Curcuma angustifolia*; also *kuve*, s. A mast; also *kuveka*, see कुवेका.

**kūveka**, s. A kind of condiment made of minced and fried pulse or other vegetables.

**kūhaka**, see कुहका.

**kula**, see कुला.

**kuli**, see कुली.

**kulinge**, s. An irregular tooth.

**kulu**, see कुला.

**krūta**, adj. Done, made. s. Improvement; repairs; addition. —कृत कुले to improve, as land etc.

**krūtajñātē**, s. Gratitude.

**krūtā**, s. A trick, artifice, deception. 2. sorcery, witchcraft. adj. Fraudulent.

**krūtya**, s. An action, act.

2. duty, conduct. 3: any thing proper to be done.

**krūpē**, s. Grace, mercy, compassion, favour. क्रुपात्, क्रुपस्तर्वः lit. the ocean of mercy; the all-merciful God.

**krumē**, see क्रुमी.

**krushi**, krushē, s. Agriculture, husbandry.

**krūsha**, krushē, s. Krishna, the eighth incarnation of Vishnu. adj. Black.

—the dark lunar fortnight. —क्रुष्णकाल a buck antelope.

—a kind of black-serpent.

**kem**, ken, abbrev. of क्रम red.

**keigandu**, see कीगंधु.

**keigudē**, s. An obstinate or refractory person, blockhead. 2. one who has no feelings, a cruel man.

**kenjaro**, adj. Red.

—to get red, become red.

**kenjāra**, s. A red kind of great millet.

**kenjāla**, s. The udder.

**kendhā**, see केंद्र.

**kendha**, see केंद्र.
The cheek.

Reddish-

Redness.

Reddish.

The red kind of water-lily, Nymphaea rubra.

Ruby.

Chalcedony.

Red eyes; glaring eyes.

Squash-gourd, Cucurbita maxima.

Reddish scurf generally affecting new-born infants.

Red wool or hair of animals.

A red kind of the vegetable Amaranthus oleraceus.

The red spinach, Basella rubra.

Red colour.

Red soil.

A fair complexion.

Scurf.

To make red.

To turn red.

A kind of pumpkin.

A kind of deer.

A kind of red flower.

Red whiskers.

The udder.

The neck, throat.

The pit of the throat; {also} lit. the neck and ear; a complete set of jewelry.

Up to the neck or brim.

The nape of the neck.

To cut the throat; to deceive.

A kind of deer. 2. An oppressor.

A kind of three days' festival among the Tulu people about February or March, when they go on hunting excursions, and eat fried
grains. — a strong wind blowing during that time.

kebi, keppatana, s. Deafness.

kepparse, see kepi.

keppi, s. A deaf woman.

1. a silly woman.

keppu, s. Deafness. — deafness and old age; dotage.

s to behave like a deaf man.

keppi, s. A deaf man.

keppb, s. The cheek. 2. the temples. — to slap on the cheek. — to dislocate the cheek-bone.

kebi, s. The ear. — deafening. — pain in the ear. — a boil in the ear. — a deafening noise. — an ear-pick. — half deaf. — a male's large ear-ring. — the drum or tympanum of the ear. — a male's ear-ring. — the rim of the ear. — a male's common ear-ring. — to give ear, listen. — the ear to itch; to hear with displeasure. — to attend, give ear. — to listen attentively; to overhear. — to twist the ear. — to turn the ear; to refuse; to be fickle. (lit. have you no ears?) don't you hear?
kebure, s. A deaf man.
2. an inattentive fellow.

kebbattu, see kebu

kebbattuni, see kebu

kebubu, see kebure

kembu, see kebu

keyi, s. The standing or growing crop in a field. — to reap the crop. — to thrash.

kerjaun, see kebure

kena, see kera

kerani, kerapi, s. Warts. 2. a kind of scab; cf. kere.

kerama, see kera

keredi, s. An artificial tank. — the sluice of a tank. — the illumination of a tank. — the adoration of a tank with pomp.

kerengu, s. A sweet potato, the root Dioscorea a-culeata.

kerenici, see kebure

kereneuni (kerenici), v.a. To scratch the ground, as a fowl. 2. to wipe off, as water from the ground. 3. to crush down a clod of earth.

kereriri, see kereme

keremejuni, see kereme

kerepunii (kereme), v.a. To scrape, remove, clear away. 2. to polish.

kerepe, s. Simplicity. 2. a simpleton. 3. a prattler.

keri, s. A knot. — to tie two coconuts together.

kerpa, s. A slope. adj. Sloping.

kerpavuni, c. v. (of kerpu) To cause to kill.

kerpinaye, s. A murderer, killer.

kerpini (kerpu), v.a. To kill, murder, slay.

kerpu, s. A kind of ladder. — to place a ladder.

kerpuuni (kerpu), v.a. To cause to lean against; to place against.

kerpunii (kerpu), v.a. To prop, support.

kerpe, s. A clod of earth. — clods turned up when ploughing after the second crop. — to be cloddy.

kerbu, see kebu

kermly, s. A Pariah virgin.

kela, kelavu, num. Some, few, several. — a few people.

kelasa, s. Business, work. 2. employment. 3. affair, matter. 4. advantage. it is of no use or advantage. — a bad act or affair. — handiwork.

kelasi, see kelasa

keleungi, see dele

kelembu, see dele
**kele**  

kelekuni, *see* kelepuni.

kelepuni (*kele*), *v. n.* To crow, as a cock. *v. a.* To iron.

kelevuni (*kele*), *v. n.* The ears to tingle.

kelesi, *kelese*, *s.* A barber.

kellu, *s.* Brink, edge. 2. vicinity. 3. a splinter.

kelluguru, *s.* A toe nail.  

a whitlow.  

a whitlow to rise.

kevade, kevude, *see* kelesi.

kesaru, *s.* Mud, mire. 2. dirt.

kesarukally, *s.* A foundation stone.  

a foundation.

kesaruni (*kele*), *v. n.* To be inflamed, as the eyes.

kesarmē, *s.* The remaining symptoms of a sickness, before complete recovery.

kesarannu, *s.* Sore eyes, ophthalmia.

kēnkanapaki, *s.* The black Indian cuckoo.

kēnakariyuni, *see* 30. kēnakariyuni.

kēnkrakal- 

lū, kēnkrālū *s.* A kind of red stone.

kēka, *s.* Taking and giving goods on credit.  

a shop supplying goods on credit.

kēkē, *s.* A shout of joy. 2. a loud laughter.  

to shout joyfully; to laugh aloud.

kēdū, *s.* Mischief, evil. 2. danger, disaster. 3. loss. 4. perdition; also 3dū.  

evil or danger to happen.  

to do mischief.  

wish evil.

kēdage, kēdiinge, *s.* A mischiefmaker. 2. an instigator.  

a bad or mischievous neighbour.

kēnuni (*ken*), *v. n.* To hear, be attentive to. 2. to obey. 3. to ask, inquire, request.  

a hearer; an inquirer.

ketu, *s.* The dragon's tail or descending node, reckoned by Hindus as the ninth planet. 2. a standard, flag.

kēte, *s.* A glutton.

kēdyu, *s.* Mud, soft clay.

kēdayi, *kēdaiyi*, *s.* The flower of the tree *Pandanus odoratissimus*; also 3dāi.  

a gold head ornament.

kēdarumnu, *s.* A kind of fish.

keni, *s.* The serous matter of a boil.
kene, s. A kind of yam, Arum campanulatum.

képale, see kene.

képilinu, s. A red ant.

dracontium polyphil-lum.

képu, s. The cap of a musket, etc.

képula, s. The shrub Ixora coccinea. - its flower.

képonya, s. Hot ashes.

kéma, s. A blow, hit, box. 2. meal, food.

kéyi, see kere.

kerala, s. The province of Malabar.

deri, s. A street, lane.

kéré, s. A kind of harmless snake.

kerekaru, s. A scaly-skinned leg.

kéreburu, s. A kind of creeper.

kéremeyi, s. A scaly skin.

kérle, s. A sound, noise. 2. the mid-rib of a sago palm-leaf; cf. kere. - a kind of scoop for irrigating a field.

kélù, s. The abode of a Pariah.

kévaji, s. A kind of fish.

Kéra, adj. Entire, sole, absolute, excessive. adv. Very much, entirely a great sinner - great friendship - a very poor man.

kevu, s. Boat-hire. - a hired boat. - a boatman.

késha, s. The hair of the head.

késhara, s. A filament. 2. pollen. 3. the tree Mesua ferrea.

késhave, s. Vishnu, one who is worshipped. 2. a man's name.

késyú, s. A male's superior upper garment, made of red silk.

késari, s. A lion. 2. the filaments of a flower. - Spanish saffron. - the filaments of the lotus.

késarmé, see késa.

kei, s. The hand. 2. a sleeve. 3. the handle of an instrument. 4. a branch or leaf of a plantain tree. 5. the arm of a river, etc. 6. a key. 7. a lot of five, as nuts, sheaves of hay, etc.; cf. kes. - a handful; willingly, liberally. - two hands and legs. - the hand proper, consisting of the palm and fingers, united by the wrist to the arm. - the knuckles of the hand. - see késa.

as long as the hand. - subject to, dependent on. - beyond the reach of
the hand.  "under-hand; collision.  "the arm of a river.  "the left hand.  "the handle of a plough.  "side by side, closely.  "a child attached to its mother.  "the right hand.  "a key.  "the ornamental top of a pillar supporting a roof; a roof projecting from the trunk of a tree.  "the palm of the hand.  "the elbow.  "lit. to strike the hands against the ground; to curse.  "handful; liberally.  "to come to hand, be within reach of the hand; to be caught.  "lit. to be serviceable for the mouth and hand; to succour, help, as a grown up son to his parents.  "lit. to glance at the hand and mouth; to covet.  "to cross or tie the hands.  "to expect or seek help; to watch.  "to shake or dust off the hand.  "to join hands, as in marriage.  "to attain, gain; to succeed, prosper.  "to shake hands; to help, assist.  "to draw the hand back.  "the hand to slip; to slip from
second coating of plaster; to give permission to eat. — to move or wave the hand; to menace, threaten. — lit. to let go the hand; to give over, forsake, desert. — lit. the hand to fall down; to be unable to work; to meddle, interfere, take part. — to lift the hand for striking. — to prepare to fight. — to brandish; to assault; to bargain, handsel. — to exchange, alter. — to transgress, violate; to menace. — to close the hands out of respect, to salute. — to touch with the hand; the hand to reach. — to rub the hand. — to ease the hands after work. — to press or squeeze the hand. — to ask permission to eat. — to go into one's possession. — the hand to get weary or exhausted. — to strike a bargain, to make a cheap bargain; to promise, assure. — to attain, gain.

kei-attilu, s. Cooking for oneself.
kei-akshara, s. Handwriting.
kei-ālu, see kei-ārya.

keikaṅji, s. Cattle.
kekaṭṭu, s. A kind of bracelet.
kekada, s. A temporary loan, without interest.
keikashta, s. Industry, labour, handicraft, husbandry.
keikānikē, s. A present given to a superior on the occasion of a visit.
keikaru, s. The hands and legs. — to embrace the hands and feet; to cringe.
keikādē, kekunṭu, keikunda, s. A piece of cloth to handle heated vessels with.
keikundu, keikundely, s. Poverty, strait.
keikudari, s. A hatchet.
keikuda, s. Shortness of means. 2. poverty, strait.
keikē, see keikā.
keikonuni, v. refl. To hold. 2. to accept, receive, take.
keikōri, s. A kind of round or long scoop for serving boiled rice with.
keikōlu, s. A walking stick.
keikōla, s. Handcuffs.
keikraya, s. Cash. 2. purchasing for cash.
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<th>keigantu, s.</th>
<th>Money in hand. 2. a hand-bag.</th>
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<td>keigaras, s.</td>
<td>A hand-saw.</td>
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<td>keigadhi, s.</td>
<td>A wheel-barrow. 2. a go-cart.</td>
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<td>keigarikai, s.</td>
<td>Manual skill, dexterity; handi-work.</td>
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<td>keiguna, s.</td>
<td>The virtue or efficiency of the hand. 2. practice. 3. experience.</td>
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<td>keigurta, s.</td>
<td>A person's signature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keikamatakara, s.</td>
<td>Dexterity, sleight of hand. 2. manual skill.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keicamu, keicalaku, kei-calaku, s.</td>
<td>Quickness of hand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keitatapaguru, s.</td>
<td>A gesture made with the hand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keittapu, s.</td>
<td>A mistake, slip of the hand.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| keitala, s. | A hand-rop to climb a palm tree with. | [by.]
| keitapata, see keitapaguru. | A weapon swung by the hand. |
| keitangu, s. | A hand rail for supporting when crossing a small bridge. |
| keitala, s. | A small cymbal. |
| keitunda, see keitapaguru. | A hand-lamp. |
| keitudaaru, s. | A hand-lamp. |
| keidu, s. | A sword, sabre. 2. a prison. 3. arresting. 4. conclusion, end. | to conclude, end. — to confine, imprison. — to arrest; to stop, finish, terminate. |
| keidande, s. | An unnecessary loss. |
| keidane, s. | A bracelet. |
| keidaj'y, s. | A kind of cake boiled in steam. |
| keidare, s. | A marriage ceremony. |
| keidi, s. | A prisoner. |
| keidipa, s. | A hand-lamp. |
| keidu, see keidu. | |
| keinambige, s. | Giving or striking the hand in token of a promise or assurance. |
| keinata, s. | A nasty woman, abus. |
| keineny, s. | The knot of a fishing tackle. |
| keinota, s. | Aim or direction of a weapon swung by the hand. |
| keipattinahy, s. | A wife. |
| keipatu, s. | Gain, advantage. |
| keipu, see keipu. | |
| keipude, s. | The name of a certain class of Pariahs. |
| keipulu, s. | A rake. |
| keipulu, pl. of keipulu. | |
| keipe, s. | Bitterness. adj. Bitter. 2. envious. — bitter; to be very bitter; to be envious, fig. |
keipēlu, s. Bitterness.  
*adj.* Bitter.

keipēripulī, s. Bitter orange of *Atalantia monophylla.*

keiponjavu, s. A single woman.

keipēhetētu, s. A plaint, law.

keibadalu, s. Exchange.  
2. changing hands.  
to exchange; to change hands.

keibaru, s. A circle.

keibaravu, s. Hand-writing.

keibarkatu, s. The virtue or efficacy of the hand.

keibalike, s. Avarice, borrowing readily and returning tardily.

kaibale, s. A bracelet.

keibājī, s. A small kind of chisel.

keibittu, s. A handful of seed sown on the fifteenth of Paggu (about the end of April) as a beginning of cultivation operations.

keibirelu, s. The finger.

keibirsu, s. Sleight of hand.  
2. quickness of hand.

keibilē, s. Cash price.

keibuṭtināye, s. A destitute, or unhappy man.  
2. a wicked man.

keibedi, s. A pistol; a musket.

keibādi, s. Handcuffs.

keibēvu, s. The neem-tree, margosa.

keibyāra, s. Purchasing for cash.

keima, s. A small piece.  
to chop into small pieces.

keimāṇu, s. Fine earth used as a rough plaster.  
to plaster with it.

keimāṇi, s. A hand-bell.

keimarcelu, s. Domestication, taming.  
*adj.* Domesticated.  
to domesticate, tame.

keimāda, s. A funeral ceremony.  
such a ceremony performed with magnificence.

keimāṣu, keimāsā, s. A slow poison.

keimuttā, s. Urgent need.

keimē, *see* keima.

keimetī, s. A kind of musical instrument.

keimōsa, s. A slip of the hand.

keiyāra, *adv.* With one's own hand; by handfuls; willingly; liberally.

keiyālu, s. A dependent, an attendant.

keiyakeiya, *adv.* Hand in hand.

keiyyeddē, s. The virtue
or efficacy of the hand. 2. practice. 3. experience.

keiyyoppigè, s. A signature.

keiyyoli, s. The mouth of a weel.

keiru, keirutu, s. Welfare, health. 2. happiness, prosperity.

keirumalu, s. A handkerchief.

keira, keisare, s. A Caesar, emperor.

keisara, s. A kind of cake. 2. a pigeon hole.

keilapurlî, s. A kind of creeper, the flowers of which are used in curries.

keilapurîre, s. A kind of creeper; also केिलपुरिका.

keilsa, s. The heaven of Śiva. —केिलसा a loan irrecoverably lost.

keiltari, s. The feminine species of palmyra.

keivalya, s. Heaven; eternal happiness; beatitude.

—केिवालया to attain beatitude. —केिवालया to die.

keivāra, s. Possession. 2. subjection, taming. —केिवारा to submit; to get into possession. —केिवारा to take possession; to subdue.

keivādu, s. Manual skill.

keivāru, s. A pair of compasses. —केिवारू to use compasses.

keivodakû, s. Progress; prosperity.

keivoppigè, keivoppu, see केिवोप्पिका.

keiserê, s. Arrest, capture.

keisatthi, s. A round, wooden trough with a handle.

keisare, s. A Caesar, emperor.

keisâla, s. A small or temporary loan without a pledge. [a wall.

keisumbê, s. A hole in

keisûrê, s. Plundering, pillaging.

keisonnê, s. A sign made with the hand.

keihâlita, s. An estimate made by the hand, i.e., by handling a thing.

keihidi, s. A vade-mecum. 2. a warrant for arresting a person at once.

koûka, s. The Koûkana country.

koûkani, s. The Koûkana language.
konka, s. A Konkani Brahmin.

konkane, s. A hook.

konkanye, adj. Crooked, curved, bent; also छुंडे a crooked field; an isolated field.

konqué, s. Irregularity, crookedness. adj. Bent, curved, arched, irregular.

konaga, s. The declivity of a mountain. 2. a name of the Cēra or Kērala country.

kongarukūli, s. An irregular tooth; also कुंडने दका.

konquí, see कुंडाने.

konqery, s. The lower class of Tamulians.

konquéi, see कुंडने.

konjta, s. Viciousness. 2. stupidity. adj. Vicious. 2. stupid. -कुंब of a vicious buffalo; a stupid fellow. -कुंडे, -कुंडे to be vicious or restive; to limp, halt.

konṭavuni, see कुंडने दका.

konṭu, see कुंडने.

konđa, s. A pit, hole. अंड a fire-pit.

konḍapini, konḍavuni, see कुंडने दका.

konḍāta, s. Praise, eulogy, applause.

konḍāduni (कुंडादुनी), v. a. To praise, applaud, glorify, celebrate. 2. to boast.

konđi, s. A sting. 2. a hook. 3. the staple that holds the latch of a door, etc. 4. the clasp of a bracelet; also कुंडने; cf. कुंडने.

konḍu, past. part. (of कुंडने) -कुंडे to put, lay-down. -कुंडे to run away with. -कुंडे to take away, carry, convey. -कुंडे to bring.

konḍe, s. A liquid measure, equal to half a seer, or dry measure equal to one-fourth or one-sixth of a seer. 2. a hollow piece of a bamboo. 3. the bush or socket of a wheel. -कुंडने an umbrella with a small bamboo handle.

konḍopini, konḍopini, see कुंडने दका.

konta, s. Strength.

kontala, s. A large boat.

kontalyuni (*कूंडने दका). v. n. To burn, ache, pain, smart; also कुंडने दका.

kontana, adj. Boundless, immeasurable.

konti, s. A kind of fish.

kontu, s. The cross-beam of a hand-water-lift.

konḍe, s. A kind of fish.

konḍa, s. The pudding-pipe tree, Cassia fistula.

kondra, adj. Small, little. -कुंडने a small garland, rosary.
kompa, kompe, s. A heap. — to heap up.
komba, adj. Horned. — the pincers of a crab etc.
— a kind of centipede.
— a scorpion with shears.
— the thumb. — a kind of cap made of the stalk of an areca-nut branch.
kombaru, s. A kind of cap worn by Koragars.
kombarunji, see komma.
kombikolu, see komma.
kombirelu, see komma.
kombimara, s. A mast.
kombu, s. A horn. 2. a musical horn. 3. a tusk. 4. a branch. 5. spadix, the tender flowerbud of a palm-tree, prepared for the extraction of toddy. — the horn of a deer. — are varieties of horned buffaloes. — the staff of a palankin. — one who blows the horn; a proud man. — music with the wind instruments. — the distance of a horn-sound (about two miles). — to blow a horn. — the horns to appear; to become arrogant.
kombé, s. A buck deer.
kombelw, s. A horn used by a toddy-drawer to soften the flowerbud of a coconut tree in order to squeeze out toddy from it.
kommari, see komma.
kommé, s. Corpulence, fatness. adj. Corpulent, fat.
— a corpulent man; an arrogant fellow. — to diminish, become thin. — to get fat, become stout. — to become very fat, as cattle.
korungu, s. The branch or spatha of a sago-palm.
korungu-mara, s. The Indian beech tree, Pongamia glabra.
— a kind of creeper.
korungu, s. A crane, stork.
koringe, see 2. a white cock.
kornbê, see kornbê.
korndu, s. The stalk of a cocoanut or other palm leaf.
kokka, s. The game of hide and seek. — to play at such a game.
kokkaru, s. Roughness.
kokkarâ, kokkale, adj. Rough. adv. On half bended knees. — rough and crooked. — to sit on half bended knees. — the words are sweet, but the actions rough.
kokkā, kokkāy, see kokkē. kokkē, s. A hook, clasp; cf. kokkē. —kokkē speaking crossly. —kokkē to crouch. —kokkē to be entangled, get into difficulty.

kokkē, kokkēy, sec kokke, y. A hook, clasp; & ss speaking crossly. "W to crouch. _ecu-do to be entangled, get into difficulty.

kokkekiyi, s. The "U" fruit of the tree Tabernamontana coronaria. It is its tree.

kokkeriyuni, kokkeruni (kokkē), v. n. The hair to bristle or stand erect, to horripilate.

kokko, s. Boiled rice. 2. cocoa.

ekocakoēa, s. Lisping. — to lisp.

kokcāru, s. A kind of black crab.

kočippady, kočilu, kočelu, s. A kind of pickle.

kočuni (kokkē), v. n. To prate, brag.

kojanti, s. The refuse or offal of vegetables etc., from which the juice has been expressed.

kojante, s. A thicket of thorns. adj. Thorny; impassable.

kojakū, adj. Over-ripe. 2. burst, broken.

kojapu, s. Sour milk, curds.

kojapuni, kojepuni, kojelpuni (kojē, kojē, kojē), v. a. To spoil. 2. to break, cut in pieces.

kojameda-būru, s. A kind of creeper.

kojaru, see kokkē.

kojalu, see kokkē.

kojaluni, kojiluni, kojeluni (kojē, kojē, kojē), v. a. To burst, break in pieces.

kojenti, see kokkē.

kojje, s. An eunuch.

kojokota, adj. Deficient, short, little. — koj to serve out but little food.

kojāra, kotārē, see kokkē.

koṭarmē, see koṭarmē.

koṭalē, koṭalē, see koṭalē.

koṭa, s. A hut or dwelling of Koragars. 2. leprosy; cf. koṭa — koṭa, — koṭa a leper, abus.

koṭaunji, s. A fruit without flesh. adj. Emaciated.

koṭayi, s. A dried areca-nut. 2. contraction, stiffness, death. — koṭa to contract, become stiff, die.

koṭarē, see koṭa.

koṭarmē, s. Stewardship.

koṭāra, s. A palace, mansion. 2. a store-room.
kottāri, s. A store-keeper, steward. 2. a subdivision of the Śūdra class.
kottigē, s. A kind of cake boiled in steam.
kottu, s. A spade. 2. a cock's comb. 3. a peacock's tuft. 4. a veil. — to cover with a veil.
kottē, s. The kernel of a nut. 2. the testicles. — to harden. — to castrate.

kottēagra, see under kottē.
kottēpiṇyū, s. A kind of ant.
kottēmulū, s. The plant Zizyphus xylopyrus.
kotya, s. A shed, stall. — a verandah. — a bathroom.
kotriṇā, s. A lark.
kotrē, s. A spade.
kodāṅkatti, s. A kind of sickle.
kodāngū, see kodānā.
kodāngē, s. An ear-ring.
kodāngye, s. A buffoon, jester. 2. see kodā under kodānā.
kodānā, kodānā, kodānā, kodānā, s. A large kind of ape, a baboon. — a devil dancer going a-begging in the Tulu month of ēk.
kodandē, s. A kind of fish.

koḍandelu, s. A snare set up for birds.
koḍakkyana, adj. Hot or strong to the taste.
koḍagū, s. Coorg. — the province of Coorg. — a Coorgman; a turbulent fellow.
koḍapanā, koḍapanā, koḍapanā, s. A metallic waterpot.
koḍapūvuni, c. v. (of koḍapū) To weld, forge together.
koḍapuni (koḍa), c. a. To forge, hammer. 2. to bite, as a serpent. 3. to peck, strike with the beak.
koḍape, s. A kind of bird, the hoop.
koḍamandāye, s. The name of a demon.
koḍari, see kodā.
koḍi, s. Point, end, extremity. 2. a sprout. 3. a flag, ensign. 4. interdict, prohibition. — a flag-staff. — to set up a flag in front of a temple as the first ceremony of its car-festival. — to tie, in the name of a demon, a handful of leaves to a tree in a forest or plantation, prohibiting its use until their removal. — to remove an
interdict laid on the use of a forest, etc. — to decorate a shed with cloth, etc. — top and bottom; shelter; progeny, issue. — issueless. — a vagabond; an issueless man.

**kodi** (కొడి), v. n. To bud, germinate.

**kodiré**, s. The top-leaf.

**koduku**, s. The hymen. adj. Obscene.

**kodé**, s. An umbrella.

**kodenjí**, s. The inside of the cheeks.

**kodéyí**, s. A kind of fish.

**kodánu, kodánu**, kodánu, s. A small kind of fish.

**kodéye**, s. A bull or ox with a tuft of white hair on the tail. — a cow with such a tail.

**konajé**, s. A fly infesting the eyes.

**konajekallu**, s. A large rock near Mudabidri.

**konapini**, see 

**konopini**, see 

**konájekallu**, s. A large rock near Mudabidri.

**konapini**, see 

**konopini**, see 

**konalé, konolé**, s. The weed Papsalum pilosum. — a bad person. — a kind of bird with a very long bill.

kotte, s. Trash, dirt.
kotvæle, s. A police officer.
kodaňti, kodaňtigë, s. A wooden hammer.
kodadu, s. A chopping-block.
kodame, s. A blockhead, dolt.
kodi, s. Greediness, eagerness. to be affected with the evil effects of greediness. to take away the evil effects of greediness by charms.
kodipavuni, c. v. (cf. kod 위) To cause to boil.
kodipuni, kodiyuni (कोडपुनी), v. n. To boil, seethe.
kodipelu, s. The act of boiling. 2. lisping. boiled paddy.
kodumbu, s. The cymbiform sheath of a bunch of coconuts.
koddë, s. Stammering. 2. lisping. a stammerer; one who lisps.
koddely, kodyely, s. A highly seasoned soup of pulse.
konalé, konilé, see kona.
konè, s. A point, end, extremity.
koppa, s. The hut of the lowest grade of Pariahs called "Marimanšerū"; cf. koppara.
koppara, koppari, s. The dried coconut kernel.
kopparigë, s. A caldron, boiler with a wide mouth. 2. hidden treasure. to discover hidden treasure.
koppala, s. A coconut garden. 2. a village of coconut gardens.
koppalipuni (कोप्पलिपुनी), v. a. To gargle, rinse the mouth.
koppu, s. A female's upper earring. its screw.
koppè, see koppa.
kobari, kobbari, see kobari.
kommè, see komme.
koya, adv. Over, out.
KOYAKOYA, adv. Excessively, exceedingly. to have copious perspiration.
koyimpuni, see koyimpuru.
koyimusulu, s. A sigh, long breath. to sigh.
koyipini, see koyipini.
koyilu, s. Reaping. 2. harvest. 3. a small paddy field; cf. koyilu. to begin the harvest work.
koyilatta, s. The paddy paid to a reaper as wages.
koyilatti, s. A scythe or sickle.
koyilā, s. *Pudendum muliebre*. — to become pubescent, to menstruate.
koyyuni, see koyūni.
koyyusulu, see koyyusulu.

koyyeli, s. Harvest.
koyyolu, s. Bivalve shell, *Mytilus*.

kora, adj. Brief, short.
korantu, s. The kernel or stone of a fruit. 2. the cashew nut. — the kernel to be formed in the stone.
korandi, see kori.

korantuni (kora), v.o. To pretend to eat, handle food reluctantly. 2. to pick, as lice from the hair.
korampē, s. A bruise, contusion. 2. a welt; cf. kora.
korambāra, adv. Abundantly, plentifully. — to eat heartily.
korambi, s. A kind of tree.
korambilu, s. A protection for a creeper, especially for one of a small kind of cucumber.
korambu, s. A groove shaped umbrella, made of the leaves of the dammer tree. 2. a rib.
korambē, s. A swamp.

koraguni, see korage.
korage, s. A man of the Koragar caste, a tribe that feeds on carrion and whose women wear leaves.
koraji, koraju, s. A serpent charmer.
koradu, s. A log, stump. — a piece of sandal wood. 2. see koradi.
koradi, see koradi.
korade, s. A pollard.
korati, korate, s. Defect. 2. want, need; cf. korale.
koranu, s. A kind of fish.
korapalu, s. A Koragar woman. 2. a female’s name.
korapuni, see korapuni.
korape, korapele, s. One who snores.
korapelu, s. Snoring.
koralu, s. An ear of corn. — a small or withered ear of corn. — an after-ear of corn.
korale, s. Cold, catarrh; cf. korale.
koralu, see korale.
korasanđi, see korasanđi.
koralu, see korale.
koralu, s. Cold, catarrh; cf. korale.
kuru, s. A bar of metal. — a bar of gold.
koruńgu, koruńgē, see koruńgu.
kore, adj. Weak. 2. small.
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
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<tr>
<td>कोरेजुनी (कोरे)</td>
<td>To make a noise.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोरथुपुनी (कोरे)</td>
<td>To bark, roar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोरवुनी</td>
<td>To cause to give, to give through another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोर्पीनी (कोरे)</td>
<td>To give, grant, bestow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोर्पवुनी, c.v.</td>
<td>Cause to give, to give through another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोर्पाता</td>
<td>Giving, distribution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोर्पवुनी, c.v.</td>
<td>To cause to give, to give through another.</td>
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<td>कोर्पीनी, v.a.</td>
<td>To give, grant, bestow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोर्पवुनी, c.v.</td>
<td>To fasten; to touch.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्‌ले</td>
<td>Murder.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्लेउं</td>
<td>S. A kind of fish.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्लेउं</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्लेनी,</td>
<td>S. A kind of fish.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्तलें, कोल्तिलें, कोल्तुलें</td>
<td>A cross beam.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोर्लेनी,</td>
<td>A kind of fish.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोकर्ली, स. A long-legged fowl.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>कोकली, s. Setting on edge.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोकलूनी (कोकलु), v.n.</td>
<td>The teeth to be set on edge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोकलेड</td>
<td>To touch, reach.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोलमें</td>
<td>Nicety, delicacy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोलमे, s. A very deep pit; an abyss, hell.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>कोलमें, कोलवें, कोलाय</td>
<td>A clasp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोलवें</td>
<td>The third crop of rice.</td>
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<tr>
<td>कोलकै, s. Marshy ground.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>कोलकै, s.</td>
<td>The third crop of rice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोलकै, s.</td>
<td>A kind of small fish.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोलवै, कोलवै, कोलवै, तृतीय</td>
<td>A clasp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>कोलवै</td>
<td>A clasp, hook.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- कोरिके, कोरिके, कोरिके-मारा, see कोरिके-म।
- कोरेजुनी, कोरेजुनी, कोरेजु-मारा, see कोरेजु-म।
- कोरेजुनी, कोरेजुनी, कोरेजु-मारा, see कोरेजु-म।
- कोरथुपुनी, कोरथुपुनी, कोरथुपुनी, see कोरथुपुनी।
- कोर्पवुनी, c.v. (of कोर्पवुनी) To cause to give, to give through another. |
kosa

kosi, see kosa. 2. see koti.

kosarū, kosarukku, kosarukku kotikolu, kosarali, s. A perverse disposition. 2. tale-bearing. 3. an ill-tempered man. 4. a tale-bearer.

kolambè, s. A drain. 2. a bath. adj. Decayed, putrid, stinking.

kolaku, s. Nuisance. adj. Filthy, dirty.

kolakè, see kolakù. [grain.]

kolaga, s. A measure of kolacì, s. Buffoonery; mimicry, jeering. —kolaká to mimic, jest; to play tricks.

kolalu, s. A fife.

kolala, s. War, battle.

kolavè, see kolavu.

kolpu, see kolpu.

kolpunì, see kolpunì.

kollikù, see kollikù.

kônkè, see konsì.

kônkekaanda, s. An uneven field.

kônganù, s. A squint eye; cf. konca.

königi, s. Ridicule, jest, mockery. —köniki, —konukà to make fun, to ridicule.

köneca, s. Extravagance; cf. konca. —konukà to be extravagant.

kônù, see konkù.

könţançelù, s. Hobbling. adj. Lame.

kôntâvuni, c. v. (of kôntu) To halt, hobble.

kôntu, s. An angle, corner, crook.

kôntuni (kôntu), v. n. To halt, limp.

kôndè, s. A stick to which fruits etc. are studded.

kôndru, kôndrukolu, kondru, s. Boasting.

kôndri, see kôndri.

kômbulè, kômbulè, adj. Soft, delicate. 2. young.

kôka, s. The game of hide and seek. —kôkù to play at such a game.

kôkâyi, s. A bill, beak. —kôki a quarrelsome man. —kûy a quarrelsome woman. —kûkù to rub the beak; to quarrel.

kôkilegili, s. A singing parrot.

kôgilè, kôgile, kôjile, s. A cuckoo.

kôca, kocà, kócà, s. Boasting. —kôca maskery. —kôcà to put on a mask.

kôčâji, s. Sexual indulgence.

kôtañji, s. Sexual indulgence.

kôtalè, s. Pain, sickness. 2. the chicken-pox. 3. hardship, distress.

kôti, s. A crore, ten mil-
lions. 2. remembrance, recollection. 3. the name of a male. — kir to recollect.

कोटि, s. A store, godown. एको — a salt store.

कोटिया, see कोटि.

कोटु, s. Losing a game, उग्ल. एको to lose the game. एको to defeat.

कोटे, s. A fort, fortress.

कोट्या, s. A kind of sailing vessel.

कोडु, s. A horn. 2. a pod. एको the milk-hedge, Euphorbia antiquorum.

कोडांगी, see कोडा.

कोडाबु, कोडा, कोडे, कोडा, कोडेदाबु, कोडिदाबु, कोडेदाबु, s. A demon worshipped by Pariahs.

कोडी, adj. A lot of twenty, a score.

कोडी, s. Corner. 2. a place, quarter. एको fire-side. एको the hind part of the fire-place in a bathroom.

कोडु, see कोडा.

कोडे, adv. Yesterday. एको an upstart; a young, inexperienced man, a griffin.

कोणा, s. An angle, corner. 2. see कोडा. एको a triangle.

कोणे, s. A room, apartment. 2. a corner.

कोणेदाप्प, s. A female demon.

कोणेरिराये, s. A demi-god. [stone.

कोकला, कोकलु, s. A corner.

कोटले, s. A kind of fishing net. 2. a straight grown tree.

कोटि, s. A monkey. एको the pranks of a monkey; mischief. एको to be silly, foolish.

कोदांगा, s. A rope suspended in schools for punishing boys. 2. a bow.

कोडले, see कोडा.

कोना, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

कोनेरिराये, see कोने.

कोपा, s. Anger, wrath. एको to be angry. एको to provoke.

कोपारा, s. Buffoonery, low jesting.

कोपी, कोपिश्चे, s. An angry man.

कोपिनु, s. A piece of cloth to cover the privities.

कोपु, s. A cup.

कोपे, s. A string of fruits, fish, etc.

कोमा, s. A crowd.

कोमाति, कोमातिगे, s. A class of merchants. 2. cunning, craft. 3. a rogue. एको a rogue, crafty fellow.

कोमाना, s. A piece of
cloth to cover the privities.
2. the privities.

kómaya, s. Home-sickness. 2. attachment.

kómara, s. An oracle.

kómala, adj. Tender, delicate, young. 2. pleasing.

kómálé, s. A handsome woman.

kómuy, s. A crowd.

kóra, s. Measles.

kóra, adj. Rough, not fine. 2. curved. 3. harsh, jarring.
- unbleached lawn cloth.
- a curved tusk or fang.
- a discordant song or tune.

kóraúji, s. A kind of shrub.

kórapti, s. The fragrant grass, Mollugo cerviana.

kórii, kórayi, kórayi, s. A basin: 2. lameness, hobbling.

kórvu, adj. Lame. 2 a lame leg.

kórvuni (kórv), v. n. To halt, limp.

kóri, s. A fowl, cock. 2. poultry. 3. a kind of ladle for serving rice. - a small bean, dolichos. - cock-fight. - the right foot raised against anything. - a kind of medicinal plant.

an entertainment with fowls.
- a chicken. - a cock’s comb. - a poultry-yard. - a kind of preparation of fowl. - a kind of fish. - to stand on the right foot. - to get up a cock-fight. - to crow.
- to crow fast and lustily. - a jungle fowl. - a teal. - a short legged fowl.

kórikè, kórige, s. Hope, desire, wish.

kóruni (kó), v. a. To desire, hope expect. 2. see kórikè.

kórè, adj. Curved, bent; cf. kóri.

kórji, s. A measure of grain, consisting of forty-two muras of rice. by kórjis.

kórtu, s. A court of justice.

körđe, see kórdè.

körtè, s. Preparing a field for sowing; also körji.

kóly, see kóly.

kóla, s. A devil-dance. - to assume a mask, to act a devil-dance.

kólakalì, s. A kind of Cactus.

kólayi, adv. In lines.
**Game** at which persons make alternate motions and strike mutually short sticks in each others’ hands. — to play at the above game.

**kōlāhala**, s. Pomp, display. 2. din of war.

**kōli**, see **kōlā**. 2. uproar, bustle.

**kōlu**, s. A stick, staff, rod. 2. a sceptre. 3. a measuring rod about two and half English feet. 4. a kind of black oyster. — a king’s sceptre. — a rod with a handle twisted with twine.

**kōlukare**, s. A peon in general. 2. a peon whose duty is to measure salt.

**kōludalyu**, s. A kind of white ants.

**kōlubēli**, s. A fence of sticks.

**kōlē**, adj. Hollow, sunken; cf. **kōle**, **kolu**. — a sunken eye, a large eye.

**kolkāre**, see **kovana**.

**kōlde**, see **kōli**.

**kōvana**, see **kovana**.

**kōvi**, s. A gun, firelock; cf. **kēvi**.

**kōvilukattē**, s. A mule; cf. **kēvilukattē**.

**kōvē**, s. A mould. 2. a crucible.

**kōvetemma**, s. Hoop-

**kōsyu**, adj. Oblique, squint. — a squint eye; cf. **kōsyu**.

**kōsambari**, **kōsumbari**, s. A kind of condiment made of pulse.

**kōla**, s. The stocks. 2. see **kovana**. 3. a veil. — see **kōlambhi**. — hand-cuffs. — to put in stocks.

**kōlambhi**, s. A broad spittoon.

**kōli**, see **kōlā**.

**kōlu**, see **kovana**.

**kōlē**, s. A kind of cake.

**koikuri**, s. A kind of sheep with fatty posteriors.

**koipini**, v. a. To cut, reap, mow.

**koyyolu**, s. Chopping. — a species of the vegetable *Amaranthus tristis*.

**koilu**, see **kovana**.

**koiseraṇgyu**, s. The mode of wearing a shawl by a bridegroom.

**kounča**, adv. Topsy-turvy, upside down. — to upset, overturn.
Rancidity. *adj.* Rancid; see krani.

1. 1. To become rancid.
s. A kind of perfume.

2. To bury. a burial ground. a grave-digger; a term of reproach.
s. The scarf-skin, cuticle.

3. A kind of comb.
s. A cowry.

A cancer on the cheek.

s. A cowry; *Cypraea moneta.*

s. A milkman. 2. a man bringing contribution for temple feasts.

a bundle of about twenty-five betel leaves.

s. Odour, scent, smell. 2. a kind of perfume. 3. stench. 4. the cheek.

s. A sacrifice, oblation.

s. Order, method, regularity. irregular, disorderly. regularly, in order.

s. Price, value. a buyer, purchaser. a deed of sale; also settlement of price.

Buying and selling; trade. to fix the price. to sell. to buy.

s. The efflorescent kind of rickets.
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<th><strong>kha</strong></th>
<th>The fifteenth letter of the alphabet.</th>
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<td><strong>kha</strong></td>
<td>s. A kind of grass.</td>
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<td><strong>kha</strong></td>
<td>s. A piece, part, portion. 2. a continent. 3. a chapter. —<em>-kha to fall into pieces. —</em>-kha to break into pieces.</td>
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| **khandabe** | **khandabatte** | see so |
|---|---|
| **khandita** | **khandita** | s. A weight equal to twenty maunds. 2. see **kha**. |
| **khandita** | **khandita** | adj. Strict, severe. 2. positive, true, certain. adv. Strictly; positively. |
| **khandisuni** | **khandisuni** | v. a. To cut into pieces, to sever. 2. to refute. 3. to criticise. 4. to fix, settle. |
| **khanduga** | **khandugeruni** | v. a. |
To chip, cut away a small piece. 2. to square, make right.

khaga, s. A bird. —Garuḍa, the king of birds.
khagōla, s. The celestial globe.

khajānuji, s. A treasurer, cash-keeper.
khajānē, s. A treasury. 2. money. —a cash chest, cash box.
khalāsi, see स्त्र. khālu, adj. Resolute, positive, decided. adv. Resolutely, determinately, positively.
khājanuji, s. A treasurer, cash-keeper.
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khalāsi, see स्त्र. khālu, adj. Resolute, positive, decided. adv. Resolutely, determinately, positively.
khājanuji, s. A treasurer, cash-keeper.
khajānē, s. A treasury. 2. money. —a cash chest, cash box.
one's own consent. —self-acquisition.

khula, adj. Open, not closed.

A demi-god. a wandering priest, vagabond, vagrant, beggar.

Failing, defect, fault. 2. a simpleton. adj. Incorrigible, irreclaimable.

Fame, reputation.

The sixteenth letter of the alphabet. 2. a female's name. Siva, who received the Ganges on his head. pilgrimage to the Ganges. bathing in the Ganges water. 2. a female's name. The river Ganges. 2. a female's name. Ganges.

A kind of playing cards. Purified salt, table salt.

A kind of parasite. Gruel, rice water. 2. starch. 3. porridge.

A kind of playing cards. Purified salt, table salt.

A knot. 3. a bundle. 4. money; riches. A small kind of jack fruit. A pickpocket. A variety of syphilis in which the joints are affected. A sealed bundle. to pack; to amass wealth. to untie. to settle a debt. to tie, bind, knit. to form a knot; to come in contact with; to attack.
marriage alliance. a fabrication, false story.

**ganta**, see गंगा.

**gantapucce**, s. A male cat; also गंगा.

**gantamanī**, s. A large bell.

**gantāsē**, s. Avarice, covetousness.

**gantā**, s. A kind of earring.

**gantisuttu**, s. A child's necklace of beads.

**gantū**, s. The knot or joint of a reed or cane. 2. see गंगा.

**gantusy**, s. Stinking produced by breaking wind downwards.

**gantē**, s. A bell, gong. 3. a clock. 4. an hour. 5. see गंगा. -तस्तः to ring the bell, strike the hour.

**gandukāyī**, s. Papaw, the fruit of *Carica papaya*. 2. manliness.

**gandumruga**, s. A rhinoceros.

**gandustana**, s. Manliness, bravery.

**gandagana**, s. A host of demons. 2. a band of heroes.

**gandabērunda-pakki**, s. A fabulous bird with two heads.

**gandamālē**, s. Scrofula. 2. ulcers on the neck.

**gandastana**, see गंगा.

**gandakshara**, s. An aspirated letter.
sandal on the forehead. — the distillery of sandal oil. — a sandal tree, sandalwood. — a sandal paste prepared with other ingredients. — smearing sandal on the person. — spices. — to smear sandal on the person.

**gandhaka, s.** Sulphur, brimstone.

**gandhagiri, s.** A kind of timber tree.

**gandhamunči, s.** Cubeb, Piper cubeba.

**gandharva, s.** A horse. 2. a musician of the demi-gods, having a human face and a horse's body. — a handsome woman.

**gandhasālē, s.** A superior kind of table-rice.

**ganna, s.** A sugar-cane.

**gannakatteri, s.** A burglar's instrument; also a deceiver. 2. a deceiver.

**gannya, see gandha.**

**gampa, s.** Mire, mud. adj. Muddy, sticky. — a fertile paddy-field. — a large tract of fertile land.

**gambhira, adj.** Honorable, revered, venerable. 2. deep, profound. — honorableness; profoundness. — an honourable man.

**gammu, s.** A good or bad smell.

**gammatu, s.** Merriment. 2. happiness. — to be merry.

**gakkanè, adv.** Quickly.

**gaggandha, adj.** Very dark. 2. gaggara, gaggare, s. A petticoat. 2. a bell-ornament. 3. a kind of liquor.

**gaggallyu, s.** A rock.

**gaggura, gagguru, s.** A kind of curry.

**gaggurīyuni (gagguru), v. n.** To bark. v. a. To frighten.

**gaggerāvuni (gagguru), v. a.** To frighten, alarm. 2. to censure, scold.

**gaggela, s.** Fulmination, denouncement; cf. gaggelyuni. 2. To roar, cry. v. a. To frighten.

**gaō, gaōi, gôsu, s.** Mortar, plaster. 2. a lump. — to stick fast.

**gaja, s.** An elephant. adj. Elephantine. — Gaṇēṣa, with the head of an elephant.

**gaja, gaje, s.** A yard measure. 2. a ramrod. — a flag-staff. — a standard in purchasing elephants. — a yard measure.

**gajanṭhu, see gambhira.**

**gagajagaja s.** Jostling, jolting. 2. trembling.

**gajani, s.** Poor or infertile
gaja

ground. —adj. an infertile land.
gajapuni, see gajalu.
gajalu, adj. Confused, distracted. 2. filthy, foul. 3. rough, not fine. —a a foul or rough sort of rice. —a a filthy place.
gajaluni, see gajalu.
gajalpuni, see gajalu.
gaju, adj. Boasting.
gajigê, s. The Molucca bean, Guilandina bonduc.
gajipuni, v.a. To fasten, strengthen.
gajibijji, s. Complication, entanglement, confusion. —a bad hand-writing, scribbling. —a a miry road.
gajiru, see gajalu.
gajjira, s. The marsh date tree. —its fruits.

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gajjâ, see gajalu.
gata, see gata.
gatagata, s. A gurgling noise, as produced when drinking.
gatani, see gatani.
gatta, see gatta.
gatani, gattâ, gatâ-gatâ, gattâ-gâtâ, s. The foundation of a building.
gattalê, see sëgata.
gatti, adj. Firm, secure. 2. solid, hard. 3. clever, able, strong. —a a narrow, thick chisel. —a substantial work. —a a loud speaker, a talkative person. —a to coagulate, curdle, freeze. —a to hold fast. —a to make strong, fix firmly; to bake a kind of cake; cf. gattii.
gattigaññi, s. Clot after clot, clod after clod. adj. Very cloddy, very hard.
gâtîge, s. A clever man. —cleverness, ability, skill.
gatîyuni, gatîyuni, gâtîyuni, gâtîyuni, v.a. To wipe off.
gâtê, s. A kind of cake. 2. a clod, lump.
gâtêle, see sëgata.
gadusû, adj. Powerful, strong, able. 2. clever. 3. brave, firm, gallant. 4. severe, strict. —a severity,
strictness, strength; ability. — kadā, gaḍa an able or wealthy man.

गाḍांगु, s. A godown, store-room. 2. a toddy-shop.

गाḍांबले, s. A poisonous snake.

गाḍाक, gaḍakka, gaḍaga, see gaḍan.

gaḍakka, adv. Suddenly.

gaḍagada, s. A chattering noise. — sō to shiver, tremble with cold.

gaḍadadi, see gaḍa.

gaḍayi, gaḍayi, s. A long pole with spherical bells, shaken in temples; cf. gaḍa. 2. a hillock, hill. — the name of a rocky hill.

गाḍासु, s. A heifer, young cow.

गाडाबांडी, see gaḍabadi.

gaḍabadi, see gaḍa.

gaḍabaji, s. A rocket. 2. an independent person. 3. heedlessness, recklessness, disregard.

gaḍa, s. An incision, cut. 2. the half of a cocoanut. 3. a limit, boundary, frontier. 4. authority, power. 5. appointment of a headman or chieftain. — a piece of mango-pickles. — a boundary stone, land-mark. — a nomination and appointment of a headman with certain privileges in a demon shrine. — banishment, transportation. — to banish. — to appoint a headman. — to transgress, violate the bounds. — to make an incision, mark out a tree to be cut down. — a slip. — the boundary of a land.

gaḍige, s. A small earthen ware, a pot.

gaḍipuni (♀), v. n. To agree, harmonize, be in unison. 2. to suit, be convenient. गा डि पूनी अग्रेट they do not agree together.

gaḍibidi, s. Bustle confusion, disorder, tumult, disturbance. — to bustle; to disturb; cf. gaḍi.

gaḍima, s. A large piece of anything.

gaḍiyalu, s. A watch, clock. — a watchmaker.

gaḍiyuni, see gaḍi.

gaḍu, s. A term, fixed time or place. — periodically, now and then. — a time to fix a time.

gaḍuvāḍu, s. Halt, stay. — a halting place.

gaḍustana, s. Bravery, manliness. 2. power, strength, greatness; cf. gaḍa.
gadda, s. The chin. 2. the beard. — to entreat a person by taking hold of his beard in token of respect.
gaddayi, s. Compulsion, force. adj. Compulsory; also compulsory work. — to compel, force.
gaddi, see gadda.
gaddé, s. A bulbous root. 2. a lump, clod. — to coagulate, curdle.
gadsutana, see gadda.
gana, s. A flock, host, multitude. 2. a retinue, train of attendants. 3. a class of spirits. 4. a foot of three syllables. 5. a number, arithmetic. 6. series of asterisms classed under three heads, human, infernal, and divine. — Gaṇēśa the leader of Śiva’s retinue. — evil spirits. — angels.
ganna, s. A tinkling sound.
ganakalepini (gaṇapī), v. n. To be pensive, thoughtful and sad.
ganagaṭi, s. Leg ornaments.
ghané, s. Regard, esteem. 2. calculation.
ghanasya, s. The link of a chain. 2. a hook.
ganālu, see ganita.

ganita, s. Arithmetic, calculation. adj. Counted, numbered. — arithmetic.
ganipuni, see ganita, ganita.
ghanilu, s. Tinkling. — to tinkle.
ganè, s. A pole, staff. 2. an arrow. — a tumbler’s pole; cf. gane.
Gaṇēśa, Gaṇēśa, Gaṇēśa, s. The chief of demi-gods and remover of obstacles. He is invoked at the commencement of auspicious ceremonies; also Gaṇēśa.
ganyā, see gana.
gatū, s. Fatigue, weariness, trouble. — suicide, extinction of life. — intention, wish, purpose.

gati, s. Destiny, fate, fortune, condition. 2. protection, support. 3. means, resources, income. 4. motion, course. — means and family. — a poor, helpless man. — a downward course; perdition. — an upward or heavenward course; salvation. — the progress of time. — the motion of planets, their
influence on the human destiny. a bad condition; future misery. fate, destiny. to help, show means; to make funeral ceremonies. who will protect or save me? what support have I? what is to become of me? I have no means or support.

* gatu, see *.

* gada, see *.

* gadagada, s. A crackling noise. to burn or blaze with a crackling noise.

* gadarū, s. A lump. a weapon; a club, mace.

* gaddala, s. Confusion, disturbance, noise. to make noise, to reprove, rebuke; to exhibit magnificence, grandeur.

* gaddava, v. n. An earthen plate.

* gaddavuni, c. v. (of * gadda) To shake, move, rock.

* gaddigē, s. A throne, seat of honour.

* gadduni (gadda), v. n. To shake, quiver, be agitated.

** gaddela, see *.

** gaddya, s. Prose. prose and verse.

** gadhe, see *.

** gana, see *.

** ganagatti, s. A tinkling article. anklets and toe-ornaments. adj. Powerful.

** gannakatteri, see *.

** gapu, s. Concealing; suppression. misappropriation. silence, quietness. to hide; to misappropriate.

** gapalaty, s. A lie, falsehood. shuffling, as cards. misplacing.

** gapē, gap, gappi, gappē, s. A lie, falsehood. a hoax, humbug. to tell a lie; to hoax. to hide, conceal, suppress.

** gappa, adj. Silent, quiet; cf. *.

** gabbala, s. Gulping, swallowing. to gulp, swallow up.

** gabba, see *.

** gamagama, s. Fragrance, odour; cf. *.

** gamatū, see *.

** gamana, s. Going, moving, motion, course.

** gamasu, s. Fragrance, odour. stink, stench.
gamasuni (গমাসুনি), v. n. To smell, scent; stink.
gamayisuni (গমাযিসুনি), v. n. To be fragrant, odoriferous. 2. to strike, flag.
gamevuni (গামেভুনি), SP. H. To be hot, feel hot, as in a fit of fever.
gaya, s. A place of pilgrimage. the people of Gaya - the sacred place at Gaya.
gayilu, see ৩০.
garakena, adj. Clean, clear.

garagari, see ৩৫.
garagasa, see ৩৯.
garadi, see ৩৬, ৩৭.

garade, see ৩৮.

garana, see ৩৯.
garamu, adj. Hot, warm. s. Heat, warmth; cf. ৩৯.
- spices for curry.
garaste, see ৩৫.

Garabu, see ৩০.
gari, s. A wing, feather.
garimi, see ৩০.

garime, s. Severity, strictness.
gariyuni (গারিযুনি), v. n. To break off, give way; cf. ৩০.
garibu, adj. Poor. ৩০ a poor man.

garu, s. A rafter. 2. a mould; cf. ৩০. adj. Rough.
garuga, see ৩৩.

garuda, garude, s. The son of Kasyapa, having a human form, with a bird's bill and wings, and described to be Vishnu's vehicle. 2. the Brahmany kite, eagle; also ৩৩ a wooden form of Garuda, used to carry an idol in procession. ৩৩ a post or pillar in front of a temple, with the figure of Garuda on its top. ৩৩ a seat of an idol with the figure of Garuda - a kind of bush, Ophiorrhiza mungos. ৩৩ a drag to catch things under water; an outer part of a palm-leaf.

garuputta, s. A crucible.
gare, s. The shaft of a country water-lift; cf. ৩৫.
- a broken tile.
gareyata, s. A kind of game.

garodi, s. The shrine of
the demons called  
2. a veranda. 3. a fencing school, gymnasium. —
gymnastic exercise.


garanè, see  
garka, adv. Suddenly.
garga, s. A kind of medicinal plant, *Eclipta erecta*.
garga, adj. Profound, 2. thick. — thick darkness.
garga, adj. Half-ripe, half-grown, as an arecanut etc.
garga, s. A saw. — the teeth of a saw.
garanè, s. Roaring. — to roar, bellow.
garji, s. Need, necessity, occasion. — a time of difficulty.
garti, s. A married woman. 2. a chaste or continent woman.
garnalù, s. A mortar. 2. a bomb, cannon.
garpuni ( ), v. a. To dig.
garpelu, s. Scooping, burrowing.
garba, see  
garbija, s. A melon, the fruit of *Cucumis melo*.
garha, s. The womb, uterus. 2. pregnancy. 3. embryo. — disorder in the womb; colic. — to be afraid; to touch the vitals.
garhhasuti, s. A web of cloth woven with red and black thread. — a turban of this kind. — a female’s garment of this kind.
garbhini, s. A pregnant woman.
garmasalè, see under  
garmi, garmu, s. Heat, burning, warmth; zeal.
garyuni, see  
garva, s. Pride, arrogance. — a proud or arrogant man. — to be proud, haughty. — to subdue one’s pride with effort.
garvi, garvishte, s. A proud man.
galugulu, s. A rumbling in the stomach.
galagala, s. A noise caused by bracelets.
galabu, s. Tumult, confusion, noise.
galamena, see  
galasuni ( ), v. a. To use, employ.
galasù, s. A tumbler. 2. a swinging glass lamp.
galija, galija, galiyu, s. Dirt, filth, nuisance.
Disorder, confusion, tumult; anarchy; cf. गलिबिलि, गलिबिलि.

To be confused.

Acquirement.

A noise produced as when sinking or diving.

To disturb.

Error, mistake.

Misplacing.

Freshness, briskness, vigour.

A handful, mouthful.

A hand, a patrole, watchman.

To arrange folds.

A street.

Sense, sensation, consciousness.

The case or cover of a fiddle, etc.

A cave, hole, cell.

A halter round the neck, a noose.

A lie, falsehood.

The hemp plant, Cannabis sativa, whose leaves and fructification are smoked,
or ground in water and drunk for inebriating purposes.

**gānti, s.** A kind of sweet-meat.

**gāndu, gāndū, gāndu, s.** A coward. 2. a man without self-respect.

**gāndīgouji, s.** Much fuss, much ado.

**gāndiyuni, see gāndī.**

**gāndāri, gāndini, s.** A roving woman.

**gādr, gādu, gādi, gāja, gāju, s.** Glass ware. 2. China ware. 3. *see gādi; cf. gādādi.*

**gātu, gātī, gātyu, gāti, adj.** Hot, pungent.

**gāda, gādu, gāda, s.** Torment, vexation.

**gādi, s.** A bandy, cart, coach. —*gādē, —gādē* a coachman. —*gādē* to harness horses or bullocks to a coach, cart or bandy. —*gādē* to drive a cart.

**gādyuni, gādiyuni, gādiyuni, see gādyuni.**

**gādiyuli, s.** A small chisel.

**gādha, adj.** Strong, firm. 2. excessive, much, great. —*gādha* sound sleep.

**gāna, s.** An oil-mill. 2. a sugar-mill. —*gānā* oil expressed in a mill. —*gāna* the perpendicular roller of a mill. —*gāna* the excavated trunk of a tree, used as the body of a mill. —*gāna* an oilman. —*gāna* to work a mill.

**gāngige, s.** An oil-miller.

**gānuni (gāni), v. n.** To smoke, burn to cinders, glow; *cf. gāni.*

**gāta, gātā, gāta, gātaka, gāti, see gātā.**

**gātā, gātā, gātā, gātā, gātage, s.** A treacherous man.

**gātra, s.** The body. 2. a member or limb. *adj.** Stout, thick.

**gādini, gādivi, gādivi, see gādiyuni.**

**gādē, gādē, gādē, gādhē, s.** A proverb, adage.

**gāna, s.** Psalmody, music. —*gāda* the science of psalmody.

**gāpu, see gāda.**

**gābādi, s.** A leak, hole in a vessel. —*gābādi* to repair a leak. —*gābādi* a vessel to leak.

**gābari, gābari, gābari, s.** Perplexity, confusion, alarm, perturbation. —*gābari* to be perplexed, alarmed, confused. —*gābari* to alarm, perplex.
gabi, s. Darkness.

gabi, gabidi, gabudi, see gabi.

Agitation, commotion, disturbance, ferment. 2. rumour. gabi rumour upon rumour.

gari, see gabi.

gamini, s. Confluence, junction.

gaya, see gana. [sic; cf. gana.

gayake, s. A singer, musician.

gayatri, s. The most sacred incantation of the Brahmans, namely Gayatri.

Gayana, adj. Dry. 2. hot.

Garan, garante, s. Whitewashing or painting walls, etc. - to whitewash or paint them. [or fritter.

Garige, s. A kind of cake

garipuni, see garipuni.

Gare, s. Lime plaster, a composition of lime, earth, etc.

Gare, An affix of nouns denoting profession, employment, etc. as, gare - a horsekeeper. gare - a backbiter. gare - a seller of bracelets. gare - a liar.

gali, s. A wheel. 2. see gara.

- the wheel to turn round. gara a cart wheel.

galipuni (gar), v. a. To strain, filter.

galiyuni, s. To be strained, filtered.

galisuni (garuni), v. a. To separate grain from refuse by washing. 2. to strain, filter.

gavale, s. Jugglery. a juggler. conjuration.

Gavu, s. Heat. 2. fomentation. 3. glare; cf. gar.

Gavuda, s. A stage or distance of twelve miles.

Gasi, s. Fatigue, exhaustion, toil, pain, trouble. 2. the state of being emptied. 3. end, termination, death.

Gara to be distressed, wearied; to be confused, dissatisfied.

Gala, s. An angle, fishhook.

gali, s. Wind, air. 2. breath. a falsehood. a paper kite. an unfounded rumour,
a false report. -অশো to fan. -আক্ত wind to blow.

Agiyuni, Agiyuni, galiyuni, galiyuni, see গলিযুনি.

Ach, Achi, gindi, gindyə, gindyə, s. A goblet, small metal vessel.

Agnal, s. A goglet, cup of bell-metal.

Aigos, Agos, gimma, gimmu, see গিম্মা, গিম্মু.

Agos, Agos, gijaru, gijaru, see গিজারু.

Agijiti, gijikiti, see গিজিকিটি.

Agijigi, adj. Soft, pul-poss. s. A chirping noise. 2. a rattle, toy. -স্ত্রী The shrub Crotoloria verrucosa.

Agigiji, see গিজিজি.

Agijilu, s. Confusion; also adj. Confused. -য়ানো to become confused.

Agijja, adj. Thick, full. s. A heap, mass, crowd.

Agid, Agid, gittu, gitta, gitti, s. Scoria, dross of smelted iron. -দ্বারে তo repair an earthen vessel with its paste; cf. সিশ।

Agid, gitta, adj. Proximate, near.

Agid, gittu, see গিটু.

Agidgub, Agidgub, gidugeu, gidukyə, see গিডিগুপু.

Agidgub, Agidgub, giduge, gidage, see গিডিগুপু.

Agidupu, see গিডিপু.
gidiu, s. A kind of tonsure.
giddaru, s. A race-buffalo.
gidpu, s. Thickness. adj. Thick, stout.
gidda, s. A kind of cock. adj. Short; cf. gili.
gidyedayeru, see gidpu. Thickness.
gidderu, s. A race-buffalo.
gidpu, s. Thickness. gidiye, s. Short; cf. gili.
gidpe, s. A kind of cock. adj. Short; cf. gili.
gidpu, s. Thickness.
gidye, s. A kind of cock. adj. Short; cf. gili.
gidpuni, giduruni, gidruni, see gidpu. Loosening.
gidupuni, giduruni, gidruni, see gidpu. Thickness.
gidipuni, see gidpu. Loosening.
gi, s. The tinkling sound of a small bell.
gi, see gir.
ginigini, ginilu, s. The tinkling sound of a small bell.
giri, giriye, s. A kind of cock. adj. Short; cf. gili.
giriyantra, s. Ruin.
giriyantra, s. Ruin.
giriyantra, see gir.
giriyele, s. A wanderer, vagabond.
giriyantra, s. Ruin.
giragati, s. Family affairs. 2. influence of evil stars upon one's fortune, fate.
giraku, s. A mountain.
giriki, s. Fear; trembling.
giriku, s. A female's underdress of striped cloth.
girikitti, s. A child's toy, with wheels whirling round by means of a string between them. 2. a kind of gambling by turning round a ball, dotted with figures, in a plate.
girigiri, s. Creaking. adv. Quickly, speedily. — to turn round with great speed.
giridupopini, see gidpu.
girikan, s. A kind of mango. — kinds of ear-ornament.
girigiri, see gir.
girilu, s. A wooden giripuni (vs), see gir.
girikolu, see gir.
giriyantra, s. Ruin.
giripuni, see gir.
girlu, s. A parrot; cf. giri.
giridupopini, see gidpu.
girikititi, see gir.
giri, s. A parrot; cf. giri.
giridupopini, see gidpu.
giriki, s. Fear; trembling.
giri, s. A parrot; cf. giri.
girichu, see gi.
gilimuku, s. A hooked nose. 2. an ornamental carving on door posts.
gisuni (সীসুনি), v. a. To draw lines, to rule. 2. to scratch over with a pen, scrawl, erase; cf. gisuni.
giš, s. A line, stroke, mark. —অন্তত to draw a line.
gitu, see gita.
gita, s. A song, hymn.
giri, gilu, giru, s. A scratch, superficial wound or mark, slight incision.
giruni (গিরুনি), v. a. To scratch, wound slightly by the nails, etc.
gilu, see gita.
gisuni (গিসুনি), v. a. To pare, strip off, shave, scrape. তুষ to shave the head. ধার ধার a barber.
gisuli, see gisuni.
gunju (গুঞ্জু), s. Mould, downy substance —কল to mould, get mouldy.
gunjī (গুঞ্জি), see gunjī.
gunjā, gunjā, gunjā guṇṭa, guṇti, guṇṭe, see gunjā.
gunjake, s. A bastard.
gunda, s. The idol's apartment in a pagoda. 2. a closet, small room. 3. a kind of cake or pudding boiled over steam.
gundala, s. An ear-ornament.
gummu, s. A noise produced, as in firing a gun. 2. cooing, as a wild dove. 3. a cuff, blow.

gummuni (gummuni), v.n. To blow, cuff.

gummë, s. An owl. 2. a bugbear. — — a kind of fish. — to hoot. — the nave of a wheel.

gummeyuni (gummeyuni), v.n. To blow, cuff.

gumme, s. An owl. 2. a bugbear. — a kind of fish. — to hoot.

gummë, s. A pond, pool, puddle.

gurmbu, see gukki.

guggilu, s. Damp soil.

gugguri, s. Soaked grain.

gugguru, s. A small insect infesting grain or corn.

guggula, s. Bdellium, a fragrant gum of the tree *Boswellia glabra*.

guci, s. Buttress, stay.

gu-dd, see gudi.

gutta, gutuku, s. A single gulp, a draught; cf. gutu.

gutta, s. A secret, mystery. 2. one's private affairs. adj. Secret. — a reserved man. — to find out a secret, to trace. — to consult secretly.

gutta, see gutu.

guda, s. Coarse sugar.
gudāku, s. A narcotic composition of tobacco and other ingredients, used for smoking or snuff.
gudāna, s. A large vessel with small mouth; cf. kōkā.
gudāra, s. A tent.
gudi, s. A small pagoda or shrine.
gudigare, s. A turner and cabinet maker.
gudigudi, see xōiliXoa.
gudidi, see xōi.
gudile, s. A crooked man.
2. a small earthen vessel.
gudilu, see xōiliXoa.
gudaku, gudka, see gudkü, gudkā.
Gudkugudku, adv. Hastily, hurriedly.
gudke, s. A crooked man.
2. a small earthen vessel.

guna, s. A quality, property, attribute. 2. temper, disposition. 3. excellence, merit. 4. moral or physical improvement, recovery from sickness, restoration to health. 5. use, advantage. -蹉 to be good and evil. -蹉 an excellent man. -蹉 to recover from

gudūlamigue, s. A short, thick kind of jassamine.
guddē, s. A hill. -蹉 a kind of mushroom. -蹉 to ascend a hill; to forget what is learnt.
guddētti, s. A kind of small prawn.
guddalle, s. A cultivator, peasant.
guddamū, s. A blow, cuff, box.
guddalāmū, s. An artifice, expedient, shift. 2. fraud, deception. 3. a kind of mint.
guddū, s. The stopper of a small phial.
gudyale, see xōi¥.
guđsi, s. The embodied form of letter า or ำ, as in ำ, ำ.
guđsilu, see xōi¥.
gudsā, s. A kind of broom.
2. a fetid smell, stench. -蹉 to stink.
gudsolū, s. Hitting from a distance. -蹉 to hit or strike from a distance.
sickness; to win, gain. — to derive benefit. — to cure a disease; to decide in one's favour.

*gunaka*, s. The multiplier, arith.

*gunagare*, *gunadige*, s. A good or virtuous man. — a virtuous woman.

*gunakara*, s. Multiplication.

*gunakara*, *gunaka*, s. The multiplier.

*gunakara*, see *gutta*.

*gunapuni*, *gunitojuni*, v. refl. To be pondering, thinking. 2. to be calculating, reckoning.

*gunipuni* (,*gundu*, *gunugudu*), *gunugunu*, s. Murmuring, muttering, grumbling.

*gunipuni* (,*gundu*, *gunugudu*), v. n. To mutter, murmure, grumble; also *gunugudu*.*gunugunu*.

[murmurs.

*gunpanne*, s. One who

*gunya*, s. The multiplicand.

*gunu, gutta*, see *gudave, gudave*.

*gutadare*, *gutadare*, see *gudave, gudave*.

*gutta*, s. A stipulated supply, as of liquor.

*gutti*, see *suked*.

*guttige*, s. An ale-house, liquor-shop. — the keeper of an ale-house or liquor-shop

*guttinaye*, s. A Bant. 2. the holder of a manor or landed property with certain privileges attached to it.

*gunu, guttu*, s. A manor-house with certain privileges attached to it. 2. a leap, jump. 3. a stride. — to take strides. — to jump.

*gunadare*, s. The holder of a monopoly, a liquor contractor.

*guntruni*, see *suked*.

*gunade*, *gunadene*, *gudane*, s. Solanum pubescens, a kind of thorny shrub used in medicine. — its fruit.

*gudigete*, s. A club, cudgel. — a blow, hit with a cudgel. — resorting to force, transgressing law.

*gudipuni*, see *suked*.

*gudugudu*, see *suked*.

*gunugudu*, see *suked*.

*gunu*, s. A long pole. if lost it will be a stick, if gained it will be a mango (said of a doubtful enterprise).

*gunu*, s. A worn out plough.

*gunu*, *gunu*, *gudda*, *gudda*, s. A worn out plough.

*gudda*, *gudda*, s. A blow, box, cuff. — a stone used by
toddle-drawers, a pounding stone.

gudduni (గుడు), v. a. To box, cuff, beat.

guddoli, s. A kind of pickaxe. —ఒకి a kind of sweet potatoes. —వంద a kind of fish. —నడు to burrow, dig; to dig a pit as the first ceremony of the Moharam festival; to ramp, leap and frisk about in play.

guddolipuni (గుడులిపుని), v. a. To dig with a pick-axe.

gunugunu, see ఘునుగును.

Hidden, concealed, secret.

guppuni (గుప్పు), v. a. To pour, shed, spill; also ఘుప్పు, ఘుప్పు.

s. A heap.

gubbita, see గుబబటి.

A stud, ornamental knob. 2. a button. 3. see ఘుప్పు.

gumusu, see ఘుముసు.

gumate, see ఘుమాటే.

gumana, s. Doubt, suspicion. 2. regard, notice. —మార్చి to suspect; to take notice, attend.

gumani, adj. Suspicious, doubtful. —మార్చి suspicious people.

gumastigé, s. Clerks-ship, writership.
guru, s. A spiritual preceptor, teacher, guide, priest.
2. the planet Jupiter, Brhaspati. adj. Heavy, weighty; venerable. —तिंगे the instruction given by a Guru.
-कुप्य a present or gift to a Guru. —वर्गे venerable persons. —शि, —पू the position of a Guru; respectability, dignity; heaviness, gravity.
-कु णे the foot of a Guru. —देव devotion to him. —कु णे his house or residence, especially of a Lingaita priest.
-धारा heavy and light; great and small. —थिव थिव Thursday. —सर्व service due to a Guru. —सूरुष to get a blessing from a Guru.

gurumpu, gurumpê, see कु छंदे.
gurumbê, s. Anything hollow.
guruku, see कु छंदे.
gurukunji, gurugunji, see कु छंदे.
gurukuttuni (कु छंदे), v.n. To snore. 2. to purr. 3. to coo. 4. phlegm to rattle in the throat. 5. to roar.
gurukê, see कु छंदे.
guruguṭṭu, s. Snoring. 2. see कु छंदे.
guruguru, s. Snoring. 2. the rattling of phlegm in the throat.
guruta, see कु छंदे.

gurutva, see under कु छंदे.
guruda, see कु छंदे.
gurubi, s. A sparrow; cf कु छंदे, कु छंदे.
guruvara, s. Thursday.
gurepuni, see छेत्रेनि.
gurêtuni (कु छंदे), v.a. To hit a mark.
gurukorepuni (कु छंदे), v.n. To bark, growl. 2. to snore.
gurkallyu, s. Standing steadily or motionless.
gurkâ-ymisuni, gurkâysuni (कु छंदे), v.a. To frown, knit the brows. 2. to grunt, growl. 3. to menace, frighten. 4. to snore.
gurkare, s. A head-man, foreman, manager, master. —दिस a mistress, matron.
gurku, gurgurku, s. Roar of a tiger. 2. grunting of a pig. —कु णे to roar, as a tiger; to grunt, as a pig. —कु णे phlegm to rattle in the throat.
gurkuttuni (कु छंदे), v.n. To grunt. 2. see कु छंदे.
gurkê, s. A very large water-vessel.
gurgunji, gurgouji, s. The seed of the country liquorice, Abrus precatorius.
gurji, s. A temporary halting place for idols, deco-
rated with leaves, flags etc. 2. a temporary shed covered with awning for offering oblations to the manes of the deceased Śudrās. adj. Fine, small, short, little. —मे́ मे́ offering rice etc. to the manes. —मे́ मे́ to erect a temporary shed decorated with leaves, flags etc.

गूर्त गुर्त, s. A mark, sign, token, symbol. 2. acquaintance, recognition. —मे́ मे́ to become acquainted. —मे́ मे́ to identify, recognise. —मे́ मे́ to point out. —मे́ मे́ to describe. —मे́ मे́ to sign, make a mark. —मे́ मे́ to note, mark.

गूर्द गुर्द, s. Sounding lead. 2. a buoy. 3. a post planted in water to mark the spot where a net is spread. —मे́ मे́ to fathom water; to plant a post as a mark.

गूर्ब गुर्ब, s. A sparrow. गूर्व, गूर्व the ordinary sparrow. गूर्वा a species of sparrow which builds a hanging nest.

गुला गुला, s. Condensation. 2. condensed sugar ready for putting in forms.

गुलाब गुलाबी, गुलाबु, s. A rose. गुलाब गुलाब a goglet for sprinkling rose-water. गुलाबी गुलाबी rose-water. 2. A buffoon, jester.

गुलाम गुलाम, s. A slave. गुलाम गुलाम slavery, servitude.

गुलाल गुलाल, s. A crimson powder used at the Holi festival; also —मे́ मे́. —मे́ मे́ crimson colour.

गुली गुली, see गुली.

गुलुंबु, गुलुंबु, see गुलुंबु.

गुलकंद, गुलकंद, s. Confection of roses.

गुलमा, गुलमोलमा, गुलमा, गुलमवायु, गुल्में, s. A disease of mesenteric glands; a kind of colic. 2. see गुलमा.

गुलमु गुलमु, see गुलमु.

गुला गुला, s. A kind of small mollusk. 2. see गुला.

गुल्ली गुल्ली, see गुल्ली.

गुल्ल गुल्ल, s. A great noise, shout, uproar.

गुलले गुलले, see गुलले.

गुवेल गुवेलु, s. A well; cf. घाँ.

गुसु गुसु, s. A whisper. —मे́ मे́, —मे́ मे́ to whisper, lisp, talk in a low tone.

गुसुनि गुसुनि, see गुसुनि.

गुहा गुहा, s. A name of Gana-pati.

गुहानिपुणु (गुहानिपुणु), v. n. To meditate.

गुहें गुहें, s. A cave, cavern, grotto. 2. a den, lair.

गुहें गुहें गुहें, see गुहें.
gula, see गुज्ज़.

guji, s. A pit. 2. loss, ruin. 3. end, death. गुज्ज़ to sink in, disappear; to fall into ruin; to die. गुज्ज़ to ruin another.

gulige, s. A pill, globule, bolus. 2. the name of a demon. 3. the son of Saturn.

guligès, 2. to sink in, disappear; to fall into ruin; to die. गुज्ज़ to ruin another.

gulugu, s. A noise made by the falling of a stone etc. into a well. 2. loss. 3. cheating, fraud. गुज्ज़ to a cheat, defrauder. गुज्ज़ to fall into water; to be lost. गुज्ज़ to defraud.

gulugul, s. A noise made, as in filling a pitcher with water.

guša, s. A kind of round brinjal, Solanum Jacquini. गुसु Solanum ferox.

gull, s. A bubble. 2. blister, pustule, vesicle. 3. see गुज्ज़.

gungu, s. The cry of an owl.

gunjii, s. The stalk in the midst of a jackfruit. 2. the germ-matter of a boil. गुज्ज़ the core of the heart.

guntige, s. A peg, pin, stake. गुज्ज़ to make a peg. गुज्ज़, गुज्ज़ to drive in a peg.

gûge, see गुज्ज़.

gûcuni, see गुज्ज़.

gûjâvuni, c. v. (of गुज्ज़) To cause to ooze.

gûjuni (गुज्ज़), v. n. To ooze; cf. गुज्ज़.

gûjè, s. A goglet made of cocoanut shell.

gûfa, gûtâ, gûte, see गुज्ज़.

gûdâkyu, see गुज्ज़.

gûdu, s. A nest. 2. a cocoon. 3. a bird-cage. 4. the hollow in a seal for receiving a stone. गुज्ज़ to build a nest. गुज्ज़ the hollow of the chest.

gûdè, s. A kind of basket.

gûdâ, s. Prolapsus of the anus. 2. see गुज्ज़.

gûnu, s. A hump. 2. a mushroom. गुज्ज़ a hunchback.

gûru, s. Asthma. 2. cough. गुज्ज़ asthmatic breathing.

gûruni (गुज्ज़), v. a. To pile up, as rice, firewood, stones, etc.; also गुज्ज़. 2. to stick in, fix. 3. to hoot. 4. to make a plough गुज्ज़ to stick the pole of a yoke into the ploughshare; to make a ploughshare.

gûrkè, see गुज्ज़.

gurme, s. A kind of bird.

gûsuni, see गुज्ज़.
People leaving a place en masse on account of invasion or famine.

A house, mansion. adj. Domestic. a household affair. domestic trouble or quarrel.

Respectability, honesty. A respectable woman.

A reddish colour. An Associate.

A reddish coloured cocoanut tree. A kind of red eruptions on the skin.

A reddish cow. To win, conquer. To be hot, to burn.

A reddish coloured ox. A tawny coloured cocoanut.

A small round bell, tinkling ornament. A knife or sword with the handle ornamented with spherical bells, etc. Small stones, ironore. A stick with bells attached to it. A neck ornament of gold with chasings. The act of worshipping ginging bells when put on dancing girls for the first time.

A lump, clod.

A wagtail.

Calculation, estimation. regard, esteem.

To count, reckon, number.

An associate.

To get rammed, stuffed in.

To stuff, push in, ram.

To be rammed, stuffed.

To take, receive. 2. to buy, purchase.
3. to draw, pull out. 4. to steal. 5. to draw back, open. 6. to dismiss, discharge. 7. to dig, excavate. 8. to remove, take away. 9. to communicate, interdict. 10. to press, express. 11. to dishonour; to ruin. 12. to draw out the purse from the pocket. 13. to knock out a tooth. 14. to steal a bundle. 15. to dig a pit. 16. to discharge from service. 17. to discommode. 18. to take one's name; to dishonour one. 19. to open the door. 20. to draw out a thorn. 21. to express juice. 22. to borrow.

### gebbatu
- Gebbatu, s. Confusion; perplexity.
- Gebbatavuni, c. v. (of *gebbatu*) To perplex, confuse.
- Gebbatununi (*gebbatu*), n. n. To be confused, perplexed.
- Gebbu, s. The temples. — To beat on the temples.
- Geyipini, see *geya*.
- Geranti, see *gera*.
- Geraste, see *gera*.
- Geravu, see *gera*.
- Geraste, see *gera*.

### geravu
- Gerè, s. A line, row. 2. a stroke. — A ruler. — To draw a line, to rule. — To insist.

### gelpuni
- Gelpu, s. Victory, gain. — Gain and loss.
- Gellu, s. A branch, twig.

### gedu
- Geda, s. A span from the tip of the thumb to that of the little finger. — A span long.

### genni
- Genni, s. Rent, contract. — A permanent lease, perpetual rent. — A tenant, contractor. — Tenancy at will, annual rent. — Rent for a fixed time. — To fix the amount of rent. — A tenant.

### gene
- Gene, see *gen*.

### gebaru
- Gebaru, see *gebaru*.
gerekayi, s. The marking nut.
_ to surround the tree Semicarpus anacardium.

_ gera, adv. Around. _ to surround.

_ gerja, s. A kind of bird; also _

_ geli, s. Ridicule, jest, mockery, insult.

_ geindale, see गोंडी.

_ geipini (ॅ), v. a. To do, fulfil.

_ gaibu, s. Missing, disappearing. 2. see गोंडी. 3. see गोंडी. _ to disappear.


_ geireya, s. Red chalk.

_ geilu, s. A bell-sound.

_ gonga, s. A large cowrie, shell.

_ gonguka, s. An oil tree. 2. a bunch.

_ gondi, s. A bunch, cluster.

_ gojju, s. A tassel.

_ gonda, see गोंडी.

_ goipi, s. A button.

_ goṇḍe, s. A cluster, tassel, topknot. _ a fringe with tassels. _ a kind of flower resembling the marigold. _ an ornament put in the hair of females.

_ gontu, s. Knowledge, understanding, acquaintance.

- to become acquainted.
- to know. - to find out, ascertain. _ I do not know.

_ gondalupuja, gondlapuja, see गोंडी.

_ gombé, s. An image, puppet, doll; also गोंडी.

_ gojjaranna, see गोंडी.

_ gojjì, s. Boiled juice or pulp of any fruit, mixed with coconut, salt, chillies etc., seasoned, and eaten with boiled rice to make it savoury.

_ gojje, see गोंडी.

_ gotta, see गोंडी.

_ gottāna, see गोंडी.

_ gottī, s. A kind of play.

_ goṭṭu, s. The kernel of a nut, as coconut, almond, castor oil seed etc.

_ godavē, s. Interference, connection, intercourse, concern with.


_ godusārū, s. A kind of pepper-water made of tamarind, chillies etc.

_ godde, s. A Pariah. pl. _ the name of a sub-division of Pariahs.

_ goṇasyu, see गोंडी.

_ gottu, see गोंडी.

_ gottē, s. Sweepings, rubbish.
goda

godagoda, see goda.

goddun (gaud), v. a. To pick or devour, as a fowl.

goddé, s. Lisping, stammering.

gonè, s. A bunch of fruits, as plaintains, coconuts.

goppu, see goppa.

goppè, see goppa.

gobbara, s. Manure, sweepings.

gobhata, s. Diversion, amusement.

gobbavuni, c. v. (of gobbu) To make one play.

gobbu, s. A play, dance, game.

gobbu (gobbu), v. a. To play. 2. to trifle with, mock.

gobbuli, s. A bubble.

gobbé, see gobbè.

gorgeous, gorgeous gorántè, goratè, see gortè.

goraku, see gorakhu.

gorastaligè, see gorakhu.

gorajana, see gorakhu.

gorkè, s. Snoring.

gortè, s. The final preparation of a field for sowing.

golambude, gollumbude, gollumundè, s. The angular leaved physic-nut, Fatschoph curcas.

golle, s. A man of the cowherd or milkman caste.

golaka, see gollakka.

gö, s. A cow.

gonku, s. A cashew fruit.

gonkuru, s. Rocking, as a child does on its legs and hands.

1. a lullaby used when rocking.

2. adj. Large, great; cf. gontu.

gontu, adj. Dried.

goonku, s. A cocoanut the kernel of which has dried within.

gonn, an unripe dried betelnut.

gondu, s. Gum; the gum arabic of Acacia arabica.
gompā, adj. Large.

gomparu, adj. Large, great.

gompa, see गोपु

gomū, adj. A large cocoanut shell.

gopāla, s. A toad, paddle.

gopū, s. A toad, paddock.

gokarna, s. A large kind of cap made of the areca leaf-stem.

goku, see गोकु

gokula, s. A cow's ear. 2. a celebrated place of pilgrimage in North Canara.

gokum, gokum, s. A horse; bet. गोकुम
gokum, godrum, godrum, godumukhe, godumrugha, s. A dunce, fool, simpleton.

goudi, adj. Erect, straight, direct.

goudiyavuni, c. v. (of गोदियावुनि) To join, knit together. 2. to prepare, get ready.

goudiyavuni(goudiyavuni, c. v. To join, connect.

goudia, s. A wall. गोदिया to raise a wall.

gouña, s. A he-buffalo; see गोना

gōnī, s. A sackcloth, gunny bag. 2. a malignant kind of small-pox. गोनी sacking.

gōne, s. A he-buffalo. 2. fig. a stupid fellow.

gotra, s. A family, tribe, lineage. गोत्र a destitute man.

godāvari, s. A river so called. 2. the name of a woman.

godi, godhi, s. Wheat. गोधी a kind of mango.

godikke, s. An unmarried Pariah. 2. a nickname.

godudji, s. A quilted bed sheet.

gopāle, s. A herdsman.

2. Krushna. 3. a beggar. 4. the name of a man.

gōpi, s. A herdswoman.

2. yellow ochre; also गोपी

gōpu, s. A thin girdle.
To hold fast a tree with hands or with a rope. 2. to join.

A tower.

A chief of herdsmen.

Adj. Secret, hidden, preserved. — to a secret. 

A cabbage.

A peevish woman.

A gem of a yellowish or tawny colour, topaz, onyx.

The prickly amaranth, Barleria prionitis.

see 

s. A large hand-net.

s. A small hand-net.

Gall of cattle, Calculus cysticus.

see 

s. A gunner.

s. The great great grand-father.

A plain ring, a guard ring.

Grief, lamentation. — to be affected with the evils of another's grief. 

Golu, s. A large hand-net.

To drive together.

A name of a mountain.

A name of a man.

s. Goa.

s. An abstract, summary; also .
goshti, s. Conversation, discourse.

gosu, gosu, adv. Leeward. 2. seaward.
— to shift the sail in order to direct the vessel seaward.
— to steer seaward.

gosampayi, gosampige, s. The flower of the wild champaka tree, Plumeria acuminata.

gosayi, s. A sect of Sivites. 2. a religious mendicant.

gosampa, gosampa, s. The flower of the wild champaka tree, Plumeria acuminata.

gosampige, s. The flower of the wild champaka tree, Plumeria acuminata.

gohe, s. A female slave, maid servant.

golu, see golu.

gole, s. Hollowness. adj. Hollow, void within.
— a hollow tree.

gouni, s. A female slave, maid servant.

gounu, s. Swelling. — the body to be puffed up.

gouni, see gouni.

gouji, s. A noise, tumult, uproar. 2. alarm agitation.
3. magnificence, grandeur.
— to make noise; to threaten. — to shout; to be magnificent.

gouda, s. The district of Gour. 2. see gouda.

goudi, see goudi. [ful.

gouda, adj. Peevish, fretful.
goudubangi, s. A trick, artifice, stratagem. 2. a trickster, cheat.

gouda, s. The headman of a village, etc. 2. a man of a caste of farmers.

goudadike, s. Greatness.

gouda, see gouda.

goutama, gouta, goutama, goutame, s. A name of Sakya Muni, Buddha; cf. gouta.

goudigé, s. The seat of a demon.

gouri, s. A name of Parvati. 2. the name of a woman.
— balsamine.

gouripashana, s. A tawny coloured mineral poison.

goule, adj. Tender, unripe, sapless, as a sugarcane.

gouandigé, s. A bag, case, cover.

goungoulu, s. Chewing or eating voraciously, as betel leaves etc.
Digestion. — to be digested.

A kind of lizard. - the chirp of a lizard, considered ominous. — a treatise on the omens presaged by the chirps etc. of a lizard.

A milkman.

2. see .

, see .

, see .

, see .

, see .

, see .

, see .

, s. A book, work, composition.

, see .

, s. A planet. 2. an evil spirit. — an astrological diagram or table. — conjunction of planets. — the motion of the planets; their influence on the human destiny; fate, luck. — the mansions of the planets. — the nine planets as enumerated by Hindus; viz, the sun, the moon, Mars, Jupiter, Venus, Saturn, the ascending node, the descending node. — convulsion of children.

Reception, acceptance. 2. comprehension. 3. an eclipse. — the occasion of an eclipse.

Rickets, a wasting disease.

Understanding, comprehension.

v. n. To understand, comprehend, perceive. 2. to consider, ponder.

Habit, practice. 2. appetite, longing, eager desire.

see under .

see .

see .

s. A village, hamlet. — the custom of a village. — a village council. — a villager. rural, rustic, unpolished, inelegant.

Amouthful of food. 2. food, subsistence.

, see .
gha, the seventeenth letter of the alphabet.

ghanta, see ghāti.

ghanti, see ghāti.

ghantē, s. An hour. 2. a clock; see ghāti.

ghandi, see ghāti.

ghamū, see ghāti.

gha, s. A large earthen water-jar. 2. the body.

ghatkanā, see ghāti.

ghatanē, s. Contact. 2. assembling, bringing together.

ghatasarpe, s. A large snake.

ghatta, s. A ghaat, defile, pass.

ghattanē, see ghāti.

ghatti, see ghāti.

ghadāvanē, s. Joining, uniting. 2. invention, manufacture, coining. 3. fabrication, concoction.

ghadi, see ghāti.

ghanaghana, s. The sound of a ringing bell.

ghana, s. Respectability, honour, dignity. 2. hardness. 3. solidity, substance. adj. Heavy. 2. noble, great. — greatness, nobility, glory. — the cube root.

ghama, s. Fragrance, odour.

gharimū, gharmi, see gharimū.

ghaligē, see gharimū.

ghātu, see gharimū.

ghata, ghātā, ghātaka, ghātakaga, s. Murder, slaughter, killing. 2. treachery, fraud. — suicide. — destroying life, murder; suicide. — treachery, breach of trust. — a murderer; an executioner; a cheat.

ghāti, s. A matter becoming serious. — what was meant for a joke, has become serious.

ghāda, s. Depth.

ghābari, see ghāda.

ghāya, s. A wound.

ghāra, see ghāda.

ghāsi, s. Fatigue, trouble, toil. 2. conclusion, exhaustion, termination, death. — to be troubled, fatigued; to die; to conclude, finish.

ghāli, s. Air, wind, breeze.

ghōda, s. A horse.

ghōra, adj. Frightful, horrible, dreadful.
æ na, The eighteenth letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

æ ca, The nineteenth letter of the alphabet.

æ caŋu, s. Guimbard, Jew's-harp.

æ caŋa, æ caŋanē, æ caŋa-maŋa, æ caŋeimaŋei, s. A frolic, gambol. 2. hoax, humbug, deceit. —æ caŋa to deceive, impose upon.

æ caŋa-yi, s. A friend. 2. friendship.

æ caŋuli, s. A preparation consisting of jackfruit, jaggory, the juice of cocoanut and rice.

æ caŋica, s. A spoon.


æ caŋdu, see æ caŋ.

æ caŋda, s. Vehemence, fierceness, obstinacy. 2. offspring. 3. host, multitude. adj. Vehement, fierce, obstinate. 2. quarrelsome.

æ candra, s. The moon. —æ candra a digit of the moon. —æ candra the colour of the rising moon, red. —æ candra an eclipse of the moon. —æ candra the moon disk.

æ candraka, s. The eye in a peacock's tail.
candra, s. The moon-flower, *Ipomoea grandiflora.*
candrakanti, s. A blue light, a kind of firework.
candranāgā, s. A serpent with a crescent-like stripe on its head.
candrabarē, s. A red kind of plantain tree.
candravālī, s. A kind of ornament for females.
candrānāḍī, s. The moon’s orb. 2. an idol’s whirling car.
candrāda, s. A kind of fish.
candrādake, s. A female’s ear-ornament in the form of a half-moon.
candravāṁśā, s. The lunar race.
candrāvadha, see चन्द्रवाद्ध. 2. Chandrāri, s. Kētu, the ascending node.
candrāvati, s. The name of a city. 2. the name of a woman.
candrīke, s. Moonlight. 2. the covering of a letter written on a palm leaf. 3. palm leaves rolled and tied up.
candre, s. The moon.
canna, adj. Red. 2. handsome, well.
cannanāyi, s. A wolf.
cannalige, s. The red jasmine.
cannebūru, s. A kind of creeper.
canne, s. A kind of game with cowries. —रे to play at such a game.
campaka, s. The flower of *Michelia champaca.* 2. the name of a woman.
campē, see चर्पी.
camba, s. A small water-pot; cf. चम्बी. 2. a barge, fishing boat.
cambare, see चम्बारे.
cambigē, s. A shoe. 2. a bad smell.
cambeli, s. A cunning female.
cambodi, cammadi, s. A sledge hammer. 2. skin, leather. 3. a scourge, whip.
cammare, s. A shoemaker, chuckler; cf. चम्मरे.
cammī, s. Dampness, moisture. 2. a kind of water-plant.
cambu, s. A blossom without setting fruit. adj. Thin.
carmburi, see चर्मबु. 2. cakū, see चकू.
cakūbandi, see चकूभन्दी.
25=5* 3

The steel with which fire is struck. —� a flint stone. —<fieldset to strike fire with a flint and steel.

cakanda, see কাকাদা।
cacačaku, adj. Slow. adv. Shortly, suddenly.
cakotra, see কাকোত্রা।
cakku, adj. Hollow, without kernel. 2. stunted, short, lean. 3. flat. —fieldset a hollow cocoanut. —fieldset a flat head. —fieldset a low seat. —fieldset a flat nose; also কাকু॥
cakka, adv. Quickly, at once. —fieldset to sit at once, without observing where.
cakkanda, s. Plausibleness, speciousness. adj. Plausible, specious. —fieldset a plausible man. —fieldset a plausible speech, flattery. —fieldset to say what is plausible, to flatter.

cakkattu, adj. Low.
cakkappa, adv. Down, below.
cakkamuk, see কাক্কমুক।
cakkamukki, see কাক্কমুক্কি।
cakkarē, s. Sugar.
cakki, s. An ornament worn by female children.

cakku, see কাকু।
cakkubandi, s. Boundary-stones. 2. jurisdiction.
cakkuli, s. A cake made of rice flour, salt etc., and fried in oil; also ক্কুলী।
cakkulimara, s. The Manilla tamarind tree, Inga dulcis.

cakkuli, s. The pumplemose or shaddock, Citrus decumana.

cakke, see কাকে।
cakkely, s. The bosom.
cakra, s. A quarter rupee. 2. a wheel, circle. 3. a potter's wheel, coach wheel. 4. a discus. —fieldset two equal parts, as of a cocoanut. —fieldset a kind of small white cloth. —fieldset a wheel shaped firework. —fieldset a mendicant's drum. —fieldset a necklace of gold ringlets.
cakravarti, s. An emperor. —fieldset an empress.
cakri, s. Vishnu. 2. a potter. 3. a snake.
caganè, see কাগানে।
cagulè, s. A bug.

cáccara, s. Haste, speed, hurry.

cáccouka, s. A square, quadrangle.

cat, intj. Fic, fie! adj. Useless, excessive. —fieldset very sour. —fieldset, see কতে।
catika, s. A snapping sound. adv. Quickly, briskly. —fieldset to walk briskly.
Harshly, rudely. -cadu to say rudely.

Energy, vigour.

the germ of a disease, the remaining symptoms of a disease. -cada to eradicate a disease. -cada to lose energy, be tired, weary.

A summary method of offering to the manes of departed ancestors.

A slapping or cracking sound; cf. cattu.

Noise produced, as in slapping or cracking a whip.

Grain or fruit pounded, made into a thick paste with chillies, salt, etc. and eaten as a condiment with curry; chatney.

adv. For nothing, uselessly.

A cracking sound.

End, dissolution, termination, death. 2. exhaustion, consumption, ruin, demolition, extinction. -cada, -cada, -cada to exhaust, spend away, tire.

A litter, sort of a palanquin. 2. a bier. 3. a window frame. -cadu to prepare a bier.

adv. Suddenly; cf. cadu.

A broad-mouthed spittoon. 2. a chamber pot.

see cadu.

s. A country pony.

Flat, level, without inclination. -cada a flat stone.

s. A native who assumes European dress.

, see cadu, cadu.

adv. Quickly, speedily. -cada to mount a ladder quickly.

, see cadu, cadu, cadu, see cadu.

s. Dissimulation.

see cadu.

see cadu, cadu.

v. a. To increase, raise or bid higher, as price. 2. to beat, strike, flog. -cada to put in stocks. -cada to smoke excessively.

An ascent, uphill. 2. increase, enhancement. 3. a kind of country shoes. -cada to raise, enhance, as the price; cf. cadu.

v. a. To ascend, climb.

see cadu, cadu.

s. A notch, indentation.

2. a whip, stripe.
to make a notch.
to whip.  a joining bench, groove-plane, jointer.

cadu, s. The belly.  a pleasing discourse.
cadugu, adj. Bad, depraved.
caduta, s. Persistence, obstinacy.  a bet or wager.
to speak persistently, to provoke.
cadé, s. A kind of bag.
cadta, s. Daily or regular observance of rites or customs; cf. cadu.  see cadu.
— a diary.
cadpu, s. Leanness, thinness.

cana, see cana.
canilu, see canilu.
catrengi, see catrengi.
caturu, num. Four.  the four sides or boundaries of a land etc.
— the four Vedas or ancient scriptures of the Hindus.
caturvarga, s. The four castes.
caturvēda, s. The four Vedas or ancient scriptures of the Hindus.
catushpāda, adj. Quadruped.
cadury, cadara, s. Dispersion, dissipation, scattering.
to be dispersed, scattered.
to disperse, scatter.
cadaravuni, cadaripuni, c. v. (of caturu) To disperse, scatter.
cadaruni (caturu), v. n. To be scattered, dispersed; also caturu.
cadi, s. Obstinacy, pertinacity.
to be obstinate.
revenge, retaliation.
cadupu, s. Skill, ingenuity, cunning.
to play tricks.
cadura, see cadura, catrengi.
cadure, see cadure.
cade, s. Severe fighting.  destruction of life.

canani, s. Great harm.  destruction of life.
canari, s. Great harm.  2. quarrel, riot.  3. desolation, waste, ruin.
cani, see cana.  [see cana.
canilu, s. A squirrel.  2.
\[\text{canna, see āসं.}\]
\[\text{cāpačāpa, s. A noise made with the mouth, as a pig in eating.}\]
\[\text{cāpaṭe, see धे.}\]
\[\text{cāparāśu, see कन्त.}\]
\[\text{cāpla, cāpala, adj. Waving, moving. 2. fickle, unsteady. 3. swift, quick. -स्, -स् fickleness; quick perception. -तो a man of quick perception or apprehension. -स्त्री a woman with quick and moving eyes. 2. Laxmi, the goddess of wealth.}\]
\[\text{cāppa, adv. Fast, firmly. 2. suddenly. -स् to stick fast. -स्त्री to fix firmly.}\]
\[\text{cāppa, see कप्प.}\]
\[\text{cāppanga, s. The sappan tree, } Caesalpinia sappan.}\]
\[\text{cāppaṭu, adj. Tasteless, insipid. 2. bad, worthless.}\]
\[\text{cāppate, s. A worthless person. -धे see कप्प.}\]
\[\text{cāppatē, s. Cooling.}\]
\[\text{cāppadāci, s. Coaxing, flattering. 2. fabrication, invention.}\]
\[\text{cāppadi, see कप्प.}\]
\[\text{cāppanna, adj. Fifty-six. -स् the fifty-six countries enumerated by the Hindu writers.}\]
\[\text{cāpparu, s. A kind of dried fish.}\]
\[\text{cāpparu, adj. Low, cast down. -स् an ornament of a devil-dancer. -स्त्री to be low.}\]
\[\text{cāppara, s. A shed, pandal. -स् a cot with posts and curtains. -स्त्री to put up a temporary shed.}\]
\[\text{cāpparipuni (कपप्रि), v. a. To smack the lips.}\]
\[\text{cāppalu, cāppalū, s. A shoe, sandal.}\]
\[\text{cāppali, s. Clapping the hands.}\]
\[\text{cāppa, see कप्प.}\]
\[\text{cāppaṇa, s. The sappan tree, } Caesalpinia sappan.}\]
\[\text{cāppaṭu, adj. Tasteless, insipid, unsavoury. 2. cool, vapid. 3. trifling, worthless. -स् quite worthless.}\]
\[\text{cāppuṭi, s. Concealing. 2. legerdemain, jugglery; also -स्. 3. the play of ‘hide and seek’.}\]
\[\text{cāpp, cāppi, cappē, s. A stamp, seal, mark.}\]
\[\text{cāppari, cappari, v. a. To clap the hands.}\]
\[\text{cāppaṇa, adj. Fifty-six. -स् the fifty-six countries enumerated by the Hindu writers.}\]
\[\text{cāppalu, cāppalū, s. A shoe, sandal.}\]
\[\text{cāppali, s. Clapping the hands.}\]
cabukumara, see 220 cbu.
cabuku, s. A whip. —a Casuarina tree.
camukāṇu, see 220 cari.
camugāre, s. A shoemaker, chuckler. —a a chuckler's awl; also 220 cari.
camūca, see 220 cari.
camatige, s. A sledge hammer.
camāda, s. The skin, leather.
camatkāra, s. Cleverness, dexterity, artifice. 2. astonishment, surprise. 3. wit, eloquence. 4. anything curious, ingenious or extraordinary; also 220 cari.
camattigē, s. The flower of Pyrethrum indicum.
camarimrūga, s. The yak, or bos-grunniens.
camānu, see 220 cari.
camipuni, see 220 cari.
camēa, s. A spoon, ladle.
caya, see 220 cari.
cayi, see 220 cari.
cayila, see 220 cari.
carumbu, see 220 cari.
cara, adj. Moveable, locomotive. —ārāma, moveable or personal property, chattels.
caraku, s. Merchandise, cargo. 2. goods, articles; bet. 220 cari.
caraky, s. Machinery. —ārāma to set a machine in motion.
caracakara, s. A noise made in spurting or throwing water from a pump. 2. see 220 cari. —ārāma an even accumulation of water in a field. —ārāma to prattle.
caratē, s. What is coarse; leavings or stalks.
caranā, s. The foot. 2. a foot in poetry. —ārāma, see 220 cari.
caranē, s. Pasturage, grazing.
carācara, adj. Moveable and immovable. —ārāma animate or inanimate things; the creation, world.
carasti, see under cari.
carigē, s. A cooking utensil of copper or brass. 2. see 220 cari.
carigē, see 220 cari.
carita, caritra, caritrē, s. A history, story, narrative. 2. conduct, behaviour.
caripu, s. An offering presented to an idol and then distributed among the people present.
caripuni (220 cari), v. a. To quake, tremble, shudder, shiver; cf. 220 cari.
caripuni (220 cari), v. n. To move; wander.
children make while playing. 

\( \text{caru} \), s. An oblation of rice and other ingredients to the gods or demons. 2. a small fish.

\( \text{carubu} \), see \( \text{carv} \).

\( \text{caré} \), s. Small shots. 2. the head; bet. \( \text{caré} \).

\( \text{caraka} \), adv. Straightly, directly. —\( \text{caré} \) to splash off, as mud.

\( \text{carki} \), see \( \text{car} \).

\( \text{caró} \), \( \text{caré} \), \( \text{caré} \), s. Dispute, wrangling. —\( \text{caré} \) to dispute, reason, argue.

\( \text{cardi} \), s. Vomiting.

\( \text{carpa} \), \( \text{carpatu} \), \( \text{carpat} \), adj. Watery.

\( \text{carpu} \), see \( \text{car} \).

\( \text{carbi} \), s. Fat, grease. 2. arrogance, pride, \( \text{fig} \).

\( \text{arma} \), s. The skin, hide, leather. —\( \text{arma} \) to flay, peel, skin, bark.

\( \text{armuri} \), s. Parched rice.

\( \text{arya} \), \( \text{arye} \), s. Observance of rites or customs. 2. conduct, demeanour. \( \text{arya} \) a diary, chronicle.

\( \text{arva} \), see \( \text{ar} \).

\( \text{arvana} \), s. Chewing betel.

\( \text{alppat} \), see \( \text{alp} \).

\( \text{ala} \), see \( \text{a} \).

\( \text{alak} \), s. Dexterity, particularly of the hand or tongue.

\( \text{alacala} \), s. A noise in wading through water, as
calla

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calla

callaṅgāyi, s. The Sepistan plum, *Cordia myxa*.
callaṅte, s. A kind of crab.
calla, calλa, calλa, s. Short breeches, reaching only to the middle of the thighs. 2. a mat of straw rope. 3. a covering for a horse.
callāpini (कल्लापीनि), v. n. To get weak. 2. to become useless. 3. to fail, loso; cf. कलङ्गगी.
callāpilli, s. Confusion, disorder. 2. dispersion, scattering.
callī, s. A chip. 2. a reed. 3. a potsherd. 4. a kind of grass.
calluni (कलल्लुणि), v. n. To spill, shed; to disperse.
calle, s. A weak or timid man. 2. the name of a man.
callelipillē, s. Youngsters.
cavādīge, see կավադիձ.
cavanē, s. An instrument for drawing wire, pincers, tweezers. — to draw wire through it.
cavara, s. A fly-brush. 2. see կավա.
cavala, s. Half a rupee. 2. the ceremony of tonsure of a child. — interest at 12½ per cent.
cavi, s. A disease of newly born infants.
cavuntu, see կավունթ.
cavuntuni, see կավունթու.
cavuka, see կավուկ.
cavukali, see կավուկա.
cavukāsa, cavukāsi, s. Cleverness in dealings, marketing with judgment. 2. leisure, respite; bet. կավուկա.
cavuki, cavuke, see կավուկ.
cavura, see կավուր.
cavurāsu, s. A square bottle.
cavuri, see կավուր.
cavuli, cavuli, adj. Cold. — very cold water. — very cold water.
cavulū, cavulū, adj. Brackish, saline. — poor or infertile land. — nitre; earth salt.
cavuli, s. The vegetable *Dolichos fobas* for mis.
cahalū, cahāru, s. Expertness, dexterity. 2. conduct.
calakū, see կալակ.
calaki, s. A kind of bracelet, made of gold and coral beads.
caḷaĉala, s. A bubbling noise. 2. glittering. — to glitter, glimmer, shine.
cala, 223  căpa

cala, cătummu, căltumbu, s. A double cone-shaped ear-ornament worn by females.
cali, see că.
callu, see că.
calla, see că.
callamara, s. The monkey-fruit tree.
cali, see că.
calla, see că.
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calla, see că.
callamara, s. The monkey-fruit tree.
cali, see că.
calla, see că.
callamara, s. The monkey-fruit tree.
capa, s. A lever. 2. see फूँ. 3. see घोड़ा.

capasuni, see घोड़ा.

caru, s. The cock, as of a gun. 2. a piece of a cloth or web, containing several garments etc. 3. a shop; bet. शेखर. -न इंपो एक ठीन metal plate. घर जाय नदी, भी जान का piece of cloth containing several towels or handkerchiefs.

capē, s. A mat; bet. शेखर. 2. see फूँ. -राइ a kind of window-shutter.

cama, see जोड़ा. 2. see जोड़ा.

camara, s. A fly-brush of the hair of yak or bos grunniens.

camikara, s. Gold.

camundi, s. A goddess so called, a form of Durgi. 2. the name of a female demon.

camē, see जोड़ा.

cāya, cāyē, see जोड़ा.

cāyi, s. Ink. 2. see जोड़ा.

cāryu, s. A kind of pepper-water; also जट. राइ。

cāra, see राइ.

cārage, s. A coconut.

कारणी कारणी कारणी, कारणी, s. Smearing a wall or floor with mud, chunam or cow-dung.

cārī, s. A traveller. राइ a traveller on foot.
2. a public place where business is transacted. 3. a lodging place for travellers. 4. a demon shrine.

cavia, see cat.
calipuni, see gastropod.
cingara, s. Ornament, decoration, embellishment; beauty; bet. əntəj.
cingiri, s. A kind of fish.
cinglike, s. A large kind of ape.
cimcimsakkare, see cimpa.
cintakrante, ^. A man overwhelmed with sorrow or anxiety.
cintamani, s. A fabulous gem which gratifies its possessor's wishes. ^ a book on omens. ^ an incantation supposed to gratify one's desires. ^ a kind of pill. ^ a talisman.
cintÈ, s. Thought, reflection, consideration. 2. distress, grief, sorrow. 3. anxiety, care, uneasiness. ^ to be anxious or sorrowful. ^ to reflect; to care.
cindi, s. A rag.
cindiqi, adj. Spotted. ^ a spotted turban of black or red colour.
cinna, s. Gold.
cinnali, s. An immodest or incontinent woman.
evil eyes. — to be affected by evil eyes.

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citika, s. A snap of the fingers. 2. a pinch, as of snuff. — to snap fingers.

citi, see citi.

citi, s. The throbbing pain of a boil, when suppurating or forming. 2. a cracking or crackling noise.

citti, s. A small spot or speck. adj. Spotted, speckled.

cittè, s. The foundation or platform of a house. 2. the register of a land. 3. a rough, daily account. 5 the registered number of a land.

cittè, adj. Small, little. — a small man. — a small cock.

cita, cità, citì, citè, s. A funeral pile. — the wood for burning it. — the ashes of a funeral pile. — Śiva, smeared with the ashes of burnt bodies.

citi, see citi.

citkara, s. The whirling noise of a war-car. 2. the notes of superior birds.

citù, s. A blot or erasure. — a rough copy, draft. — to blot, erase.

30 cità, s. Will, desire, wish, inclination, disposition, pleasure. — correctness of disposition, purity of heart.

cittira, see citi.

citturli, s. An orange.

citya, see citi.

citra, s. A picture, painting, carving. — a painter. — a painted picture; appearances. — a curiosity, rarity, wonder. — to work wonders; to make much of a thing; to mystify.

citrakūta, s. A mountain so called, to which Rāma retired in exile.

citrabhānu, s. Fire. 2. the sun. 3. the sixteenth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty.

citramula, s. The lead-wort. — rose-coloured lead-wort, Plumbago rosea.

citrā — the Ceylon lead-wort, Plumbago zeylanica.

citrānakshatra, citre, s. The fourteenth lunar mansion.

citrāpurṇami, s. The full moon of the first lunar month, which is observed as a holiday.

citripulī, s. A kind of orange.

cidra, see cidra.

30 cinimitì, adj. Trifling.

cinivāre, cinivārde, s. A money-changer,
jeweller. \textit{see cinna}.

\textit{cinna}, see \textit{cinna}.

\textit{cinpipu}, see \textit{cinpipu}.

\textit{cipulu}, \textit{cipulukotte}, \textit{cipulotte}, \textit{s.} The poisonous seed of the drug \textit{Cocculus suberosus}.

\textit{cipale}, see \textit{cipale}.

\textit{cippi}, \textit{s.} A clamp used for torture.

\textit{cippe}, \textit{s.} A tailor.

\textit{cippu}, \textit{s.} A crust, scurf, scale.

\textit{cibbu}, \textit{s.} White spots on the body; \textit{also cibbu}.

\textit{cima}, \textit{cimati}, \textit{cimiti}, \textit{s.} Tongs, tweezers, pincers.

\textit{cimicimi}, \textit{adj.} Faint. \textit{also cimicim}.

\textit{cimukuni} (\textit{cimukuni}), \textit{v. a.} To press, throng, throb. \textit{Also cimukuni}.

\textit{cimučimu}, \textit{adj.} Nervous, weak. \textit{Also cimucimu}.

\textit{cirka}, \textit{see cirka}.

\textit{cirke}, \textit{see cirke}.

\textit{cirtepili}, \textit{s.} A leopard.

\textit{cirpal}, \textit{see cirpal}.

\textit{cirve}, \textit{adj.} Tender, green.

\textit{cilumbi}, \textit{s.} The fire bowl of a hooka.

\textit{ciluku}, \textit{cilku}, \textit{s.} Fine mist. \textit{Also ciluku}.

\textit{cilu}, \textit{ciltu}, \textit{ciltu}, \textit{s.} A wooden pin used in playing at tip-cat.

\textit{cilimbi}, \textit{cilmb}, \textit{cilme}, \textit{s.} A small tank; \textit{2. see cilimbi}.

\textit{cililu}, \textit{cililu}, \textit{cililu}, \textit{cililu}, \textit{cililu}, \textit{s.} The odd money, over a round sum. \textit{Also cilul}.

\textit{ciluvana}, \textit{s.} The odd money, over a round sum. \textit{Also ciluvana}.

\textit{cilu}, \textit{cilu}, \textit{cilu}, \textit{s.} A fishing rod.

\textit{cilku}, \textit{cilku}, \textit{cilku}, \textit{s.} Lift- ing, raising; a push. \textit{Also cilku}.

\textit{cilkuni} (\textit{cilkuni}), \textit{v. a.} To lift up. \textit{Also cilkuni}.

\textit{cilu}, \textit{s.} A small round piece, a piece for playing at draughts. \textit{2. see cilu}.

\textit{cillare}, \textit{s.} Small money, change, trifle. \textit{adj.} Little, trifle. \textit{Also cillar}.

\textit{cillu}, \textit{s.} A petty ware-house. \textit{Also cillu}.

\textit{cillarare}, \textit{s.} Small money, change, trifle. \textit{adj.} Little, trifle. \textit{Also cillar}.

\textit{cillar}
work. — a man of inferior mind, a simpleton. — mean understanding.

A leaf stitched or folded in the form of a spoon or funnel. 2. a kind of cucumber. scattered, dispersed; cf. to stitch a leaf into the form of a spoon.

The screech of an eagle.

A sharp stick to dart a fish with.

see .

The stalk of a coconut leaf. 2. thin splitters of bamboo used for stitching leaves etc. together; also Chinese paper. — a Chinese. a kind of medicine. a kind of pepper.

adj. Chinese. a telescope. — alum. a blue light. a kind of music, used especially among Mohammedans. white sugar.

A music band of Māplas.

A wedge, wooden peg. 2. a comb or cluster of plantains. 3. a shop-bill. a bill of exchange. to paste a stamp. to write a note.

The empire of China; also Chinese paper. — a Chinese. a kind of medicine. a kind of pepper.

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A music band of Māplas.

A wedge, wooden peg. 2. a comb or cluster of plantains. 3. a shop-bill. a bill of exchange. to paste a stamp. to write a note.

The empire of China; also Chinese paper. — a Chinese. a kind of medicine. a kind of pepper.
auravu, s. A bag, purse, pocket.

carnikë, s. Carved or chiselled workmanship. — an artist. — to carve, chisel.

cirlo, s. Responding to a call in a game. [cirnde o. A split, splinter; bet.

cileru, s. Forced converts to Mohammedanism.

cu, see cu.

cu, see cu.

cungulë, s. A tobacco-pipe. 2. see cu.

cungudi, s. A trifling sum, odds, small coins, change. 2. anything of little value. — a petty trade. — a trifling debt.

cungë, s. A kind of rice. 2. awn.

cumcum, see cumulë. 2. see cu.

cunua, see cu.

cunæi, s. A kind of cloth. 2. scab, scurf. 3. shabbiness.

cumbana, s. Kissing.

cumma, see cu.

cunyicunyi, s. The hissing noise of a heated metal dipped into water.

cukucuku, s. Chirping of birds.

cukkâni, s. The rudder, helm of a ship. also cuküde.

cugulë, s. The rind of a fruit or vegetable.

cucënu, see cu.

cucëni (cumulë), v. a. To pierce, bore. 2. to bite; cf. cu, cu.

cu, see cu.

cu, adj. Smart, clever. 2. sharp, pungent.

cutta, s. A cheroot, cigar.

cu, s. A span. 2. see cu. 3. see cu.

cudra, see cu.

cumçum, s. Pain caused by the sting of an insect. 2. sleeping of the hand or leg; cf. cu.

cumula, cumla, see cu.

cuviqury, see cu.

curuku, s. Quickness, haste, speed. 2. sharpness. 3. zeal, activity. adj. Quick, vigorous, zealous. 2. vivid.

Quick understanding, wit.

curuæru, s. A hissing noise caused by frying, burning, etc.

culaka, adj. Light; cf. cu.

cu, see cu.

chili, see cu.

chilli, s. The plant of Barleria obovata.

cã, s. Setting on a dog. 2. driving a dog away. 3. see cu.
cum, see cun. 2. Escaping from the grasp in wrestling. 2. aim; device. 3. perception. 4. cessation from work, leisure.

cùtì, cùtu, s. The lock of hair left on the head at the time of tonsure. cun for the ceremony of tonsure. 

cùda, s. The lock of hair left on the head at the time of tonsure. cun for the ceremony of tonsure.

A kind of gold bracelet.

cùdâmâni, s. A jewel worn in a crest or diadem.

cùdi, s. The coil of a rope. 2. a bundle, as of fagots, betel leaves etc.; also cun.

cùdu, s. Heat, warmth. 2. zeal. adj. Hot, warm.

cùdè, see cun.

cùni, s. The front, van. 2. strength. .. adj. Former. adv. Before.

cùnya, see cun.

cùri, s. A knife, small sword.

cùru, s. A piece, bit, small fragment. -cùtu to pulverise, cut into small pieces or bits. -cùtu to break to pieces.

cùrña, s. Powder, dust, any pulverised substance, medicinal powder. 2. see cun.

cûli, see cun.
cedi, see §33.

céppé, s. A splinter, chip, slice, paring. 2. disappointment, failure. adj. see §33.

cepaṅgélu, adj. Curved, inclined; cf. céré, see §33.

cépu, see §33.

célakađè, s. The Indian turnsole, Tiaridium Indicum.

célè, see §33.

célgonđi, s. The sting of a scorpion.

célgonđimara, see §33.

cévu, see §33.

ceshtè, s. A grimace, trick, gesture. 2. jest, mockery, joke. ridicule; ridiculous grimaces. one who makes grimaces, a jester, mocker, wag; a humorist. to make gestures, to mock; to joke.

célù, see §33. a kind of sport.

cé, see §33.

céitana, céitanya, s. Strength, liveliness, vigour, animation. 2. life. a vigorous man. to lose strength.

céitra, s. The first lunar month, corresponding to March-April.

céila, see §33.

céili; see §33.

céile, s. A pair of large cymbals.
coñti, see coñtu.
coñtās coñpuδi, s. Copper powder. 2. verdigris. 3. see coñti.
coñtās coñbate, see coñtās.
coñtās coñbatṭālāy, s. Brazen pot and plate.
coñtās coñbu, see coñtu.
coñtās coñka, adj. Pure, genuine. 2. neat. -coñκα, pure silver.
coñtās coñkāta, adj. Neat, choice, agreeable. coñkē beauty, handsomeness.
coñtālē coñkalē, see coñkalē. 2. see coñkalē.
coñtās coñkāta, see coñtās.
coñtās coñku, adj. Stupid, silly. -coñκ, well riped.
coñtās coñkke, s. A stupid man.
coñtās coñgaru, adj. Astringent. -coñγ to be astringent, to have an acrid taste.
coñtās coñtta, s. A Pariahs hut; also coñtta. adj. see coñtta.
coñtās coñtti, s. A woman with a maimed hand.
coñtās coñttu, adj. Handless, maimed or deformed in the hand.
coñtās coñtte, s. A man with a maimed hand. [of Pariahs.
coñtās coñttete, s. The headman
coñtās coñtāgoñnas coñnaunināyi, s. A greyhound.
coñtās coñnu, s. The scab of itch etc.
coppi, s. A cap, hat.
coppu, see coñtu. coñtu
coñpātu, adj. Loose or thin, as cowdung etc.
coñpu, see coñtu.
coñpu, see coñtu.
coñpu, see coñtu.
coñkē, coñlikē, coñkē, cołumpē, see coñtu.
coñkē, adj. Halt, crippled. -coñκ a hyæna.
coñkāṭṭā, adj. Lank, lean, thin. -coñκ to become thin.
coñkāra, see coñkāra.
coñku, see coñtu. adj. see coñtu.
coñkuni, see coñkuni.
coñkē, s. The beak of a bird.
coñtē, see coñtē.
coñtē, see coñtē.
coñku, adj. Sapless, unfruitful; exhausted, old. s. An unfruitful or old tree.
coñkoli, s. A merry man.
coñgaru, see coñgaru.
coñgē, s. A leaf or branch of a palm tree; bet. coñtē.
coñtē, adj. Short, small, petty.
coñtē, coñtē, coñtē, coñtē, s. A span from the tip of the thumb to that of the forefinger.
curiosity. 2. surprise.
adj. Curious, wonderful. — to wonder, to be surprised; bet.

to pitch or calking a boat. — to calk a boat with a mixture of tallow (and) and chalk.

cepavuni, see ीील.

ōpu, see ीील.

ōpe, s. A scrap, scratch.

ōyi, s. Milk. — to suck the breast.

coratū, see ीील.

corana, s. A festoon of leaves and flowers, hung over the door-way or across the highway on a joyful or triumphant occasion, a triumphal arch; bet. — to put up a festoon.

coratana, ēri, s.
Theft, robbery. — to steal, rob.

corē, s. A thief, robber, rogue.

cōli, s. Skin, bark, rind. — to peel, skin, pare off.
cōle, see ीील.

coladesā, ēlarājya, s. The Coromandel coast; the ancient kingdom on the Kaveri delta.
cuntu, see ीीল.
of ear-ring. — a man playing upon such a guitar.

To sing a lullaby.

To court, see ।

A man playing upon such a guitar.

tale, see ।

2. a kind of verse.

toun, s. Shaving; bet.

A quadruped.

2. a kind of verse.

A barber.

The tail of the yak. 2. a fly-brush.

coula, see ।

couli, see ।

coula, adv. At once. — he went at once. — again and again, one after another.

coulkayi, see ।

coulu, see ।

The twentieth letter of the alphabet.

cha, s. The twentieth letter of the alphabet.

cha, see ।

cha, s. The noise of a slap or lash. — to beat or strike heavily.

coulu, see ।

A stupid fellow.

couli, see ।

An umbrella; also ।

2. an inn, choultry. [ing.

Wanderer.

A king, sovereign. — an emperor.

A barber. 2. see ।

3. see ।

v. a. To conceal, secrete. 2. to deceive, defraud.

The tail of the yak.

The tail of the yak.

The tail of the yak.

The tail of the yak.

The tail of the yak.
pose. —চলানু, —চলিয়ে to be obstinate; to persevere.

চলার চলাকু, see ৫৫৬.

চলাচলা, s. Glitter; brandish.

চলী, see ৫৫৬.

চঠি, see ৫৫৬.

চঠি, see ৫৫৬.

চাঠি, s. The breast, bosom.

2. courage, bravery. —চলা a brave man; a bold trader or practitioner.

চাঠারা, s. A silk garment, a shawl.

চাএলা, চানসু, চানসী, s. Being peculiar or singular in what one does; nicety, fastidiousness. 2. accuracy, precision.

চাপিসুনী (চাপিসু), v. a.

To stamp, seal. 2. to print.

চাপু, see ৫৫১.

চাপু, চাপু, চাপৌ, s. A printing press. 2. a shop.

চায়ি, চায়ি, চায়ে, s. Shadow, shade. 2. colour, tint, dye. জাল- black colour.

চিন্দি, see ৫৫৭.

চিন্ন, adj. Cut, divided.

চেদির broken, fractured, as a limb.

চিড়া, s. A hole, vacuity, perforation. 2. flaw, defect. 3. disaster, trouble. 4. sorcery, witchcraft. —চজা a sorcerer, wizard; a defective man. —চজা to assume an air; to bewitch, enchant. চদ়া— domestic quarrel or dispute.

ঈ, চৈ, চৈ, intj. Fie! —চৈ Fie, fie, it is bad. —চৈ Fie, you rogue!

চুড়া, adj. Small, little. 2. low, mean. s. Smallness; baseness. 2. sorcery, witchcraft; bet. চুড়া.

চুড়া, s. A base man. 2. a sorcerer.

চেদা, s. Loss, ruin.

চেদা, চেদা, চেদানে, s. Cutting, dividing. —চুড়া to cut, divide; to circumcise. চুড়া a part, fragment; circumcision.

চেদিপুনী (চেদি), v. a. To cut, divide. 2. to circumcise.
Ja, The twenty-first letter of the alphabet.

Ja, s. Rust. ـاًـا to become rusty.

Jantā, Jantā, see Jantā. ـاًـا the forest department.

Janta, Janta, see Janta. ـاًـا a bail for a prisoner.

Jantā, Jantā, Jantar, Jantar, s. A forest, jungle, waste land. adj. Wild. ـاًـا the forest department.

Jantar, Jantar, Jantar, Jantar, s. A wall-piece or long swivel gun. 2. flattering, fawning.

Jantā, Jantā, see Jantā.

Jantar, Jantar, s. A forest, jungle, waste land. ـاًـا serial numbers.

Jantā, Jantā, see Jantā.

Jantar, Jantar, see Jantar.

Jantā, Jantā, s. A sound, utterance. ـاًـا he does not say a word.

Jantā, Jantā, see Jantā.

Jantā, Jantā, s. A forest, jungle, waste land. adj. Wild. ـاًـا the forest department.

Jantar, Jantar, see Jantar.

Jantar, Jantar, s. A halter-bandage.

Jantar, Jantar, s. A kind of ointment.

Jantā, Jantā, s. A rafter, a piece of timber crossing a rafter.
Jantu, s. A creature, animal.

Jantë, see Jantu.

Jantra, see Jantu.

Jantri, s. A calender.

Janna, a worm.

Janте, see AtoS.

Jantra, see Jantu.

Jantri, s. A calender.

Jantri, see Jantu.

Jampa, s. A mode of beating time in music.

Jamba, see Jantu.

Jambu, Jambara, Jambara, s. An affair, business. -a busy man. - to finish a business.

Jambukhànya, see Jambu.

Jambudvîpa, s. India.

Jambuníru, Jambunírub, s. The rose-apple, Syzygium jambe
canum. 2. Jambosa malac
censis.

Jambumùri, s. An offensive smell.

Jambuli, s. A kind of basket made of date leaves.

Jambha, s. Pomp, ostenta
tion, display. 2. foppery; also 86654.

Indra.

Jambhàri, s. A name of Jambhè, s. A giant.

Jamma, see Janta.

Jammagà, Jammanigè, s. Headman-
ship among Pariahs. 2. idle talk.

Jammanè, s. A demon priest. 2. a headman of Pariahs.

Jakkam, see Jakku.

Jakàni, see Jakku.

Jakkà, Jakku, Jakka, Jakka, Jakka, adj. Worthy. 2. youthful. 3. see Jakku

Jakku a youthful man. -a the ruddy goose. -a to undersell.

Jakkini, s. A married woman who dies in her husband's lifetime, and causes demoniac possession.

Jakku, see Jakku.

Jakkuli, see Jakku.

Jakkè, s. Vanity, foppishness.

Jakke, Jakku, s. A fop. -a a coquette.

Jakke, strut, affectation of dignity in walking. -a to boast.

Jakkelù, s. The lap; cf.

Jakri, s. Plenty.

Jakhamù, s. A wound.

Jaga, see Jaga.

Jagà, Jagatù, Jagatu, Jgata, Jgatya, s. The world, uni
verse.

Jagannàtha, s. A cele-
brated place of pilgrimage.

Jagannàthe, s. The lord of the universe. 2. a name of Vishnu.
jagali, s. An open veranda.

Quarrel, fight, dispute. — a vixen, shrew.

jaguḍe, s. An old man.

jagye, s. A sigh, groan, ejaculation; cf. a.

jaggi, s. A kind of small fish. 2. delay, postponement.

jagge, s. Stooping, bending.

jaggu, s. A kind of small fish. 2. delay, postponement.

jatū, s. Origin, root. — the ultimate source.

jada, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. dullness. adj. Sick. 2. dull, stupid. 3. inanimate. 4. cold. — cold weather. — sluggish disposition. — full of dullness. a very stupid man. — to stretch oneself.

jadayisuni, see adj.

jadi, see adj. 2. see adj.

jadita, jaḍta, s. Ramming, stuffing. — see.

jaditi, see adj.

jadipuni, jaḍipuni, jaḍiyuni (adj), v. a. To ram, stuff. 2. to load, as firearms. 2. to drive cattle. 3. to rain incessantly. to drive in, fix.

jadū, s. Apathy. 2. fright, shyness.

jadè, s. Matted or clotted hair. 2. platted hair. 3. the hood of a serpent. — a kind of cactus. — small, circular, ornamented, gold plates attached in succession

man; the tutelar god of wrestlers.
on or along with a woman's plaited hair. -ज्ञरे orna-
mented tassels suspended at the end of a woman's plaited hair. -अरे to fasten braided or matted hair. -अ in clots, braids.

याज पुणी, see अर्मन. याजका, adv. At once. याज्ञु, s. Callosity, hard-
ness, as of the skin of the hand, etc. from much use; also याज्ञु, adj. see याज्ञु. याज्ञी, s. Land subject to be overflowed by salt water; bet.

याज्ञी, see अर्मन. याज्ञुणा, see अर्मन्युँ. याजता, see याज. याज्ञर, s. Carefulness. adj. Secure, careful, fast. याजटी, see अर्मन. याज्ञ्ञण, s. An in-
herent sin. याज्ञा, s. Birth, nativity, state of existence.

याज्ञु, s. Man, individually or collectively; people, pop-
ulation, community. -गोग persons, both old and young, mankind. याज्ञुणा याज्ञुणा याज्ञुणा याज्ञुणा याज्ञुणा is it the people or festival that attracts most?

याज्ञुणा, s. A kind of plantain tree. याज्ञु, s. A progenitor, father. याज्ञुणा, s. Every one.

याज्ञुणा, adj. Rumoured abroad, generally known. याज्ञुणा, s. Birth; cf. याज्ञु याज्ञु याज्ञु याज्ञु याज्ञु be talked of by every one.

याज्ञुणान्या, s. Popular, pleasing to people in general.

याज्ञुणा, s. A nation, body of people; generation. याज्ञुणान्या, s. Public censure. 2. disgrace, infamy. याज्ञुणि का, v. n. To arise; to be born.

याज्ञुणा, see अर्मन. याज्ञणूज, याज्ञणूज, याज्ञणूज, याज्ञणूज, याज्ञणूज, see अर्मन. याज्ञु, s. Poverty, want, penury, distress. 2. ailment, indisposition. adj. Poor, indigent, distressed. 2. mean, worthless. याज्ञु an unfortunate or worthless man. -अ अ अ अ अ अ and vulgar speech. -अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ अ
Janmāntara, s. Another birth. 2. regeneration. 3. transmigration. [beget.

Janmipuni (जन्मपुनि), v. a. To beget.

Japa, s. Repeating prayers, incantations or the names of the gods, as an act of adoration. – Also religious devotions. – जापा a rosary. – जापा to pray, to repeat prayers, etc.

Japāsana, see जपासन.

Japipuni, japisuni (जपिपुनि), v. a. To repeat prayers etc., as an act of adoration.

Japudāvni, c. v. (of जपुदिक्) To cause to let down, to lower.

Japuduni, v. a. (जपुदिक्) To let down, lower.

Japti, s. Confiscation, sequestration. 2. attachment, law. – जाप्ति to attach, confiscate.

Jappangely, s. Goods etc. remaining after selection.

Jappu, s. Selection, choosing; cf. जपेलु.

Jappuni (जपपुनि), v. a. To open. 2. to descend, come down, alight. 3. to select, choose; cf. जप्पणु. जप्पणु- to open the door. जाप्पणु- to descend, dismount.

Jappelu, s. A descent, slope. 2. ebb.

Jamukanu, Jamakanu, jamakanu, Jamunakalu, Jamunakalū, s. A carpet. 2. a blanket.

Jamukottha, s. A kettle.

Jamabandi, s. Settlement of the assessments. – जम्बंदिता to settle assessments.

Jamalukottē, s. Cotton seed.

Jamakharēi, Jamākharēi, Jamākhārēi, s. The receipts and disbursements.

Jamayisuni (जमायिसुनि), v. a. To collect.

Jamipuni (जमिपुनि), v. a. To utter incantations, in order to gain the favour of an evil spirit or demon, or to charm it away.
jama, s. The soil, ground, land. — जा a land-holder, zemindar.
jamuku, s. Rashness, inconsiderateness. 2. pride, haughtiness; cf. जराज, जराजी.
jamukuni (अन्वर), v. a. To brandish. 2. to smack. 3. to frighten, threaten.
jame, s. A collection, assemblage. 2. assessment. 3. receipts. 4. cognizance. 5. lurking. 6. overhearing. — जा to lurk, spy; to overhear; to estimate. — जा to collect, gather, assemble.
jamedare, s. A native military officer.
jamepuni (अन्वर), v. a. To assemble, collect. 2. to reckon, estimate; to meditate; also जामेपुनी.
jameri, s. The hair about the body. — जा a hairy man.
jamniruli, see संस्कृत.
jammanye, see संग्रह.
jammu, see संग्रह.
jaya, s. Conquest, victory, success, triumph. — हाय! hail! vivat! — जा the sound or shout of victory. — जा a war-drum. — जा to conquer, succeed, gain.
jayanti, s. The public rejoicing on the birthday of a god. — जाय the festivity of Rāma’s advent.
jayamini, see संस्कृत.
jayavante, jayaśali, s. A conqueror, victor.
jayavijayeru, s. The door-keepers of Vishnu’s heaven.
jayājaya, s. Victory and defeat.
jayinādigē, see संस्कृत.
jayine, see संस्कृत.
jayı, jayipuni, jayisuni, see संस्कृत.
jayī, see संस्कृत.
jara, s. Fever. — जा a hectic fever. — जा a fever from morbid heat in the body. — जा bilious fever. — जा small-pox. — जा rheumatic fever. — जा typhus fever. — जा fever with ague. — जा to be attacked with fever. — जा fever to abate or leave.
jara, s. Old age, decrepitude. 2. hardness.
jarakandē, s. Enlargement of the spleen, ague-cake.
jarakka, see संस्कृत.
jarajara, see संस्कृत.
jaradu, adj. Vain, unsubstantial.
jara, jarabu, jarābu, see §824.
jarābārī, s. Tall and stout, well-proportioned.
jarāmarāṇa, s. Old age and death; death in old age.
jarāsandahe, s. A king of Magadha.

jari, s. A precipice, slope.
2. gold or silver thread or lace.
3. cuttings.
4. grit, granule.
5. sand.

jaripuni (अ), v. a. To insult, jeer, despise.
2. to shake, make tremble; cf. ज़ ज़.

jariyuni (अ), v. n. To fall or slip down.
2. to wear away.
3. to shiver, tremble.
5. ज़ ज़ to fall off, drop off; to be cut away.

jarurū, s. Necessity, occasion, urgency.
2. want.
3. pressure.
adj. Necessary, urgent.

jarvū, urgently.

jarā, see ज़.

jarapuni, see ज़.

jarra, adv. Suddenly, quickly.
5. ज़ ज़ to slide down suddenly.

jarka, see ज़.

jartonuni, see ज़.

jarpuni, see ज़.

jarpuni, see ज़.

jarpuni, see ज़.

jarbu, s. Oppression, undue authority, overbearing conduct.
—क a tyrant, oppressor.
—क . . . . to speak in an overbearing tone.
—क to walk with a haughty mien.
—क . . . . to show undue authority.

jalumbevuni (अ), v. n. To be born.
2. to be pregnant.

jalujalu, adv. Brightly.
2. see ज़.

jala, s. Water.
—क . . . . sporting in water.
—क a water-pump.

jalakū, s. Glitter, gleam.
—क . . . . to glitter, gleam.

jalaka, s. Bathing, ablution.
—क . . . . to bathe.

jalakvuni, c. v. (of जलकु) To cause to shine.

jalakuni (अ), v. n. To shine.

jalagare, s. A man searching for gold in sweepings, etc.

jalacara, jala-jantu, s. An aquatic animal.

jalatara, jalatāra, s. Gold or silver thread, or lace.
—क a turban with gold lace.

jaladyu, see ज़.

jaladāre, see ज़.

jalaprabāha, s. An inundation or stream of water.
jala, s. The deluge; a flood.

jalapralaya, s. The deluge; a flood.

jalamaṭṭa, s. A level; a mason’s level.

jalamalakū, s. A complete set of ornaments.

jalālibilāli, jalālibulāli, s. A mason’s level.

jalāmalaku, s. A complete set of ornaments.

libilali, jalalibulali, ^.

Jalipuni, jaliyu

ni, see Jal.

jaldi, adv. Quickly, speedily, soon.

jalma, see Jal. 2 honour.

jalmatta, see Jal.

jalmik, jalmik, jalmiyuni, jalmevuni (Jal, Jal), v. n. To be born, come into existence.

jalla, s. A boatman’s pole.

jalli, s. A chaplet of flowers.

2. anything dangling or hanging loosely. 3. boast, bragging. 4. broken stones. Jalma

2 a chaplet of flowers; flowers dangling down the head, etc. —Ka Jall. —jalma to boast, brag. —jalma to wear flowers loosely; to suspend a garland of flowers. —jall sobą flowers to hang loosely.

jalliyuni (Jal), v. n. To boast, brag.

jall, jalladollë, see Jal.

jall, jall, jale, javane, javane,

javanye, s. A youth, young man.

javanta, javantana, javandigë, javandigë, s. Manhood, manliness, courage, hardness.

javandi, javandi, javandi, s. A young woman.

javana, see Jal.

javalı, see Jal.

javale, see Jal.

javāḍi, s. Civet. —Kal a civet cat.

javāṇa, javāṇa, javāṇa, s. A peon. 2. a servant, porter.

javāṇa, javāṇa, javāṇu, javāṇu, s. An answer, reply. —Kal to answer, reply.


javuli, see Jal.

javegodhi, s. Barley.

javanna, s. Youth, virility, maturity; bet. Jal. —Kal to fade, get old.

javvane, see Jal.

jalaka, see Jal.

jalaba, s. A noise made by agitating water; bubbling, as of boiling water.

jallele, see Jal.

janki, s. Prattling, chattering.
What will you do? What are you doing?

The king of bears. 2. a fat old man; fem. a fat old woman.

A bear. 2. a strong, bold man. 3. a hairy man.

A flower twig of the wild jack. 2. a piece of coir rope used for igniting a gun, etc.

What is he doing?

Large. -a large breast.

Regard of person. 2. partiality. 3. respect, consideration. 4. kindness, compassion; bet. a large breast.

The great flowered jasmine, Jasminum grandiflorum. -s red chalk. -s jasmine flower.

The nutmeg. -s the nutmeg-tree Myristica moschata.

Mace.

A place, dwelling, station. 2. space, room. 3. land, ground.

A circular gong.

Waking, watchfulness.

the eleventh day of the first half of the lunar month Kartika, which is observed by the Hindus as a day of fasting and wakefulness.

to be awake.
to keep awake.

A kind of garment worn by females.

A rent-free land, a freehold; cf. crootls.

to be careful, cautious.

A ship.

The great flowered jasmine, Jasminum grandiflorum. -s red chalk. -s jasmine flower.

The nutmeg. -s the nutmeg-tree Myristica moschata.

Mace.

A broom, bisom.

see jagratè, s. Caution, carefulness, vigilence. 2. diligence, assiduity. - to be careful, cautious.

A ship.

A servant in charge of a travellers' bungalow.

Purging, looseness of bowels. 2. sweeping. 3. see jagante.

A sweater. 2. a scavenger. 3. a servant in charge of a travellers' bungalow.

see jagadáye, see jagate.

A spider.
jādi, s. A large earthen vessel.

jādipuni (jādi), v. a. To shake off. 2. to sweep, clear.

jādimale, see jājapunā.

jāde, jāde, jāde, s. A weaver. 2. a spider.

jādya, s. Carelessness, negligence. 2. sickness, disease. 3. heaviness. 4. folly, stupidity.

jāna, s. Skill, wisdom; cf. jānā. 2. skilfulness, ability.

jānaki, see jānā.

jānādīgé, s. Cleverness, skilfulness.

jānī, jānī, jānī, s. A wise man.

jātū, see jāti. 2. see jānū.

jāta, adj. Born, produced. -jātē the ceremonies performed on the birth of a child.

jātaka, s. A horoscope. -jātē a horoscope cast up without sufficient data. -jātē a horoscope prognosticating one's death.

jāti, s. Kind, sort, class, tribe, caste. 2. birth. 3. social position, status. adj. Pure, unadulterated; superior, high-bred. -jātē -jātē the rules regulating a caste. -jātē ceremonies peculiar to a caste. -jātē a horse of a superior breed. -jātē, -jātē the mu-

tual jealousy of castes. -jātē -jātē -jātē -jātē the usage and custom of a caste. -jātē -jātē an outcaste. -jātē teakwood. -jātē a man of low caste. -jātē to lose caste. -jātē to excommunicate. -jātē to admit into a caste. -jātē order of castes; according to castes.

jāti, jātika mara, see jānā.

jātipatri, see jānā.

jātiphala, see jānā.

jātre, s. The annual festival of a temple; cf. jānā. -jātre the people attending a festival, pilgrims.

jādu, jādu, s. Sorcery, conjuration. -jādu to conjure.

jādi, see jānā.

jāna, see jānā. 2. see jānū.

jānaki, s. Sita, daughter of Janaka.

jāni, see jānā.

jānipuni, jānuni, see jānā.

jānē, see jānā.

jāpāvuni, c. v. (of jāpā) To put down, as a load; to unload, lighten.

jāpaka, see jānā.

jāpini, jāpuni (jāp), v. n. To be unloaded, lightened.
japu, s. A kind, sort, form.
- different sorts.

japely, s. Putting down, as a load. 2. unloading. 3. a stone pillar for placing a load temporarily. 4. a halting place.

japya, s. Delay, loitering. adj. Slow, backward, lingering, loitering.

japul, s. Putting down, as a load (2).

japuny, s. Delay, loitering.

japuri, s. A greyhound.

jape, s. A greyhound.

japush, s. A greyhound.

japut, s. A greyhound.

jap, s. A greyhound.

jarp, s. A greyhound.

jarpang, s. A greyhound.

jarpangul, s. Slipperiness, glibness, smoothness.

jarpandaye, s. The name of a demon.

jara, s. An adulterer, whoremonger.

jarele, s. A runaway.

jara, s. An adulterer, whoremonger.

jare, s. An adulterer, whoremonger.

jareli, s. A runaway.

jaraýa, s. The name of a demon.
an unsteady man. 3. a back-slider. 4. a coward.

jarge, see जर्गे.

jarte, jarte, jarte, स. The sign Scorpio, the eighth Tulu month.

jarpadi, s. Running away, decampment, retreat. आर्पा to run away, decamp; to sink, escape.

jalu, s. A thrashing floor. 2. a courtyard.

jala, s. A net. 2. the lattice of a window. 3. magic, conjuration, illusion. 4. pride.

jalū - producing, by magic art, supernatural appearances. जलुङ् bringing into existence, by sorcery, any thing required.

jalaru, s. A fringe, network. 2. the borders of a garment, etc.

jāli, see जाली.

jålāndra, s. Any wood work with bored holes. 2. an ornament worked into small perforations or holes.

jalī, see जली.

jālīkāṭṭa, s. Black stripes on the throat of a cobra.

jālipuni, see जालिपुनि.

jālimara, s. The tree Ocymum gratissimum.

jalè, s. Heat. 2. burning sensation. 3. pity, compassion, sorrow; cf. जले.
jinda, s. Treasure, treasury, wealth.
jindigē, s. Property, estate. moveable property.
jindage, s. Immovable property.
jinne, jinnēsvare, s. The name of a personage peculiar to the Jaina sect, who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of other sects. 2. a teacher. 3. a saint.
jimbuni, see जिंबुनी.
jimbuli, jimblī, see जिंबुली.
jimma, adv. Suddenly.
jinhe, see जिन्हें.
jikiru, s. Care, anxiety. 2. interference.
jiga, see जिगा.
jigajiga, jijjiga, s. The jingling noise of dancing.
jigaru, see जिगारु.
jināsa, s. Asking, inquiring. 2. search, investigation.
jitti, see जित्ती.
jittu, see जित्तु.
jittē, s. A lump, unshapen mass.
jidē, see जिदे.
jiddu, jidda, s. Rancidity, mustiness. adj. Rancid, musty. 2. see जिद्द. rancid oil.
jiddi, adj. Back, postern. 3. A small, raised platform.
-jittē a back door; a small gate.
jiddē, s. A kind of mortar. 2. see जिद्दे. a wooden mortar for pounding rice.
jita, adj. Conquered, subdued, overcome. learning a lesson by heart. a disposition under discipline; a firm mind.
jitendriye, s. One who has subdued his passions. 2. an ascetic. 3. a sage.
jittekaalli, see जित्तेकाल्ली under जीते.
jiddu, s. Enmity, hatred.
jiddajiddu, s. Mutual hatred.
jibalu, jibulu, jibulu, s. Boiled, tender areca nuts.
jibuli, s. A kind of boys' game, similar to hopscotch.
jibba, see जिब्बा.
jirāsālē, see जिरासाळे.
jirē, adj. Little, small. light red.
jilumbi, see jilijili. Splashing.

jilijili, s. A kind of sweetmeat; also jilebi, jilbi.

jilebi, Jilbi, s. Locks of hair left above the ear as an ornament.

jilme, see jilijili.

jilla, Tille, s. A district, collectorate.

jillatigobbu, s. A kind of game; cf. jirgè.

jilaya, s. A curl. to dress the hair in curls; cf. jihvè.

jihvè, s. The tongue.

jì, adj. Small, little, short. a short legged fowl. a dwarf. a lapdog; a small kind of dog.

jiku, s. Creaking, as sandals, shoes, etc. when walking in them.

jirige, see Small, short.

jiruni, see jirase.

jire, s. A hero, brave man.

jiradari, s. The seed Cuminum Cyminum.

jirasale, s. A superior kind of rice, a fine table rice.

jirigè, see jirigè. adj. Small, short. a small species of capsicum (perhaps bird-pepper) of a stronger taste than other sorts.

jiruni, see jiruni.

jirne, s. A hero, brave man.

jirdari, see jirdari.

jirnà, see jirnà.

jirnàdhàra, jirnàddhàra, s. Reparation, renovation.

jirnà, see jirnà.

jirsàlé, see jirnà.

jiva, s. Life, existence. vitality, strength. a living creature. dear, fond. full of life; fresh.

jipuni, see jipuni.
lifeless. — to fainting. 4543; at the risk of life. — to be quickened, animated. ma, — to take away life, to kill. — to commit suicide; to bother oneself. — to be animated; to spring, sprout. — to swoon, faint; to be alarmed. — to die, expire. — to die; to endeavour, aspire after. — to revive, renovate. — to be envious. — vital powers. to help at the risk of one's life.

jivante, s. A living man.
jivakalè, jivakalè, jivakalè, s. Animation, vitality. — to animate, i. e. consecrate an idol.
jivakante, s. A husband.
jivakala, s. The lifetime, existence.
jivaghāta, jivaghātaga, s. Danger to life. 2. murder. 3. treachery. a murderer; a betrayer, treacherous man.
jivajantu, s. A living creature, animal.
jivadāna, s. Gift of life.
jivadāsè, s. Care for life.
jivana, s. Subsistence, livelihood. 2. life, existence. 3. means of sustenance. to deprive one's means of livelihood. to live; to earn one's livelihood; to follow a trade.

jivanāthe, s. A husband. 2. Yama.
jivamāna, s. Duration of life, lifetime.
jivarāsi, s. The animal kingdom, living creatures.
jivasāṅkada, s. Fatigue, weariness. 2. languor, exhaustion. to be fatigued, exhausted.
jivasthāna, s. A vital part.
jivātma, s. The sentient soul, spirit. 2. life; cf. man, as a sentient being.
jivādi, s. Living creatures, animal kingdom.
jivākshara, s. A vowel.
jivi, s. A living creature. 2. a worm, an insect.
jivita, adj. Living, alive, existent.
jivisuni (jiva), v. n. To live, exist, subsist.
jivu, see jiva.
**jumma, s.** A sudden stunning or smarting sensation.

**jummè, s.** Custody, charge.

**juñyi, s.** A boiling or bubbling noise.

**jukasuni (jukun), v. n.** To nod, be drowsy, sleepy.

**jukiti, see jukku.**

**jukku, s.** A measure of seven sticks in a game.

**juga, s.** A pair. 2. twins. 3. see juga.

**jugārū, jugārī, s.** Gaming, gambling. —अव्यः अव्यः a gamester, gambler. —अव्यः अव्यः to gamble.

**juṭṭu, s.** A tuft of hair of the head, cue. —समुद्र, समुद्र to tie the hair into a knot.

**juddē, see judda.**

**judda, s.** A short jacket.

**juddu, juddu, s.** A spheroid, globule.

**jumjum, s.** Numbness, sleeping of the limb. 2. a throbbing pain. 3. horripilation. —Sense a limb to be benumbed; to be horrified; to feel pain, as when a boil suppurates.

**jumādi, s.** A demon so called.

**jumula, see jumma.**

**jumma, see jumma.**

**jumū, jumū, s.** Total, whole.

**juruṅguni (juruṅgu), v. n.** To hesitate, be reluctant.

**jurumāṇe, see jumma.**

**julēbu, s.** Purging, looseness of bowels. 2. a purgative. —सेतु to purge. —चन्द्र to administer a purgative. —चन्द्र to take a purgative. —चन्द्र to suffer from looseness of bowels. —वर्ष वर्ष— vomiting and diarrhoea, cholera.

**julēr, jule, julipē, julpū, julpu, see julē.**

**julēmbu, julēmbu, julumāṇu, jumāṇu, s.** Oppression, tyranny, injustice; also जुलुम to purge. जुलुम tyannical procedure, violent measures.

**julumāṇe, julembu, julembu, jumāṇu, jumāṇu, s.** A fine, penalty. —सेतु to fine.

**juvādi, see jumma.**

**juvāli, s.** A kind of reed.

**juvārā, juvārā, julyā, julyā, s.** The noise of falling water.

**julē, julemā, jujī, jujū, s.** Gaming, a wager, as with cocoanuts. —चन्द्र to gamble. —चन्द्र a gambler. —चन्द्र a fighting cock.

**juṭu, jutu, s.** A lie, falsehood.

**jūṭupugere, s.** A kind
of tobacco imported from the Ghauts.

**Juti, s. Shoes.**

**Julū, s. The cover of a saddle, horse-cloth.**

**Juli, s. A funnel, pipe, spout.** — A distilling pot with a pipe. — A pot with a spout.

**Jembilu, jembulu, see Julū.** [less.]

**Jembè, adj. Insipid, tasteless.**

**Jekuni, see Jekkelu, see Julū.**

**Jegè, see Julū.**

**Jeggyu, see Julū.**

**Jegge, see Julū.**

**Jetti, see Julū.**

**Jedî, s. A speck in the eye; bet. Julū.**

**Jedipuni, see Julū.** 2. see Julū.

**Jedè, see Julū.**

**Jeppuni, jeppunu, jerpuini (१०१०), v. n. To lie down. 2. to sleep, rest; also Julū.**

**Jeppe, s. The last cowrie put in an empty hole of a playing board (केंद्र) at the end of one’s turn.**

**Jemè, see Julū.**

**Jēru, see Julū.** [mity.]

**Jeshtè, s. Misfortune, calamity.**

**Jeukâvuni, c. v. (of jērâ) To detain, stop. 2. to delay, put off.**

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**Jenukuni (जेनुकृ), v. n. To delay, be deferred. 2. to hesitate, waver; cf. Julū.**

**Jenukè, see Julū.**

**Jegyu, see Julū.**

**Jedi, s. Glutinous clay, chalk, a kind of white earth; also Julū.**

**Jedi, ir. past part. of Julū or Julū.**

**Jepu, jëbu, s. A pocket.**

**Jēryu, s. A Pariah’s child.**

**Jēryu, jēryu, jēra, s. Descent, declivity, precipice.**

**Jērūkāyi, see Jērēlu.**

**Jērlu, s. Pariah children.**

**Jēvu, s. A child. 2. a lad, youth. जेवु— a male, man. जेवु— a female, woman.**

**Jēlu, see Julū.**

**Jēshtā, see Julū.**

**Jēshṭamadhu, see Julū.**

**Jēshtè, see Julū.**

**Jēitta, jeitye, see Julū.**

**Jeinādīgè, s. Abstinence from meat and liquor.**

**Jeine, s. A Jain.**

**Jeipāna, adj. Invulnerable.**

**Jeipuni, jeipunî, jeisuni (१०१०), v. a. To conquer, win, be successful.**

**Jeimini, s. A sage so called.**

**Jeilu, s. A jail, prison.**
jfonke, jfonkè, jonke, jodun, s. A bunch, cluster.
jompadi, jompudi, s. A shed, hut.
jompadi, jompudi, see Jonke.
jompadi, s. A shed, hut.
jompudi, s. A shed, hut.
jompudi, see Jonke.
isj, isje, iisj, s. Overripe.
isj, s. A kind of fruit.
isj, s. A kind of fruit.
jonkè, jodun, s. The name of a demon. [flower.
jogipali, s. A kind of
jogimara, s. The portia tree, Thespa rapunulina;
also jodun, see Jonke.
jogu, s. A water-fall, cataract. [vessel.
joguri, s. A drinking
jogula, joguli, s. A lullaby.
jogapaduni (—), v. a. To sing a lullaby; to lull.
jogipalini, s. A kind of a lullaby, jopiuni, jopuni (—), v. n. To
lull to sleep.
jögö, intj. expressive
of blessing, Be happy, etc. It terminates every song of
certain lullabies.
jojì, s. A plait.
jojat, s. Joining, uniting, union, collecting. — to join; to get ready,
prepare. [Jonke.
jodapini, see under
jodavuni, c. v. (of Jonke)
To make join, unite.
jojì, see Jonke.
jonjì, s. A kind of fruit.
jodipuni (—), v. a.
To join, pair, unite.
jodipuni (—), v. n.
To be joined, united.
jodun, s. A pair, yoke, match, couple. 2. a pair of
sandals. adj. Equal, like.
to join, couple, pair.
- to join, pair, unite.
  2. to assist, countenance, patronise. — a pair of gloves.
- a pair of slippers.
- a pair of stockings.

jodne, see जोडने.

jotaduni (जोतादुни), v. n. To wave, move, oscillate.

joti, see जोती.

jotikolu, s. A long walking stick.

jotisha, जोतिशा, jotisa, see जोती.

jotishye, see जोतीये.

jotra, see जोत्रा.

jönage, s. A wicked person; a lewd fellow.

jopadi, see जोपडी.

jópane, जोपणे, jópasana, jópána, s. Care, circumspection. adj. Cautious, careful. — to take care of; to keep carefully.

jómalesara, s. A kind of gold necklace.

jóyi, see जोयी.

jóyise, s. An astrologer.

jóra, see जोरा.

jóru, jórávari, s. Force, pressure, violence. 2. importance. 3. power, strength. 4. severity, harshness; also जोरा, जोरे। — to become importunate; to become powerful, to be af-

ected with liquor, tobacco, etc.; to be harsh. — to be hard. — to force, compel.

jóla, see जोला.

jólañgi, see जोलांगी.

jólāta, s. Oscillation, hanging.

jól, jólī, jólí, jóligē, s. A small bag for receiving alms.
  2. a piece of cloth suspended by a woman down her shoulders to carry about her baby in it.

jólu, adj. Soft, moist.
  2. pendent, flapping. — a soft or moist kind of jaggery.

jóvu, s. A child, baby, youth, youngster. 2. a female child.

jóvu children.

jóla, s. The great millet, Sorghum vulgare. — a small kind of millet, Sorghum saccharatum, the Chinese sugar-cane.

jólī, see जोली.

jólī, jólīga, jólī, jóligē, see जोली.

jouli, s. Cloth. — a cloth merchant, draper.

joule, adj. Tasteless, insipid.

júana, s. Knowledge, wisdom.

júani, s. A wise, learned man, a sage.
jyeshthamadhu, s. Liquorice root.

jyeshthe, s. The eighteenth lunar mansion. 2. an elder sister. 3. the goddess of poverty, misfortune.

jyeshthe, s. The elder son or brother.

jyoti, s. Light, lustre.

jyotisha, s. The science of astronomy; astrology.

jyotishye, s. An astronomer, astrologer.

jvara, see जव.

jvalamukhi, s. A volcano.

jvālā, s. Flame. 2. heat, warmth. 3. inflammation.

jha, The twenty-second letter of the alphabet.

jhañjha, see ख.

jhamjham, see खमम.

jhampetāla, see सपेत.

jhatapati, see ख.

jhaditi, s. Examination, as of accounts. 2. search, rummage.

jhadipuni, see ख.

jhanu- jhanu, jhamu,jhamu, s. The tinkling of ornaments when walking.

jhameri, see सपेत.

jhari, s. A spring. 2. a cascade, waterfall.

jhallu, s. Sudden terror. 2. palpitation.

jhadu, jhadā, s. Settlement or payment in full. 2. completion, termination. — to be settled or paid fully, to be over, finished. — to pay entirely, to finish.

jhadane, see सपेत.

jhāma, jhāva, see खमम.
The buzzing or humming of bees.

Crushing, bruising into a jelly or mass. — to be crushed into a mass. — to crush into a mass.

Quickly, swiftly; coarsely.

Lean, thin, stunted, faded.

2. see ṣaṅgaṇa.

Slight, little.

Slight pain.

Indiscriminately.

6. to eat indiscriminately.

6. Aloe litoralis.

A saddle girth.

A noise made in sounding a brass vessel, etc., with the knuckles. 2. the striking of a clock.
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**takku**

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<td>tagaryu</td>
<td>s. A ram</td>
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<td>tappa</td>
<td>adv. Flatly</td>
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<td>tappali</td>
<td>s. The post</td>
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<td>tama</td>
<td>s. A tambour</td>
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<td>tamke, tamki</td>
<td>s. A proclamation by beat of tom-tom</td>
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<td>tanke</td>
<td>s. The nib of a pen</td>
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<td>tanjani</td>
<td>s. A trough, or cistern</td>
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<td>tanakani</td>
<td>see tanjani</td>
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<tr>
<td>tanaki</td>
<td>s. A Pegu pony</td>
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<td>takanu</td>
<td>s. A post-horse</td>
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<td>takanu</td>
<td>see takku</td>
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<tr>
<td>takotaku</td>
<td>adj. Quick, hurried, hasty</td>
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<td>tan, tanya</td>
<td>see tan</td>
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<td>tapu, taputuva, tape</td>
<td>s. Banishment, transportation</td>
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<td>taru, tara</td>
<td>see tan</td>
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<td>tali</td>
<td>s. A lie, deceit</td>
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<td>talipuni (tai)</td>
<td>v. a. To deceive, cheat</td>
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<td>tinkle</td>
<td>s. The sound of a stringed, musical instrument, as a guitar</td>
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<td>tiknu</td>
<td>s. The sound, as of a pendulum</td>
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<td>tiknik, tikani</td>
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<td>tikki</td>
<td>s. Hitting one marble with another in a game of marbles</td>
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<td>tikke</td>
<td>see tikki</td>
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<td>titbibha</td>
<td>s. A lapwing</td>
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<td>tippani</td>
<td>s. A commentary; an explanatory note</td>
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<td>tibbi</td>
<td>see tibbi</td>
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<td>tilli</td>
<td>s. The spleen, milt; liver</td>
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<td>tik, tiku</td>
<td>s. Meaning, interpretation, glossary</td>
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<tr>
<td>to translate, interpret, explain</td>
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</table>
thā, s. The loins, hip.  
- thā, - thun to hop, leap on one leg.

toppi, s. A cap, hat, or helmet. 2. fraud, cheating. 3. failure, defeat. - topp to fail. - topp a hat to put on. - topp to cheat.

tollu, see tollu.

tīku, s. A small precious object; a small bell; cf. X3 X3 X3. 3. to stitch.

tīku, tīku, s. A stitch; also to stitch.

stukkutukku, tukku, tukku, adv. Rapidly, quickly. - tu to dart, flit, fly.

tenkasāle, tenkaśāle, see tenkasāle.

tevanāti, tevanāti, see tevanāti.

toppu, s. A cap, hat, or helmet. 2. fraud, cheating. 3. failure, defeat.  - topp to fail. - topp a hat to put on. - topp to cheat.

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tīku, s. A small precious object; a small bell; cf. X3 X3 X3. 3. to stitch.

tīku, tīku, s. A stitch; also to stitch.

tītu, tu, tu, tu, rapidly.

toppu, s. A cap, hat, or helmet. 2. fraud, cheating. 3. failure, defeat.  - topp to fail. - topp a hat to put on. - topp to cheat.

tollu, see tollu.

tīku, s. A small precious object; a small bell; cf. X3 X3 X3. 3. to stitch.

thā, s. The twenty-fifth letter of the alphabet.

thankaśāle, s. A mint.

thakāyisuni (sakaśāle), v. a. To deceive, cheat. 2. to gain time by false representations.

thakāri, adj. Spurious, false, counterfeit. - ak a mock-pearl.

thakku, thakku, s. Dissimilation, deceit, pretence, hypocrisy, fraud. - ak chicanery; hoaxing. - ak to lie; to pretend. - ak to cheat, deceive, defraud.

thakke, s. A cheat, dissembler.

thagaru, see thagaru.

TH

tharāyisuni (sakaśāle), v. a. To compose, execute any literary work. 2. to fix, determine, settle.

tharavela, s. Combination, combination of the parts of any literary work or discourse; diction, style. 2. settlement, determination.

thavanē, s. Simple and compound addition. - vē to add up figures. - vē to write down figures for adding.

thasse, thasse, s. A seal, stamp. 2. stamp duty. - vē a stamp paper.

thāna, thānyā, s. A place, station; lodging; a garrison, police-station.
tharu, adv. At one stroke; completely, fully.

thāvu, s. A place, abode, lodging. also अधिकारी.

thikanu, thikani, s. Resort, residence, station. 2. means, room, opportunity.

Proper, fit. 2. exact, complete. 3. true. -कालिन a sumptuous meal.

thāpu, see घापृ.

thīvi, s. Ostentation, display. 2. condition, state. 3. gait, figure, mien.

thēnā, thēnā, theūkāra, thēnakāra, s. The twang of a bow. 2. haughtiness, pride.

thēvanāti, thēvanā, s. Deposit of cash. 2. ready-cash. 3. keeping money in a bank. -कालिन to deposit, keep money in a bank.

daka, The twenty-sixth letter of the alphabet.

da, a conditional particle affixed to verbs, signifying: If. या आहे if he should come. या आहे if he does not come.

dam, see दांग.

da, daṅkre, daṅkanī, s. A large, double drum. दाङकणे a drummer. दंकड़े daṅkāra, s. The sound of a double drum.

daṅkē, see दांके.

daṅgū, daṅgu, s. Surprise, wonder. -कालिन to be surprised, stunned, overpowered.

[ly.

dāṅgdāṅga, adv. Hasti-
like an hour-glass. —
carrying an idol in procession round its temple with beating of such a drum. — a drummer. adv. see दंड.

दान, dāna, s. The sound of a large bell.

dापु, dappu, s. A small drum beaten on one side; a tabret.

dाब्बा, dabba, s. A noise of anything falling into water. — to fall into water with a noise.

dाब्बा, dabba, s. A tin box, as of kerosine oil.

dाब्बी, dabbi, s. A small box, chest. 2. a box kept in temples, for receiving offerings. — a snuff box.

dाब्बू, dabbu, s. A lie, falsehood. 2. a boast, brag. 3. a half anna piece. — a liar; a braggart. — to tell a lie; to brag.

dाम, dam, s. The noise of firing a gun. — the noise of a drum.

dामारू, damaaru, damaaruka, damaruga, s. A small drum, shaped like an hour-glass.

dामाना, damāna, damāra, s. A kettle-drum.

dामां, damāmī, s. A hollow sound, empty noise. 2. false dignity; ostentation, empty show.

दलाइये, dālaye, s. A belted peon.

dावण, davaṇ, davaṇe, dava, s. A peon’s belt. — to put on a belt.

dावलु, davelu, see दावे.

dाम्बिके, đambike, đambhige, s. A pedant, one given to affectation. 2. a hypocrite.

dाकु, dakū, s. Vaccination. — to vaccinate.

dांडम, dāmdum, see दंड.

dालू, dālu, s. A shield.

dालैनी, dālēni, see दालेनी.

dाली, dali, s. An army.

dिंकी, dinki, s. A gymnastic feat.

dिण्डी, dindindi, s. The knolling of a bell.

dिण्डिमा, dindima, didima, s. A small drum.

dिब, dib, dibdib, s. The noise of a violent blow.

dिब्बू, dibbu, s. A push with the leg.

dिलू, dilu, adj. Loose, not tight. 2. free, unrestrained; also देह, दुक.

dुक, duk, see दुक्कु.

dुग्गु, duggu, s. Uneasiness.

dुबायिसुणी, dubayisuni (दुबायिसुणी), v. a. To drown 2. to cause loss. 3. to deceive, cheat.

dुबु, dubub, s. The sound of a small drum.
dha, The twenty-seventh letter of the alphabet.

dhaṅka, see 30ć.

dhā, The twenty-seventh letter of the alphabet.

dhaṅka, see 30ć.

dhā, The twenty-seventh letter of the alphabet.

dhaṅka, see 30ć.

dhēre, see 30ć.

dhōku, s. Injury, defect.

2. fear, alarm.

dhēre, see 30ć.

dhōku, s. Injury, defect.

2. fear, alarm.
The twenty-eighth letter of the alphabet.

Weariness, exhaustion; harassing.

The twenty-ninth letter of the alphabet.

The lungs. 2. the liver. 3. see 304. — to be very much fatigued.

A male's younger sister; also 307.

Together.

A cool breeze.

Cold, chill.

s. A fishing tackle, fishing line.

Deception, imposition, pretense. — to impose upon; to pretend.

A bag, purse.

Evening, sunset, night. — the evening star.

Rice boiled in the preceding evening, stale food.

Annoyance, trouble, difficulty. 2. mischief. 3. interference, meddling, connection. — vexation, molestation. — bad goods; rotten things. — to annoy, trouble.

Whole. 2. see 305. adj. Entire, whole.

Multi-

titude, crowd, host, army. 2. a side, party.

A privy on the bank of a river.

see 305.
Tandu, s. Rice in a tandel, s. A silver anklet.

The captain of a native vessel; a boatman, tindal.

tanna, see tantu.

Tanna, see tantu.

Tannasa, see tandu.

Tannir, adj. Cold; cf. tantu. cold water.

Tantu, tantu, s. Thread. 2. pulse, vein, nerve. tantu only the pulse beats.

tanti, s. Wire. 2. the string of a musical instrument. -m the telegraph.

Tantra, s. Craft, cunning, device, trick, intrigue, plot. 2. worship performed by hand without formulas. 3. a religious treatise on formulas, rites, etc. for the worship of the deities. 4. the part of the Vedas treating of magical and mystical formulas. 5. subservience, service, dependance.

Tantu, see tantra. -m a crafty man. -may, see tantu. -m to play tricks, to deceive.

Tantrajne, s. A man of art.

Tantri, tantrike, s. One versed in mystical formulas, rites, etc. for the worship of the deities.
tanned, see §oo.
tamnedè, see §oo.
tampedè, s. Two slips of a bamboo placed close to each other, and tied together.
tampedu, s. Coolness, cold. adj. Cool, cold. — tampu to become cool; to appease, pacified. — tampu to cool; to appease, pacify.
tambaku, s. The prince’s metal, an alloy of certain metals, pinchbeck. 2. tobacco
tambatu, tambatæ, tambatæ, A tambourine, war-drum. 2. boast, bragging. 3. see §oo.
— tambu to brag.
tambada, s. A large drum.
tambara, s. Coriander. 2. see §oo.
tambaranđé, s. Garlic.
tambaku, see §oo.
tambigè, s. A small, round, metal vessel.
tambila, s. An ordinary offering to demons, etc. 6. see under §oo. 3 — an offering to serpents. 4 — a grand offering to demons. — tambu to give such offerings.
tambu, s. A tent. — tambu to pitch a tent; to remain, stay; to delay. — tambu to halt, stop in a march.
tamburi, tamburi, tamburi, s. A five-stringed guitar. 2. a soldier’s drum.
tambu, s. A kind of chaṭni or sauce, prepared of coconunt milk, condiments etc. with or without greens, and eaten with rice.
tambulu, s. Tamil.
tamberu, s. A kind of reckoning in the game of yekkađi (§oo).
tambéruni, see §oo.
tambodi, see §oo. 2. see §oo.
tamboli, see §oo.
tammata, see §oo.
tammana, s. Hospitality, entertainment; dinner. 6 — a grand wedding dinner. — tambu to give a dinner to a pregnant women. — tambu to give a dinner to a wedding party.
tammanipuni, tammanyuni, tammanipuni tammanipuni (§oo, §oo), v. a. To entertain a guest, to give a dinner.
tammalè, s. A maternal uncle. 2. a father-in-law. 3. a kind of tare growing among corns etc. 6 — a kind of tare found in gram.
tammege, see §oo.
tammena, see §oo.
tammepuni, see §oo.
tammepuni, tammeru, tammeri, see §oo.
tammeluni, see tamme.
tammeyya, s. An affectionate form of addressing a younger brother.

rice.
tammge, s. A kind of tarmeluni (тарм), v. n.

To shrivel.
takattu, s. A throne.
takataka, takapaka, s. Agility in dancing, etc. 2. bubbling in boiling. adv. Nimbly, briskly.
takka, adj. Fit, suitable, proper, deserving, worthy. — fitness. — a a proper word. — a good opportunity, favourable season. — suitably, properly, deservedly.
takkanda, see takka.
takkatu, adj. As much as is suitable; adequate, sufficient.
takkadi, s. Large scales. — one who cheats in weighing; a rogue.
takkana, takkana, s. A small spoon. 2. a small kind of mat; also adj. Little. Little. — lit. one who holds a spoon where (anything) drops, i.e. one who takes advantage of another's weakness, a stingy man.
takkeyimuengei, s. The upper arm and forearm.
To lower, humble. 2. to diminish, lessen. 3. to level down.

tagguni (tagg), v. n. To be humble, modest. 2. to incline, lean.
taggele, s. A lowly or humble man; also ताताळ. tagmalu, s. A female slave, maid-servant.
tagme, s. A male slave, man-servant.
tajaṅku, s. The plant Cassia tora.
tajapu, s. Notching, indentation. adj. Indented, notched. -ताजापु to cut into a row of teeth.
tajapuni (ताजापु), v. a. To chop, cut in pieces.
tajibiji, s. Endeavour, effort, exertion. 2. cogitation, reflection. -ताजिबिजी to endeavour, try; to reflect; to get out of a scrape by unlawful means.
tatuga, s. A ladle.
tata, s. A shore, bank.
tataku, s. A drop.
tatakka, see तातक्का.
tαtapata, s. A slapping sound. 2. loquacity.
tatappa, adv. Heavily, with a jerk. 2. suddenly. -तातपप्पा to fall heavily or suddenly.
tatane, see ताताने.
culinary vessel. — to put up a screen or blind as protection from rain.

A vessel for distilling liquor. 2. culinary utensils. 3. household stuff.

tāṭṭu, see ॥॥.

tāṭṭuga, s. A flat kind of trough for serving boiled rice.

tāṭṭuni, see ॥॥.

tāṭṭumutṭu, s. Strait, dilemma; cf. ॥॥.

tāṭṭe, adj. Empty, void within. — good and bad things.

To (of ), carry on the haunch, as natives do a child.

tāṭvāṣu, s. Unevenness, inequality, variation, as in weighing.

tadupē, see ॥॥.

taduṭṭununi, v. refl. (of ) To quarrel or dispute mutually.

tada, see ॥॥.

tada, s. Wool, fur. 2. skin with soft hair.

tadaku, s. Intoxication.

tadapu, see ॥॥.

tadamāṭa, s. Fumbling.

tadamē, s. A kind of stile or narrow entrance to a garden.

tadayi, s. A small earthen cup or plate.

tadava, see ॥॥.

tadavu, s. Delay, hindrance, impediment. 2. a slow-coach or dilatory person. — to get late, to be delayed. — to delay, linger.

tadi, s. An inferior kind of saddle. — to join imperceptibly.

tadipuni ( ), v. a. To quarrel, dispute, contend, struggle. — to dispute, argue.

tadē, s. Hinderance, obstacle. 2. charm for serpents. —, to stop the motion of a serpent by incantations; to obstruct, hinder. — to remove the charm, to break a spell. — to hinder, impede; to charm.

tadepavuni, c. v. (of ) To hinder, impede, obstruct.

tadepini, tadepuni, ( ), v. a. To hold off: to hinder, keep back, prevent, stop; to oppose.

tadeppu, s. Stoppage, resistance. 2. anything put up to stop a passage.

tadayi, see ॥॥.

tadoyuni, tadeyuni, tad evuni ( ), v. n. To halt, stop, tarry. 2. to bear, endure,
suffer. *I can bear it no more.*

I can bear it no more.

**tade**

**taddevu**, s. A halt, stopping, tarrying. 2. impediment, hinderance.

**tadveppuni**, v. refl. (of *tadvepa*) To bear, suffer; to be patient.

**tadpu**, s. A foreign cloth. —*tadpu* a kind of loom.

**tadpuni**, see *tadpu*.

**tadpe**, s. A sieve for cleansing grain, etc. —*tadpaw* a large turban. —*tadpu* lit. a sieve and a broma: a bad omen; a cruel woman.

**tadpa**, **tadpaya**, **taddya**, s. A step, stair. —*tadpa* the middle step. —*tadpaya* the lower step, threshold. —*taddya* the lintel of a door.

**tanase**, s. Wetness, dampness. adj. Wet. —*tanase* wet ground.

**tanipuni** (savo), v. a. To cool, pacify, soothe, comfort.

**tanipunis** (savo), v. n. To become cool, calm.

**taniluy**, see *tanase*.

**tanu**, s. Coolness, cold. 2. quenching, appeasement. —*tanu* to cool; appease, as hunger, etc.

**tatkshana**, adv. Instantly.

**tata**, s. A shuffle, artifice; 2. jesting, joking. adv. Shufflingly. 2. jestingly. —*tata* to speak shufflingly or jestingly.

**tattara**, see *tata*.

**tatti** (past part. of *tattara*), adj. Missed, beyond reach, failed. —*tattara*—*tattara* what is past; a lost opportunity; a mistake.

**tatra**, s. An umbrella.

**tatva**, s. Essential nature, true nature of the soul. 2. the Supreme Being. 3. truth, reality, substance. 4. mind, intellect. 5. identity. —*tatva*, instruction in the real nature of the Supreme and human spirit; cf. *tatva*.

**tatvadi**, s. Mystical theology.

**tatvara**, s. Destitution.

**tatvartha**, s. The essential purpose.

**tadanantara**, adv. Afterwards, subsequently.

**tadigina**, s. Beating time in dancing to music. 2. intrigue, plot. 3. upsetting, fall. —*tadigina* to dance; to be overturned. —*tadigini* to intrigue.
tadi, s. The third day of the lunar fortnight.
taddu, s. Retch, qualm.
taddu, s. An eruption or swelling, erysipelas.
tadduni, v. n. To retch, puke, to be qualmish.
tana, An affix to form abstract nouns; e.g. good, goodness. 2. genit. of 

tanaki, tanikhi, s. Examination, investigation, inquiry.
tanasu, see tan.
tanipuni, see tan.
taniyuni, see tan.
tanu, see tan. 2. the body.
tanukułu, pron. hon. plur. of tan.
tan, s. Conceiving, breeding, as cattle, sheep, etc. - to be conceived. - to be big with young. the incipient stage of being with young.
taneyuni, v. n. Cattle or animals to be big with young.
tapa, see tan.
tapatapa, s. Palpitation.
taparāku, taparākē, taparātu, s. Slapping the cheek or temple.
tapala, s. A spear, lance.
tapalè, s. A large metallic cooking vessel, saucepan.
tappa

tappalipuni, see tabbi.
tappāvuni, c. v. (of tappu) To cause to err, evade.
1. to extricate, disentangle, deliver.
tappu, s. A fault, mistake, error.
2. an offence, crime.
3. to err; to commit a crime.
tappu, s. A leaf, foliage.
2. vegetables, greens.
tappūduṇi (tappu), v. a, To beat the bush in hunting.
tapputippu, see tappu.
tappuni (tappu), v. n. To mistake, err, sin.
1. to miss, escape, slip.
2. to fail in an engagement or promise; also 2. to err; to commit a crime.
tappe, s. An analysis, detail, the particulars of an account.
[a tray.]
tabakū, s. A salver or plate.
tabakuni (tabakū), v. a. To desire, wish, covet.
1. to be allured, enticed, tempted.
tabatū, s. Unsavouriness, acerbity.

tabbi

tabatūni (tabatū), v. n. To be unpalatable to the taste; to remain as after-taste.
tabate, s. A kind of fish.
tabate, s. The name of a creeper.
3. the fruit of it, (eaten by children).
tabali, see tabatūni.
tabi, s. Flavour, taste; also adj. Savoury, delicious.
tabite, see tabali.
tabipuni (tabi), v. a. To appease, as the appetite.
1. to smack.
3. see tabukuni.
tabime, s. A follower.
tabuku, see tabi.
tabukuda-mara, see tabukuni.
tabudippu, see tabuki.
taburi, s. A pot. [ant.]
taburu, s. A kind of red
	tabuli, see tabalū.
tabule, see tabuli.
tabepuni (tabu), v. n. To long, eagerly desire.
taberuni (taberū), v. a. To threaten.
tabela, s. A stable.
tabta, see taba.
tabdilū, s. Change, alteration, variation.
tabbibbu, s. Distraction, confusion.
2. variation, difference. adj. Irregular.
tabbilū, see tabalū. 2. see tabalū.
tabbila, see tabbi.
tabbili, see tabbi.
tabbuni (ताब्बूनी), v. a. To feel, grope.
tabbudibbu; see tabbili.
tabbuli, s. An orphan.
adj. Low, vulgar. 2. weak, infirm. 3. cowardly, timid.
tama, s. Darkness. 2. mental darkness, ignorance. 3. worldly delusion.
tamakē, s. Leisure, respite, opportunity. 2. delay, procrastination. —तामक; —तामा to delay, put off, postpone.
tamatē, s. A tambour. 2. a little drum.
tamaniyuni, see tamari.
tamaru, tamara, s. Tin.
tamaryu, tamaryu, ta-
mari, tamare, see tamari.
tamasu, see tamari.
tamaryuni (तामरयूनी), v. n. To extricate, disentangle, save.
tameruni, see tamari.
tameluni, tameluni, tam-
vuni, v. n. To overflow, run over or out. 2. to menstruate.
tamoguna, s. The quality of darkness; ignorance; passionate or angry disposition; cf. तमोगुणa.
tayapuni, see tayari.
tayari, s. Preparation, readiness. adj. Ready. —तया to become ready. —तयां to keep ready. —तयां to prepare, make ready.
tayi, see तयि.
tayila, see तयिळा.
tayili, see तयिळी.
tara, s. Kind, sort, class, grade. 2. manner, mode. 3. a line, row, range. —ता variety; variegation; gradation, order, method. तरा a good match.
tara, tarâ, tarâku, tarângû, see तरक.
taraṇṭuni, see तराण्तु.
tarakû, see तरकु.
tarakari, s. Vegetables in general.
tarakonuni (तराकोणु), v. refl. To receive, accept. 2. to hear, listen, mind.
taraṇḍu, see तरण्डु.
tarâna, s. Fording, crossing, passing over.
taratamya, see तरातम्य.
taratra, see तरात्रा.
tarapu, s. A side, party. 2. care, custody. adv. Towards.
tarâpuni (तरापूँ), v. a. To rivet, fasten firmly. v. n. To be riveted, fixed.
tarâpoli, see तरापॊलि.
tarâbêtyu, tarabêti, s. Training, education. —तराबेत्यु, तराबेत्ति to train, instruct.
tarâvali, see तरावलि.
tarasû, see तरासू.
tarâle, s. Slander, calumny. 2. backbiting, tale-bearing. —तराळे a mischievous backbiter. —तराळे a slanderer, talebearer. —तराळे to slander, backbite.
tarântara, see तराण्तःतरा.
tarâtara, s. Variety in goods. 2. distinction of rank, etc.; cf. तरा.
tarâturi, s. Haste, speed.

tarâbali, tarâvali, s. Kind, species; variety, diversity. adj. Various, diverse.
taripuni (तरिपूँ), v. a. To lop off, as the superfluous branches of a tree; to clear, as a jungle.
tariyuni (तरियूँ), v. n. To stay, stop, tarry, delay.
taru, s. A small kind of fish; any little fish. —तरुः, —तरुः a swamp with such fishes. —तरुः a small kind of sardine.
tarumbu, s. A bunch of betelnuts.
tarûni, s. A girl, young woman. 2. a wife. [man. tarûne, s. A youth, young man.
taruva, see तरुवा.
tarè, s. The head, top. 2. the hair of the head. 3. generation. —तः from generation to generation. —तरुः तरुः upside down, topsyturvy, headlong. —तरुः poll-tax. —तरुः a head-load. —तरुः head-ornaments. —तरुः headache. —तरुः to behead, decapitate; to injure, ruin. —तरुः to leave the head bare. —तरुः lit. to offer the head; to undertake, engage in; to submit; to take the risk. —तरुः to be giddy, confused; to be tipsy; to become proud. —तरुः to impute, attribute.
-枞枞 lit. the head to shake; to be improved in one's circumstances; to gain power.
-枞枞 to bow the head; to humiliate; to be modest, polite. -枞枞 the head to be bowed down; to be ashamed; to be humiliated. -枞枞 to comb the hair. -枞枞 to introvert the tuft-knot. -枞枞 to thrive, prosper. -枞枞 the head to ache. 陣陣 lit. I have no head; I have a severe headache.

陣陣 taretra, s. A turban, head-dress.

陣陣 tareniru, s. Spring or fountain on the top of a hill, irrigating the land below. 2. amniotic fluid or fruitwater. 陣陣 the amnios to burst or break.

陣陣 tarepuni (陣), v. a. To grind, rub. 2. to try, assay metal.

陣陣 tarebilè, s. Exorbitant price, overcharge. 2. the price fetched by the first sale of goods.

陣陣 taremandè, s. The skull. 陣陣 to quarrel; to break one's head over a business.

陣陣 taremuri, s. Determination, resolution. 陣陣 to say definitely, decisively; to make known one's resolution.

陣陣 tareyuni (陣), v. n. To be rubbed off; to abrade; wear away, to become thin, wasted.

陣陣 tarelyu, adj. Worn out. 陣 a blunt or worn out billhook.

陣陣 tarevuni, see 阵阵

陣陣 taroli, s. A kind of creeper; also 阵阵. 2. the tree Rhynchoglossum obliq., the leaves of which are used for cleansing the head in bathing. 阵阵 a larger species of the same. 3. a milky plant, Ericyne.

陣陣 tarolu, s. A kind of tree the leaves of which are used by toddy-drawers to rub the horn of palm trees. 阵阵 a white species of the same.

陣陣 tarotara, see 阵阵

陣陣 tarra, see 阵阵

陣陣 tarka, s. Dispute, discussion, reasoning. 2. logic. 陣陣 a disputant, sophist. 陣陣 the science of logic. 陣陣 to dispute, discuss, argue.

陣陣 tarkatti, tarkattè, s. The curved knife of a toddy-drawer.

陣陣 tarkonuni (陣陣), v. a. To hold up in one's arms, as a sick person; cf. 阵阵

陣陣 tarkolu, tarkolu, tarkolu, s. A key. 2. a midwife. 3. assisting a woman in labour. 陣陣 to assist a woman in labour.
targa, s. A kind of whitlow between the toes.

talara, s. A kind of whitlow between the toes.
talasuni, see तलसनियम under तलन्तरा.
talantara, talantra, s. A generation; an age; cf. तलान्तर.
talāvu, s. A large tank.
talasū, s. Inquiry, search. procuring, providing —स्वार्थम् to search; to procure.
talipu, s. Sprinkling. 2. see तलिपु.
talipuni (तलिपु), v. a. To sprinkle.
talu, adj. Thrashed, beaten. —तलित्रितम् thrashed straw.
talukupadika, s. A topaz.
talè, s. A rop, for climbing palm trees. — the handrope, — the foot rope, — the whole apparatus of a toddy drawer.
talembu, s. A pillow.
taleniru, see तलेनिरु.
talepatta, s. A head-ornament of a devil-dancer.
talepu, s. Interruption, stoppage.
talepuni (तलेपु), v. a. To interrupt, hinder, stop, detain, delay.
talemani, s. A head ornament worn by a devil-dancer. — a tasselled headband of a demon-priest.
talemara, s. The frame of a thrashing stool.
talkatti, see talku.
talku, s. An ambush.
talkuni, see talpuni.
talpuni (ತಲ್ಪುನಿ), v. a. To drop. 2. to knock, shake off, as fruit from a tree. 3. to thrash, as paddy.
talemara, s. a thrashing ox.
talmena, s. Refreshment, revival, relief. adj. Cool, cold, refreshing, bracing.
tallana, adj. Wavering, vexed.
talli, s. A kind of cucumber pickle.
talluni (ತಲ್ಲುನಿ), v. a. To penetrate, push in, press through. 2. to hide, conceal.
talle, see talku. to be proud, arrogant.
tallpille, see talku.

talpuni (ತಲ್ಪುನಿ), v. a. To drop. 2. to knock, shake off, as fruit from a tree. 3. to thrash, as paddy.
talpuna (*), ' to a cool breeze.
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talli, s. A kind of cucumber pickle.
talatala, s. Glitter, lustre.
-talatala to glitter, flash, sparkle.

talapata, talapaṭṭu, s. Ruin; cf. talapata. adj. Vacant, empty, deserted, waste. -talatala to devastate, desert.

talapala, see talatala.
talabala, talamala, s. Alarm, agitation. 2. exhaustion, weariness.

talavare, s. A village watchman.
talāntara, see talatala.
talāra, s. A sore in the toes.
talipuni, see talipuni.
taliru, s. A sprout, bud, shoot. -a a tender leaf.

talu, see talu.
talepuni, see talipuni.
talpuni, see talipuni.
talipuni, see talipuni.
talmena, see talapata.
talli, s. Slander, calumny, defamation. 2. intercourse, interference, association. 3. see talatala. adj. Slanderous. 2. anonymous. -talatala an anonymous petition.
talluni, see talatala.
tallē, s. A heap. 2. plunder. -talatala, see talatala.

tankavuni, c. n. (of tankala) To cause to nurse. 2. to cause to give (said by Pariahs).

tanku (tanku), c. n. To take care of, nourish, bring up, foster, nurse, feed; shelter. 2. to give (said by Pariahs).

tāngu, s. A support, prop. -āngu, -āngu to prop, support, provide with support. -āngu supporting by holding up in arms.
tānguni (tankavuni), v. a. To assist, help. 2. to prop, support, sustain.
tāngolinipuni (tankavuni), v. a. To support.
tānnuni, see tankavuni.
tānēa, see tankavuni.
tāncavuni, see tankavuni.
tāncāvuni, see tankavuni.
tāncēvuni, see tankavuni.
tāncēvuni, see tankavuni.
tāncēvuni, see tankavuni.
tāncēvuni, see tankavuni.
tāncēvuni, see tankavuni.

tantumōṭu, adj. Crooked, bent. 2. vain, useless. s. Debris, fragments.
tāntavuni, c. n. (of tankula) To make touch, to bring into collision or contact. 2. to set one person against another.
tāntuni (tankula), v. n. To touch, hit, come into collision or contact with. 2. to quarrel, fight.

tāntē, adj. Lean, thin, slender. -ēā lean slender
tande

legs. — a cripple, a decrepit person. — a slender horn.

tata

tata, see 3oz.

tantanâne, s. A glutton.

tantrike, see 3oz.

tambâti, s. A metallic dish or tray.

tambula, s. Betel leaf and areca nut. — chewing betel.

tambra, s. Copper. adj. Copper-coloured. — a copper-pot. — a copper plate. — calx or oxide of copper.

The tree Morinda citrifolia.

takâtemara, s. The true report, correct information.

takika, s. A female giant. 2. A quarrelsome woman.

tati, s. Clapping the hands; applause. — to clap the hands; to applaud.

tatê, s. A kind of fish.

tadânè, s. Beating, whipping.

tadunâ, s. Goring; also 3oz.

taduni (3oz), v. a. To gore with the horns; to butt.

tadely, s. The act of goring or butting.

tanà, s. A place; cf. ste.

tâda, adv. Pointedly, directly; explicitly. — to say directly, refer pointedly.

tagâvuni, c. v. (of 3oz) To cause to touch, make hit. — to set one against another.

tâguni (3oz), v. a. To touch, hit, come in collision or contact with. v. n. To be impressed, sensible. — he was impressed by what was said.

tâcuni (3oz), v. n. To come in collision.

tajà, adj. Fresh, new; genuine. 2. fair, correct. — nota bene, a postscript. — a fair copy. — a genuine article.

tajipû, adj. Marvellous.

taânka, s. An ear-ornament.

tatâki, s. A female giant. 2. a quarrelsome woman.

tâti, s. Clapping the hands; applause. — to clap the hands; to applaud.

tâtê, s. A kind of fish.

tadânè, s. Beating, whipping.

tâdi, see 3oz.

tâdu, s. Goring; also 3oz.

tâduni (3oz), v. a. To gore with the horns; to butt.

tâdely, s. The act of goring or butting.

tanà, s. A place; cf. ste.

tâda, adv. Pointedly, directly; explicitly. — to say directly, refer pointedly.

tagevuni, c. v. (of 3oz) To cause to touch, make hit. — to set one against another.

tâguni (3oz), v. a. To touch, hit, come in collision or contact with. v. n. To be impressed, sensible. — he was impressed by what was said.

tâcuni (3oz), v. n. To come in collision.

tajà, adj. Fresh, new; genuine. 2. fair, correct. — nota bene, a postscript. — a fair copy. — a genuine article.

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tâdely, s. The act of goring or butting.

tanà, s. A place; cf. ste.

tâda, adv. Pointedly, directly; explicitly. — to say directly, refer pointedly.

tagevuni, c. v. (of 3oz) To cause to touch, make hit. — to set one against another.
made of paper and tinsel by Mussalmans at the Moharam.

tätê, s. Control. 2. charge, care. ता करने वाला he is in your charge.

tamakāyi, see तामकायि.

tamani, see तामानि.

tamayi, see तामयि.

tāmarê, s. The lotus flower, Nymphaea pubescens; also तामरस. —ताम the seed of a lotus. —ताम the stalk of a lotus.

tāmarerōga, s. A wasting disease of children. 2. green sickness.

tāmasa, s. Laziness, indolence. 2. delay, procrastination. 3. anger, passion. तामस a sluggard; a passionate man.

tāmisra, s. Great darkness. —तामि the dark half of the lunar month.

tāmè, see तामेक.

tāmerù, see तामेरु.

tāmra, see ताम्र.

tāyi, s. Mother.

tāyigande, s. A rogue, cheat, scoundrel, obsc.

tāyiberù, s. The principal root of a tree, taproot.

tāryù, s. A rivulet. 2. tar.

tāra, s. A star. 2. two pie. 3. crossing, passing over.

tāraṇa, s. The eighteenth year of the Hindu cycle. 2.
the act of crossing. 3. persecution. 4. a raft, float.

tārata, s. Rank, state, condition. 2. distinction, discrimination.

tānā, s. A cocoanut. 2. distinction, discrimination. 3. a kind of grass, Cyperus nucifera.

Oo taratamya, s. A kind of grass, Cyperus rotundus. 2. to play with cocoanuts by knocking one against the other, the person who breaks the cocoanut of the other gains it.

tānāvuni, c. v. (of tāna) To drive in. 2. to immerse.

tārī, s. The palmyra, Borassus flabelliformis. 2. the bulb of a fragrant grass, Cyperus rotundus. 3. the stalk or midrib of a cocoanut leaf.

tārinī, s. A date, day of the month. 2. to commend, praise.

Tāra, s. The palmyra, Borassus flabelliformis. 2. a kind of grass, Cyperus nucifera. 3. to condemn, to become confused.

Tāra, s. The cocoanut palm, Cocos nucifera. 2. a kind of grass, Cyperus rotundus. 3. to substantiate.

Tārikā, s. A goddess peculiar to the Jains. 2. substantiation, proof, demonstration. 3. apparition. 4. a name of Balarama.

Tāripu, s. Praise, commendation. 2. novelty, rarity.

Tārā, s. A kind of glass, Cyperus hexastachyus. 2. the stalk of the palmyra tree.

Tārā, s. A kind of glass, Cyperus hexastachyus. 2. the spine of a coconut leaf.

Tārāy, s. A kind of glass, Cyperus hexastachyus. 2. jaggory made from palm juice. 3. a poisonous snake. 4. the midrib of a palm-leaf.

Tārī, s. A kind of glass, Cyperus hexastachyus. 2. the stalk of the palmyra tree.
tali, s. The marriage badge, worn by a female. 2. a metal tumbler or small pot. 3. a kind of grass. —<s>to tie the marriage badge to the neck. —<s> a kind of climbing shrub.

taliye, see <s>

talimu, s. Gymnastics, athletic exercise. —<s> to practise gymnastics.

talu, s. The throat. 2. the palate.

taluku, s. The division of a district.

taluni, v. n. To fall off, drop down; cf. <s>

tale, see <s>

talpuni, see <s>

talyatundu, s. A special cloth worn only by weavers.

talyapatţu, s. A cob-web.

talyapuri, s. A spider.

talye, s. A weaver. 2. a spider.

tavaji, s. A metallic tube for keeping an amulet, money, etc.

tavare, see <s>. 2. see <s>

tavu, s. A sheet of paper. 2. death; cf. <s>. 3. place, room.

tasha, s. A kind of drum.

tasu, s. An hour.

tasayi, see <s>.
tingolu, s. The moon.
2. a month. चैत्र April. जनैग्र May. जैन्त्र June. जुलै July.
अगस्त August. गान or ग्रह September. अक्टोबर or अक Octuber. नौबत November.
दिसंबर December. जनवरी January. फरवरी February.
प्राची March. 2. a kind of large worm. 3 चंद्रा moon-light, moon-shine. 3 वर्षदार monthly pay or salary.

तिन्ना, s. Repetition.
तिन्दा, s. A rag.
तिन्दु, (तिन्दु) v. a. To eat all, guzzle; cf. तिन्दु.
तिन्दः, adj. Worthless.
तिन्दे, s. A vagabond, worthless man.
तिन्दे, see तिन्दे.
तिन्दु, s. A thimble.
तिन्दे, s. A glutton.
तिन्दु, past part. (of तिन्दु) Having turned.
adv. Again, once more. -लिंग से to return, go back, go again.
-बन्धु to come again; to return from a walk. -भिन्न to be upset, overturned; to rebel, revolt.
तिन्दने, s. A pivot, hinge, swivel. 2. a screw.
तिन्दाणु, adv. topsy-turvy, pell-mell.
तिन्दा, s. Excursion, walk, roaming. 2. turning, change.

तिरुगवुनी, c. v. (of तिरुगवुनी) To turn, whirl, make return. 2. to change, convert, gain over. तिरुगवुनी to break a promise; to deny. तिरुगवुनी to change the mind. तिरुगवुनी to gain over a witness.

tirungunaye, tirugele, s. A rover, vagabond. 2. a backslider, unsteady man.

tiruguni (तिरुगुनी), v. n. To turn, revert, revolve, whirl, turn back. 2. to shift, as the wind. 3. to move, wander, travel about. तिरुगुनी to be giddy; to become proud.
tiruguni तिरुगुनी to go for a walk, take a walk; cf. तिरुगुनी.
tirngani, see तिरंगनी.
tirunthuni, see तिरुनथु.

tirmimi, s. A kind of fern; also तिरंगातपी.

tikani, see तिकाणी.

tikkru, s. Entanglement, intricacy, perplexity. 2. difficulty, distress, trouble. 3. see तिका.
-विषया to get entangled. -विषया to be entangled.
tikkatu, s. A labyrinth, maze, intricacy.
tikkatuni (तिक्कातु) v. n. To be matted, as hair. 2. to be entangled; to be intricate.
tikkale, adj. Short and thin.

tikkavuni, c. v. (of तिक्कावुनी) To ensnare, entangle. 2. to fix. 3. to button.
tikkuni (_tiles), v. a. To rub, brush, polish. v. n. To be ensnared, caught. 2. to be seized, apprehended. c.dat. To find, get, obtain.
tiguthe, see tikkothe.
tigaté, s. A split, splinter, slip, piece. To split, divide, saw.
tigupuni, see tigupu.
tiguruni, see tiguru.
tiga, s. A beehive. 2. honey. - to a honeycomb. - honey. - bees' wax. - a small kind of bee.
tigadí, s. The Indian jalap, Ipomoea turpethum.
tigadibigadi, s. Confusion, tumult.
tigaté, tigatti, see tik.
tigalé, s. The breast, chest, heart. 2. courage. - a giant; a big, lazy fellow; a desperado. - a the hollow of the breast; bravery. - pain in the chest. - anger, wrath. - to brave, encounter with courage; to be bold. - to give in charge; to hold responsible. - the heart to palpitate. - the heart to break; to labour hard. - to have charge. - to suffer from heart-burn.
tigité, see tik.
tigipuni, tigupuni (tiles, tiles), v. a. To split, slit, cut, saw, tear.
tiguru, tigur, tiguluni (tiles, tiles), v. n. To sprout, shoot, germinate. 2. to split.
tigot, see tik.
titi, s. White spots on leaves; cf. titi.
titte, see tik.
tittesi, s. Interference, intermeddling. 2. annoyance, trouble; also tittesi.
tine, s. A small open veranda.
titi, see til.
tittiri, s. Playing upon a pipe, etc. 2. a top. 3. a partridge. - to play at tops.
tittiribittiri, s. An unfair dealing.
tithi, s. A lunar day. 2. the annual ceremony performed to one's deceased ancestors.
tidu, tidi, adj. Small.
tidunkara, s. Sitting on the feet. - to sit on the feet.
tidi, see til. 2. see til.
tidipanča, adj. Dwarffish, short.
tiddā, c. v. (of ಸು), To get corrected, rectified, altered.
tiddiĝē, s. Correction, training, renovation.  -ಕ an erect pillar. -ಕ settled hand-writing.
tidduni (ಸು), v. a. To correct, mend, reform, rectify, alter.  -lit. to correct the hand; to acquire a good penmanship.
tiddupadi, tiddupāta, s. Correction, amendment, modification. 2. reformation. -ಕ to correct, amend, modify.
tiddya, adj. Junior, younger.  - an aunt, i.e. mother's younger sister, or younger uncle's wife. -ಕ an uncle, i.e. father's younger brother, or aunt's husband.
tiddyāye, s. A young man.
tidpu, see ೧.
tidma, s. A kind of fish.
tinasu, see ೧.
tinē, see ೧.
tinpāvuni, c. v. (of ಸು) To feed, nurse.
tinpini (ಸು), v. a. To eat, consume. 2. to destroy, waste. 3. to receive, as bribes, blows, etc.  -to get blows.  -to take bribes.
tinpele, s. A glutton.
tipalē, s. The creeper Clypea Burmanni. 2. an application for the head, generally prepared of the leaves of this plant.
tippila, tipulē, see ೧.
tippa, adj. Small.
tippi, s. A cocoanut shell. -lit. a cocoanut shell and a stick; beggary. - to come down to beggary. -a small breast, resembling a cocoanut shell. - the lower half of a shell. - the skull.
tipili, s. A kind of borer.
tippivokkelu, tipyokkelu, s. A poor tenant.
tippu, see ೧.
tippē, s. A heap, pile. 2. a hill.
tibilidade, s. A hand-lamp, night-lamp.
tiburu, s. A crack, split.  -see ೧.
tibbi, tibbē, s. Hemming.
tibrāḷu, s. Treble distilled arrack.
timarē, s. The Pennywort, Hydrocotyle asiatica.
timigunguḷu, s. A whale.
timukuduni (ಸು), v. a. To jostle, push; to try to escape from a crowd.
timukuni, timuruni, v. n. To throng, crowd.

tiyara, see to reach.
tirunguni, see to see.
tira, see to.
tirasu, see to.

tiraskara, s. Contempt, disrespect, reproach, affront.
tiri, s. A sprout, shoot, sprig, germ; the tender branch of a palm. 2. the wick of a lamp; cf. 3Jo. — see a harelip. — a thin body. — to cease to sprout. — to sprout, shoot. — the point of the nail.
tirikatu, see 3Jo.
tiriyara, adv. Within reach of the hand; below, beneath.
tiru, s. A bow string. 2. a short stick used to tighten, as the string of a bow, etc. — to tie a bow-string.
tiru, adj. Holy. — the holy
tirunguni, see 3Jo.
tirugane, see 3Jo.
tirudana, see 3Jo.
tirudan, 3Jo. tirupa, tirupu, see 3Jo.
tirubanji, see 3Jo.
tirumuru, s. Property, wealth. 2. exchange.
tirumurti, see 3Jo.
tiruva, see 3Jo.
tiruvana, s. A nitpick.
tiruve, see 3Jo.
tiruji, s. A kind of round chisel or gimlet.
tire, tirekajipu, see 3Jo.
tirkuy, s. A band, tie made of the fibre taken from the flat side of the cocoanut branch; cf. 3Jo. — to fasten the cocoanut blossom with such a tie.
tirkatu, s. The slip-knot of a rope used for drawing water. 2. see 3Jo. — to fasten a band, peg, etc.
tirakade, s. The lower part of any thing.
tirkayi, see 3Jo.
tirkavuni, c. v. (of 3Jo) To make lean, to weaken.
tirkuni, s. An undergarment.
tirku, s. A split, splinter; also.
tirkei, s. A water jar, pitcher. 2. a handful.
to join the hands for receiving anything. सं— a small pitcher.

tirkō, s. A lean or weak man.

tirdumā, see तिर्धु.

tirgāṇe, see तिर्गुनि.

tirgūni, see तिर्गुनि.

tirīaṇē, see तिरीणे.

tirītyū, adv. Down, beneath, below. adj. Lower, subordinate. निविद्ध to fall down.

tirītyāya, s. The threshold, lower step, under frame.

tirītaṇē, s. The lower part of a slope; cf. तिर्दु.


tirīṛaṭṭu, see तिरीरा.

tirdūni (तिर्दुनि), v. n. To turn. 2. see तिर्दु.

tirpanāṭrē, s. A place near Cochin; the former residence of the Cochin kings.

tirpani, s. A fund for the repairs of a temple.

tirpati, see तिर्पति.

tirpāli, s. Long pepper.

tirpalē, see तिर्पालेः.

tirpāvunī, c. v. (of तिर्पा) To get made, settled. 2. see तिर्पावुनि. ठोक— to make gold ornaments.

tila, s. The gingely oil seed, Sesamum indicum. ठोला the sesamum flower. ठोड़ी, ठोड़ेसी sesamum seed and water, presented as an offering to the manes of the departed ancestors. ठोड़ी gingely oil. ठोड़ी ठोड़ी a gift of sesamum.

tilaka, s. A sectarian or ornamental mark on the forehead. 2. a freckle, mole.
tilana, see 395. 2. see 397.

tilavu, see 395.
tilodaka, see under 395.
tilakuni (395), v. a.
To dissipate, disperse, scatter.
tilana, s. Humming a tune.
tilavu, see tilodaka, under 395.
tilladuni (395), <.
To dissipate, disperse, scatter.
tilana, J. Humming a tune.
tivasu, tivasi, s.
A kind of carpet, a rug. 2. a cushion.
tili, adj. Transparent, clear.
2. distilled; cf. 395, 397. -se clear, or filtered water.
tiluvalike, tiluvalige, s. Understanding, intellect; knowledge, information.
tillapilla, see 395.
till, see 395.
tikiri, tikkeri, tikkri, s. Preparing for the festival of the female demons 395, 397. 2. see 395.
tiku, see 395.
tinkelu, see 395.
tintuni, see 395.
tintata, see 395.
tintara, tinthara, s. Dispersion, dissipation.
2. ruin, waste. -se to become dispersed; to be ruined. -se to waste.
tintare, s. A destitute or miserable man.
tintavuni, c. v. (cf 395) To cause to splash.
tintuni (395), v. n. To splash; also 395.
timpu, see 395.
timpuni (395), v. n. To snort, breathe heavily. 2. to snivel; cf. 395.
timpela, s. A sniveller; cf. 395.
tirntuni, see 395.
tiku, adj. Tasteful, savoury.
tikara, tikary, adj. Sweetish; not pungent, not properly seasoned.
tikodè, s. A kind of fish.
tigè, see 395.
tiđuni (395), v. a. To rub, press. 2. to irritate.
tinu, tiny, tini, s. Food, meal, diet. 2. a glutton.
tipalè, see 395.
tipë, s. Sweetness. adj. Sweet, fresh. -se the liquorice. -se sweet potato, Goa potato, Dioscora aculeata.
timuîlu, s. A kind of touch-me-not, Casalpina mimosoides.
tiyu, s. A nit. 2. the egg of a bug. 3. see 395. -se a small louse. -se. see 395. -se a crushed nit.
tira, adj. Entire, whole. adj. Wholly, entirely. 2. decidedly, positively.
tirandi, see under 395.
tirā, tirā, tirta, tirtha, s. Pure water, sacred water in which an idol is bathed; a bathing place of pilgrimage. 2. a bathing place. -ᵐdıkları pilgrimage to a sacred river. -ᵐ큭 to administer sacred water, to give water to drink. -ᵐקרן to spring forth, as water from a fountain.

tirnātu, see ˢ심. ˢව. ˢ. Conclusion, end. ˢ. See ˢ嗦. tirinātu, see ˢ심. ˢ. Conclusion, end. tiravuni, see ˢ심. ˢ. Conclusion, end. tirisāvuni, tirisuni, c. v. (of ˢ심) To finish, conclude, complete. 2. to settle, decide, determine. 3. to pay off, as a debt.
tirunātu, adv. As far as practicable, to the extent of one's ability.
tiruni (практик), v. n. To be finished, settled. c. dat. To be able. ᵃⁿⁿ (neg. part.) incapable, infeasible, unsettled; endless, inexhaustible. ᵃⁿⁿ ᵃⁿⁿ work beyond one's ability to perform. ᵇⁿⁿ ᵇⁿⁿ he is not well. ᵇⁿⁿ ᵇⁿⁿ he is not able to do it. ᵇⁿⁿ ᵇⁿⁿ is is done. ᵇⁿⁿ ᵇⁿⁿ to end, expire, die.
tirumāna, s. Conclusion, settlement, completion. adj. Complete, final. adv. Finally. -ᵐקרן, -ᵐקרן the lowest price. -ᵐקרן to settle, resolve, determine.
tiruvikē, see ˢ심. ˢ. See ˢ嗦. tirē, see ˢ심. tirishly, s. Termination, conclusion.
tirgadē, s. Completion. 2. see ˢ.getUserName()
tungayè, s. A kind of seed.
tungäyi, s. A fragrant kind of grass.
tungu, see tungayè.
tunta, adj. Mischievous, impudent, wicked. —tumidity, wickedness.
tunta, s. A mischievous or impudent woman.
tuntè, s. A wicked or impudent man.
tundu, s. A piece, slice, bit. —tundu a rag. —tundè a short cudgel. —tundu pieces, fragments. —tundu to patch, join pieces. —tundu to fell a tree in blocks. —tundu to cut into pieces.
tundè, s. The cover of leaves round the loins, as worn by Koragar women. —tundu a black kind of the five-leaved chaste-tree.
tunna, see tunüa.
tunna, s. The scurf or mealy crust of the body.
tumba, adj. Full, complete.
tumbavuni, c. v. (of tumba) To cause to fill, load, lade. 2. to accuse, impute, attribute.
tumbi, s. The blackbee. 2. see tumbu. tumbi, see tumbavuni.
tumbilu, s. Sneezing. —tumbi, —tumbil to sneeze.
tumbun (tumbu), v. a. To bear, carry, as a load. 2. to fill. 3. to endure, suffer. v. n. To be filled, full. —tumbu— to suffer from a false accusation. —tumbu— to be guilty. —tumbu— to carry a load. —tumbu— to be in debt. —tumbu— to carry an idol in procession, round its temple.
tumburu, see tumuru.
tumburu, tumbaru, tum-bure, s. A celestial chorister.
tumbè, s. The plant Phlomis indica.
tumbenekkilu, s. Wild vegetation. —tumbu wild vegetation to grow; to fall in ruins.
tumba, tummo, tumbo, tummunu, tumberu, refl. v. (of tumba) To bear or suffer for one's self, to be patient.
tumbu, see tumba.
tukadi, s. A piece, rag, fragment, bit. 2. the division of a district. 3. rank and file. —tukadi to divide, to put into files.
tukkutukku, s. Skipping; strutting. 2. arrogance, haughtiness. —tukku to skip; to strut.
tukre, see tukre.
tugadi, tugudi, tugad, tugudi, see tugadi.
tuga

The skin, bark, rind. - to skin, pare, peel.

tuțca, adj. Small, little, mean. - to contempt, scorn, vilenness. - to despise, scorn.

tuțu, adj. void, empty, deserted.

Contempt, scorn, vileness. - to despise, scorn.

tuța, s. A vicious animal; a biting animal. adj. Vicious; biting.

tuțji, see tuț. 

tuțunu, adj. To cause to bite, chase. 2. to join, unite.

tuțti, s. A sort of drone corresponding a bagpipe. 2. see tuț. 

Tuțări, see tuț. 

Tuțăvuni, adj. To cause to dress, clothe. 

Tuțu, s. Dressing. - clothes, raiment. - dress, clothing, covering.

Tuțunu, adj. To dress, wear, clothe. 

Tuțuri, s. A trumpet, horn, pipe. - a trumpeteter, piper. - to blow a horn or trumpet. 

Tuțu, s. Point, end, extremity, top. - the arm from the elbow. - completely; up to the top. - top and bottom. - aimless, purposeless. - to be sufficient, convenient. - to finish, complete. the point of a sword.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tamil Word</th>
<th>English Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tude</td>
<td>A river, stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-turu</td>
<td>to ford a river.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tudeculli</td>
<td>The holly-leaved anacanthus, <em>Dilivaria ilicifolia</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tunusu</td>
<td>A kind of grass or nettle, <em>Tragia involucrata</em>.</td>
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<tr>
<td>tuppu</td>
<td>Discovery, as of stolen property; detection, as of an offence.</td>
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<tr>
<td>tumuku</td>
<td>Pressure, throng.</td>
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<tr>
<td>tumukuni</td>
<td>see tumuku.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tuyi</td>
<td>A feather, quill, the plume of birds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| tuyimbuni | To hiss. 2. to grow angry. 3. to blow the nose; cf. *tuppu*.
| tuyimpele | A fretful person. 2. a sniveller. |
| tuyilyu | see tuyimbuni. |
| turangga | see tumuku. 2. see tumukuni. |
| turala | see tumuku. |
| turalé | see tumuku. |
| turayi | A crest-like head-ornament worn by males. 2. a crest, plume of feathers. |
| turu | A cramp-iron, brace. |
| turita | see tumuku. |
| turipini, turipuni | (turu), v. a. To string, as beads. 2. to bore, perforate. 3. to bore the ears; to whisper; to backbite. |
| turiyuni | To be stringed. 2. to be bored, perforated. 3. to fall, as powder from decayed wood. |
| turu | adv. Violently, strongly. -tur to pick flesh from a carcass, as a vulture, *etc*.; to vie as puppies when sucking, *etc*. |
| turungu | A prison, jail. |
| turumbu | s. Chaff. -tur to winnow. |
| turu | see tumuku. |
turu

 turuna, see ತುರು.
turuta, see ತುರು.
turuturu, adv. Swiftly, quickly.
turupu, s. Cavalry. 2. a trump or winning card.
turupuni, see ತುರುಪು.
turuvayi, see ತುರುವಾಯി.
turuvuni, see ತುರುವಣಿ.
turuvoṇuni, v. refl. To embrace, take in.
turādu, adv. Fast, tightly.
ture, s. A water-gourd, pumpkin. —ದೆ a large calabash used by toddy-drawers for collecting toddy, or by mendicants as a vessel. —ದೆ the shell of an over-grown gourd. —ದೆ the creeper of water-gourd.
turkamata, s. Moham-medanism.
turkali, s. Distention, puffing. 2. pride, insolence. —ಅನು to be proud, insolent; to be troublesome.
turkalyuni (ಸುರುಕు), v. n. To be distended, as an overloaded stomach.
turke, s. A Turk, Mus-sulman.
turtu, s. A female's hair tied into a knot.
turna, see ತುರು.
turta, turtu, s. Swiftness, haste, speed. adj.

Quick, hasty, swift. —ಸುರುಕು to hasten, accelerate, be quick.
turli, s. Obeisance.
tula, s. A balance. 2. similarity. 3. see ತುಲ.
tulā, s. The holy basil, Ocimum sanctum; also ತುಲ. — ತುಲ the embankment round a basil plant. — ತುಲ worship paid to it. — ತುಲ beads made of wood of the holy basil. — ತುಲೆ, — ತುಲ a necklace of those beads. — ತುಲ a kind of earring. ತುಲೆ the wild basil, Ocimum album.
tulā, s. The sign Libra. 2. the seventh solar month.
tulavuni, see ತುಲವಣಿ.
tulasu, see ತುಲಸು.
tuli, adj. Sweet, fresh. —ಸುರುಕು fresh water.
tulipuni, tuliyuni (ಸುರುಕು), v. a. To churn, make butter.
tuliyuni, see ತುಲಿಯುನಿ.
tule, see ತುಲ.
tulebāra, s. Weighing one’s self against gold, etc. —ಸುರುಕು to get one’s self weighed against gold and distribute it in charity.
tulya, adj. Comparable, analogous, equal.
tullatulla, see ತುಲಲು.
tulli, see ತುಲ್ಲ.
tulluni, see ತುಲ್ಲು.
tulle, tullela, tullyala, see tulli.
tulla, s. Overflowing, running over.
tuva, see tulli.
tusku, adj. Useless, vain, unmeaning; also see.
tulasi, see tulli.
tulapini, tulapuni, tulavuni, see tulapu.
tulasi, see.
tulutaye, s. A native of the Tulu country.
tulapu, s. A Tulu man. - an ox born and bred up in the Tulu country.
tulapun, see.
tulipun, see.
tulipu, s. A shell, skin, rind.
tulya, see.
tullatulla, adv. In an outspoken manner, straightforwardly. 2. suddenly, hurriedly. - to speak out or straightforwardly.

tünkuni, tünkuni, tünkuni (తుంపుడు తుంపుడు), v. a. To swing, toss. v. n. To reel. 2. to doze, be drowsy. 3. to deliberate.

tünkaliyu-, adj. Awny, full of beard, as corn. awny awny paddy.
tünkunu, s. The beard of barley, etc.
tünkii, adj. Thin, fine, small. 2. see తుంపుడు.
tünkiji, see తుంపుడు.
tünkiti, see తుంపుడు.
tünkali, s. A nest of red ants. 2. see తుంపుడు.
tünkuni (తుంపుడు), v. a. To aim, point at.
tünkeli, s. Pointing, directing.
tümbaru, s. A big hole. 2. see తుంపాడు.
tümbara, s. The eye of a spade; cf. తుంపాడు.
tümbo, see తుంపాడు.
tükka, s. Weight; weighing. తుంపకుడు a plummet; weights. ఖేడు to ascertain the weight. తుంపకుడు to weigh.
tükka, (imperat. first pers. pl. of తూతు). Let us see!
tükara, s. Turbulence. తూతు to be turbulent.
tükala, see తూతు.
tutu, int. Fie! shame!
தொண்டு, s. A stake, post.  
தொண்டுக் கி a kind of yam, Dioscora alata.

தொண்டுடன், s. A sign.

தொண்டுவண்டி, c. v. (of தொண்டுடன் & தொண்டு) To show, point out.

தொண்டுபினி, v. a. To see, look, observe. 2. to try, test, examine. 3. to visit. 4. to seek; to consider, regard. 5. to take care. [grain.

தொண்டு, s. Winnowing, as தொண்டுபினி (க்கு), v. a. To winnow, fan. 2. to blame, abuse; see மூதை.

தொண்டு, s. A hole.

தொண்டூ, s. A contract, particularly for toddy. — தொண்டும் toddy supplied according to contract. — தொண்டும் செய்யும் a toddy-drawer who has contracted to supply toddy. — தொண்டும் செய்யும் to consign toddy according to contract.

தொண்டுடியில், s. An earthen water-pot; cf. டுச். — முடியும் a man with a dropsical belly.

தொண்டுடுவிலுள், s. Ziziphus anoplia. — முடியும் to instigate.

தொண்டுரு, s. A crack, chap, fissure. — முடியும் to crack, chap.

தொண்டுருணி (க்கு), v. n. To crack, as a vessel.

தொண்டுருல், s. A kind of rattan, Calamus rotang; cf. ரண்டு. — முடியும் the root of the same. — முடியும் a thicket of the same. — முடியும் a walking stick made of the same.

தொண்டுட்யா, s. A musical instrument.

தொண்டு, (imperat. 2nd pers. sing. of தொண்டு) See! 2. see முடியும்.

தொண்டுலாங்கி, see முடியும்.

தொண்டுவுணி, see முடியும்.

தொண்டு, see முடியும்.

தொண்டுலை (க்கு), v. n. To totter, reel; to nod, be drowsy.

தொண்டுலேங்கி, see முடியும்.

தொண்டு, s. Inspiration; enthusiasm, ecstasy.

தொண்டுலாம், s. A kind of cotton.

தொண்டு, see முடியும்.

தொண்டு, s. An instant.

தொண்டுண, s. Grass, hay, straw. 2. a bit. adj. Light or trifling, as a straw. — குண்டு contemptible; short life.

தொண்டு துற்றி, s. Satisfaction, gratification, contentment. — முடியும் to be satisfied. — முடியும் to satisfy. [desire.

தொண்டு துயின, s. Thirst.

தொண்டுண, s. The coconuts. 2. a swelling.

தொண்டுண்டு, see முடியும்.

தொண்டுண்டே, see முடியும்.
tendemuli, s. A species of thatch grass.

tendelu, s. A very young cocoanut just out of bud. —tendel, a shrivelled or wan face. —tendel, the face to shrivel.

tennu, adv. Now.

tennasu, see §39.

tembara, tembare, s. A small drum. —tembara, to drum.

tembali, s. The lower part of a cocoanut shell. 2. the back of the head.

tembi, s. A burning sensation in the throat. 2. a raw taste, as of imperfect seasoning of food.

temberiyuni (temberi), v. n. To feel a burning sensation in the throat. 2. to taste raw, as imperfectly seasoned food.

tembula, adv. Yet, still, up to this time.

tembé, see §39.

tembaré, see §39.

tembelé, see §39.

temma, s. A cough, cold. temma— the whooping cough. temma— cough with dyspnoea, bronchitis. temma— a catarrhal cough. —temma to cough, hawk.

tekku, see §39.
tedi, see 5.
tedilyu, s. Thunder, thunderbolt, thunderclap. -tediy a flash of lightening. -tedih the; -tedir, -tedirka to thunder. -tedih to be struck by lightening; to be thunderstruck.
tenasu, see 5.
tetti, s. An egg.
tettuni (3), v. n. To throb or distend, as the kidneys from accumulation of urine.
tenu, see 5.
tenukayi, tenukayi, tenkayi, s. South. adj. Southern.
2. the Malabar province.
tenasu, s. Food, feeding.
teni, see 5.
tenkere, irregular gerund of 5.
tepa, s. A float, raft. 2. a shoal of fish. adj. Dense; cf.
tepa. -teppa to make a float.
teparigé, s. A cloth-like substance which wraps round the base of the coconut branches.
teppu, s. The fibrous covering of certain nuts. 2. see tepa.
teppe, see 5.
tebatuni, see 5.
tebate, s. A kind of fish.
tebbu, s. A bow string.
tebbubbu, see 5.
tereduni (*66), v. n. To be confounded, confused. 2. to roll down.
terpuni (*66), v. a. To separate. 1. to make one sit in a cross line as an outcaste at dinner.
terpu, s. Thinness. adj. Thin, lean. 2. few, little.
telpu, s. Thinness. adj. Thin, lean. 2. few, little.
telavu, telavu, s. A thin, flat kind of cake, made of rice flour, etc.
telluni (*66), v. n. To winnow, sift.
tellena, adj. Thinnish; cf. telu.
tevalu, s. Desire, wish. 2. attachment.
teluntuni (*66), v. n. To contract, shrivel. 2. to wither, grow thin.
teli, see tel.
teliyuni, see tel.
tenkuni, see tel.
tenkè, see tel.
tekamurka, s. Cloying, pallng, satiation.
teka, adj. Brimful, up to the brim only. — about three quarter seer of rice. — to mete up only to the brim of a measure.
tegu, s. Belching.
teguni (*66), v. n. To belch.
tega, teja, tejassu, s. Lustre, light, splendour. 2. glory, fame.
teji, s. A gift; cf. 乡镇.
teji, s. A horse of superior breed. adj. Swift, fast. 2. sharp, as a knife.
tété, s. The beard of grass; cf. 鐘. adj. Pure, clear; glaring, downright. —adj. a tall man. —adj. pure oil. —adj. a glaring lie.
tetila, tetila, s. A kind of vegetable, Caladium nymphaeifolium.
telte, see 鐘. [vol.]
tedayi, s. A base woman, see 鐘.
tedi, see 乡镇.
tedu, teđe, s. A slice, piece, as of a jack fruit; cf. 乡镇.
tedë, s. A kind of fish. 大——, 長大——, 長細——, 短細——, 短小—— are its different species.
tedemullu, s. A kind of tree. —the fruit of the same.
tedi, s. A day of the solar month.
tepangayi, see 普.To draw a car in procession.
tepangelù, s. Any article with an inclined surface.
tepakally, s. A polishing stone, whetstone.
tepanë, s. Rubbing, polishing, as a precious stone.
tepalë, s. A kind of trough or bucket used for watering trees, etc.
tepu, s. Rubbing, whetting, polishing, as a precious stone. —adj. a polishing stone; a corundum. —adj. a polisher. —adj. a whetting board. —to polish, cut, as a precious stone.
tepuni (鄉), v. a. To throw water with a bucket or trough. 2. to irrigate. 3. to rub, polish.
tebatë, see 乡镇.
tematigè, see 墨江.
temana, temana, s. Loss in assaying metals, waste caused by rubbing or polishing metals.
temayi, temè, see 硫. —temayi, temè, see 硫.
teya, see 普.
teru, s. An idol-car. 2. the car-festival. —to draw a car in procession.
teru, s. Bark, rind, peel. —to peel, bark, flay. —the peelings of cucumber.
terantë, s. A centipede, millepede.
terāta, s. A car festival.
teru, see 普.
tere, see 普.
tereda-mara, s. The
marking-nuttree, *Semecarpus Anacardium*.

The pigeon-pea, *Cajanus*

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terga

**terga**, *Semecarpus Anacardium*.

**tergadè, s.** Settlement; conclusion; acquittal. 2. passing, as an examination.

**tergè, s.** Mire sticking to a plough.

**terbìdi, s.** The street through which an idol-car is drawn; the ear-street.

**tèlyu, see तेल.**

**télavuni, see तेलवु.**

**teluni (तेलु), v. n.** To float.

**tèvu, s.** A kind of yam, *Arum colocasia; Calladium esculentum*.

**tèlyu, s.** A scorpion. — the hook of a chain, to which a coin etc. is suspended. — a scorpion to sting.

**tei, see तै.**

**teinàti, s.** Being in one's charge or care. 2. a peon attending on a superior officer; an orderly.

**teipini, see तैपी.**

**teiranè, see तैरण.**

**teirunì, see तैरु.**

**teilu, s.** A money bag, purse.

**teila, teîle, s.** Oil, ointment.

**teilasà, see तैलस.**

**teîli, see तै.**

**toûkè, s.** Void, vacuum.
*indicus.* -sē. -sēṣā toy doll, split pigeon-pea.

*tojali,* see *jali.*

*tojari,* see *jari.*

*tojanku,* see *janku.*

*tojari,* *tojari,* *tojakă,* *tojakade,* s. Malice. -sēṣā to talk maliciously; to give vent to malice.

*tojjī,* s. Itching, scratching. 2. the scum of water, collected into bubbles.

*toći,* s. An old woman.

*toje,* s. An old man.

*toṭṭi,* s. A bucket, trough, tub.

*toṭṭīlū,* s. A cradle, cot. -sē, a bat. -sēṣā a large kind of butterfly. -sēṣā to rock a cradle.

*toṭṭu,* s. The stem or stalk of a leaf or fruit. 2. the nipple of a breast.

*toṭṭuni,* *toṭṭuni,* *toṭṭonuni* (कोठो, कोठुंडो), v. a. To embrace, hug, hold fast; cf. एकोङ्जी.

*toṭṭē,* s. A basket made of cocoanut leaves. 2. a honeycomb; cf. गोठे -sēṣā a kind of crane. [trough.

*toṭṭē,* *toṭṭē,* s. A wooden trough.

*toṭṭlē,* s. A child in the cradle; *also* तोठोली. -sēṣā a wife to return to her husband’s house, with the new-born child.

*tojumbe,* s. A cluster of flowers.

*tojāṅku,* s. A clasp, hook.

*tojaku,* s. Entanglement; obstacle, hinderance.

*tojaguni* (कोठगुन), v. i. To begin, commence. 2. to undertake.

*tojagelu,* s. Beginning, commencement.

*tojamane,* s. Entertaining a son-in-law or a mother-in-law for the first time.

*tojāry,* *tojāru,* s. Entanglement, obstacle.

*tojale,* s. The funeral dinner. 2. hardship, trouble. -sē food earned with hardship.

*toṇi,* see *joni.*

*toḍighē,* s. Clothes, dress. 2. ornaments. 3. avidity, eagerness.

*toṭu,* *toḍuvelu,* s. Greediness. जोठेगी a greedy man.

*toḍē,* see *jodi.*

*toḍepuni* (ठोड), v. a. To anoint. 2. to paint. 3. to smear, rub.

*toḍevalu,* s. A bubo.

*toḍuvē,* s. A large bee. 2. a beehive, honeycomb. 3. a lump of musty flour. -sēṣā to build a beehive; to become musty. -sēṣā to extract honey from a beehive.
**toḍḍé, s.** A large kind of bee. 2. its hive; cf. सोड़े.

**toḍḍely, s.** Greediness. 2. a large bee.

**toḍḍel, see सोड़े.

**toḍḍele, toḍṭele, s.** A greedy man.

**toḍtini, s.** A greedy woman.

**tottu, s.** A maid servant.

**tōdalen, s.** A stammerer.

**tōdalē, s.** Stammering. 2. indistinct pronunciation. 3. untruth. —सोड़े to stammer; to lisp; cf. सोड़े.

**tōduṅkara, see सोड़े.

**tōduṅgeilu, s.** Longing, eagerness.

**tōdupu, s.** A vain hope or desire.

**toppalipuni, see सोड़े.

**toppi, s.** A cap, hat.

**tōppu, see सोड़े.

**toyaḷi, s.** A washerwoman.

**toypuṇī, see सोड़े.**

**toyila, see सोड़े.

**toyili, see सोड़े.

**tōr, see सोड़े.

**tōruṇḍu, see सोड़े.

**tōrakuṇḍu, see सोड़े.

**tōraku, s.** A large flat seafish, a skate, thornback. राशि, शार्ट—different species of thornback.

**tōragē, see सोड़े.

**tōrāṇa, see सोड़े.

**torapuni, v. a.** To wash superficially. 2. to flatter. 3. to heal a disease by incantations, fumigation, etc.; also रासेचार.

**torali, see सोड़े.

**torāle, s.** The mucus of the nose.

**toripuni, see सोड़े.

**torely, s.** Abandonment.

**torevuni (सोड़े), v. a.** To abandon, give up.

**tōrkaliyuni, see सोड़े.

**tōrkuni (सोड़े), v. a.** To play. 2. see सोड़े.

**tōrkelē, see सोड़े.

**tōrpu, s.** A kick.

**tōrpuni (सोड़े), v. a.** To kick. 2. to tread.

**tōlumbē, see सोड़े.

**tōlaṅga, see सोड़े.

**tōlaguni (सोड़े), v. n.** To depart, move away; to leave, forsake, desert.

**tōladhāra, s.** A weigher.

**tōlikē, s.** The skin, bark, rind.

**tōlikē, see सोड़े.

**tōluṅkuni, see सोड़े.

**tōlumbē, s.** A bunch, cluster.

**tolevē, s.** A hole. —तेवा to bore a hole.

**tōlē, s.** The weight of a rupee. 2. a beam, log.

**tōkely, see सोड़े.
tolpu, v. a. & n.
To prick. 2. to open, as a boil. 3. to split, as a tender cashew nut.

tolpu, s. Substance, property. — to diss - pate.
tolpuni, v. a. To pluck out, as hair, feathers, etc.
tolpaci, see tollu.
tolimbè, tolumbè, see tollu.
toiliu, s. Trade, business. 2. see tollu.
tolu, s. A hole. adj. Empty.
tolūnkuni, see tollu.
tolè, see tollu.
tolkè, see tollu.
tolluni, see tollu.
tolle, see tollu.
tolipuni, v. a. To strike, beat. 2. to wash, as clothes.
toimbu, adj. Large, tall. 2. fat, stout.
toilu, s. Plenty, abundance.
tōnku, see tollu.
tōnkuni, see tollu.
tōnkè, see tollu. 2. tollu.
tōnkelu, see tollu.
tōngè, see tollu.
tōmbè, see tollu.
tormbu, see tollu.

toku, s. Danger, risk. 2. collision.
tokulu, see tollu.
tokè, tokelu, s. A slope, declivity. adj. Secluded, retired.
tokolu, s. A kind of bait.
tokkalè, see tollu.
tōjvuni, c. v. (of tojvuni) To show, point out.
tōjoni (of tollu), v. n. To appear, be seen. c. dat. To seem, think. to disappear, vanish; to miss.
tōta, s. A garden, orchard, plantation. — a gardener, planter. — a coffee plantation. — a cocoa - nut garden.
tōti, s. A scavenger; a sweeper.
tōtige, s. A class of Brahmins, working in plantations.
tōtu, see tollu.
tōda, s. Faintness exhaustion. 2. see tollu. — to be exhausted.
tōdaingel, adj. Scooped, burrowed.
tōdamarayi, s. A trough scooped out of a single log of wood.
tōdvuni, c. v. (of tollu) To cause to dig, to have dug.
todu, s. A drain, sewer, gutter. 2. a brook, water-course, canal.
toduni (todu), v.n.a. To dig, burrow, mine. toduni to dig or sink a well.
todtini, see todu.
tona, see tonu.
totra, see tonu.
topana, s. A drain or opening on the border of a garden to let out rain water; cf. topana.
topelu, see topu.
topi, see topelu.
topu, s. A grove, clump of trees. 2. a cannon. 3. a red coloured cloth. adj. Red. Big, large. A pot-belly.
topely, see tope.
topra, tobra, s. A gram-bag for horses.
toba, s. A fault, crime. toba to be harased, or defeated. toba to plead guilty.
tobê, tobelu, adj. Big, large. A pot-belly.
toma, see toma. 2. An iron crow. toma, s. An iron crow. 2. an arrow. 3. a javelin.
toya, s. Water.
toyipuni, see toyipuni.
tora, s. Stoutness, thickness. adj. Thick, stout, large.
toraña, s. A festoon of leaves, flowers, etc. hung over a doorway or across the highway, a triumphal arch. toraña to put up a triumphal arch.
torigê, torige, s. Appearance, show, exhibition.
toru, s. Leaking.
toruni (torun), v.n. To leak, ooze, run. 2. see toruni.
tolu, see tolu.
tolpuni, see tolpuni.
tovale, s. A cultivator, gardener.
tovu, see tovu.
tovê, s. Boiled pigeon-peas.
tosha, s. Joy, delight, pleasure.
toskkehané, toshekhane, s. A treasury.
tolu, see tolu.
tolu, s. The arm. 2. a wolf; also tolok. adj. strength of arm. To wave the arm.
tolangu, s. Shaking of the arm.
tolu, s. A beam.
toîe, see toî.
toî, see after toî.
tou-, see after toî.
touñuni (touñu), v.n.a. To shake, wave.
touku, see तोकु.
touji, see तोजी.
touga, see तोगा.
touga, The creeper Asparagus sarmentosus
toudu, s. Bran, husk. -तोड़ brown, ruddy colour. -तो a kind of viper.
toudugoli, s. A kind of wild fig tree.
touti, see तौटी.
toute, s. A cucumber.
touruni (तौरुनि), v. a. To strip off, as the leaves of a tree etc., to remove.
tourya, s. Music.
touli, touli, see तोली.
trāna, s. Power, strength, ability. -त्राना a strong man.
trānike, s. A strong man.
trāṣu, s. A balance, pair of scales.
trāhi, imperat. Nourish, protect (poetic).
trikādu, s. A medicine composed of three ingredients (काद्रु, काद्रत्र, काद्रक्रम).
trikarana, s. Thought, word and deed.
trikāla, s. Morning, noon and night. 2. past, present, and future tenses.
trikōṇa, s. A triangle. adj. Triangular.
triguna, s. The three qualities, i.e., truth, passion, and ignorance. adj. Three-fold, treble.
trijāyi, s. A third part.
tritiya, adj. Third. -त्रितीय the instrumental case.
tridiva, s. Heaven.
trīnāma, s. The sectarian mark worn on the forehead by Vaishṇavaits.
triphala, s. Three kinds of fruits, i.e. चन्दन, पुष्प, वसुधारा, used in medicine.
tribhuvana, s. The three worlds, heaven, earth and hell.
trimara, s. A holy tree; also त्रिमुख.
trimūrti, s. The Hindu triad, Brahma Vishṇu, and Śiva.
trimūla, s. Three kinds of medicinal roots.
triyēka, adj. Triune.
trilīṅga, s. The three genders, namely: masculine, feminine, and neuter.
trilōka, sec त्रिलोक.
trivarga, s. The three human objects, namely: love, duty, and wealth.
trivikrame, s. A name of Vishṇu.
trividha, s. Three kinds. adj. Threefold.
trivudē, s. A kind of metre.
triśūla, s. The trident of Śiva.
tretyuga, s. The second or silver age of the world.

treiløkya, see त्रीलोक्यम्

tvakku, s. The skin; the rind, bark, as of fruits, trees, etc.

tvarita, s. Haste, speed, quickness.

thathu, see थात्हू
thattané, see थात्तने
thatti, see थात्ती
thattuga, see थात्तुगा

thattetaraku, s. Household furniture.

tha, The thirtieth letter of the alphabet.

tha, The sound of an unexpected slap.

tha, Haste, speed, quickness.

dha, The thirty-first letter of the alphabet.

dam, see दम
dàrukà, c. v. (of दृढ़) To cause to kick, etc.
dàuki, see दृकिं
dàkuni (दृक), v. a. To kick, or throw with the foot, as a ball. 2. to despise, treat with contempt. 3. to flaunt, strut. 2. to speak defiantly. 3. to mock at fear. 3. to speak defiantly. 3. to mock at fear. To kick, or throw with the foot, as a ball. 2. to despise, treat with contempt. 3. to flaunt, strut. 2. to speak defiantly. 3. to mock at fear. 3. to mock at fear.
The arm.

\(danga\), see \(dandi\).

\(dangapini\), see under \(dangi\).

\(dangavuni\), c. v. (of \(dang\)) To cause to bend, bow.

\(dangi\), s. Bent, inclined. (also) bent with age; old, infirm; cf. \(dandu\).

\(danguni\) (-\(d\)), v. n. To bend, incline.

\(dang\), s. Rebellion, mutiny. (also) to rebel.

\(dangely\), adj. Bent, inclined. s. Bending, inclination.

\(dantu\), s. The stalk of certain grains and vegetables. 2. any pot-herb, as spinach, etc.

\(dantavuni\), c. v. (of \(danda\)) To cause to stumble, trip. 2. to give offence.

\(dantuni\) (-\(d\)), v. n. To stumble. v. a. To throw with the foot, as a ball. To stumble; to be offended.

\(dant\), s. A walking staff, stick.

\(dandu\), s. A spring of water. 2. an army. A sacred bathing place near Udapi. A soldier. A general. -\(dand\) a spring of water. -\(dand\) to levy an army. -\(dand\) to go to war.

\(dandu\), s. The stalk, as of a plantain leaf. 2. an oar, paddle. -\(dand\) to row, paddle.

\(danda\), s. A staff, stick; also \(dand\)a. 2. punishment, fine. 3. obeisance, salutation; also \(dand\)a. 4. loss, waste. -\(danda\) an ascetic's staff. -\(dand\) a worthless fellow. -\(dand\) polity; ethics. -\(dand\) to become worthless; to be wasted. -\(dand\) to pay fine or damages. -\(dand\)a to waste.

\(dandaka\), s. A sort of metre. 2. the name of a forest mentioned in the Rāmāyana.

\(dandan\), s. Punishment, pain, torment. -\(dand\)a penance, mortification.

\(dandasa\), s. A blacksmith's tongs; a large pair of pincers.

\(dandi\), s. A mace-bearer. 2. an ascetic.

\(dandig\), s. A kind of open palanquin. 2. a palanquin pole. 3. a sunbeam.

\(dandipuni\), \(dandisuni\) (-\(d\)), v. a. To punish. 2. to mortify, as the body.
out the hand, as by offering to give something, to offer; also 令 to pay.

**dandiyuni** (नौट), v. a. To put forth, stretch the hand to receive anything; also 令 to pay.

**dandè**, s. Ornament worn on the arm. 2. a dam, mound, bank, bar. 3. the back of a pial. —वा a log of wood placed across the brink of a well to stand upon.

**dandyè**, see 令.

**danta**, s. A tooth, tusk. 2. ivory.

**dantavale, danti**, s. An elephant.

**dantya**, adj. Dental.

**dampati**, s. A married couple. 2. a household. —सं, see 令. —सं adoration or honour paid to a married couple.

**damba**, see 令. 2. see 令.

**dambați**, see 令.

**dambadigè**, s. Delight, pleasure. 2. love, good will. 3. acquiescence. 4. persuasion. —हय, see 令.

**dambadipuni, dambađiyuni, dambađinsuni** (नौट), v. a. To please, delight. 2. to reconcile, appease, bring to acquiescence. 3. to persuade, convince.

**dambađè**, see 令.

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**dambađyuni**, see 令.

**dambatti**, see 令.

**dambila**, see 令.

**dambu**, see 令.

**dambuđi**, s. A pie.

**dambulij, dambuliji, dambo-li**, s. A thunderbolt.

**dambè**, s. The hollow slip of a palm or bamboo used as a drain.

**dambelu**, see 令.

**dambha**, see 令.

**damma**, see 令.

**damma, adj.** Left. 2. see देव. —देव the left hand. —देव a left-handed man.

**dammantè, dammayantè**, see 令.

**dammaya**, s. An humble mode of entreaty; craving mercy or indulgence; also 令 to crave mercy. —वा to entreat, importunate, dun.

**dammaru**, see 令.

**dammáre**, see 令.

**dammu**, s. Breath, hard breathing. —सं gymnastics. —सं to hold one's breath; to be silent. —सं to hold one's breath. —सं to die. —सं to breathe; to sigh. —सं to breathe in. —सं breathe hard; to smoke.

**dammuđi**, see 令.
damshtra, s. A tusk, fang, large canine tooth. —a person having projecting teeth; a demon so called.

dāṁśa, dāṁśa, s. A gadfly. 2. a bee. 3. see श्रवण.

dakkudikka, adv. Soon, quickly.

dakka, s. Trouble. — to get into trouble.

dakki, s. Possession, control. 2. appropriation. 3. digestion. — to be appropriated; to be digested.

dakkā, s. Weight. 2. Difficulty. — to place a weight upon anything; to press; to condense.

dakkāvuni, c. v. (of लौटा) To cause to throw, expel. v. n. To place a weight upon anything.

dakkavuni, refl. v. (of लौटा) To retain, digest anything eaten. 2. to misappropriate successfully. 3. to carry a load or burden. 4. to take charge of.

dakkita, see लौटा.

dakuni (लौटा), v. a. To cast out, throw away, expel. 2. to reject; also लौटा. v. n. see श्रवण. लौटा to be thrown away, lost. लौटा to shoot.

dakke, s. A quay, pier, embankment. 2. see श्रवण.

dakkotii, see लौटा.

daksavuni, c. v. (of लौटा) To bring into another's possession. v. a. To defend, retain, or appropriate to one's self what belongs to another; also लौटा.

daksuni (लौटा), v. n. To be retained, digested, as food medicine, etc. 2. To be misappropriated successfully.

dagudi, s. A rogue, impostor. 2. a termagant, vixen.

daga, see लौटा.

daganē, s. An amazon, masculine woman. adj. Bold, masculine. 2. ill-tempered. — an aggressive or quarrelsome tongue or temper.

dagadaga, dagabama, adv. Brightly. — to blaze.

dagarē, s. A funeral drum; also लौटा.

dagalubāji, s. A rogue, cheat, impostor. 2. rougery, dishonesty, imposture.

dagalē, s. A coat; livery. — to put on a livery.

dagasu, s. Corn, grain in general.

dagē, s. Deceit, trickery, imposture. — to, लौटा a deceiver, impostor. — to deceive, cheat; to disappoint.

dagga, dagganē, adv. Suddenly. — to blaze up suddenly.
**dadádaḍi, adj.** Quick, active, smart. *adv.* In hot haste.

**daḍi, s.** A speck in the eye.  
1. Thick, stout, coarse.  
2. Close.  
3. See *dadu.*  
4. See *dadu.* To have a speck in the eye. — to stamp the ground with the foot.

**dadikë, s.** A kind of rash, blotch.

**dadipuni, dadiyuni, (dad.) v.a. To drive away.**  
1. To fix, make firm.  
2. To rub out, obliterate, wash off. *v.n.* To be dense, crowded.

**dadu, see *dadu.***

**dadumbasu, daduku, adj.** Coarse. 
A coarse cloth.

**dadujaddu, s.** Callosity. 
Adj. Callous.

**dada, s.** A shore, bank.

**dadakka, adv.** Suddenly. — to fall suddenly.

**dadadaḍa, s.** The noise of fast walking or talking. — to walk very fast. — to speak or talk rapidly.

**dadabada, dadabadi, s.** Rapidity, hurry; cf. *dadadadi.*  
2. The noise of falling suddenly. — hurry, haste. — a bouncer, blusterer. — to fall suddenly.

**dadalu, adj.** Talkative, loquacious. — loquacity.  
See *dadalë.*

**dadavante, s.** A strong, powerful or influential man.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kannada</th>
<th>English</th>
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</table>
| ದದ್ದ | a kind of wild screw-pine.  
- ತಿರಸ್ಕಾರಳು an indolent sore to suppurate. |
| ದದಾದಲಿ | adv. Suddenly; cf. ಇಲ್ಲದೆ. - ತೆರೆ to fall suddenly. |
| ದದ್ದಲಕ್ಕಿ | s. The tree Carea arborea. |
| ದದಿ | An inferior kind of rice. |
| ದದ್ದಿ | s. A stupid woman.  
2. see ದೆರೆ. |
| ದದ್ದಿಯುಣಿ | see ದಿಂದೆರೆ. |
| ದದ್ದೆ | s. A stupid fellow.  
2. a sow. |
| ದದಿಲಿ | s. The American aloe. |
| ದದ್ದೆನಾ | s. Sluggishness, torpor.  
2. indigestion. |
| ದಾಂಬಳು | s. The sound of a bell. |
| ದಾಂ | see ದಾನ.  
2. see ದಾನೆ. |
| ದಾಂಕ | s. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion.  
- ತಲೀ to become weary, fatigued, tired. |
| ದಾಂಪಾವುಣಿ, c. v. (of ದಾನ) | To fatigue, weary, satiate. |
| ದಾಂಯ | adj. Heavy. |
| ದಾಂಯುಣಿ (ದಾಂ), v. n. | To be fatigued, tired, exhausted.  
2. satiated, satisfied; also ದಾಂಯೆ. |
| ದಾನು | s. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion. |
| ದದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ | s. The left side. |
| ದದಾ | adj. Left. - ದಿ the left hand. |
| ದಾಟ್ಟ | s. Adoption.  
2. a gift. adj. Given, presented, made over.  
2. adopted.  
- ದಾಟನಿ an adopted son.  
- ದಾಟಪಾನ a deed of adoption.  
- ದಾಟು to adopt. |
| ದಾಟ್ಟಾಫಾಹಾ | s. Taking back a gift. |
| ದದ್ದೆ | s. An adopted son. |
| ದದ್ದಣ್ಣೆ | see ದದ್ದಣ್ಣೆ. |
| ದದ್ದೆಟ್ಟೆ | see under ದದ್ದ. |
| ದದಾಲು | Hindi. To give, distribute. v. n. To tremble.  
2. to boast.  
3. to stammer. |
| ದದ್ದು | s. The ringworm, herpes.  
- ದದಮು the shrub cassia alata. |
| ದಾನ | see ದಾನ. |
| ದಾಂ | see ದಾಂ.  
2. see ದಾಂ ಭರ್ಭರಿತ. |
| ದಾಂಣಾ | s. A daughter of Daksha.  
2. see ದಾಂ. |
| ದಾಂಪಾ | s. Burying.  
- ದಾಂಪಾ to bury, commit to earth. |
| ದಾಂಪಾಟ್ಟೆ, ದಾಂಪಾಟರ್ | s. A bundle of papers tied together in a cloth; records.  
- ದಾಂಕು an annual ceremony observed by merchants on closing their old and opening |
their new accounts on the 1st day of Vikramāditya's era.

**dapti, see dapti.**

**dappa, s. Thickness. adj.** Thick, stout. -**a** a thick or coarse cloth.

**dappu, s.** Occasion, convenience, opportunity; making room or forming an open file in a gathering of people. 2. ploughing. 3. an umbrella stripped of its leafy covering.

**dappuni**, v.a. To plough.

**daphana, see daphana.**

**daphādārē, s.** A head peon.

**dabakka, adv.** Suddenly. 2. headlong. -**a** to fall suddenly. -**a** to jump down suddenly.

**dabadē, s.** A capacious leathern bottle.

**dabadāba, s.** Palpitation of the heart. -**a** to palpitate.

**dabana, see dabana.**

**dabārē, s.** A kind of brazen pot. 2. confusion, disorder.

**dabardasti, see dabardasti.**

**dabāyasuni, dabāsuni (dabāyasuni), v.a.** To menace. 2. to force. 3. to chide, frighten. 4. to stop, detain. 5. to keep under, press down.

**dab, s. Sense.** -**a** to lose one's senses, become insensible.

**dabili, see dabili.**

**dabuti, see dabuti.**

**daburasu, see daburasu.**

**daburi, s.** Division of profit. 2. a writer. 3. see daburi.

**dabtary, see dabtary.**

**dabti, see dabti.**

**dabbadabbanē, see dabbadabbanē.**

**dabbaṇa, s.** A bodkin, a large packing needle.

**dabbaradibbara, adj.** Disorderly, confusedly. -**a** to put into confusion. -**a** to speak incoherently.

**dabbi, see dabbi.**

**dabbi, s.** A crack, break. 2. see dabbi.

**dabbu, s.** The wicker-work of a cart.

**dabbu, s.** The wicker-work of a cart.

**dabbaru, s.** A kind of bamboo, etc. adj. Cracked, split.

**dabbelu, s.** A split, cleft, chink. adj. Cracked, split.

**damayanti, s.** The name of Nala's wife.

**damāni, s.** The large sail of a boat.

**damāmi, s.** The noise of a drum.

**damāsu, s.** A stamper, beater, large wooden block
with a handle, used to level the ground.

damāsa, s. Damask cloth.
damukāvuni, c. v. (of damukāvuni). To cause bluster, tumult, noise.
damukuni, v. n. To bluster, storm, swagger.
dammaya, see damavani.
daya, s. Kindness, favour; compassion, pity, goodness. -sā to favour, condescend, oblige. -ide to honour with a visit; to give; to come; to sit down; to go.
dayasuni (sāvani), v. n. To suit, be fit.
dayakara, adj. Kind, compassionate.
dayānidhi, s. The treasure of kindness, God.
dayāvante, s. A kind or generous man.
dayāsāgara, s. The ocean of kindness, God.
dayālu, adj. Kind-hearted, merciful, compassionate. -ide the merciful God.
dara, s. Price, rate.
dara, s. Fear, terror. 2. a hole in the ground.
darakāra, s. Power, authority; right.
darakāsa, darakāsa, darakāstu, see davāsa.
daragū, see darāga.
daragū, see darāga.
dari, s. Coloured border of a cloth; cf. 2. a window blind. 3. railing. -sā the peg of a railing; a wooden post to fasten a racing buffalo.
daridra, adj. Poor, indigent. s. Poverty. -ide the state of poverty.
daridre, s. A poor, destitute man.
daripuni (sā), v. a. To shudder, shiver, tremble (as a demon priest); cf. 3.
dariya, s. The sea. -ide a small island off the coast of Udapi, called the St. Mary's Island.
dariyāpti, s. Enquiry, investigation, trial, examination. -ide to make an enquiry.
dariyuni (sā), v. n. To break, burst, spring open; also sāvuni.
dariṣana, s. A necklace of shells. 2. see daram.
daru, s. A door. 2. see दर. ।

daruni, see दरु. ।

daruduru, adj. Rough, coarse. — to speak evasively. ।
daruburu, s. Sipping. ।
darushana, see दरु. ।
darè, s. A fence, parapet, wall; cf. दर. — to fence, raise a wall. [whole. ।
darobastu, adj. All, darkaryu, see दर. ।
darkastyu, darkastyu, s. A tender for the cultivation of land; an offer for liquor contract. — to bid for a farm, etc. ।
darga, s. A tomb supposed to work miracles. ।
darji, s. A tailor. ।
darjuni (दर्ज़), v. a. To mumble. ।
dar podcasts, see दर. ।
dartelu, s. Breakage, what is broken. ।
dartele, s. A striker, breaker; also दर्तें; cf. दर्तें. ।
dartonuni, refl. v. (of दर्त) To beat one's self in sorrow, etc. — to beat the breast; to mourn. ।
darpa, s. Pride, arrogance. — a proud, arrogant man. ।
darpana, s. A mirror, looking glass. ।
darpu, s. Swelling, inflammation. ।

darpuni (दर्पू), v. a. To thrash, beat, strike, break. ।
v. n. To swell, inflame. — to curse, anathematise. ।
darbaryu, s. An audience. 2. an audience hall, a court. 3. grandeur, pomp, ostentation, show. ।
darbè, darbhè, s. Sacrificial grass, Poa cynosuroides. ।
darma, see दर्म. ।
daryapti, see दर्शन. ।
darsana, s. A vision, sight. 2. a visit, advent. ।
dala, adj. Stout, strong, robust, thick. ।
dalavadyu, dalavadi, see दलवाद. ।
daladi, s. Depth. adj. Deep. — deep water. ।
dalalu, dalali, s. A foot-cloth. ।
dalii, see दली. ।
dalilyu, see दलिलय. ।
dallai, dallai, s. A broker, agent. 2. agency, commission, brokerage. ।
dalliya, s. A foot-cloth. ।
dalliyuni (दलिलयू), v. a. To slap, beat. 2. to smear. — to smear a wall with mud; cf. दलिलय. ।
davade, s. The jaw, cheek. ।
davani, davanè, s. A fixed term of payment. —
one who pays by installments.

- a written agreement fixing installments.

a long rope to which cattle are tied in rows.

An inkstand; also.

A kind of fragrant shrub.

The flapping selvedge of a garment.

loose breeches.

Produce of the field; corn, grain in general.

A peon's belt.

Expedition; march, speed. 2. a gallop.

see

see

A loose jacket, long coat.

see


ten kinds or sorts.

The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.

Rāvana the ten-faced giant.

A medicine composed of ten ingredients.

The father of Rāma.
2. likeness, similarity. 3. a signature. 4. fees, duty.

A legal paper, voucher, document, exhibit.

A. A demon. 2. an enemy. 3. a barbarian.

A popular festival observed in honour of Durga for the first nine days of the lunar month Āśvīja.

A. Torpid, inactive, as the stomach.

A. The sun's course south of the equator.

A. A sound for calling cattle.

A. To cross, ford, pass by; also ERVICE.

A. A stone-mark on the seashore.
dandi, see 316
dani, see 316

dandimara, see 316

danti, neg. part. What is not; destitute; less. un- uninhabited. - fruitless. — senseless, imprudent. a man without means. during my absence.
danté, neg. ger. Without, except, not being. — without fear, fearlessly.
dannā, intg. pron. Whether. 2. I know not what. — I doubt whether he will do or not. — I doubt (or I cannot say) whether it will happen or not.
dampatya, s. Married state.
dambuni, see 316.
dāku, see 316.
dakina, see 316.
dakhalu, dakhlu, s. Arrival. 2. entry in a book or register. to arrive; to be registered or put on record, as a petition, etc. to make an entry; to file, register; to produce.
dakhale, s. Demonstration, proof, documentary evidence. to give proof.
dāgu, s. A scar. 2. disgrace, infamy.

digaduji, s. Repairs. to repair.
degayi, s. The left hand.
dēdi, s. The beard.
dēdi, s. Harm, risk.
dēduni, see 316.
dēdē, s. A tusk, fang.
dātu, see 316.
dātari, s. Protection, support. 2. see 316.
dātike, dātige, s. A strong, courageous man. 2. a thriving, prosperous man.
dātu, see 316.
dātvāri, s. Liberality, generosity.
dāte, s. A generous or liberal man.
dādavu, intg. pron. Which, what?
dēna, s. A gift, donation. — liberalit y, charity. — a deed of gift. — gifts and honours. — generous, liberal. to bestow alms.
dānave, s. A demon, giant.
dāni, see 316.
dāni, s. A giver, donor. 2. an elephant.
dānuni, def. v. What is to be done? what are you doing?
What did you come for?

If you say what), namely, thus, as follows, because, for.

A kind of white blanket.

A child’s girdle, a silver belt.

A joint-piece.

A pigeon-loft. 2. bodily care.

see also.

see also.

see also.

see also.

see also.

see also.

a thread, string. 2. a wife. – do to stitch.

A door frame. – a lintel.

The second of the female twin demons; cf. 

Price, value, charge; cf. 

A star. 2. see 

Road, way, path.

A false accusation; slander.

A personal affix denoting an office bearer, holder, etc.; as, 

The fruit of Cucumis acutangula, a variety of 

The carambola fruit, Averrhoa carambola.

A seat occupied by bride and bridegroom during the marriage ceremony.
darekalli, s. A kind of striped milk-hedge, *Euphorbia antiquorum*.

darnē, see *dāra*.

darbāḍu, see *dārabāḍa*.

dalacini, see *dālacini*.

dalā, s. Anything; cf. *ā*.

there is nothing.

dalāli, see *dāla*.

dalāma, see *dālamā*.

dalijji, see under *dala*.

darbadu, see *darbāḍu*.

darne, see *darne*.

darne, see *darne*.

darne, see *darne*.

dasaya, see *dāsaya*.


dasi, s. A female slave, maid servant.

dāsina, s. The colouring of the teeth. 2. a kind of grass. 3. see *dāsina*.

dāsse, s. A slave, servant.

2. a mendicant; cf. *dāsasi*.

dāsami, s. Mustard.

dāstana, dāstānyu, s. A store, storing. —ā to store. —ā to collect, make ready.

dāsayatva, see *dāsayatva*.

dāsha, s. Burning. 2. thirst, ardent desire. —ā to quench thirst.

dali, s. Marauding, plunder, sacking. [nate.

dālimba, s. The pomegranate.

dākshina, dākshiño, s. Regard, respect, considerateness. 2. partiality. *a* regard of person.

di, A feminine affix of nouns; as, *ādi* a youth; *āadi, *ā 

<a>ādi</a> a maiden. *āadi* a master; *āadi* a mistress.

dinguḍuni, *dinguni*, see *dinguni*.

dinjā, dinjā, s. Plenty, abundance.

adj. Full, complete, replete. 2. much. 3. violent, severe. 

dv. Very, often. —ā many times.

To cause to fill, load, heap.
dīñjuni (dīñj), v. n. To be filled, full, replete. v. a. To fill.  downloadable. lit. to fill the belly; to earn one's livelihood; to be pleased.
dīñjelū, s. Fullness. 2. flood-tide.
dīñdū, s. The festival of illumination, when the idol of a temple is carried in procession.  downloadable to decorate; to prepare for an illumination.
dīñdū, adj. Strong, stout. 2. rash.  downloadable see dīñdē. downloadable a tyrant, bully.
dīñdū, s. The tender stalk inside a plantain tree.
dīñda, adj. Proud, mischievous, impudent; cf. dīñdē.
dīñdāṭigē, s. Mischief, impudence. 2. stupidity.
dīñdū, see dīñdē.
dīñdē, s. A strong, stout man; a mischievous fellow. downloadable a large cocoanut tree.
dīñna, see dīñdē.
dīñdīgē, see dīñdē.
dīñnē, s. A hillock, eminence. downloadable hill and dale, ups and downs.
dīñma, s. The sound of a small finger-drum.
dīnmanē, adv. Quickly, suddenly.
dīmmākū, see dīmmē.
dīmmē, s. A wedge; a stopple, plug.
dīm, dimmskāyi, see dīmākū.
dīkkū, s. Direction, side, region or quarter of the world.  downloadable four points of the compass.  downloadable destitute, helpless. downloadable a destitute man, an orphan.  downloadable without protection. downloadable giddiness, confusion; roaming, wandering. downloadable to miss the direction.
dikka, adv. Quickly, speedily.
dikkāripunī (dīk), v. a. To despise, condemn, censure, reproach.  downloadable to disdain, reject.
dikkālu, see dīkālu.
dikkāpālu, s. Dispersion, dissipation, ruin. downloadable to be dispersed, dissipated, ruined.
dikkāmallī, s. A kind of resin tree, Gardenia lucida.
dikkāra, s. Disrespect, insult, contempt; disdainment, rejection.
dikki, see dikkē.
dikkijjyanē, see dikkē.
dikke, s. A Pariah.
dikko

1. A Pariah woman.
2. The guard¬
dian of one of the eight points of the compass.
3. Disregard, indifference. 2. resentment.

adj. Adverse, contrary. -♂️ an adverse state¬ment or reply. -♂️ to resent; to disregard.

The horizon.

s. A foreign country.

adj. Naked, uncovered. ♂️♂️ a nude man; a recluse, anchorite.

Fear, alarm. 2. cowardice.

s. One of the fabulous elephants supporting the globe.

s. A general charm to keep off all evils.

s. Unsteadiness.

s. News from different directions.

s. Universal conquest.

see श्रेष्ठ.

adj. Confident, bold.

♂️ boldness.

see श्रेष्ठ.

[man.

s. A bold, or clever

adj. Corpulent.

s. A deified bull, an ox belonging to a Śiva temple. 2. Śiva’s steed.

didुका, see श्रेष्ठ.

didुंदा, adv. Quickly.

didुमेन, see श्रेष्ठ.

didिका, see श्रेष्ठ.

didुमबु, s. A big drum.

adj. see दीतं.

didुमबरु, see दीतं.

dिका, adv. Immediately, quickly; suddenly.

s. An elevated ground, a mound. 2. rancidity.

dिदी, see श्रेष्ठ.

didमेन, see श्रेष्ठ.

didममे, didपेपे, see श्रेष्ठ, अंती, under श्रेष्ठ.

s. Likeness. 2. kind, sort.

dिनसारा, s. Different kinds or sorts, as of goods, etc.

dिना, s. A day. -♂️♂️ daily routine. -♂️♂️ daily wages.

dिना, -♂️♂️ a diary, day-book, chronicle.

dिना daily. -♂️♂️ the length of a day, a day in general; the times. -♂️♂️ passing time.

dिना the present time.

to spend time, to live.

dिनप्रती, adv. Daily, every day.

dिनसु, see श्रेष्ठ.
dinā, dinānadina, s. A certain day.

dinālā, adv. Daily.

dibbāna, s. A bridal party, a marriage procession. — dibbaio, di疤ai persons belonging to a marriage party.

díbrālū, see di疤ālū.

dimūśkāyi, see di疤ākāyī.

dimākū, s. Haughtiness, arrogance, pride, disdain.

dimiṭi, s. A kind of stout, white cotton cloth, ribbed or figured; dimity.

dimidimi, s. Agility, dancing nimbly.

diyā, dirra, adv. Suddenly, at once; cf. diś.

dilū, s. The mind, heart.

diva, divasa, see divākare.

divākare, s. The Sun.

divānu, divāne, s. The minister or secretary of a native state. 2. an idiot, fool.

divārāstrā, s. Day and night. adv. By day and night.

divāroḥāna, s. Ascension.

divāli, s. Bankruptcy. 2. see divāra. — di疤ā to become insolvent.

divi, s. Heaven, the sky.

divīti, see divī.

dividivi, s. The dividivi tree, Caesalpina coriara.

diva, divyā, adj. Divine, celestial.

2. beautiful, agreeable, excellent, supernatural. — divā excellent disposition. — divā divine knowledge. — divā the Divine Being, God. — divā a rare gem. — divā quicksilver; also divā. — divā heaven.

— divā an excellent substance; a holy being.

dīsāntara, see divāntara.

dīsātane, see divātane.

dīsē, s. Direction, side, space, region; cf. diś, dīś.

disē, s. Fate, destiny, fortune.

dishī, see dishī. — di疤ā glass beads put on the neck of an infant to ward off the effect of evil eyes.

disē, s. Fortune, luck. — divā to be lucky. — divā good luck. — divā bad luck.

ditigē, see ditigē.

dināsu, see dināsū.

dina, s. Poor, indigent, needy, 2. modest, humble, cringing.

dine, s. A poor or weak man. 2. an humble man.

dipa, s. A lamp; a light. — di疤ā lighting lamps in a temple as an act of devotion.

dipana, s. Hunger.
festival with nocturnal illuminations in honour of a god.

dipāvuni, c.v. (of दिप) To cause to place, keep, put, etc.
dipāvonuni, refl. v. (of दिप) To keep, etc. for one's self. 2. to keep a concubine, v.lg.
dikṣā, s. The fulfilment of a vow or austerities.
dikshā, s. The initiatory ceremony of a sacrifice, etc. 2. a vow, resolve to accomplish anything. 3. under-
taking a service, austerities, etc. —सु to take a vow; to undertake any pious work.
dünkuni, see दुंकुनी.
duencia, s. Shag, nap, as of a cloth. —सु to hem a garment. —सु to become woolly or shaggy.
duincely, adj. Shaggy, woolly, as a cloth.
dundu, adj. Round, globular. —जज a kind of bracelet worn by females. —जज a kind of round jasmine, Jasminum sambac.
dundé, see दुंड.
dunña, s. Heaviness. adj. Heavy.
dundubhi, s. The fifty-sixth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. a kettle-drum.
donna, see दुंडा.
dunnoći, s. A kind of earring.
dumpiyuni (ढुंडी), v.n. To stumble.
dumbagy, adv. In future, next year; cf. दुंढा. [first. dumbatta, adv. First, at
dumbināni, adv. The day before, previous day.
dumbu, s. Front. 2. past time. 3. futurity. adv. In
front. 2. early, beforehand. 3. at first, in the beginning. 4. formerly. 5. in future, hereafter; also anu. —* the first man, firstborn. —* to go in advance. —* before and behind, front and rear.

[Hallucination]
dumma, s. Grief, dumyi, s. The sound of a mosquito.

duh, see duh.

duhkha, s. Sorrow, grief, affliction. —* to afflict, grieve, tease. —* to mourn, lament.

duekhun, (v. n.) To mourn, lament. —* to sob, weep bitterly.

duhakuna, s. A bad omen.

dukanu, s. A shop.

dukka, adv. Suddenly, at once, quickly; cf. do. —* to get up at once.

dukkha, see dukkha.

dugané, duggání, s. Two pie.

dutta, see dutta.

dudi, s. The lip.

duđita, duđité, s. Gain, acquisition. 2. property. —* see duđiyuni, duđiyuné.

duđiyuni, duđiyuné, s. A laced cloth.
loosely thrown over the body.
2. a sheet, tablecloth.

2. a vain or forlorn hope, unattainable desire.

2. see जाळ.

see जाळ.

dubalaku, adj. Twice distilled; double.

2. see जाळ.

2. see जाळ.

dubali, adj. Double. 2. needless, useless. —चर्च double or needless expense.
3. see जाळ.

dubasi, s. An interpreter.
2. a broker, agent, etc.

dubralu, s. Twice distilled arrack.

dumukuni (दुमूकून), v. a. To jump down; to alight quickly.

dumusu see जाळ.

duyamu, adj. Secondary, subordinate. 2. middling, second-hand.

dur, dus, Prefixes denoting Bad, ill, wicked. 2. difficult. 3. inferior, vile.

duraungi, adj. Differently coloured on both sides, as some cloths.

durabhyasa, s. A bad habit or practice.

duraya, see जाळ.

2. see जाळ.

durgandha, s. A stench, fetid smell.

durghata, adj. Difficult of attainment, insurmountable. —र्त an object difficult to accomplish.

durgati, s. A bad destiny, misery. 2. hell.

durgalaya, s. A temple of Durgi.

durgi, s. A name of Parvati. 2. the name of a female.

durguna, s. A bad disposition or temper, corrupt nature. adj. Ill-natured.


**durge**, see दुर्गेः.

**durai**, s. *A sheet of paper.*

2. *see दुर्गेः.

**durjana**, s. *Wicked people.*

**durjati**, s. *A disreputable caste.*

**durji**, *see दुर्जेः.*

2. *see दुर्जेः.

**durdase**, s. *Misfortune, ill-luck.*

**durnadate**, s. *Bad conduct.*

**durnudi**, s. *A bad word.*


**durbini**, s. *A telescope.*


**durbuddhi**, s. *A wicked mind, bad disposition. 2. folly, want of sense.*

**durbodhane**, s. *Bad advice.*

**durbhikshe**, s. *Scarcity, famine.*


**durmanasu**, s. *A bad mind.*

**durmarana**, s. *An untimely death, death by accident.*

**durmarga**, s. *Wickedness, vice.*

**durmitre**, s. *A bad friend.*

**durmukha**, s. *An angry face.*

**durmukhi**, s. *The thirtieth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.*

**duryodane**, s. *The elder of the Kuru princes.*

**durlabha**, adj. *Difficult of attainment, scarce, rare.*

2. *see दुर्जेः.

**durvarté**, s. *Bad news.*

**durusanè**, s. *A stink, stench.*

**durvyaya**, *see दुर्सये।

**durvyasana**, s. *A bad habit, evil practice.*

**durvraya**, s. *A useless expense, squandering, waste.*

**dursu**, s. *Rockets; also दुर्सुः to fire rockets.*

**dullodi**, s. *A kind of necklace.*

**dusmane**, s. *An enemy, opponent. दुस्माणी enmity, hostility.*

**dušmahé**, s. *A bad disposition or practice.*

**duskarma**, s. *An evil deed, crime, sin. दुश्कर्म a wicked man.*

**dushkale**, s. *A great thief.*

**dushkāla**, s. *An evil time. 2. famine, scarcity.*

**dushkīrti**, s. *Infamy, bad name.*

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dushta, adj. Bad, wicked, depraved. 2. low, vile. —काक, अच्छ अन evil mind; a minister so called. —काला wicked conduct. —कृत a wild beast, mischievous animal.

dustara, adj. Difficult, trying, hard.

dustale, s. An unhappy man; a bad man.

dustu, s. A suit of clothes.

dusvabhava, s. An evil disposition, ill-nature.

dussanga, s. Bad company or intercourse; evil companions.

dunta, see दुंगि.

dunde, see दुमे.

dūmba, dūmbelū, see दुमे.

dūji, s. A needle, pin. —कान्य a magnet. —कृत the tinian pine.

dūduni, see दुदुः.

dūti, s. A pimp, procuress. 2. a female messenger.

dûte, s. A messenger, spy. —कत a messenger of death.

dûdu, see दुदु. 2. see दुदु.

dûpa, dûpana, see दुपा.

dûpe, s. Food laid out for the dead; a mound marking the burial place of a Śūdra. 2. a temporary shed, covered with awnings, for offering oblations to the manes of deceased Śūdra. —कृत a field in which such a mound or shed has been raised. —कृत oblations of boiled rice offered to the manes of a deceased Śūdra. —कृत to prepare such food. —कृत to serve such food; to serve a person with a large quantity of food.

dūbina, s. A comb.

dūra, s. Distance. adj. Distant, remote. —कृत very far. —कृत a low-caste man; a man come from a distance. —कृत a female in her menses; a low-caste woman. —कृत foresight; long-sighted. —कृत, —कृत a long way. —कृत to stand at a distance. —कृत to go far, move further. —कृत to be deferred, delayed. —कृत to separate; to shun.

dūrāta, s. Aspersing, calumniating; complaining.

dūru, s. Aspersion, blame, reproach. 2. a complaint. —कृत to complain. —कृत to accuse, blame, censure.

dūrunāye, s. An accuser, censurer, complainant.
duru dūrunti (dv), v. a. To accuse, complain; to blame, reproach, censure.

durele, see ದುರೆಯಾಯಿ.

dūrtatana , s. Craftiness.

dūrte, s. A deceiver.

dūshake, s. A blasphemer.

dūshanē, s. Cursing. 2. censure, reproach. ಬೃಹಿಸ್- blasphemy.

dūshipuni (dv), v. a. To blaspheme. 2. to blame, censure, reproach.

dūsu, s. Fine powder; cf. ದುಷು.

dūsuni (dv), v. a. To spill, sprinkle.

dūselu, s. Powder, dust. adj. Powdered, dusty.

dūli, see ದುಲ್ಲ. 2. a dis-picable person. 3. a high number. ಕೆಣ- unreliable.

dūlu, see ದುಲ್ಲ.

dūru dṛṣṭi, s. Sight, seeing. 2. an eye.

dūngu, s. A hiding place.

dūngavuni, c. v. (of ದುಂಡು) To cause to be hidden, concealed; hide, conceal.

dūnguni (dv), v. n. To be hidden, concealed, lie in ambush.

dūgele, s. One who hides, a refugee.

dūji, s. A crab. ದುಜಿ an abscess between the thumb and the forefinger. ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, ದುಜಿ, are some of the species of crab.

dūjeli, s. A kind of umbrella made of palm leaves.

dūti, see ದುತಿ.

dennana, see ದೇಂಬಾ.

dembu, see ದೇಂಬಾ.

dembelu, see ದೇಂಬಾ.

dekkattuni (dv), v. a. To shuffle, or move in a slovenly manner, as a person in a tight dress or when the foot is entangled in anything.

dekkatti, s. A kind of nut-cracker used for cutting the areca-nut into pieces.

dekkayi, s. The betrothal badge. ಕೆಳಗೆ to put the same on the person of a bride.
dekka, dekkare, dekkaru, dekkare, s. The space between the legs, when they are apart. adv. Between the legs.

dekkahi, s. A kind of bracelet.

dekkané, adv. Tightly.

dekkavuni, c. v. (of .FETCH) To cause to wash.

dekki, s. Space, room, place.

dekkuni, v.a. To wash (anything except clothes), lave, cleanse.

dekku, see REST.

dekkul, s. Irregular teeth, projecting teeth.

dekké, see REST.

dekkamu, c. v. (of FETCH) To cause to wash.

deppu, see REST. 2. see REST.

deppuni (FETCH), v.a. To take, receive; cf. REST. the idol's apartment in a temple. a man bereft of his child blasphemes against God.

delantottu, s. A Brahmin's house.

delandapuda, s. A temple pigeon.

deva see REST. 2. the male organ.

dévanda, adj. Pertaining to temples. a small kind of tiles.

dévaki, s. Krushna's mother.

dévagana, s. The race of gods.

dévadike, dévadige, s. One of the caste of musicians.

dévataréané, s. Worship of a god.
devatè, s. A demi-god.
devatva, s. Divinity; godhead.
devadatta, adj. Given by God.
devadārū, s. A cedar.
devadrōha, s. Apostacy, heresy.
devadur, s. A cedar.
devadurā, s. An angel.
devadātva, s. Divinity; godhead.
devadhina, adv. In God’s disposal. — To die.
devārādhana, s. Divine worship.
devālaya, s. A church; a temple.
devi, s. A goddess. 2. Parvati. 3. a queen. — The Śakti worship.
deviri, devāri, s. A Brahmin’s dress.
devendre, s. Indra.
dēśa, s. A country, land, territory, district, region. — one who has left his country, an exile. — To travel.
dēśabhāshē, s. The language of a country.
dēśabhṛṣṭa, s. Transportation, expatriation.
dēśasthe, s. A native, inhabitant. 2. a class of Brahmīns. [country.
dēśāntra, s. A foreigner.
dēśāntri, s. A foreigner; a traveller.
desa, 330
donku

desaadakaara, s. The custom of a country, local usage.
desatana, s. Travels; travelling.
desadhi-kari, desadhipati, s. A sovereign ruler.
desadhi-, s. Travels; travelling.
desavara, adj. Foreign, exotic. s. A present, gift, alms.
desa, see de.
desya, #. Local, of or belonging to a country.
deha, s. The body. -- corporal punishment, penance, mortification.
dehi, adj. Having a body, corporeal.
dei, s. A plant, young tree.
deindi, s. The name of a tree. 2. a staff, stick.
deinde, see de.
deindeva, see de.
deiva, s. A deity; God. 2. an evil spirit, a demon. 3. destiny, fate. adj. Divine, celestial. -- a divine act. -- divine origin, God's will. -- ordained by God. -- fate, God's decree. -- divine nature. -- God's help. -- divine strength. -- the face of God; divine grace.
deivadhina, adj. Subject to God's will. s. Fate, God's decree; death.
deivika, adj. Divine.
deisuni, see de.

douka, see de.
douka, adj. Tall. to grow tall.
doukavuni, c. v. (of douka) To cause to tread, trample.
doukasu, see de.
doukuni (douka), v. a. To tread, trample. a Pariah woman to become pubescent, vgl.
donke, donkelu, s. What has been trodden. adj. Trodden, trampled.
donguni, see "donte.
donkè, donkelu, s. The throat.
 -3$3)& (lit. to wet the throat) to drink, allay thirst.
donna, s. Self-confidence.
 -rj a man carrying a club; a self-confident man.
donnappe, s. A self-confident or conceited man.
donnè, s. A cudgel, club, mace.
donndap, s. A companion.
dondi, s. A small torch made of a rag.
dondu, s. A couple, pair.
 2. see "dondi.
dondepuri, see under "dondi.
donnd, s. A cup made of plantain leaves, etc. -o3o^s> to make such a cup.
donpa, s. A pandal, shed, temporary covering of matted palm leaves, etc.; cf. :j. 2. a frame-work of bamboos, etc. erected for training a creeper. -z 3$S Cynamopsis psoraloides, a kind of bean. -z 3$S the annual festival of a demon celebrated under a pandal. -z 3$S the succulent creeper purslane, Basella rubra; cf. kasks.
dompiyuni (dons), v. n. To stumble.
dombi, s. A mob, rabble.
 2. a riot, uproar. -o3o^s> a rioter, turbulent man.
dombu, s. Sunshine, heat of the sun. -o3o^s> mirage. 
 -z 3$S the heat to decrease. 
 -z 3$S to expose to the sun. -o3o^s> the sun to shine. -z 3$S the sun to strike. x - very hot. x - the morning sun. x - the evening sun. x - twilight.
dombudi, see "dondi.
dombe, s. A tumbler, rope-dancer. -o3o^s> tumbling, rope-dancing. -o3o^s> a female tumbler.
dombelù, domboli, s. A chap, cleft in the surface of the earth.
dommare, see "dondi.
domsa, see "dondi.
dokkina-kulu, dokkulu, s. A mode of addressing high caste people by Pariahs.
dokkè, s. Breath; breathing. -z 3$S to revive. -z 3$S to cease to breathe; to expire. -z 3$S to palpitate.
dogga, s. Kneeling. lit. saluting on one's knees; submission, yielding.
doggugu, adj. Kneeling. to submit, yield.
dogguli padpe, s. A short kind of the vegetable *Amaranthus oleraceus*. 2. the purslane.
dojjalu, s. Uncleanliness; rubbish.
dojjuni (dojjal), v. n. To stammer; to hesitate.
dojje, s. A stammerer.
dotte, see doddaste.
dodakku, adj. Perplexed, confused. 2. broken, damaged.
dode, s. A greedy man; cf. doraste. 2. see dodde. 3. see dorastu. greediness.
doddana, adj. Great, large.
doddanadaye, s. An elder brother.
doddanti, s. Birthday.
doddanadaye, s. A powerful man.
dodkappaye, doddaye, s. A father's elder brother.
doddaré, s. A kind of rice.
doddalè, dodlè, s. A wild orange, *Atalantia Monophylla*. 2. richness, loftiness. 2. riches, power. 3. ostentation, pride.
doddaru, see dodde. 2. see dodde.
dodenlu, s. A club.
donna, see dodde.
doddé, see dodde.
donelü, see dojjal.
doppe, s. A kind of grass.
dobari, see dojje.
dobbii, see dodde. [ing.]
dobbu, s. Pushing, shove.
dobbuni (dojje), v. n. To push, shove, put off.
dorangy, see dorastu.
doranguni, see dorastu.
dorangy, see dorastu.
doranga, dorandolige, dorandalige, s. Self-praise, egotism, elation.
dorakavuni, c. v. (of dorake) To cause to obtain; to procure.
dorakuni (dojje), v. n. & c. dat. To be got, obtained, procured, found.
dorake, see dorastu.
doragy, adj. Coarse, rough.
dorastu, see dorastu.
dori, adj. Poured, as corn, etc.; cf. dorastu.
doripavuni, c. v. (of dorastu) To cause to flow down,
run out, or run over as corn, etc.

**doripuni** (ढोरिपुः), v. a.
To shoot out as corn, etc., from a sack or bundle.

**doriyuni** (ढोरियुः), v. n.
To flow down, run out, or run over as corn, etc., from a sack or bundle. 2. to fall, as rain, to shower. 3. to feel a limb heavy.

**dorè, see ढोरे.**

**dorj, ढोर्ज्यो ढोर्ज़ी, ढोर्ज़ी, स.**
A kind of rafter.

**dortely, adj.** Partially empty or loose, as a bundle of rice.

**dorupuni, dorupuni, dorpuni, see ढोरपुः.**

**dalaunuki** (ढालूनुकी), v. a. To relax, loosen.

**dollu, adj.** Useless, unprofitable, vain. 2. empty, void. 3. see ढूङी.

**dollè, s.** Saliva, spittle. —दोले to cough hard.

**dolaku, dolaku, do-\-lauku, adj.** Loose, lax. s. Looseness; also ढोलकीत. —दोलक to tie loose; to slacken.

**dolaukuni (ढोलाउँकुः), v. n.** To be loose, lax; be bruised.

**dole, see ढोले.**

**dolpuni, see ढोलपुः.** 2. see ढोलपुः.
dode, dōde, s. Thinness.

dōbi, s. A washerman.

dōra, see dōra.

doraka, see dōra.

dōranē, see dōranē.

dōri, s. A rope.

dōre, s. A kind of gold bracelet. 2. the thread used for fastening a knife to the legs of a cock in cock-fighting.

dörekåyi, s. A ripe fruit.

dörganda, see dörganda.

dōlantē, dōlantē, dōlantē, s. A drum and bell, bell-drum.

dōlī, see dōlī.

dōlu, s. A drum. —ṇē a pot-belly. —ṭaṭ the hollow cylinder or hemisphere of a drum.

dōle, s. A man with a pot-belly.

dōsha, dōsha, dōsa, s. Fault, defect, blemish. 2. sin, offence, crime. 3. error, mistake. —ṇē a man of unblemished character.

dōsē, s. A cake of rice flour.

dōsti, s. Friendship, intimacy. 2. a friend.

dōli, s. Desire. 2. the lint plant.

dōli, see dōli.

dōlu, see dōlu.

dōlī, dōlī, s. A small drum.

dōna, see dōna.

dōdu, s. A gallop. 2. a quick motion. 3. arrogance. 4. speed, haste.

dōde, s. The jaw, cheek.

dōta, s. Loss, destruction.

dōti, s. An ink-stand.

dōra, dōra, dōra, dōrağı, dōlağı, s. A long coat

dōlatu, dōlatu, dōlatu, dōlu, s. Rule, government. 2. pomp, ostentation.

doulu, see doulu.

douvē, adj. Toothless.

drāvīda, see drāvīda.

dravya, s. Wealth, property, substance. 2. elementary substance, namely: earth, water, fire, air, ether, time, space, soul, intellect.

dravyāśē, s. Love of gold, avarice.

drāvīda, adj. Dravidian or Tamil. —ṇē properly the country from Madras to Cape Comorin. —ṇē a Brahmin, native of the South of the Vindya mountains. —ṇē one of the Dravidian languages.

draksha, drakṣa, drakṣē, s. Grapes. —ṇē a vineyard. —ṇē the grape vine. —ṇē wine.
droha, s. Treason, treachery, rebellion, revolt. apostasy. treason. an apostate, traitor, betrayer.

dvandva, s. A couple, pair. strife, dispute. single combat. a form of grammatical combination of words.

dvāra, s. A door. a doorkeeper.
dvāraka, s. The city where Kṛṣṇa, reigned.

dvi, adj. Two dvija, adj. Twice born. s. The oviparous class of animals, as birds, snakes, fish, etc., which are first born in the shell or egg and then produced from it.

dvijāti, s. One of the twice born castes.
dvije, s. A Brahmin, whose investiture with the sacred thread is supposed to constitute a second birth.
dvitiya, adj. Second. the accusative case.
dvipadē, s. A metrical composition in couplets.

dvipādi, s. A biped.
dvivaēana, s. The dual number, gram.
dvividha, adj. Twofold.
dvipa, s. An island.
dvēsha, s. Hatred, enmity. to hate, detest.
dveita, s. Dualism. a sect that regards God and matter as distinct. one of this sect.

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dhani, s. A proprietor, master, lord. a wealthy man. see dhani.
dhanike, s. A wealthy man.
dhanu, dhanussu, s. A bow. the ninth solar month. the sign Sagittarius. an archer.
dhamūdhumū, see dhara.

dhara, see dhara.
dhara, s. An old coin equivalent to one Rupee.

dharaṇa, see dhara.

dhāraṇi, dhariṇī, dhāritri, dhāre, s. The earth. dhāraṇī a king.

dharisunī, dharitonunī (v.), v. a. To wear, dress, put on, assume a form. 2. to retain in mind, hold. 3. to become incarnate. 4. to become pregnant. 5. to be silent.

dharma, s. Justice. 2. charity, liberality. 3. duty, obligation. 4. usage, practice. 5. fitness, propriety. 6. virtue, merit. 7. a wedding in which the bridegroom incurs no expense. 8. a wedded wife. 9. the oldest of the Pāṇḍu princes; Yama. 10. a code of laws. 11. to give alms. 12. to do justice.

dhārānu, s. A charitable man.

dharmānta, dharmārtha, adj. Gratuitous, charitable, free. 2. dharmānta gratuitously, freely, gratis.

dhārmadharma; s. Right and wrong. [judge.

dharmadhikārī, s. A dharmi, dharmishṭhe, s. A charitable or liberal man.

dhavala, adj. White, fair. 2. white colour.

dhavali, s. A white cow.

dhātu, dhātu, s. The pulse. 2. any constituent part of the body, as flesh, blood, etc. 3. a primary or elementary substance, as earth, air, etc. 4. the property of a primary element, as odour, colour, etc. 5. a grammatical root. 6. a fossil or mineral. 7. the tenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

dhānya, s. Grain, corn in general.

dhāmūḍhamu, s. Prodigality, dissipation. 2. the noise of a drum or a gun.

dhāra, see dhara.

dhāranē, s. Price, charge. 2. holding, having, maintaining, wearing. 3. keeping the mind collected, breath suspended, and all natural wants restrained.

dhāradatta, adj. Given by pouring water on the hand. 2. to give by pouring water on the hand.

dhāre, s. Sharpness, as of a knife, etc. 2. the stream of a jet of water poured. 3. a wedding ceremony.
to pour water etc. in a stream. —हाव पानि to solemnise a wedding by pouring water on the hands of the bride and bridegroom.

धावति, s. Thirst, desire, ardour, heat, hotness.

धावु, s. Heat, warmth.
1. Dhawu, s. Heat, warmth.
2. Purse-pride, pride of wealth.
3. Being care-worn from excessive love of money.

धावे, see धावति.

धिमाती, धिमात धिमाती, dhimate, s. A wise or intelligent man.


धिरे, s. A hero.

धुक्कु, see धुक्कु. 2. सीधा.

धुट्टु, adj. Reproached, reviled. 2. Abandoned, deserted.

धुनि, s. A river.

धुबुधुबु, dhubudubu, see धुबुधुबु. धुरा, s. War.

धुराण्डरा, adj. Powerful, able. —धुराण्डरा a strong or powerful man.

धुर, प्रत्यधुरि, dhuriki, s. A burden.

धुरिणा, s. A bad disposition or mind.

धुरु, s. A yoke.

धुक्षु, adj. Elevated.

ध्वाप, s. Incense. —ध्वाप the dammer tree Valeria indica; cf. ध्वाप its resin. —ध्वाप to burn incense.

धुपांबत्ती, dhupambutti, see धुपांबत्ती.

धुपारती, धुपारत, धुपारी, धुपारी, dhuparati, dhuparti, dhupundi, s. A censer.

धुपिपुनी (धुपिपुनी), v. a.
To offer incense, burn incense.

धुमा, s. Smoke. —धुमा a comet.

धुमाला, see धुमाला.

धुमावती, dhumavati, see धुमावती.

धुम्रा, s. A sort of purple colour compounded of black and red. —धुम्रा tobacco.

धुम्रे, s. The name of a demon.

धुर्ता, adj. Fraudulent, crafty. —धुर्ता, —धुर्ता craftiness; dissimulation. —धुर्ता a deceitful man.

धुसु, see धुसु.

धुसेलु, dhuseselu, see धुसेलु.

धुलु, s. Dust. —धुलु mildew; cf. धुलु.

धेनु, s. A milch cow.

धेनुकारी, धेनुकारी, dhenukari, dhenuke, s. A name of Kṛṣṇa.

धेरिया, dheirya, s. Courage, bravery. 2. Firmness, steadfastness. —धेरिया a courageous man, adventurer. —धेरिया a
timid man, coward.  -mh to take courage.

(f) dhode, see  .

(f) dhorandarigè, dhorandaligè, see  .

(f) dhore, s. A master, lord, king, ruler.  -a sovereignty, lordship, mastership.  -a a lady, mistress.

(f) dhoku, see  .

(f) dhode, see  .

(f) dhoranè, s. Manner, way, mode.  2. display.  3. prowess.  4. ability.

(f) dhouta, adj. Washed, cleansed, white.  -ò washed cloth.

(f) dhyâna, s. Meditation, reflection.  -a to meditate.

(f) dhyânipuni (ôa), v. n. To meditate, reflect.

(f) dhvamsa, s. Loss, destruction, extinction.  -a to destroy, desolate, annihilate.

(f) dhvaja, s. A flag, standard, banner.

(f) dhvani, s. Sound, voice, noise, report.

n a man with a scrofulous constitution; a malicious man.  -ô a poisonous tree.  -ô a poisonous thorn.  -ô a scrofulous disease.  -ô -ô anything tending to deteriorate the quality of blood.  -ô -ô to have puerperal convulsions.

(f) naïju, s. Poison.

2. puerperal convulsions.  3. impurity in the blood, scrofulous tendency.  4. the after-birth.  5. envy, jealousy.  6. see  . adj. Poisonous, impure, unwholesome. -ô  Menispernum cocculus; any unwholesome fruit. -ô

(f) nangu, s. A kind of fish, useless paddy.

(f) naïgary, naïgalù, s. An anchor.

(f) naïji, naïju, s. Poison.

2. puerperal convulsions.  3. impurity in the blood, scrofulous tendency.  4. the after-birth.  5. envy, jealousy.  6. see  . adj. Poisonous, impure, unwholesome. -ô  Menispernum cocculus; any unwholesome fruit. -ô

(f) nang'aru, nangalu, s. An anchor.

(f) nanjunge, s. A name of Śiva.

(f) nanțu, nantastigè, nanțu, s. Kin, relationship.

(f) nanțu, adj. Chronic, virulent, festering.  2. shrunken, shrivelled; also  . -ô
dampness. -ना a festering sore. -ना a slender spring or fountain. -पा to become shrunken or shrivelled. -क अंगोऽे to become indurated.

नंदा, s. The foster-father of Krishna; also नंदके, नं धरारे. -नंदाव के Krishna’s birth-place.

नंदना, s. Delight, joy. 2. the twenty-sixth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 3. Indra’s garden; a pleasure garden; also नंदंदना.

नंदने, s. A son.

नंदारिके, s. A class of Brahmins.

नंदा, s. A lamp-post in front of a temple.

नंदादीपा, s. A lamp always kept burning before an idol.

नंदि, s. A bull. 2. one of Śiva’s principal attendants; also नंधाके. 3. joy, pleasure. 4. the name of a man. -ंधाके the name of a demon; the statue of a bull. -नंदा a kind of white flower.

नंदी, s. A daughter. 2. a celestial cow.

नंदेये, s. A copy, transcript. -नंदे, नंदे to copy, transcribe; to take a copy. -नंदे to make a rough copy.

नंका, s. The shell of a fish. cf. नंका -के. 2. see नं. -नंका a kind of perfume.

नंकैयू, s. A copy, transcript. -नंकैयू, नंकैयू to copy, transcribe; to take a copy. -नंकैयू to make a rough copy.

नंक, s. Ridicule, satire, caricature; imitation. adj. Spurious, counterfeit. -नंक a buffoon, satirist. -नंके
to ridicule, caricature; to imitate.

nakari, adj. Useless, worthless. adj. Inferior.
nakula, s. A mongoose. 2. the fourth of the five Pāṇḍu princes.
nakera, s. A nail, claw. adj. Claw-like
nakeruni, v. n. To neigh. 2. to titter, giggle.
nakkāmuṭṭi, s. A sort of gambling.
nakkāvuni, c. v. (of नक्का) To cause to lick.
nakkuni, v. a. To lick, lap.
nakku, s. An earthworm. क्र- a red worm.
nakkeruni, see नकरे।
nakkelu, see नक्के।
nakkele, s. A man who licks, especially the plate in which food had been served. 2. a greedy man.
nakkeldi, s. An abandoned woman. 2. the fem. of नक्के।
nakra, s. A crocodile.
nakrajittu, s. Vishnu’s weapon. बु- [kettle-drum.
nakramaddoli, s. A का।
nakru, see नकरे।
nakli, see नक्के।
nakku, see नक्के।
nakha, s. A nail, talon, claw. 2. a fragrant substance resembling a nail.
nacca, see nada.
nacca, see nada.
najarü, s. Sight, seeing.
   2. estimate, value. 3. a present to a superior. —najarü
   to keep in surveillance.
nata, see nada.
natananta, adv. Briskly, nimbly. 2. with a crackling
   noise. —natan to frisk, gambol.
natanë, s. A dance, dancing. 2. sham respect or attentions.
natavu, see nada.
natu, nattuku, s. Cracking the fingers.
nattu, natta, adj. Begging; beggarly. —natu sores
   about the underlip, believed to be curable only by partaking
   of food earned by begging.
nätta, see nada.
nätta, adj. Middle, central.
   2. trifling. —nattë midnight.
   —nat a trifling, bit. —nattä
   midday.
nattä, nattë, nattävu, s.
   A loan, lending. —nattë
   to lend.
nattavuni, c. v. (of natë)
   To cause to beg; to send for begging.
natti, s. Planting, transplanting. —attä a kind of tobacco grown in South-
Canara.
natunäye, nat-tele, s. A beggar; a beggarly man.
natuni (natë), v. a. To beg, request, apply, pray.
natogukorpini, see under nattu.
nadupini, see nada.
nadakë, s. Walking. 2. pace, gait. —nadë— travelling
on foot.
nadatara, see nattu.
nadate, s. Behaviour, conduct. 2. intercourse, familiarity. —nadate,
they have no intercourse with each other.
nadatonuni, refl. v. (of nattë) To behave, conduct one's self.
nadapäta, s. Walking, exercise. 2. behaviour, conduct.
nadapû, nadapûnu, nadapavuni, nadapuduni, c. v. (of nattë)
To cause to walk. 2. to manage, direct, guide, lead.
nadapu, see nada.
nadapuni (nandë), v. n. To walk, proceed, go on. 2. to
behave.
nadamaça, s. Noise, crying.
nadari, s. The periodical feast of a temple.
nāḍarē, s. A native hearth.
nadavaṇaṇi, see nāḍa.
nāḍavālikē, s. Intercourse, familiarity. 2. management, control.
nāḍavāli, s. A grand festival occurring once in 12 years at Dharmasthala.

nādi, s. Behaviour, conduct, walk. 2. see under nāḍa.
nāḍi, nāḍē nāḍikē, nāḍiṅē, see nāḍa. 2. nāḍē.
nāḍiyunī (nāḍa), v. n. To be planted, or transplanted.
nāḍirū, see nāḍa.
nāḍīlē, nāḍīlū, s. The middle room of a house.
nāḍīlē, nāḍīlū, nāḍirū, nāḍilū, s. Midnight.
nādu, s. Centre, middle. 2. the waist, loins. adj. Central, middle. 2. a middle or cross wall. 2. the courtyard before a house. -vē, the crown of the head. -pē one who is in the middle; an intermediate son or brother. -pē a middle piece. -vē the middle arm. -vē the midday-sun. -vē the backbone. -vē midnight. -vē the middle row. -vē to gird up the loins. -vē to have pain in the loins. -vē to hold by the waist.

nadumbulu, see nāḍa

naduguni (nāḍa), v. n. To tremble, shake, shiver, quake, totter.
nadugurōga, s. The palsy, tremor.

nadutara, adj. Middling moderate.
nāḍupunī, see nāḍa.
nāḍupulu, s. The waist, loins.
nāḍuvantādi, s. The residence of a priest.
nāḍuvādi, s. Conduct. 2. a customary observance.
nāḍuvanē, adj. Central, middle. -vē the intermediate brother.
nāḍuvandi, s. The intermediate daughter or sister.
nāḍuvē, see nāḍa.

nāḍē, s. Walk, step, gait. 2. conduct, behaviour. 3. a closet, side-room. 4. the lower space between the two verandas of a house or temple. -vē a cloth spread on the road for a procession to pass over. -vē conduct and speech, or word and deed.
nāḍantādi, see nāḍa

nadpini (nāḍa), v. a. To plant.
nāṇavārē, see nāṇaṇē.
nāṇē, nāṇē nānilū, nānilē, see nāṇaṇē.
nāṇē, adj. Wet, moist.
natty, nattu, nartu, s. A female's ornament for the nose.
nattinje, s. An owlet.
  2. A man who is partially dumb.
natur, naduru, nadaru, see nadi.
nadi, J. A river.
nana, nanala, aafo. Yet, still, once more, farther on.
nanapini, see nanari.
nanavarike, see nanari.
nanike, s. A brother-in-law.
nanepavuni, c. v. (of nanepini) To make wet, to moisten, soak.
nanepini, nanepuni, naneyuni, nanevuni (nan), v. n. To be moist, wet, damp. "If the hand be wet, the throat also will be wet; if you work, you will eat.
naneri (naneri), s. Wet rice.
napasyu, see nanari.
napumsaka, adj. Neuter.
  -as impotency. -oc the neuter gender. -a an eunuch.
napè, see nap.
nappada, see namu.
nappu, s. Injury, degradation.
nappe, see nappu. 2. see nap.
naphè, s. Profit, gain, advantage; also napha.
nababu, see namana.
nabè, see nabha.
nabha, nabhassu, s. The sky, atmosphere. 2. A cloud. nabha the firmament.
nama, pron. (pl. of namu)
We, including the person or persons addressed; cf. namuna.
ours. one of us, one of our party.
namana, s. The act of prostrating.
namana, namanatru, namanama, s. Union. -a to unite.
namaru, see namu.
namaskaripuni (namas), v. n. To bow, make obeisance.
namaskara, namasya, s. Salutation, prostration, obeisance; also namas. -a to prostrate, fall down. -a to salute, bow, do obeisance.
namipuni, namisuni (namis), v. a. To bow, reverence, do obeisance.
namunè, namune, namune, s. A pattern, sample, model, form.
namū

namūdisuni (Namūdisunī), v. a. To mark; to mention, state, show.
namūdu, s. Appearance, mark. 2. mentioning, stating, showing. — to appear, be mentioned. — namū to mention, show.

namepuni, see nāma.

nameyuni (Namūni), v. n.
To wear away. 2. to become poor.

nameluni, see nāma.
namma, see nāma.

namra, adj. Humble, submissive, gentle. — nāma humility, submissiveness, gentleness.
naya, s. Gentleness, meekness. 2. kindness. 3. fineness, polish, softness, delicacy. 4. a bait to catch alligators. 5. cheapness. 6. see nāma. adj. Fine, soft, smooth, glossy. 2. gentle, meek. 3. kind. 4. cheap. — namā an amiable or gentle disposition. — namā an elegant expression or kind word.
nayikumbu, adj. Half cotton and half woollen. 2. see nāma. 3. see nāma.
nayikuli, s. The tree Wrightia tinctoria.
nayike, see nāma. 2. see nāma.
nayipili, see nāma.

nara, adj. Bruised.
nara, s. A vein, nerve, tendon.

naraṇguni (Naraṇkuni), v. n.
To waver, hesitate, be reluctant.

naraṇḍu, see nāma.
narambu, s. A sinew, nerve, pulse. — nāma sinews to contract, to feel cramped.
naraka, s. Hell, hades. 2. dirt, filth. — nāma the abyss of hell. — nāma the hell-fire. — nāma hell-torments.
narakāntake, s. A name of Vishnu. [ma.
narakādhipati, s. Ya-
narakī, adj. Hell-worthy. 2. dirty, filthy.
narakuni (Narakuni), v. a. To sigh, groan, moan, grumble.
narakule, s. A grumbler.
naragūṇi (Naragūṇi), v. a. To bruise, crush; to torment.
naraguni, see nāma.
naraguri, s. A sheepish man, coward.
naragoli, see nāma.
naratuni (Naratuni), v. n. To grumble; cf. nāra.
nara, s. Roughness. 2. a wart, protuberence. 3. stuntedness. 4. false pregnancy. adj. Rough, craggy, stunted.

narda, nartu, naradu, s. A human ruler.
naran, naranara, adj. Slow, gentle. —narad slow slow labour.
narap, narapuri, s. A mortal.
narath, narathini, narathā, naramā, naramāne, naramāne, s. Man; a mortal.
naraye, s. A kind of crane. 2. a grey-haired man. 3. a white-spotted ox. adj. Grey. 2. white-spotted.
naraluni, see sadāsí. naru, see नरु. narudh, narasimha, s. The fourth incarnation of Vishnu. narā, see सनाद. naradham, s. The meanest of mankind.
narādhipati, s. The ruler of men.
nari, s. A jackal, fox. nari, see नरी. narike, see सनरीके. nari, see नरी. naripu, see सनरिपु. naruvolu, s. A kind of aromatic tree of which the leaves are used for curry or medicine, Saccharum Munja.

narengi, see सनरेंगी. narenguni (सनरेंगू), v. a. To hesitate; cf. नरेंगी. narengi, narenguli, s. A dull, tardy, slow, hesitating man. nareti, s. A white-spotted cow.
nareluni, see सनरेलु. naru, see नरु. narevuni (सनरेवू), v. n. Hair to become grey, grow white. narendre, s. A king.
narka, see सनार्क. narkuni, see सनार्कु. nark, s. The skin, hide, bark.
nargha, s. Bruising. nargāvuni, c. v. (of नार्गु) To bruise, crush.
narguni (सनार्गू), v. n. To be bruised, crushed. 2. to be close, as a cluster of fruits. narguru, see सनार्गु. nargele, s. A grumbler. nartunurtu, adv. Forcibly; by dint of perseverance. narta, adj. Soft, pure. nartage, s. A dancer, actor.
nartana, s. Dancing, acting. —नर्ता to dance.
Bivalved shell-fish, mollusk.

**Narente, s.**

**Abivalved shell-fish, mollusk.**

**Narnara, see**  

**Nartently, adj.** Half boiled.

**Narpu, s.** Deserting, forsaking. 2. disgust, dislike.

**Narpuni (n) , v. a.** To desert, forsake. 2. see  

**Narmada, s.** Sport, amusement, pleasure.

**Narmada, s.** The river Nerbuda.

**Naruna, see**  

**Half boiled.**

**Naru, s.** Deserting, forsaking. 2. disgust, dislike.

**Narmugni (n) , v. n.** To be indented, dimpled, as a metallic vessel.

**Naluy, see**  

**Nale, see**  

**Nalenei, see**  

**Nalke, nalkè, nalpu, see**  

**Nalupuni, see**  

**Nalmè, s.** Goodness, friendship.

**Nally, s.** A kind of flea which infests poultry, cats, etc. 2. a sprain.

**Nalli, s.** The bone of the leg below the knee, shinbone. 2. see  

**Nali, s.** Dent, dimple, as of a metallic vessel. — to remove the dimple of such a vessel. — to be indented.

**Nalike, s.** Dancing, jumping. — a dancer; one of the class of demon-dancers.

**Naligè, see**  

**Nalina, s.** The lotus.

**Navagraha, s.** The nine planets, viz., the Sun, Moon, Mars, Mercury, Jupiter, Venus, Saturn, Rahu (Caput draconis), and Ketu (Cauda draconis).
nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, etc.

Navadhanya, s. Nine kinds of corn, as चाके paddy, चाल wheats, बड़ा Bengali gram, चौंट dhall, बृहा gram, बृक्ष gingly seed, बड़ा country beans, बड़ा black gram, and बड़ा green gram.

Navanūtana, adj. Very beautiful, handsome; singular.

Navapattu, s. Fungosity. 2. music accompanied with beating of drums. adj. Fungous, excrescent.

Navama, num. Ninth.

Navamāsa, s. Nine months, the period of pregnancy.

Navami, s. The ninth lunar day of either fortnight.

Navara, s. A kind of grain; cf. नावे.

Navaratna, s. Nine kinds of precious stones or gems, विस. पारल, रूप ruby, दiamond, बर्बर cat's eye or beryl, बर्णसप्तi onyx, बर्णसप्तk topaz, बर्ण sapphire, and बर्णi emerald.

Navaratri, s. A festival observed for the first nine days of the seventh lunar month in honour of the goddess Durga.

Navare, s. A kind of rice. Navasāra, s. The salt Sal ammoniac.

Navābe, s. A Nabob, governor.

Navāyite, s. A Koūkāni speaking class of Mohammedan cloth-merchants.

Navāryu, navāruda-patți, s. Tape, band, fillet.

Navilupakki, s. A peacock; also निलुपक्षनि.

Navikaraṇa, s. Renewal, renovation. -निकानित to renew.

Navina, adj. New, fresh, excellent.

Navunța, s. Itching, irritation in the throat. -नियुं, नियुक्त, see नियुक्त.

Navumpuni, see नावुम्पु.

Nave, see नावे.

Nasipuni (नयो), v. a. To destroy, ruin. v. n. To perish, decay. 2. to work hard, exert one's self beyond one's strength.

Naśibū, naśibu, s. Fate, destiny.

Naśē, s. Snuff, medicinal snuff. -नाश a snuff box.

Nashṭa, s. Loss, damage, injury. adj. Lost, destroyed, damaged. -निश्चत to be lost; c. dat. to lose.

Naşku, see नाशकु.

Nasapāṇi, nasarāṇi, nasrāṇi, s. A Naza-
rene or Syrian Christian.  
2. a nasty, base, mean, or worthless fellow.

nasi, see nasi.

nasiyuni (nasi), v. n. To submit, subdue.

nasiyatũ, s. Punishment.

nasuku, see nasi.

nasudi, s. The forehead.

nasè, adj. Soft, gentle. 2. moist, damp, humid. s. Moistness. 2. softness.

nasku, s. A man in good circumstances.

nasku, s. Twilight, dawn, early morning.

naskyatra, see nasi.

nasya, see nasi.

nala, s. The fiftieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 
2. see nali. -nali superior cooking.

nalakambha, s. A pole planted in the middle of a stack of straw.

nali, see nali.

nali, nali, nāligē, s. A tube, pipe. 2. the barrel of a gun.

nalina, see nali.

nalipuni, see nali.

naliyuni, see nali.

nale, s. A celebrated king, the husband of Damayanti.

nalmey, see nali.

nalye, see nali.

nallu, see nali.

nalli, s. A spool. -nali to spool.

naksha, nakshē, s. A map, plan, chart. 2. a painting, picture, photograph. zō nakshatroy a genealogical table, pedigree.

nakshatra, s. A star, planet. 2. a constellation or lunar mansion. -nakshatra, -nakshē the planetary system. नक्षत्रोऽन्तः favourable conjunction of natal stars.

nā, An interrogative particle affixed to nouns, pronouns adjectives, verbs and adverbs; as, नासे is it Rāma? नाग is it he? नाक is it good? नाये are you going? नात्रेण was it yesterday?

nācuni (nācuni), v. n. To dance.

nātuni, see nācuni.

nāndē, s. A measure of grain, equal to one-sixteenth or one-twentieth of a seer.

nānyya, see nānyya.

nānta, see nānta.

nāndi, s. Benedictionary verses recited at the commencement of an auspicious ceremony. 2. a ceremony performed to preserve a marriage party from the pollution of birth or death in the family.
nambu, see नांभु.
nika, s. Heaven, paradise, sky, atmosphere. 2. see नाथ.
- a sacrifice to all the gods on the fifth day of a marriage.

nākari, see नाकरी.
nāku, s. A female calf.

nāga, s. A snake, serpent.
2. a class of demi-gods. 3. the image of a serpent. - a class of demi-goddesses. - the stone image of a serpent. - the young of a serpent. - an ear-ornament in the form of a serpent's hood. - the hood of a serpent. - the infernal regions.

nāga, see नाग.

nāgakushta, s. A kind of leprosy.
nāgajīdpū, s. A head ornament like the extended hood of a serpent.

nāgatali, s. The cactus Trichosanthes anguina.

nāgadandu, s. Stagnant water of yellowish color.

nāganagari, s. A kind of drum.

nāgapatta, s. A kind of serpent-worship.

nāgabana, nāgabana, nāgabana, s. A grove haunted by, or sacred to, serpents.

nāgabidī, s. A locality affecting the health of those dwelling there, or the purity of any thing, as water, etc.

nāgabetta, s. A species of cane with black spots about the joints.

nāgamalligē, s. The flower Justicia nasuta.

nāgarusuttu, s. A gold or silver thread.

nāgara, s. Dry ginger.
2. the cobra. 3. see नगर. - a feast on the fifth day of the fifth lunar month. - the Nāgari or Sanskrit character. - the Bengal Nāgari character. - the Peninsula Nāgari character.

nāgarika, adj. Civilized, refined, cultured. 2. elegant. 3. prudent. - civilization; elegance; prudence. a civilized, neat, or prudent man.

nāgavandigē, s. A shelf.

nāgavalli, s. A very pungent species of betel leaf, piper betel.

nāgasam-pigē, nāgasampei, s. The flower Mesua speciosa.

nāgasara, nāgasara, nāgasvarā, s. A pipe answering to the drone of the bagpipe; a snake pipe with two holes.

nāge, s. A serpent. 2. the image of a serpent. a spotted serpent. see नागेः.
rae, s. Native Roman Catholics, so called by Pariahs.

nanu, s. The chief of the serpents. 2. the name of a man.

nagolé, s. The concluding ceremony of a marriage among Brahmins.

náču, s. Dancing, a nautch.

náciké, nácigé, s. Shame, modesty, blushing. -sé to be ashamed, modest; to blush.

nácikedéi, nácigedei, s. The sensitive plant Mimosa pudica.

náčuni (nac), v. n. To blush, be ashamed.

náča, nájarya, nájare, s. A sheriff.

náji, s. A kind of dance.

nájaku, adj. Delicate, fine, soft. -as delicate workmanship.

nájre, see náj.

náta, s. A pole used for a hedge. 2. a pole used for supporting a plantain tree, or for training up a creeper.

náta, nátkaka, nátaga, s. A play, drama. 2. a theatrical performance. -ak an actor. -at a theatre.

nátvuni, c. v. (of nátv) To cause to affect or operate.

náti, s. Fixing, pitching, planting.

nátiraga, s. A prelude.

nátuni (nác), v. a. To affect, impress, move. 2. to operate, act upon, as a medicine. Will nothing move you? or will all the tell ing be lost upon you?

náte, see náj.

nátya, s. Dancing, acting.

nádu, s. A district, village.

nádvuni, c. v. (of nádv) To cause to search.

nádi, s. The pulse. 2. a blood-vessel, artery, or vein. 3. vital air or breath. 4. an astrological term connected with natal stars. -nádi the planetary conjunction consulted by astrologers when matrimonial alliances are to be formed. -nádi examination of the pulse. -nádi the pulse to cease. -nádi to feel the pulse. -nádi the pulse to beat.

nádíge, s. One of the cultivating classes in the northern part of Canara.

nádu, see nád.

náduni (nác), v. a. To search, seek.

nádé, s. A cord, rope.

nánu, nána, s. Nakedness, nudity. 2. the buttocks.
nana, nānaparvesi, nānapravēsi, see nānaparvēy.  

nānilū, s. A species of olive. —o3oo oil prepared from its fruit.  

nanya, s. Money, coin. —* Money, coin.  

nātapa, s. The plant Lantana aculeata.  

nātu, see nā; cf. nāmē.  

nāthe, s. A husband, master, lord, protector.  

nāda, s. A sound, report, noise or note. —> thunder. —> the roar of a lion; a war cry.  

nādāni, adj. Stupid, thoughtless.  

nādī, nādāri, nādhāri, s. Poverty, pauperism. 2. bankruptcy, insolvency. adj. Indigent, poor. 2. bankrupt.  

nāduni (nād), v. n. To smell, stink.  

nādre, see nādē.  

nānaparavarshi, s. A pension, gratuity; superannuation.  

nānā, adj. Various, diverse, different. — different sorts. — various colours. — various ways.  

nānuni (nān), v. n. To shrink; cf. nānā.  

nānya, s. Likeness. 2. kind.  

nāpasu, nāpāsū, nāpē, nāpesu, adj. Worthless, useless. 2. powerless, helpless. 3. stingy, miserly.  

nāpike, s. A barber.  

nābhi, s. The navel. 2. the holes in the leaves of a palm book, to string them together.  

nāma, s. A name, appellation. 2. a sectarian mark on the forehead. — the ceremony of naming a child after birth. — a kind of bangles. — a kind of bangles. — invoking or repeating the name of God. — to fail, be defeated. — to put on the sectarian mark; to cheat, deceive.  

nāmadabāryu, s. Country sarsaparilla, Hemidesmus Indicus.  

nāmaradū, adj. Peevish. 2. impotent.  

nāmarde, s. A eunuch, impotent man. 2. a sneak, coward.  

nāmānkita, s. A name. adj. Dedicated, as a work to a person.  

nāmusu, s. Disgrace. 2. shame.  

nāmesa, s. Nothing, a
nayya, see naye.
nayake, s. A guide, leader. 2. a chief, head, general. 3. an honorary title given to a Roman Catholic or a Konkani.
nayare, see nayake.
nayi, s. A dog. —nayi an acute form of syphilis.
nayikini, s. A mistress.
nayi, s. A manger.
nayikini, s. A mistress.
nayi, s. A manger.
ayitolaçi, s. The white basil or country tea, Ocimum album.
nayipallé, s. A kind of tree.
nayipili, s. A hyena.
nayibadamu, s. The wild almonds.
nayimare, s. A Nayar of Malabar.
nayiyulli, see naye.
nayisonaŋgu, s. The plant Mucuna pruriens.
nayeryu, s. A plough. 2. see nayi.
—nayi, see nayi
—nayi, —nayi a worn out plough.
naryu, s. The hemp of plants, fibrous bark of trees, etc.; linen. —naryu, —naré a linen cloth. —naré, a hempen rope. —naré to become stringy or tough. —naré to twist hemp or fibre into ropes.
naru, see naru.
narengi, s. A kind of orange.
naresu, s. An instrument to make either gold or silver wire. 2. see naré.
nardé, see naré.
nalu, num. Four. —nalé, nalé lit. four towns; some countries or parts of the
world.  "one should travel abroad.  the name of a
demon.  the four points of the compass.  four corners, a square.  the four Védas.

nalu, s. A horse-shoe; cf. a farrier, shoemaker.  farriery.  to shoe a horse, etc.

nalaŋga, s. The hands, legs, eyes, and ears.

nalane, adj. Fourth.

nalayi, s. The tongue.  faithfulness to a promise.  speaking faintly, as a sick person.

nālona, s. The uvula.  to be able to speak.  lit. double tongued; hoarseness; duplicity, equivocation.

nāluna, s. the claw of cattle, beasts or birds.

nālā, s. A fourfold ploughing.  see nālā.

nālā, s. to be destroyed; to fall in ruins; to die.  a destroyer.  God, the immortal.

nashta, s. Breakfast.  luncheon.

nalī, s. The throat, windpipe.  a pipe, tube.  the stalk of a lotus.  see nalī.

nalīsu, s. Disparagement, detraction, censure.  dishonour, disgrace.
nasu, s. Snuff.
nasagra, s. The top of the nose. 2. see นัสซาร.
nasilka, s. The nose.
nasti, s. Denial, refusal.
nastika, adj. Infidel, heretical. — infidelity, atheism, heresy.
nastike, s. An atheist, infidel, heretic.
nalı, see นัล.
2. see นัล.
nala, nali, see นัล.
nalikera, s. A cocoanut tree.
näkuni, see นู.
nägalı, s. Broken rice, grit. — very fine grit.
nägünü, nägünü, nägünü, nägünü (นั้งัน, นั้งัน), v. a. To swallow.
nägolu, see นั้ง.
ninni, see นิน.
nindipun, nindisuni, ninduni (นินดี, นินดี), v. a. To abuse, reproach. 2. to blame, censure. 3. to mock, ridicule. 4. to blaspheme.
nindè, s. Abuse, blame, censure, reproach. 2. mockery, ridicule. 3. blasphemy. — an abuser, censurer, scoffer, blasphemer.
nina, ninnna, ninnavu, see นิน.
ninni, s. An echo, reverberation. 2. mimicry. — the sound of an echo. — to mimic.
ninnëvuni (นินเนวุนี), v. n. To echo.
nimbë, see นิม.
nika, s. A marriage among Mohammedans. — to marry a Mohammedan woman.
nikulu, pron. (pl. of นิล) You.
nikhila, nikhila, adj. All, the whole, entire, complete.
nigüdi, s. Instalment. 2. a fixed period or sum for payment, as the assessment on land. 3. fixing, settlement. — government assessment. — to resolve, determine.
nigupuni, see นิค.
nigaëuni (นิเกนุ), v. n. To stretch.
nigada, see นิจ.
niga, niga, nigađi, nigađe, see นิ.
nigadi, see นิ.
nigapu, see นิก.
nigama, s. The Védas. 2. a fair.
nigayinënu, s. A cord or rope for fastening a buoy.
nigaru, see นิภ.
nigarigë, see นิภ.
nigarun, see นิภ.
nigarvi, s. An unassuming, modest person. adj. Unassuming, modest.
nigavu, s. A buoy.
nigasu, s. Food, victuals.
2. disregard, disdain.
nigalū, see निगली.
nigāśu, s. Glitter, shining.
nigāśuvini, c. v. (of १ग्रन्थि) To cause to level.
nigipūni (२ग्रन्थि), v. a. To level. 2. see निगरु.
nigiyuni (२ग्रन्थि), v. n. To be levelled. 2. to be filled up, as a pit.
niguruni, see निगरु.
निग्रु, see निग्रु.
nigruha, see निग्रु.
निग्रु, निग्रु, niggiru, niggira, s. In-elegance. 2. filthiness, nastiness. 3. disgust. adj. Unpleasant, filthy. —१ग्रन्थि a filthy man. —२ग्रन्थि to make foul, render filthy.
nigisu, s. An unclean man; also निगिसा.
निगिसा, निगिसा, niggisa, s. Fullness, completeness. adj. Full, complete.
nigra, see निग्रा.
nigraha, s. Punishment. 2. killing; also निग्राहा.
२ग्रन्थि तो punish; to kill.
nigruni, see निग्रु.
nihantu, nihantu, s. A dictionary, vocabulary, glossary.
nirca, see निर्चा.
nicca, see निच.--
nicayā, see निकाय.
niccalā, see निकला.
nija, s. Condition, circumstances in life. adj. Own. —१ग्रन्थि one’s own or natural form. निजा तो understand a man’s disposition or character.
nija, s. Truth, veracity, certainty, reality. adj. True, certain, sure, real. —२ग्रन्थि truly, certainly. —३ग्रन्थि certainty. निजाते uncertain, unreliable. —४ग्रन्थि a true word or statement, a fact. —५ग्रन्थि to ascertain the truth. —६ग्रन्थि to prove.
nikatruni, nijikavuni, nijikavuni, nijikavuni, निजिकावु-..निजिकावु-.., v. n. To grin; also निजिकावु-..निजिकावु-..
nijikuni (२ग्रन्थि), v. n. To appear, seem.
niji, s. The gums. —१ग्रन्थि a toothless mouth.
nitila, s. The forehead.
nitta, s. Pleasure. adj. Pleasant. 2. see नित्ति.
nittanige, s. A ladder. 2. a pile, heap. 3. a row, line. 4. the name of a village.
nittura, nittūra, see नित्तुरा.
nittusuru, s. A deep sigh; loud sobbing.
nittê, see nîta. 2. see nîthâ.
nîtêli, s. The hip, loins, waist. 2. the bosom.

nîdaâkuni (nîdaâ), v. n. To incline; cf. nidaâ.

nîdi, adj. Straight, high, lofty. -nît a lofty stone, an erect stone. -nîd (nî) rice not broken by pounding.

nîdîpa, see nîdî.

nîdiyuni, nîdi-pini (nîdi), v. a. To wash. -nîdi to wash the face.

nîdu, adj. Long, tall, high. nîdumbarê, s. Barracks; also nîdumbar.

nîdîppa, s. Tallness, length. 2. see nîdî.

nîdîyuni, nîdi-pini (nîdi), v. a. To wash.

nîdîpa, see nîdî.

nînê, see nîdi.

nîta, s. The buttocks. 2. a mountain side.
nîtînga, adj. Strong, hard. 2. serious, dangerous. -nîtâ a serious illness.

nîtiâ, see nîtînga.

nîtîla, s. The buttocks. 2. see nîtîla.

nîtêlyu, see nîtêla.


nîtyatva, s. Eternity.
nîtyâme, s. The eternal Spirit, God.
nîtyânanda, s. Everlasting happiness.
nîtyânitya, s. Eternal and temporal.
nîtrâna, s. Weakness, debility. adj. Weak, faint. nîtâ a weak man.

nîdîppa, see nîdî.

nîdîpuṇûni, see nîdî.

nîdarâna, s. An example, illustration, evidence, instance.

nîdâna, s. Ascertaining the cause; the study of symptoms with a view to trace the remote or proximate causes, as of a disease. 2. a work on pathology. 3. see nîdî.

nîdi, see nîdi.

nîdîhi, s. Abundance, plenty. -nîdî to prosper.


nîdîpuṇûni (nîdî), v. a. To erect, set up, stay. 2. see nîdî.

nîdîre, s. Sleep, drowsiness. -nîdî, -nîdînâ, to become drowsy. -nîdî to sleep.
nidredpini (निद्रेपिनि), v. n.
To sleep, be asleep; to go to bed.
nidhāna, s. Caution, deliberation, calmness, quietness. 2. slowness, dilatoriness. adj. Cautious, deliberate. 2. calm, quiet. 3. slow, dilatory. —से a careful consideration, deliberate judgment. —धर्म slow motion. कर्मणा carefully, quietly, slowly.

nidhānipuni(निद्रानिपुनि), v.a.
To consider, examine carefully.
nidhā, see निद्रा.

nidhi, s. Concealed or buried treasure. 2. a receptacle, place of accumulation. —धि an opulent man.
nina, s. The serum of the flesh. 2. the marrow of the bones.
nina, pro. (gen. of नी) Thy. —नी by or of thyself. —नी thine.
ninē, s. A wick. 2. a very young fruit.
ninepu, see निनेपु.
ninośa (नीनोशा), Thy cares or charge.
nipātu, s. Ruin.
nipāta, s. Falling, coming down, alighting. adj. Irregularly formed, gram. निपताः interjection.
nipūna, adj. Clever, skillful, conversant. —धृ skill, proficiency in any art, etc.
nipune, s. A clever man.
niputre, s. A sonless man.
nibandhanē, s. Order, mandate. 2. appointment, engagement.
nibāsuni, nibhāsuni, nibhāyisuni, v. a. (निबासुणि, निभासुणि, निभायिसुणि), To bear, endure. 2. to manage, sustain.
nibbaṇa, see निब्बना.
nibbāvanē, s. Endurance, toleration. 2. undertaking, sustaining.
nimāji, s. A Mussulman’s ritual or form of prayer.
nimita, nimitta, nimitya, s. Cause, reason. 2. object, motive, purpose. 3. consulting stars, an omen, or fate-book. postp. For, on account of. —निमित्त result of soothsaying. —निमित्त an astrologer, soothsayer. —निमित्त to consult stars or a fate-book.
nimisha, s. The twinkling of an eye, a second, instant, minute.
nimuruni (निमुरुणि), v.n.
To become straight.
niyata, adj. Checked, restrained, as the natural appetites and passions.
niyama, s. An agreement. contract, engagement. 2. a religious observance in general; voluntary penance. 3. a rule, law; cf. नियम.
niyukta, adj. Appointed, ordered. 2. attached to.
niyoga, s. An order, command. 2. authority, appointment. 3. occupation, engagement.

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nirāmaya, adj. Well, hale, free from sickness.
nirāyāsa, adj. Easy, unfatiguing.
nirāyudha, adj. Unarmed, defenceless.
nirārā, see nirāra.
nirāvātu, see nirāvā. 2. see nirāvā.
nirāśa, adj. Without refuge, asylum or support; helpless, destitute.
nirāśi, see nirāsi.
nirāhāra, s. Fasting.
nirākṣapa, adj. Unquestionable, unobjectionable.
nirākṣapāna, adj. Unquestionable, unobjectionable.
nirā, s. Neighbourhood; also adjoining.  adj. Neighbouring, adjoining. -āśa a bad neighbour. -āśā a neighbour.
nirepu, see nirā.
nirely, s. A shadow, resemblance. 2. shade, shelter.
nirevuni, v. n. To be ready; cf. nirāru.
nirōgi, s. A man who is free from sickness, a healthy man.
nirōdha, s. Loss, destruction.
nirkaṇḍē, s. A soft root.
nirkaṭa, s. The sea-gull.
nirkaṇē, s. A small branch of bamboo.
nirkanja, s. A water-nymph.
nirkuṭa, s. A post fixed in water.
nirkuṭu, see nirkuṭa.
nirkuṭeluni (oru), f. To curdle, coagulate.
nirkuṭta, s. Dropsy.
nirkuṭti, s. The post of a watering-machine.
nirkuve, s. A kind of arrowroot.
nirgu, see nirgu.
nirgandha, adj. Inodorous, without smell.
nirgama, s. Setting out, exit. 2. total loss or departure.
nirguṇa, adj. Void of all properties. 2. destitute of the qualities incident to humanity. 3. having no good qualities, bad, worthless.
**nirjana, adj.** Lonely, uninhabited. —निर्जन (nirjana), a deserted country.

**nirjala, adj.** Waterless.

**nirjiva, adj.** Lifeless, inanimate. 2. weak, helpless. 3. inactive, lazy. —निर्जिव (nirjiva) a dead body.

**nirāyaya, s.** Resolution, determination. 2. certainty, positive conclusion. 3. settlement, final arrangement. —निराय (nirāy) to resolve, settle, fix.

**nirayisuni (निरायसु), v. a.** To resolve, decide, settle.

**nirta, see निर्त.**

**nirdaya, s.** Unkindness.

**nirdākshiṇya, s.** Disregard, want of attention. 2. severity, strictness.

**nirdōsha, s.** Blamelessness, innocence. 2. freedom from blemish. —निर्दोष (nirdōsha) Innocent, sinless. 2. unblemished.

**nirdhāra, s.** Certainty, ascertainment. 2. determination, resolution.

**nirmāma, s.** Extirpation, eradication.

**nirnāyi, s.** An otter.

**nirnāla, s.** The sixth Tulu month between September and October.

**nirnāli, s.** A water-spout.

**nirnirelu, see निर्निरिल.**

**nirpatṭu, adj.** Moist, wet. 2. diluted. —निर्पात (nirpatṭu) diluted milk.

**nirbandha, nirbandhana, s.** Violence, oppression, force, constraint. —करण्ड (nirbandha) to constrain, or oppress.

**nirbuddhi, s.** Foolishness.

**nirbè, nirbhè, s.** A kind of oblation given to a priest. —निरब (nirbè) to prepare.

**nirbhaya, nirbhiti, s.** Fearlessness. —निरभ (nirbhaya) Fearless, undaunted.

**nirmadè, adj.** Uncovered.

**nirmala, s.** Purity, cleanliness. —निर्मल (nirmala) Pure, transparent, pellucid, clear.

**nirmāna, s.** Creation, manufacture, production, invention. —निर्माण (nirmāna) to create, produce, invent.

**nirmita, adj.** Made, invented. 2. fabricated. 3. artificial. —निर्मित (nirmita) to produce, invent.

**nirmisuni (निर्मिसु), v. a.** To create, produce. 2. to manufacture, invent. 3. to fabricate.

**nirmunè, s.** An apparatus for watering a field. —निर्मुन (nirmunè) Blunt.

**nirmuruṅgele, s.** An arrogant man.

**nirmula, s.** Extirpation, eradication. —निर्मुल (nirmula) to extirpate, eradicate.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nirmō</td>
<td>Want of affection or love.</td>
</tr>
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<td>nirmōha</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirvāṇa</td>
<td>Death, demise; final beatitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirājī</td>
<td>Impudence, shamelessness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirlēpi</td>
<td>Undefiled, untainted.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvana</td>
<td>Nakedness.</td>
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<td>nirvāṇā</td>
<td>S. 1. Want of affection or love. 2. Death, demise; final beatitude. 3. Impudence, shamelessness.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvāčeane</td>
<td>S. Sincerity, ingenuousness.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvahisuni</td>
<td>V. a. To manage, transact, sustain, effect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirvāka, nirvāha</td>
<td>Management, power or ability to perform, execute, sustain, etc.; also also without power to manage, etc.; unavoidably.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirvādā, nirvādā, adj.</td>
<td>Undisputed, unquestionable, unobjectionable.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvisha</td>
<td>An antidote for poison. 2. the plant Curcuma ferumbet.</td>
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<td>Undefiled, untainted.</td>
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<td>S. Nakedness. 2. reunion of the soul with the deity, final beatitude.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvānda</td>
<td>S. Humility. 2. Despair. 3. Weariness. 4. see also.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nirvāni</td>
<td>See also.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilō</td>
<td>See also.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nila</td>
<td>See also.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nilam</td>
<td>S. Ballast. 2. the bottom of a vessel.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilaṅkāra</td>
<td>S. Disfigurement. 2. Ruin.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilakara</td>
<td>See also.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilakāryu</td>
<td>S. Stretching. To stretch out the forelegs, to scrape along the ground.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilagadē, s.</td>
<td>Settlement, adjustment, conclusion, determination. 2. Cessation, intermission.</td>
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<td>nilakara</td>
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<td>nilike</td>
<td>Full, replete.</td>
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<td>nilike</td>
<td>Nilike, adj. Full, replete.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilippu</td>
<td>S. State. 2. Posture, station.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nili</td>
<td>The bottom, as of a well, etc.; depth, profundity. 2. A secret, mystery. Adj. Firm, fast, abiding. 2. Quiet, still, calm. To be firm, steadfast. To be quiet.</td>
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<td>nilī</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilivu, nilāvu</td>
<td>See also. 2. See also.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nilivu</td>
<td>S. Balance, arrears. 2. Standing, residence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nilivuni</td>
<td>V. n. To be steadfast.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nilkavuni</td>
<td>C. v. (of ) To cause to peep. 2. To cause to reach.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nilkavuni</td>
<td>See also.</td>
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<tr>
<td>nilkuni</td>
<td>V. n. To peep, look slily, get a glimpse of. 2. To reach.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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nilke, see nishka.
nilgadē, see nishka.
nilpu, s. A pause, stop, interruption. 2. stay, duration.
nilpuḍuni, c. v. (of nilpu) To put a stop, cause to stop, make stand.
nilpuni (ni), v. n. To stay. 2. to cease; to become quiet.
nillāvuni, see nishka.
nivartanē, s. Cessation. 2. remission, forgiveness.
nivāji, nivādi, see nishka.
nivāraṇē, s. A remedy. 2. averting. 3. deliverance. 4. prevention.
nivāsa, s. A habitation, dwelling. [tant.
nivāsi, s. A citizen, inhabitant.
nivāli, s. Taking away the effects of evil eyes.
nivālipuni, nivālisuni (nivāli, nivāliṇi), v. a. To take away the effects of evil eyes.
nivrūtτi, s. Cessation. 2. abandoning. 3. repose, rest.
nivēdana, s. An offering. 2. an address. 3. informing.
nīṣa, s. Inebriation, intoxication. -a an inebriate man.
nīṣācare, s. A fiend, goblin. 2. a night-walker.

niśani, niśanē, s. A mark, sign. 2. a flag, standard, banner.
iṣī, see nishka.
iṣīnū, adv. Together with, also.
iṣūdi, s. A bill of acquittance.
iṣē, s. Night, midnight.
iṣkarsha, see nishka.
iṣēya, s. Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion. 2. resolution, determination. 2. a present of betel, etc., at the settlement of a marriage. -a uncertain. 2. to resolve, settle, determine; to ascertain. -a to prove.
iṣala, s. Firmness stability. adj. Firm, steady, fixed.
iṣcintē, s. Ease, freedom from care or anxiety.
iṣcita, adj. Determined, settled.
iṣṭika, see nishka.
iṣabda, adj. Noiseless, still, quiet.
iṣhiddha, adj. Prohibited, forbidden.
iṣēda, s. Negation, prohibition. 2. the negative mood, gram.
iṣhakapāta, s. Sincerity. adj. Frank, sincere.
iṣkarunā, adj. Pitiless, cruel, harsh.
nishka, nishkarsha, nishkarshē, s. Determination, settlement. 2. certainty.
nishkalanık, nishkalanık, adj. Irreproachable, spotless, unblemished.
nishkara, nishkara, adj. Cruel, harsh, severe. s. Harshness, severity.
nishkalanku, nishkalanku, adj. Irreproachable, spotless, unblemished.
nishkula, adj. Fruitless, vain.
direct. ल- lengthwise and
crosswise, zigzag; confounding.

अतिविद्यात् नितान्तिति, adv. Strictly.

1. lengthwise.

अतिविद्यात् नितावुनी, c. v. (of सूष्मक)
To cause to stretch, lengthen, etc.; also अतिज्ञता।

अतिल्लिता, निताल्लिता, निंदुनि (सूष्मक, अतिज्ञता), v. a. To stretch out or
forth, hold out, lengthen। जो- to stretch out the hand.

अतिनिती, s. Morality; righteousness, justice, equity। अतिज्ञता injustice, iniquity। अतिज्ञा morals। अतिज्ञा, अतिज्ञा a just
man। अतिज्ञता justification। अतिज्ञा a just word, moral saying। अतिज्ञात् moral teaching। अतिज्ञा the way of
righteousness, upright conduct। अतिज्ञा moral philosophy, ethics। अतिज्ञा essence of morality; a treatise on ethics। अतिज्ञा immoral।

अतिज्ञात् नितिन्याग, see अतिज्ञा। [अतिज्ञा
अतिज्ञात् नितिन्याग, see अतिज्ञात् under
अतिनिरु, s. Water। अतिनिरु a
water jar। अतिनिरु a whale। अतिनिरु a water bubble। अतिनिरु furrows between a row
of plants, etc., for watering them। अतिनिरु a water snake। अतिनिरु a sea-gull, shag। अतिनिरु a water-fowl। अतिनिरु a kind
of cake। अतिनिरु a species of yam। अतिनिरु a falling stream
of water। अतिनिरु a watercarrier। अतिनिरु poison in
water, miasma। अतिनिरु an
otter। अतिनिरु perspiration; fatigue। अतिनिरु a drop of
water। अतिनिरु fixed hire for watering rice fields। अतिनिरु a mode of watering rice
fields। अतिनिरु-salt water। अतिनिरु fresh water। अतिनिरु tears। अतिनिरु to weep, shed
tears। अतिनिरु-sea water। अतिनिरु yellow water। अतिनिरु cold water। अतिनिरु-brackish water।
अतिनिरु- sweet water। अतिनिरु clear or filtered water। अतिनिरु rain water falling
down from a roof। अतिनिरु muddy water। अतिनिरु hot water। अतिनिरु- putrid
water। अतिनिरु sweat; urine। अतिनिरु to leak, ooze। अतिनिरु to melt, disolve। अतिनिरु to water a
rice field। अतिनिरु to turn the course of water on a land। अतिनिरु water to boil। अतिनिरु to water। अतिनिरु water to be very hot। अतिनिरु to squirt, spirt। अतिनिरु water to run down। अतिनिरु to sprinkle water। अतिनिरु water to become
clear। अतिनिरु to water। अतिनिरु lit. to lay water;
c. dat. to involve one in difficulties; to ruin। अतिनिरु water to flow। अतिनिरु water
to wring out. —**ān** to water to dry up. —**ānu** to irrigate or water, as a field. —**nirakālambe**, —**nirakalu** to draw water from a well or tank. —**niruśa** to pour water. [ringe.

**s**. A small sy-

**nirakolambe**, s. The damp or swampy ground.

**niragulle**, s. A bubble.

**nirajā**, s. A lotus.

**nirala**, **nirala**, **niradi**, s. A water plant, *Pistia stratiotes*; also **s**.

**nirasuḷi**, s. A whirlpool.

**nirale**, s. Butter-milk diluted with water.

**nirāta**, s. Bathing for sport. 2. *see* **nirāta**.

**niruppaḍu**, s. Green fruits pickled in salt-water.

**nirulli**, s. Onions.

**nirukṣa**, **nirukṣa**, **nirukṣa** see **nirukṣa**.

**nirukṣa**, **nirukṣu**, s. Waterproof cloth. 2. a small piece of cloth put on in mourning.

**nirukṣa**, **nirukṣa**, **nirukṣa** see *nirukṣa*.

**nirukṣa**, **nirukṣu**, s. Water-pouring. 2. a small piece of a watering machine.

**nirpalu**, see *nirpalu*.

**nirputta**, s. Dropsy. —**ānika** a man suffering from dropsy.

**nirmireṣa**, **nirmireṣa**, **nirmireṣa** see *nirmireṣa*.

**nirmirulambe**, s. A species of mite, tick, which infests cattle.

**nirputta**, s. Watery. —**ān** to mock at. —**ān** to become blue.

**nirile**, s. One of the monkey chiefs. 2. the planet Saturn.

—**ānika** a dark or black fowl.

**nuṅga**, see *nuṅga*.

**nuṅgavuni**, c. v. (of *nuṅga*) To get dried, cause to dry.

**nuṅgu**, s. A species of mite, tick, which infests cattle.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu**, s. Drying. adj. Dry, dried. —**ān** a dry cloth. —**ān** dry fish, salted fish.

—**ān** dry ground.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu** see *nuṅgu*.

**nuṅgu**, s. A yoke.

**nuṅga**, s. A yoke.

**nuṅga**, s. The joint-piece of a watering machine.
nugi, nure

nugipuni (నుగిపుని), v. a. To fill up, as a pit.
nuguquni (నుగుకుంటి), v. n. To be filled up.
To labour. 2. to become rich; cf. నుగుపుని
nugete, s. A dot over a letter, as in Persian. 2. softness.
To fill up.
nugiyuni (నుగియుని), v. a. To be filled up.
nuguduni (నుగుడుని), v. a. To labour. 2. to become rich; cf. నుగుపుని
nugute, 5. A dot over a letter, as in Persian. 2. softness.
To labour.
2. to become rich; cf. నుగుపుని
nugupuni (నుగుపుని), 7. to) To throng, press. 2. to accumulate. 3. to loosen. 4. to fill up; cf. నుగుపుని
nuguruni (నుగురుని), v. a. To loosen, slacken, make loose.
nuggiyuni (నుగగీయుని), v. a. To press. v. n. To be filled up.
nuggu, adj. Small, little; also నుగగు.
nuggelu, s. Smallness.
nuggru, see నుగగు.
nucci, nuceu, see నుచుచు.
nujji, nujmu, s. A contusion, bruise.
uusi, s. An oracle, as uttered by a demon-dancer. నుసుస - the counter-part of a deed or document. నుసుస conduct and speech.
uusipavuni, c. v. (of నుసిపావుని) To cause to speak, speak through another. 2. to play on a musical instrument.

nudipini (ఉడిపిని), v. a. To speak, talk.
uduquni (ఉడుకుంటి), v. n. To pronounce, utter.
nuppulu, s. Boiled rice.
nuppu, (నుప్పు), v. a. To twist.
nubbu, adj. Mouldy, musty. ఉడిపిని ఉడిపిని musty split dhill.
nurige, s. The drum-stick tree, Hyperanthrella moringa.
nuriletu, s. Bruising. 2. chips.
nuripavuni, c. v. (of నురిపావుని) To cause to crush. 2. to press into a hole.
nuripuni (నురిపుని), v. a. To break, powder, granulate, pulverize.
nuriyuni (నురియుని), v. n. To break, go to pieces. 2. to decay; also నురియునిలేక నురియుని a broken heart.
nurumtu, see నురిముతు.
nuruntuni, see నురిముతు.
nurumpu, s. A hole; cf. నురిముతు. -ముచుచు to make a hole.
nurumbu, s. Alluvium; wood-dust; iron-rust. [s.]
nurumbuni, see నురిముబు.
nurunuru, s. A cracking noise; cf. నురునరు.
nure, s. Foam, froth, scum. -ఉరుచు a small kind of fish,
nurekāyi, s. The soap-nut, *Sapindus marginatus.* nureka, adv. Suddenly.
nurkallu, s. A kind of pebbles found in rice.
nurka, adv. Suddenly.
Sapindus cinarginatus.
nurkuni, v. To press on. 2. to elbow, push, make way.
inurguni (нный), v. n. To pass over. 2. to sprain. 3. to decay; also नुसरतः सस्तोः. nurge, see नूतनेगे.
nurkeni, nurteangi, s. A malicious or spiteful man.
Bryonia scabrella.
nurtely, see नूरकल्याटः.
nurpuruni, nurpuḍun, see नृपुङ्क.
nurkeni (नूरकृ), v. a. To wind up, fold, shrink.
nuri, s. A bit, fragment.
nuliyuni (नूलीयुः), v. n. To be broken, shattered.
nusuli, see नूसुळः.
nëgu, see नूङुः.
nükāṭa, s. Fighting.
nukuni (नूकूः), v. a. To thrust, push. 2. to reject.
nuktavuni (नूक्त्वूः), v. a. To show.
nutra, adj. Fresh, new, recent. s. Newness, freshness.
nūtra, adj. All. 2. a hundred.
negundo. —clndo—, 介质—Clerodendrum inerme. —-media— its leaves, used by Koragar women for clothing, and by some other castes for certain ceremonies.

nekki nekkilupadpe, s. A variety of Aamarantus.

negada, adv. Near.

negadi, negadì, negadè, s. Cold in the head, catarrh. —negad to catch cold.

negattu, s. Overflowing, running over.

negapuni (neg), v. n. To overflow, run over. 2. to ooze. 3. to perspire.

negaru, s. Loitering, lingering, as a sick person. 2. a sea-animal, the vehicle of Varuna. 3. a whirlpool, eddy. —negaru to be caught in a current.

negarige, s. Lingering.

negaruni (neg), v. n. To linger, loiter. 2. to procrastinate.

negavu, see nega.

negalu, s. An alligator, crocodile. 2. see nega.

negi, see neg. 2. see nedan.

negipuni (neg), v. a. To leap, jump, spring up. 2. see nedan. —negipuni to sew tight.

negiyuni (neg), v. n. To rise, come up.
A.

Dysentery.

Nette, see नेट्टे; cf. नेटी.

Nettery, s. Blood. नेट्टे clogged blood. — नेट्टे, — नेट्टे a stream of blood. — नेट्टे consanguinity. — नेट्टे to bleed. — नेट्टे to shed blood. — नेट्टे blood to run out. — नेट्टे to menstruate. — नेट्टे to have bloody stools.

Nete, see नेटे.

Nenepu, see नेनेपू.

Nenavarike, see नेनावरिके.

Nenetoquni, nenepuni, nenepini, see नेनेपू.

Nenepu, s. Thought, intention. 2. remembrance, recollection, memory. नेनेपू I do not remember. — नेनेपू to remind, bring to recollection. — नेनेपू to remember, recollect.

Nenepuni (नेनेपू), v. n. To think, imagine, mind, reflect, intend. 2. to recollect, remember.

Nenevarige, s. Remembrance, recollection; recognition.

Nepa, see नेपा.

Neyama, see नेयामा. 2. see ने.

Neyi, s. Clarified butter, ghee; grease, fat.

Neyigare, s. A weaver.

Neyigè, s. Weaving. 2. texture.

Neyipini (नेयिपिनी), v. a. To weave, plait, braid.

Nayipanti, s. A smooth kind of grass, soft straw.

Neyimè, adj. Fine. — सो a fine cloth.

Neyilu, s. A peacock.

Neyiluni (नेयिलु), v. n, To fade, as a bunch of coconut. 2. see नेयिलू.

Neyisrè, s. A cloth used for cleaning an oilmill.

Neyuni (नेयुनी), v. a. To weave, as a spider.

Neyya, see नेरया. [leaf.

Neyyoli, s. A tender palm.

Nera, see नेरा.

Nerađè, s. Abuse, bad language; nickname. — नेरा abusive language.

Nerapu, see नेरापू.

Neravanigè, see नेरावनिगे.

Neravu, s. The privities of the male sex.

Neri, s. A fold or gather in clothes, wrinkle, crease; also नेरा an upright man. — नेरा to gather into folds. — नेरा to fold; to rumple.

Neriyuni, nerevuni (नेरियुणी, नेरेवुणी), v. n. To be full. 2. to assemble. 3. to be attached. 4. to be in coitu.
nere, see nere.

nerà, nere, merely, merely, see nere nerta, adj. Straight. 2. true. adv. Straightly. 2. truly.

nerà nertama, s. Straight ploughing.

nerà nertruni, see nere.

nerà, nera, nera, nera, nera, nera, nera, nera, see nera.

nerà nerpàvuni, c. v. (of nera) To cause to abuse.

nerà nerpini (nà), v. a. To abuse, revile. 2. to give nicknames. [reviler.

nerà nerpole, s. An abuser, nera, see nera.

nerà nerneluni, see nerpàvuni.

nerà nervà, see nera.

nerà neluññtuni, see nerpàvuni.

nà nela, s. Earth, soil, floor, ground. 2. bottom. -nà the foundation of a building. -nà, see nàntu. -nà an earthquake; cf. nàntu. -nà a ground floor, cellar, -nà bottomless. -nà to curse, imprecate. -nà to bury.

nerà nelakànài, s. The plant Naregamia alata.

nerà nelakaßàlè, s. The ground-nut, Arachis hypogea.

nerà nelakara, s. Fertility of land.

nerà nelakalà, s. A mark on the ground. 2. see nànà.
nelli

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neri

nelli nellirtyye, s. A demon so called.

nevana, s. Pretence, pretext, trick. — to make excuses; to pretend.

nevala, nevala, see nelli.

nevadya, see nevala.

nesury, adj. Morning. — the morning sun.

nesaru, nesalu, s. Seasoning. — to season.

nesalu, s. The forehead; cf. nenu. — fate, fortune.

nesale, s. A silly fellow. 2. a large, broad, frying pan; also .

nesipuni (nenu), v. a. To press down, make tight.

nendrabare, s. The Malabar plantain.

nega, s. Beauty, nicety. adj. Beautiful, nice, fair.

nemila, s. Small caltrops, Tribulus lanuginosus. — its thorn.

neji, s. A nursling, young plant of rice, etc. — to a nursery. — to transplant. — to sow in a nursery.

neti, see neni.

nena, nenu, s. A cord, rope; a bow-string.

netata, s. Hanging; swinging. 2. entanglement.

netaunu (nemisuni), v. n. To be pendent, to hang, swing; to depend. 2. to be involved in difficulties.

netra, s. An eye. — ophthalmia.

netramukkuli, s. A demon so called.

netravati, s. A river so called.

nedya, see neli.

nenu, see neli.

nepalabru, s. The root of swallow-wort, Asclepias asthmatica.

nepini, see nemaka.

nema, s. The annual festival of a demon. 2. see .

a priest seized with a demon.

nemaka, s. Regulation, rule, law; determination, choice. 3. appointment, nomination to a post. — to appoint, fix.

nemisuni (nemisuni), v. a. To determine. 2. to appoint.

neya, see neni.

nysi, see nesi.

nigere, see nesi.

nemuni, see nesi.

neyi, see nesi.

nerysre, see nesi.

neri, see neni.

nerinkepugere, s. A variety of country tobacco.
nērē, s. Straightness. 2. justice, truth. 3. agreement. adj. Straight; just, true; even, like; thin, delicate.

nērengi, The name of a village. — see.

nērōlu, nērōlu, s. The newel fruit, Syzygium jambolanum. — the rose apple, *Jambosa vulgaris*.

nērdē, adv. Early in the morning.


nēla, nēla, nēlaṅgyu, s. A hanging rope. 2. a square piece of white cloth tied over a cradle, to divert or amuse the baby in it. — to hang a rope for drying clothes upon it; fig. to make frequent visits.

nēlāṅgi, see under nēla.

nēlavuni, c. v. (of nēla) To hang, suspend.

nēli, see nēla.

nēlikē, s. Hanging, swinging.

nēlunī (nēli), v. n. To hang, be suspended; to swing, vibrate. 2. to hang on, stick.

nēlē, see nēla.

nēlya, adj. Great, large, extensive. — a long coat. — uncle, father's elder brother, husband of mother's elder sister. — aunt, wife of father's elder brother, mother's elder sister.

nevaripuni (nēva), v. a. To fondle, caress.

nēvala, s. A silver or gold girdle worn round the loins.

nēvuri, s. A kind of cake.

nēsa, s. Asthma.

nēlē, see nēla.

nēi, see nēla.

nēikūli, s. The tree *Wrightia tinctoria*. 2. see nēi.

nēidilē, s. The water-lily.

nēipunya, s. Cleverness, skill.

nēiya, adj. Soft. — the evening sun.

nēivēdyā, s. Food presented to an idol, an oblation to a deity.

neisaraṅguyū, see nēisaruṅgu.

nōnna, nōnna, nōnna, adj. Soft, nice.

nōkkunu (nōkk), v. a. To stroll about.

nokkē, s. Sweepings, rubbish. 2. the name of a woman. — all rubbish.

nokkele, s. A trifling or destitute man.

noga, see nōkk.

nočca, see nōkk. 2. see nēlē.
Rice cooked with ghee, coconuts, etc. 2. see dējā. -adj a leaf used for various ceremonies.

Minute. 2. light. 3. beneath notice, paltry.

Rice, rice, rice, adj. Minute. 2. light. 3. beneath notice, paltry.

A bill of exchange; a promissory note; a currency note.

A leaf used for various ceremonies.

A festival, especially the one observed on the 14th day of the 6th lunar month in honor of Ananta.

A beater, striker.

A bill of exchange; a promissory note; a currency note.

A festival, especially the one observed on the 14th day of the 6th lunar month in honor of Ananta.
nountu, s. Pinching.
nountuni (nountu), v. a.
To pinch.
nountu, s. Squeezing, pinching, crushing. 2. chewing. — to masticate, ruminate. — to loosen slowly.
nountuni (nountu), v. a.
To chew.
noumpu, see nountu.
noumpuni (noumu), v. a. To chew. 2. to entangle.
nouka, s. A ship.
noukare, noukare, s. A servant. 2. a lascar.
nouji, s. A spear, lance.
nou see nountu.
noutangu, s. A weight equal to about three Rupees or one-eighth of a seer.
noulu, see noutu.
noudi, s. Kubera’s nine gems; also noutu. — the imaginary gem on the head of a serpent.
noumi, see noumi.
nouluni (noumu), v. n. To itch, be irritated. 2. to be distressed. v. a. To covet, desire eagerly.
noLu, s. Longing, hope; cf. noutu.
nyandë, s. One-sixth of a seer.
nyadyu, s. Pain, aching.
nyaya, s. Justice, equity, propriety, fitness. 2. law. 3. logic. 4. morality. 5. quarrel. adj. Right, just, proper, reasonable. — a logician; a lawyer; a quarrelsome man. — a judgment, decision, verdict. — logic; a work on law. — a court of justice, judgment seat. — to quarrel, fight, dispute.
nyayadhipati, s. A judge, tribunal.
nyavala, see nyasa.
nyasa, s. Abandonment. 2. a deposit, pledge. 3. mental appropriation, accompanied with certain prayers and gesticulations.
nyuna, adj. Blamable. 2. less, deficient, defective.
yunatë, s. Defect, deficiency; omission.
pa, The thirty-fourth letter of the alphabet.

pañku, s. The hair about the privities.

pañka, s. A fan, pankah.
2. mud, mire. 3. evil, sin.

pañkañja, s. The lotus.

pañkash, s. Sprinkling.

pañkila, adj. Muddy.

pañkti, see pātī.

pañkha, see pātī.

pañga, see pāng.

pañgada, adj. Distinct, apart. s. A division, part, portion. 2. a group.

pañgadipuni (pāng), v. a. To straddle; to place apart.

pañgadana, see pāngadā. pañgada, s. A cripple.

pañgula, s. A horse of a silvery white colour. 2. a cripple.

pañguli, adj. Soft, slippery. 2. see pāng. -pān a soft word.

pañca, s. A rice field. 2. a breed, sort, kind. pañcā - a small kind.

pañca, adj. Five, consisting of five. -pañca five, made of five; a pack of five, as of paper.

pañcakajjaya, s. An aggregate of five articles: dholl, gingely seed, jaggory, coconut and cardamoms, as an offering to Gaṇeṣa.

pañcakurvé, s. A wicker basket or box.

pañcagajjeyi, see pāñcagājī. pañcagavya, s. Five articles derived from the cow: vīz., milk, curds, ghee, urine, and dung, mixed together and drunk as a means of purification.

pañcatantra, s. A popular book of fables in five chapters, containing stories illustrative of five qualities necessary to kings and great men.

pañcatatva, see pāñcata. pañcagn, s. A variegated colour.

pañcanekkarē, pañcanekri, s. A nettle creeper.

pañcakapikāre, s. A pauper, vagabond.

pañcapatre, s. The wormwood plant.

pañcapāndaveru, s. The five Pāṇdu princes.

pañcapātaka, see pāñcārṇava.
pançapatrē, s. A small metal tumbler, cup.
pançapāpi, see under pançapātṛ.
pançaprāṇa, s. The five vital airs in the body.
pançabali, s. An offering to the five elements.
pançabhūta, s. The five elements: earth, air, fire, water, and ether.
pançama, adj. Fifth.
pançamahāpataka, s. The five most heinous sins: murdering a Brahman, stealing gold, drinking spirits, seducing the wife of one's spiritual preceptor, and associating with a person who has committed such sins.
pançālōha, s. The five chief metals: gold, silver, copper, iron, and lead; or copper, brass, tin, lead, and iron. 2. a metallic composition, bell-metal.
pançavarga, s. The five classes of letters in the alphabet from ष to ञ.
pançavanā, s. Five colours: white, black, red, yellow, and green.
pançalibācērē, see paricāla.
pançavādyā, s. Five principal musical instruments: the lute, cymbals, drum, trumpet, and a kind of hautboy.
pancāṅga, s. An almanac. 2. the foundation of a building.
pancāṭigē, see pancāṭigē.
pancāṭma, s. The conscience.
pancāpāḍu, s. Dispersion, scattering. 2. waste, ruin.
pancāmruta, s. The aggregate of five articles, used in bathing an idol: milk, curds, butter, honey, and water.
pancāyiti, see paricāya.
pancāyitē, s. Arbitration. 2. an assembly composed of five or more persons to settle a matter by arbitration.
arbitrators. — to settle by arbitration.

pañáli, see pán càlī.

pañácálībaçērē, see pán càlī.

pañáleru, see pán càlī.

pañášati, s. Pentecost.

pañáli, s. A braggart, talkative man.

pañáleru, s. The five classes of artificers: goldsmiths, blacksmiths, carpenters, braziers, and masons. 2. the name of a warrior tribe.

pañändriya, s. The five organs of sense: the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin.

pañáryū, s. One-eighth of a maund, 3 1/2 pounds.

pañéciveru, see under pán cúla.

pañoli, s. A very pungent kind of betel leaf.

pañá, s. The hand with fingers extended. 2. a representation of the same carried in procession at the Moharam, supposed to represent the hand of Ali. 3. the tuft of a bird.

pañá, s. Scarcity. 2. famine.

pañára, s. A cage. 2. a skeleton.

pañára, s. A fritter. 2. a kind of amulet.

pañáji, s. A pig, hog. 2. a torch. — 5 a male bamboo, Bambusa stricta. — see pánquiry, see pán jë.

pañárma, see pán cúla.

pañá — a porcupine. — a porpoise. — a hand-lamp. — the country pig.

pañáju, s. A torch.

pañárul, s. The name of a demon.

pañá, s. A kind of towel

pañá, see pán cúla.

pañárul, see under pán cúla.

pañá, s. Discernment, learning, wisdom, understanding. 2. articles or things in general.

pañárul, s. A learned man. 2. a teacher. 3. a doctor, physician.

pañáli, s. A musk-rat.

pañónuni, see pán cúla.

pañavu (abbr. of pán cúla), see under pán cúla. 2. see pán cúla.

pañá, s. A bunch of plantains.

pañolī, s. A basket or wooden trough for drawing water.

pañāya, s. A comb.

pañá, s. A trap.

pañá, s. A purpose, vow,
resolution. 2. a bet or wager.  geniş— a manly resolution. — to be resolute. — to bet. — to lose a wager.  geniş resolutely, positively, purposely.

pani, s. Grass. 2. a dauble nail.

pantirengi, see नीं. pantura, see नई.

पंते, s. A line, row, range. — to sit in a line. — the succeeding line of guests at a meal.

pantōji, s. A school-master, teacher.

pantyē, s. A small lamp. — mud lamps used at an illumination (कार्य).

pantha, see नो.

पंदडे, s. Fructification, productiveness of a tree. adj. Dense.

पंडवु, v. (of ना) To rock, swing, move, wave, shake, oscillate.

pandi, adj. Reserved, cautious. — a reserved man.

pandili, s. A kind of mouse; also खट; cf. नोह.

panduni (नाद), v. n. To shake, be loose, wave, move, be agitated, oscillate, vibrate.

pandrāli, s. A very talkative man.

pndhurājīrāga, s. The name of a tune.

panna, see नो.

पंनाब, पंनाबुरा, pannambara, pannambura, s. Ambergris. 2. affectation, ado. 3. mystery, mystification. — to make a mystery of anything.

pannaga, s. A serpent.

पाण्डी, s. Bragging, boasting. 2. egotism, self-conceit. 3. see नो. — profession and practice, exhortation and example; advice, admonition. — he cares neither for exhortation nor for example. — a braggart, an idler. — — — to boast, brag.

पाण्डीरु, s. Rose water. — to sprinkle rose water.

पाण्डीरा, adj. Rose-scented. — rose-scented sandal wood.

pannē, see नो.

पाण्ड, s. The cheek. 2. tonsure at the forehead in the form of a comb. 3. see नो. adj. Small. 2. worn-out. — अंडा a worn-out spade. — अंडा a parasol. — the cheeks to fall in. — to become proud.

pambade, s. A devil-dancer belonging to a low class of Šudrās.

pambu, see नो.
pamma, s. Fraud, trick.
parukuni (parūkuni), v. a. To pluck out, scratch with nails.
paradwē parṅgoṭṭe, s. A cashew-nut.
parucuni (parūcuni), v. a. To trouble.
parāṇēle, s. A trouble.
parṇḍu, s. Ripeness. 2. a ripe fruit. 3. ripe plantains. adj. Ripe. 2. gray.
parṇḍāvuni, c. v. (of parṇḍu) To ripen. 2. to persuade.
parṇḍuni (parṇḍu), v. n. To be ripe, mature. 2. the hair to turn gray.
parmbuni, see pakā.
pakuddi, s. A long, narrow turban.
pakada, s. Seizure; fetch-
pakatū, adv. Only, merely, simply. 2. entirely, wholly. -a dare a daring lie.
pakapaka, adv. Quickly; much, excessively. -a a consummate falsehood. -a a downright rogue. -a a clever stroke of business; excellent workmanship. -a a clever man. -a a proper word; an apt reply. -a a valiant soldier.
pakkasū, s. A foreigner.
pakkā, adj. Ripe, mature. 2. fit, proper. 3. substantial, solid. 4. exceeding, perfect, complete. -a a consummate falsehood. -a a downright rogue. -a a clever stroke of business; excellent workmanship. -a a clever man. -a a proper word; an apt reply. -a a valiant soldier.
pakkali, see pakā.
pakki, s. A bird. pakal a kind of partridge. -phal, -phal kinds of fish. -a a fortune-teller. -a a lintel, headpiece of a door frame. -a croup, bronchitis, peculiar to children. -a a hawk.
pakkë, s. A rogue, rascal, cunning fellow. 2. a clever man.

pakke, s. The side; cf. रुक्के. 2. a banner. -सः a rib.

pakta, see डका.

pakva, adj. Mature, ripe; fit, suitable, proper; cooked. तो to ripen.

pagudi, see पड़ू.

pagumalyu, see पड़मलय.

paguru, s. Cleverness, skill. 2. trickery, cunning. 3. see लगु.

pagade, s. An ace, one in games, dice. तो to play at dice.

pagate, s. Exchange, return; revenge. -सः in exchange, instead of. -सः like for like. [custom.

pagadi, s. Tribute, tax, pagapuni (कु), v. a. To change, exchange, substitute.

pagarû, s. Time, turn. 2. making signs with the hand. 3. hire, rent, wages.

pagara, s. Exchange. 2. trickery.

pagaratà, s. Changing, exchanging:

pagari, s. An arrow, dart.

pagaruni (कु), v. n. To be infected. 2. to shift, change place. तसः to take the infection.

pagarcê, see पगरसे.

pagalu, see पागलु.

pagala, pagala, see पागला.

pagale, see पागले.

pagi, s. A rent, splint, split.

pagidi, see पागली.

pagipuni (कु), v. a. To rend, split.

pagipelu, see पागिपलु.

pagiyuni (कु), v. n. To split, rend; to crumble, fall in pieces; to give way.

pagê, s. Hatred, enmity, malice, hostility. -जः a foe, adversary. -जः antipathy, spite. -सः to entertain hatred. -जः to hate. -सः, -सः to seek revenge.

pagelyu, s. The day-time. लः a blue light.

pagelë, s. A kind of harmless snake.

paggu, s. The first Tulu month; the sign Aries in the zodiac.

pagtelu, s. A rent, slit.

pacakka, s. Plash, splash. तसः to fall with a splashing noise.

pacana, s. Cooking. 2. digestion. तसः to be digested. तसः to dress food; to digest.

pacapaca, s. Licking. 2. a clacking noise. adj. Little,
scanty. — scanty water. to lick, eat with a clacking noise.

pačḍa, s. Punishment, castigation. 2. a fine, penalty. to fine; to reverence.

pačḍe, s. A kind of oyster.

pačḍi, s. Plight, predicament; trouble, distress.

pačḍu, s. A kind of game with dice or cowries.

pačḍe, s. Greenness, freshness. adj. Green; fresh; cf. 

pačḍekoralu, s. A kind of fragrant flower.

pačḍeŋi, s. A kind of nettle, Tragia involucrata.

pačḍya, see ज्व. [mat.

paṇḍu, s. A bag made of

paṇḍu, see ज्व.

paṇḍ, adj. Wet, damp. 2. full of sap. 3. green, fresh. green grass, tender shoot, sprout. quite raw, green. a tree or timber in a fresh state. a green whip-snake. a green leaf.

paṇḍ to revive, as a faded plant. to grow green, become stout.

paṇḍu, s. Grass.

paṇḍu, (abbrev. of ज्व) A green or fresh leaf.

paṇḍitu, see ज्व.

paṇḍe, s. A mat. a mat plaited with double leaves. a mat plaited with single leaves. a very small mat. a worn-out mat. a fine mat. to be confined to bed from sickness; to be very sick.

paṇḍemadipele, s. A large kind of bee.

paṇḍi, see ज्व.
pajje, see  

patu, adj. Sharp, skilful, clever, strong. — to a dodge.

patá, see  

patánga, see  

patakkā, see  

pátané, pátané, s. Reading, perusal, recitation. 

patapatané, s. A flapping or rattling sound.

pañāla, see  

patalámū, s. A regiment, army, battalion. — a soldier, sepoy.

patalkōdu, see  

patavasuttu, s. A kind of drum.

pátāki, s. A squib, cracker. — to let off a cracker, to crack up; to tell fibs.

patākila, see  

patātē, see  

patāni, s. A class of Mohammedans. 2. see  

patanudaye, s. A fisherman.

patāla, adv. Smartly, sharply. — to strike sharply.

patālam, see  

patāli, see  

patāvu, see  

patāli, s. A buffalo with wide-spread horns. 2. a palanquin bearer.

pati, s. A rafter. — a palmyra rafter.

patiinga, adj. Roguish, knavish. — roguery, knavery; prodigality.

patinge, s. A rogue, rascal, knave, scoundrel. 2. a prodigal.

patikāra, s. Alum.

patikē, patigē, s. Urine.

patilukāyi, see  

patelu, patelo, s. The headman of a village.

pattu, s. A nest. 2. abundance. — lit. to thrust hand into a nest; to divulge a secret. — abounding in thorns. — to build a nest. — a nest to be pulled down; to be dispersed; a secret to be divulged.

patta, s. A metal plate with astrological inscriptions, fastened on the forehead of a Brahman, to avert the consequences of having been born under an unlucky star. 2. crowning, anointing, installation, ordination. 3. a throne, office, rank. 4. a title or appointment of office. 5. a deed of lease or gift, a grant. — a royal seal. anointing a king, or priest, coronation, ordination. — see  —
to reign, rule. - to crown; to ordain.

\textit{patta}, adv. Suddenly. 2. see \textit{patte}. - a vow suddenly made when in trouble. - to break suddenly.

\textit{pattana}, \textit{pattaunga}, \textit{pattaanga}, Bragging, boasting. - to talk idly and falsely.


\textit{pattadēvi}, s. A queen.

\textit{pattanē}, see \textit{patta}. \textit{pattabandha}, s. Coronation.

\textit{patta}, \textit{patta}. A list, catalogue, voucher. 2. a note, short letter. 3. the fastenings of a box, etc.; cf. \textit{patte}. 4. a strip of cloth, collar of a coat. 5. a lathe. 6. a kind of tonsure. 7. a bundle of betel leaves; also \textit{patta}. - to apply a bandage or ligature. - to shave the head in stripes. - to write a list, note, etc.

\textit{pattanē}, \textit{pattanē}, \textit{pattinga}, \textit{pattinge}, \textit{pattinge}, \textit{pattinga}, a kind of glass bangles. - to appoint. - to go to ruin.

\textit{patte}, s. A strip, stripe. 2. silk. 3. a document specifying a grant of land, etc.; cf. \textit{patte}. 4. a slip or strip of a palm tree. 5. a piece of cloth; a tape. - a silk border. - a kind of glass bangles. - \textit{patte} to appoint. - to go to ruin.

\textit{pattā}, s. A kind of earring.
To share, divide, etc.

A boy's kite. Much.

A flat roof.

To fall or lie at length.

A boat.

Not sufficiently sloping. 2. placing or laying.

A picture, drawing.

A boy's kite.

A kind of grass.

Superficial, shallow, not profound.

A whore; a whoremonger.

A kind of grass.

A daily allowance of food, extra pay to servants when travelling. 2. alms in kind. 3. a small weight.

A thrashing frame; also a door or shutter made of slips of bamboos tied together. rice for charity.

A building over a gateway, a porter's lodge.

To be reduced.

To pay allowance to labourers, etc.; to distribute alms.

To thrash.

Wickedness, corruption, depravity; also adj. Bad, corrupt.

Bad, wicked, corrupt.

The name of a demon.
padicā, padici, see padi.

padicēre, padīcēre, padīcārake, s. A peon, attendant.

padita, s. A stripe, streak. 2. a wale, mark of a whip, etc., as on a bullock.

padipunī (padīpunī), v. a. To learn. 2. to plunge. 3. to swell. 4. see padicē. padi— to learn a lesson, exercise.

padibatlu, s. Straits, difficulty, trouble.

padilu, s. Waste land. adj. Waste, barren, unfruitful, fallow. 2. fallen in ruins.

padu, adj. Pure. 2. see padņū. — padū pure palm wine. padumbu, see padņū.

padupu, see padu.

padē, s. A multitude, mob, rabble. 2. an army. — padē the general of an army.

— padē a stray dog, abus. — padē to raise an army. — padē an army to halt.

padēngi, adj. Old. — padēngi a very old she-buffalo.

padetalē, s. The helix or border of the ear.

padenāli, s. Leanness. — padēnāli to become lean, or weary.

padepavuni, c. v. (of padē) To cause, occasion. 2. to inflict. — padē to inflict pain, cause sorrow. — padē to make glad.

padepini (padēni), v. a. To get, attain, acquire, obtain. 2. to possess, have. 3. to beget, bear, bring forth.

padeyuni, padeyuni, padeyuni (padēni), v. n. To suffer, feel, experience, enjoy. — padēni to suffer grief. — padēni to enjoy pleasure.

padkanatāye, see padē.

padēa, s. Settlement, arrangement. 2. determination, disposing. 3. clearance, consumption. — padē to be settled or disposed of. — padē to settle; to dispose.

padāne, adj. Sloping, flat.

padāyi, padāyi, padāyi, s. The west.

padya, padaya, s. A spittoon, especially an earthen one.

padta, see padē.

padpu, s. A plain. 2. waste ground.

padpē, see padē.

padposi, padpoli, see padposi.

padyle, s. An honorific title among the Jains.

pana, s. Senselessness.

panakē, s. Pairing together with a rope, as cattle.

panaja, s. A kind of grass.
pana, adj. The weight of a gold fanam.

panavu, s. A quarter rupee. 2. money in general. 3. wealth, riches in specie.

pati, s. A husband, master, owner. 2. a match, equal. — to teach, advise, instigate; to back-bite. to talk to one's self; to address, represent, announce. to send word.

panyé, see pato.

patu, see pa.

pata, s. Maintenance, support, alimony. 2. see pa. — to maintain.

patańga, s. A bird; a winged moth.

patańgely, s. Harmony, fitness. 2. adherence. to fit.

patańjali, s. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Yoga philosophy.

pataña, adj. Falling, liable to fall.

patáki, s. A standard, a large chest, coffer.

pati, s. A husband, master, owner. 2. a match, equal. — faithfulness to a husband. — a virtuous wife. — husband and wife.

pati, s. Similarity, equality; cf. p. — equal to.

patita, adj. Fallen, overthrown, defeated. 3. wicked.

patite, s. A sinner. 2. an outcast, a heretic.

patini, see pa.
pate, s. A patch. 2. trace, discovery. 3. see तत्त्. to patch.

cancial, s. A pata, adv. Quite, fully, entirely wholly, effectually; at all. — to be quite dry. — to boil fully. — there is nothing at all.

quite, fully, entirely wholly, effectually; at all.

to be quite dry.

to boil fully.

there is nothing at all.

to be quite dry.

to boil fully.

there is nothing at all.

pattangala, see तत्त्.

pattamāryā, see तत्त्.

patty, num. Ten. s. A nail, peg, pin, particularly used for a plough.

nail, peg, pin, particularly used for a plough.

jai, Quite, fully, entirely wholly, effectually; at all.

to be quite dry.

to boil fully.

there is nothing at all.

pattangala, J. Tightness; cf. तत्त्.

pattanajē, pattanadya, pattanāji, s. The tenth day of the Tulu month Bēṣya. 2. a feast celebrated at Dharmasthala.

pattanē, adj. Tenth.

pattaya, pattāya, pattāyi, see तत्त्.

pattā, see तत्त्.

pattāvalē, pattali, s. Bribery; cf. तत्त्.

pattavuni, c. v. (of तत्त्) To cause to join, stick, attach, adhere, affix. 2. to cause to hold, seize, catch.

pattasū, s. A kind of sweetmeat. 2. see तत्त्.

patti, s. A trace.

pattigē, see तत्त्.

pattuni (तत्त्), v. a. To hold, catch. v. n. To adhere, stick, be joined, united. — to contract a habit. — to turn mad.

pattone, adj. Suitable, agreeing with. — to suit, agree with. — to observe diet.

pattē, see तत्त्.

pattoli, see तत्त्.

patni, s. A wife.

patya, s. Regimen, diet. 2. see तत्त्. adj. Suitable, agreeing with. — to suit, agree with. — to observe diet.

patyē, see तत्त्.

patra, s. The leaf of a tree or book. 2. a written bond. 3. see तत्त्. 4. a passport.

patye, s. To execute a bond.

patrai, s. Bragging, boasting.

patrāli, s. A plate formed of leaves stitched together.

patrei, see तत्त्.

patrikē, s. An epistle, letter. 2. a memorandum of some important event. — a testament, will.

patrē, s. A twig with the leaves on. 2. mace.

patrotī, patarotī, patroti, patrōdē, s. A kind of cake made of the leaves of yam or other pot-herbs.
patha, s. A path, road, way.
pathya, see patha.
padury, s. A fold, layer, stratum. 2. a plait.

padrata, padaradya, s. Flight, retreat. दृढ़ to run away, decamp.
paduradya, num. Twelve. दृढ त हर to be十二th.
paduruni, see paduradu.
pada, s. A foot, step. 2. a foot-mark. 3. a word; a connected sentence. 4. a verse, song. दृढ़ to sing a song.
pada, s. Abatement, subsidence; tranquillity. दृढ़ to abate, as storm or rain.
padanika, s. see padaraji. adj. see padaraju.
padanakara, adv. In a stooping posture. 2. see padaraji.
padanakara, adj. Dense, thick. adv. Densely, thickly, closely. दृढ़ to fall thickly.

padanuni, padanu, adj. Ambiguity, vagueness. adv. Ambiguous, vague. दृढ़ an ambiguous statement; speaking vaguely.
padanuni, s. A wealthy man.

padaniye, s. A wealthy padapadya, s. Singing; cf. padapadya.
padappu, s. The temples. 2. see padaraja.
padaru, s. Ambiguity, vagueness. adj. Ambiguous, vague. दृढ़ an ambiguous statement; speaking vaguely.
padara, see padaraju.
padaraju, see padaru.
padavi, s. Wealth, property, possession. 2. rank, degree, grade. 3. road, path. 4. fortune, luck.
padavu, s. A plateau, table-land.
padaste, s. A moderate man.
padanga, s. A syllable.
padatige, see padapadya.
padante, s. A foot-soldier.
Padarcané, s. Homage paid by falling at one's feet.

Padartí, s. A class of drummers, attached to the service of a temple.

Padarthá, s. A thing, article. 2. vegetable curry, sauce. 3. the meaning of a word or sentence.

Padi, s. A basket.


Padolí, padoli, s. The principal hall of a house. -padolí an out-house.

Padantigé, paddantigé, paddati, see padantigé; cf. padantigé.

Padduni (padá), v. n. To sneak, crouch, hide, lurk. 2. to be afraid, perplexed, depressed.

Paddéyi, s. Ornaments, jewels.

Padoli, see paddon.

Paddhati, s. Custom, practice, habit, rule.

Padpu, s. A particle, atom; a very small quantity. 2. a dot, clotted blood on the skin. -pad nothing at all.

Padpe, s. The common herb Amaranthus oleraceus. -pe a red kind of the same. -pad a white kind of the same.

Padma, s. A lotus, Nelumbium speciosum. 2. the Egyptian or Pythagorian bean. 3. coloured marks on the throat of a serpent or on the face and trunk of an elephant. -pad the filament of a lotus. -pad a name of Vishnu. -pad a ruby. -pad a weaver. pad pa the seed of a lotus.
padmini, s. One of the four classes of females.

padya, s. A verse, metre.

pana, panapana, see padi.

panambara, s. Amber-gris. 2. boasting, making a mountain of a mole-hill.

padya, s. A verse, metre.

panana, panapana, see padi.

panambara, s. Amber-gris. 2. boasting, making a mountain of a mole-hill.

pani, s. Drizzling rain. 2. see padi. adj. Little, small. 3. few; cf. padi. —padi a small kind of frog. —padi a small umbrella. —padi a temporary shed. —pado drizzling rain. —pado to drizzle. —pad to abate, as a drizzle.

panipuni (padi), v. n. To drizzle, shower.

paniyara, s. An offering to a god, etc., consisting of preparations of fruits and vegetables.

panu, panoru, panoru, see padi.

pane, panekutti, see padi.

panemade, s. A demon so called.

panoli, see padi.

pankori, s. A kind of fish.

panni, see padi.

pannè, see padi.

panpu, see padi.

panfu, pappada, pappala, s. Pappadam, a very thin kind of cake made of pulse, salt, etc.

pappu, s. A carcass, carrion.

pabba, see padi.

paya, s. An ear of rice, etc. 2. gum, resin. 3. see padi. —pano an ear of rice to shoot.

payakelu, payacelu, payacelu, s. The time of shooting of the ears of corn.

payana, see padi.

payataye, s. A thriving man.

payarandutaye, s. A demon so called.

payavuni, payavuni, payavuni (padi, padi), v. n. To shoot, as an ear of corn.

payasu, s. Water 2. milk.

payi, s. An ear of corn; cf. padi.

payicily, s. A bag made of palm-leaves.

payicily, see padi.

payijanu, payinanyu, payinnanyu, s. A kind of silver anklet.

payinali, payinlayi, payinali, see padi.

payitunshire, see padi.
payitota, s. A young garden or plantation.

payilu, see payil.

payilumaniqe, see payilumaniq.

payegeleyu, s. Subscription, contribution. 2. see para.

payebelu, see payebele.

payoli, see payoli.

payya, payye, see payyana.

payyeru, j. A horse. 2. riding, galloping.

paraku, s. A horse. 2. distant, remote.

para, adj. Distant, remote.

para, s. Regard, respect. —para¥ a careless man. —para¥ to have regard or respect. —para¥ to lose respect. —para¥ be careless, regardless. —para¥ to regard, give attention. —do para¥ have you no regard? do you not care?

para¥kuni, see para¥k.

para¥g, see para¥.

para¥gi, see para¥.

para¥guni (rath), v. n. To become stale, musty; to decay; also para¥kusupa.

para¥gelu, s. Staleness, decay. adj. Stale, decayed, decrepit. para¥ a decrepit man.

para¥uni, see para¥.

para¥neena, para¥neleyu, s. Prattling. 2. grumbling, murmuring.

para¥ele, s. A Prattler, babbler. 2. a grumbler.

para¥ji, see para¥.

para¥jyoti, s. The Supreme Being, Light of lights.

para¥tu, s. A bull frog.

para¥ta, s. Murmuring, grumbling. —para¥ to grumble, talk nonsense.

para¥ala, para¥aliga, s. A kind of creeper.

para¥uni (rath), v. a. To gripe, grasp, seize, lay hold of. 2. see para¥.

para¥, s. An old buffalo.

para¥tele, s. A Prattler, grumbler.

para¥nda, s. Murmuring, grumbling.

para¥duni, see para¥.

parandhama, s. Vishnu's paradise.
Succession; race, lineage, descent. 

adj. Successive, proceeding from one to another, hereditary.

parambuni, see Sambh.
parakuy, see Sambh.
parakat, see Sambh.
parakale, parakali, s. A long cloth.

parakaya, s. Another body. —transmigration.
paraki, see Sambh.
parak, s. A vow made in trouble; beseeching. 2. see Sambh. — to vow, make a vow. — to fulfil a vow. — to do a work carelessly. to a vow to be fulfilled.
parakei, s. Depositing with another, as the stake of a wager. — to deposit in this way.
paragant, see Sambh.
paragati, s. Future destiny.
parajana, s. Strangers.
parajata, adj. Adopted, fostered by a stranger.
parajati, s. A foreign tribe or caste.
paraji, see Sambh.
paradi, see Sambh.
paraduni (Sambh), v.n. & a.
To grope. 2. to spread.
paradele, s. One who gropes about. 2. a lazy man, etc.

parat, adj. Old, worn out. — to become old.
paratantra, adj. Dependent, obedient, subservient.
parataruni, paraturuni (Sambh, Sambh), v.n.
To spread, extend, diffuse. 2. to creep, as an ant, diffuse.
parati, see Sambh.
paradi, parad, s. A curtain, blind, screen. — to put up a blind.
paradvat, s. A foreign deity.
paradesa, s. A foreign country.
paradesi, s. A foreigner. 2. a vagrant, vagabond.
parades, s. A foreigner. 2. a vagrant, vagabond.
paradeis, s. Paradise.
paranari, s. Another's wife.
paranind, s. Abusing others.
paranir, s. lit. Old water. 2. flowing water. 3. a perennial fountain. 4. water stored the preceding day.
parapanca, see Sambh.
parapasha, s. Partiality. — to show partiality, be biased.
parapara, s. The noise of rending cloth.
parapu, s. A sand bed. adj. flowing, running.
parapuni (ಪಾರಪುಣಿ), v. n. To flow, as water. 2. to creep, crawl on hands and legs. 3. to spread, as a creeper.
parabāri, s. Assignment. adv. Separately. 2. indirectly. 3. to avoid, as a place in a journey, and go another way. 4. to transfer, deliver over to another.
parabu, s. An old woman.
parabe, s. An old man.
parabrahma, s. The Supreme Being.
parama, adj. Best, most excellent. 2. principal, chief, supreme. 3. a blessed condition, salvation. 4. an excellent disposition. 5. a supreme, religious guide. 6. a very wicked man. 7. superior understanding. 8. heavenly bliss.
paramāṇḍala, s. Heaven, the sky.
paramata, s. A strange religion. 2. another’s intention.
paramāṇa, paramāṇa, s. Rice or wheat boiled in milk with sugar, etc.
paramatme, s. The Supreme Being.
paramāṇanda, s. Great happiness, heavenly bliss.
paramāpte, s. A best friend, intimate friend.
paramārtha, s. Chief object or intention. 2. truth, fact.
paramārthi, s. A truth-full, honest man.
paramārthe, s. God.
paramāṣu, adj. Best, excellent.
paramāsī, s. Command, mandate, order; will, pleasure.
parame, s. A clever man. 2. a cunning, tricky fellow.
paramēśvare, s. The Supreme Lord. 2. a name of Śiva.
paramēśhti, s. The Creator. 2. a name of Brahma.
paraye, see paramāṇḍala.
parājya, s. A foreign territory.
paralū, see paramāṇḍala.
paraloka, s. The next world, heaven.
parava, s. Concern, care, regard, respect; cf. parakā.
paravānca, see paramāṇḍala.
paravaḍavē, s. Another’s property or thing.
paravaśa, s. Subservience, dependence. 2. ecstasy. 3. absence of mind.
paravāsa, s. Residence in a foreign land, exile.
paravi, see para.

parave, s. A man belonging to a low class of devil-dancers.

parvesha, s. Personation. 2. see parasvadhaka.

parasu, s. An hatchet, an axe. 2. the philosopher's stone; also the sixth incarnation of Vishnu, who is said to have peopled the coast of Malabar.

parase, s. Pilgrims going to or assembled at any sacred place or festival of an idol.

parasu, s. Benediction.

parasadhaka, s. Means of obtaining heaven.

parase, s. The perforations of a small machine for making a kind of vermicelli (parasvadhina). 2. see parasvadhaka.

parasevæ, s. Serving another.

parasthala, s. A strange place, foreign country.

parastrî, s. The wife of another.


parasva, s. Another's property.

parasvadhina, see parasvadhina. [tion.

parahimsæ, s. Persecution.

parahita, s. Kindness to strangers, benevolence.

paraloppa, adv. Wholly, totally, fully.

parâ, pref. implying Supremacy. 2. liberation. 3. invested order. 4. pride. 5. excess. 6. encounter. 7. overcoming. 8. going. 9. destroying.

parânmukha, s. An averted face.

parânna s. Living on others; food supplied by another.

parâmbarikæ, s. Care, protection. 2. enquiry, investigation.

parâmbaripuni (sujë), v. a. To take care of, watch over, nurse. 2. to investigate, consider.

parâky, see para.

parâkæ, intj. Attention! 2. calling attention while addressing a superior.

parârama, s. Power, valour. 2. exertion. —a powerful man, hero.

parâkhatu, see paranmukha.

parâjaya, s. Conquest, defeat.

parânjana, paranmukha, see paranmukha.

parâtpare, s. The Supreme Being, God.

parâdhina, s. Possession by another, alienation. adj.
Dependant on, subject to another. —सत्व to alienate, as property.

para, see para.

paraparavastu, see para.

parabhava, s. The fortieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. discomfiture. 3. destruction.

parabari, see para.

parartha, s. The property of another. 2. another meaning. adv. On account of another.

parasraya, s. Taking refuge with another.

pari, s. A path, way. 2. an opening, gap; a vacant space. चृत्यो a rabbit’s path. —संशय, तथा to repair, as a gap in a hedge. —संबंध to seek a way; to track the path. —संसार to go one’s way; to escape. —संशय to plant again where the previous plants have perished; to repair a hedge. —संशय to take care. —संशय, तथा a path to be out of repair.

 prefect. implying Ubi-
pari

pari

parināma, pariṇāma, pariṇāma, see ṭṛṣṇa.

parityāga, s. Separation, abandonment.

paridāvi, s. The forty-sixth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty.

parināma, see ṭṛṣṇa.

paripaksha, see ṭṛṣṇa.

paripari, adj. Diverse, various.

paripālanē, s. Protection, care, fostering.

paripuni (ṭa), v. a. To tear, rend.

paripūrṇa, adj. Complete, full.

paripūrti, s. Fulness, completion, satisfaction.

paribandha, s. Relationship. —a a kinsman.

paribhrama, s. Turning round, flurry.

parimala, s. Fragrance, perfume. —perfumery.

parimalu, s. A kind of fish.

pariva, s. Followers, retinue; army.

pariśuddha, adj. Sacred, holy, pure. —a, —a, —a a holy man. —sanctify.

pariśuddhātme, s. The Holy Spirit.

pariśe, see ṭṛṣṇa.

pariśodhanē, s. Examination, investigation. 2. temptation. —śa to investigate; to tempt.

pariśrama, s. Fatigue, difficulty, exhaustion. 2. practice, exercise.

parisāna, s. Death.

pariharipuni (ṭa), v. a. To forgive, absolve, pardon. 2. to clear, as a debt.
pare, s. A cataract or web on the eye. 2. see घरे.

राजाने pareṇgi, s. A Frank or Portuguese. 2. an European. adj. European; foreign. राजाने ananas, pine-apple. राजाने Spanish pepper, Capsicum annum. राजाने syphilis. राजाने are some of the different kinds of venereal diseases.

राजाने pareṇgele, s. A syphilitic man. 2. see घरे.

राजाने, राजाने pareṇcana, pareṇcata, s. Prattle. 2. twaddle.
राजाने parencuni (राजाने), v. n. To prate, prattle. 2. to find fault with, censure.

राजाने pareṇčeile, s. A prattler, tattler. 2. one given to fault-finding.

राजाने, राजाने pareṇji, pareji, s. A scaffold, temporary platform. राजाने to erect a scaffold.

राजाने parelu, s. A grain of sand, grit, gravel; a bit of glass, etc. 2. a grain of corn, etc. राजाने a pebble. राजाने small shot. राजाने a washerman-barber of low class.

राजाने pareluni, see घरे.

राजाने pareldennê, s. Castor oil.

राजाने parelu, see घरे.

राजाने, राजाने pareji, pareju, adj. Equal, corresponding with; cf. घरे.

राजाने parėtê, s. Crawling on hands and feet.

राजाने parėše, see घरे.
parodi, s. Dissimulation, hypocrisy. 2. skill, craft, scheme. — to simulate, pretend; to play tricks.

paropakara, s. Kindness to strangers, benevolence. a philanthropist.

parraye, s. A stranger, foreigner.

parkū, parkaṭṭu, parkaṭe, adj. Old, worn out, ragged.

parkaḍu, parkaḍe, adj. Grinding or gnashing of teeth. — to grind or gnash teeth.

parkadi, parkaddi, s. A tooth-pick.

parkatti, parkattu, parkate, parkatte, s. A scythe, sickle.

parkavuni, v. a. To draw in, call in. 2. to confiscate. 3. c. v. of tarde.

dardatti, see tarde.

pardesi, idē. A leaf. 2. a feather.

parnāma, s. Health, welfare. 2. prosperity. adj. Thriving, prosperous.

parbtha, s. Drinking.

parbthaka, s. The shrub Mullugo cerviana.

parpuni, c. v. (of or ) To cause to drink. 2. to have pulled out, cause to pluck or pull.

parpuni (z5), v. a. To drink, sip. 2. to take food, as a Pariah.

parpu, see parpu.
pluck, pull out, as roots, grass, etc.; cf. झरग।
पर्पे parpe, s. A drunkard.
पर्बा parba, s. A festival, feast, holiday.
पर्बवु नि parbavuni, c. v. (of झरग) To cause to spread, extend, diffuse.
पर्बु parbu, see झरग।
पर्बु नि parbuni (झरग), v. n. To spread, multiply, diffuse; to flow.
परम्ना parmana, see झरग।
परमरी parmarī, see झरग।
परमानु parmanu, s. A pole attached to a boat's sail.
परमसु, parmasu, see झरग।
पर्वानु पर्वेलु, parvelu, parveli, s. A feast or meal among Pariahs. 2. see झरग।
परसे parsē, see झरग।
पर्ले पर्लेपु parleppu, see झरग।
पला pala, see झरग।
पलाकेना palanēka, adv. Early. 2. see झरग।
पलांगु palaṅgu, see झरग।
पलांबरा palambara, s. Fulness. 2. see झरग।
पलांबरु नि palambaruni (झरग), v. n. To be full. 2. see झरग।
पलांबु पलांबु नि palambuni (झरग), v. a. To lament.
पलांतु पलांतु नि palatuni (झरग), v. n. To be altered, changed.
पलापु palaḍu, s. A boundary, limit.
पलायि palayi, s. A plank, board. —झरग the Indian cod.
पलायप् palaye, s. An elder brother.
पलावु palavu, see झरग।
पलाना palana, see झरग।
पलायाना palayana, s. Flight, retreat. —झरग to retreat, decamp.
पलायि palayi, see झरग।
palaye, see palà.

palàra, see palà.

palàśa, s. The tree *Butea frondosa*.

pali, s. An elder sister.

pali, see pálà. 2. see pálà.

palikà, s. A valley, declivity. 2. a pond, ditch.

palita, see palà.

palikuní, see milà.

pallu, s. A small enclosure of wicker work for keeping cooked food during an entertainment. 2. see pàlà.

palla, s. A canopy over a couch or bedstead.

pallànga, s. A canopy over a couch or bedstead.

pallaki, s. pàlà.

pallata, adj. Overwhelmed. 2. altered. 3. misplaced. — to be altered. — to alter.

pallana, s. Rags. 2. patchwork of a garment. — to wear patched garments.

pallayi, s. An earthen dish.

pallava, s. A sprout, shoot.

pallà, s. A port. 2. see pàlà.

pallàduñi (pàlà), v. n. To be unsteady.

palli, s. A house lizard. 2. a fork. 3. a rake. — to grasp one's hands in a children's game.

pallu, adj. Stupid, simple. 2. timid, spiritless, wanting boldness; cf. ràlu. 3. see pallù. — a mad or howling jackal. — a weak fellow; a stupid man.

pallè, s. The spleen. 2. the large bean of *Entada monastachya*; also — the knee-cap. — a bundle of the said beans. — the creeper of *Entada monastachia*. to play with *Entada* seeds.

palleńki, s. A palankeen.

pallekkiroga, s. Rickets.

pavanu, s. A gold coin equal to twenty shillings.

pavana, s. A sieve, strainer.
pava, paval, paval, see pavo.
pavitra, adj. Clean, pure, purified. s. Sacrificial (or kuśa) grass, Poa cynosuroides. 2. a ring of kuśa grass put on the fourth finger by a Brahman while performing a ceremony.
pavuncī, s. A bracelet of gold beads.
pavunjī, s. The Dasara festival.
pavunjīgāre, s. A fop, dandiprat; a vain or proud man.
pavujī, see pavo.
pavoli, see pavo.
pasapasa, see pasapasa.
pasu, s. An animal in general. 2. a beast. 3. horned cattle.
pase, see pavo.
pasē, s. Moisture, wetness, dampness. 2. greaseiness, oiliness. 3. essence, substance, strength. dampness. greaseiness of ghee. the strength of tobacco.
paserni (paserni, v. n. & a. To extend, diffuse, spread.
paskī, s. Collection, fee. to collect a fee.
paskatī, paskatī, paskatī, s. Turf, sod, sward, removed from the earth for covering a wall, etc., with it.
by making him to stand and sit alternately with both ears seized by his fingers cross-armed.

**pasku**, s. Sickliness. a sickly man, invalid.

**paskutta**, s. Sickliness.

**paskedi**, see **paska**.

**paspu**, adj. Clear. 2. wet; cf. **paspu**. 3. see **paspu**.

**passaru**, s. Clipping, cutting asunder. 2. killing, murdering.

**passuni**, see **passaru**.

**palanku**, s. Sickly man, invalid.

**palantige**, s. Declivity.

**paladya**, s. Sauce or pepper-water with or without vegetables.

**palapala**, s. The rippling noise of water. adv., see **palapala**.

**palanè**, see **palapala**.

**palì**, s. A long rice-field. 2. see **pali**.

**palikè**, see **pali**.

**palenkuni** (palenku), v.a. To upset, overturn.

**palkuni**, see **pale**.

**palla**, s. A shallow stream, pond, ditch. 2. a hollow, low spot. 3. a hole, pit. to roll in a pond; to fill up a hollow.

**palli**, s. A mosque. 2. see **pali**.

**palu**, see **palku**.

**pallè**, see **palku**.

**pallen**, s. Light, shine. 2. see **pallen**. to become light; to shine.

**paksha**, s. The dark or bright half of the lunar month. 2. a side, flank. 3. a party. 4. partiality. 5. an argument; a position advanced or to be maintained. a partisan, adherent. partiality. a partial person. a partial paralytic. the dark lunar fortnight. the bright lunar fortnight. to take a side.

**paksavatà**, **paksavaìyû**, s. Paralysis.

**pakshántara**, s. Another side or part. 2. the opinion of a party.

**pakshi**, see **paksavatà**.

**pakshívàlû**, see **paksavata** under **paksavatà**.

**pànkû**, s. A kind of musical instrument.

**pànka**, see **paksavatà**.

**pàngala**, s. A portion, share. to divide; to mark.

**pàngitana**, **pàngidana**, **pàngidàna**, s. Scorn, mockery, jeering, despising.
pangi, v. To despise, jeer, mock.
pangyavuni, pangyuni (n. v.), v. n. To be despised, jeered, mocked.
pangila, adj. Precious.
pangila, adj. Precious.
pangyuni, pangyuni (s. oK), #.

To be despised, jeered, mocked.

pantela, s. Stiffness; stuntedness.
pandana, see sroca.
pandara, s. Pale or yellowish white.
pandava bajjei, s. A large kind of areca nut.
pandavu, pandave, s. A pigeon, dove.
pandaverey, s. The five Pandu princes.
pandi, s. A country in the south of India, comprehending part of the modern Tamil provinces.

panka, adj. Some, several,
a few. —also a few persons.
—some time.
**Pāka**, s. Maturity, the state of being boiled or ripened.
—to be fully ripe; to be properly prepared, as food, etc. —to cook, boil.

<table>
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<th><strong>See</strong></th>
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<td><strong>Pātu</strong></td>
<td>see</td>
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<td><strong>Pāta</strong></td>
<td>see</td>
<td><strong>Padi</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pātala</strong></td>
<td>s. Pale red, rose colour. 2. the trumpet flower plant; also <strong>Vata</strong>. —the trumpet flower.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pātālī</strong></td>
<td>s. The manager or warden of a temple.</td>
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<td><strong>Pāti</strong></td>
<td>s. A gang of workmen, particularly working on roads. 2. road-work; also <strong>Vati</strong>. 3. a party, set of people.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pātha</strong></td>
<td>s. A lesson, task. 2. reading. —a school.</td>
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<tr>
<td>—to commit to memory.</td>
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<tr>
<td>—to deliver a lesson.</td>
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<tr>
<td>—to learn or commit to memory, as a lesson; to practise, do frequently; to contract a habit.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pādha</strong></td>
<td>s. Likeness, similarity, mode, form, order.</td>
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<td><strong>Pāda</strong></td>
<td>s. An oil vessel. 2. a liquid measure equal to about one maund.</td>
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<td><strong>Pādaga</strong></td>
<td>s. An anklet.</td>
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<td><strong>Pādalū</strong></td>
<td>see</td>
<td><strong>Vadi</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pādāri</strong></td>
<td>adj. Destitute, poor. 2. extravagant, reckless, ruinous.</td>
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<td><strong>Pādāvalli</strong></td>
<td>see</td>
<td><strong>Vadi</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pādāvuni</strong></td>
<td>c. v. (of <strong>Vadi</strong>) To cause to throw, place, put.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Pādi**, s. An under-wood, small forest; also **Vadi**.
padunyā, v. a. To throw, cast, fling; to discharge, as a missile weapon or fire-arm. 2. to place, put. 3. to put on, dress. 4. to pour.

padya, s. The first lunar day of either fortnight.

pāti, s. A small boat. 2. a trough or bathing tub. 3. a spout, drain, sluice, tube. 4. a nursery for plants.

pāduna, s. A legendary account of the demons and heroes of the Tulu country in verse. the tale of the demon Jumādi. to recite such verses.

pādya, s. Sin, crime. a sinner.

pādunyā, see under.

pātāla, s. The infernal regions, hell.

pani, s. The hand. a marriage.

pāni, s. A large water-pot.

pānini, s. A celebrated Sanskrit grammarian.

pānē, s. A large earthen pot.

pānnerē, see under.

pāta, pātana, see.

pātaka, pātarga, s. Sin, crime. a sinner.

pātala, s. The infernal regions, hell.

pātitya, s. A lapse, fall. 2. loss of caste.

pātiri, s. A priest. 2. a demon priest.

pātvratya, s. Chastity.

pātu, adj. Bent. to bend, be curved.

pātuni, see.

pātera, s. A word, speech, saying. 2. language. 3. a promise.
I have something to say.

To cause to speak. 2. to make reproach.

To speak, say, converse, talk. 1. To reproach, scold, abuse.

Worthy, fit, suitable. s. Worth.

A vessel in general; a plate, cup, jar. — a round kind of water-gourd.

To speak, say, converse, talk, prostration; personal service.

The pedestal of a column.

Quicksilver, mercury.

The tree Bignonia chelonooides. 2. see adj.

see sra^e).

The tree Bignonia chelonooides. 2. see adj.

A pair.

Wooden sandals.
depraved nature. —
—confession of sin. —
atonement of sin, absolution from sin. —distress occasioned by sin. —vice and virtue. —to commit evil; to incur guilt.
— to be hardened in sin.

The parting of the hair on a female's forehead.

papatu, see papá.
papari, s. Pauperism, destitution. 2. a pauper. adj. Insolvent. [pers. papasu, s. Shoes, slip.
papavuni, see papá.
paparigé, s. Insolvency.
papátme, s. A sinner, criminal.
papávuru, adj. Bent.
papávuni (sárad), v. a.
To bow, bend. v. n. To be sufficient, enough.
papásu, see papá.
papi, papisháte, s.
A sinner. 2. a destitute man.
pápu, s. A small bridge; a stone or log of wood, etc., serving for a bridge.
pápu, adj. Enough.
pápé, s. An image, statue, puppet, doll. adj. Bent, inclined. — a bent tree.
— to offer a re-

presentation of one's self as a thank-offering to a deity.
páppottu, adj. Suffering innocently. — an innocent sufferer.
pámáçu, s. A small wooden bridge.
pámácca, s. A kind of scab.
pámájí, pámáju, s. Moss. 2. a green substance floating on stagnant water.

pámara, adj. Ignorant, stupid, foolish. 2. wicked, vile, base, rude. — low, ignorant people. — ignorance, rudeness.
pámari, adj. Vile. 2. scabby. — scabbing; itch, eczema.
páya, s. Foundation. 2. gain, profit; cf. sasoda. — to look to one's own advantage. — to dig a foundation. — to lay a foundation. — to gain.
páya, s. Coming into existence, or being delivered of a child, as among Pariahs, etc. 2. see páya. — to be born, delivered of a child.
páyasa, s. A preparation consisting of rice, milk, and sugar. [sasoda.
páyapini, see under
**paya**

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**parā**

paya vuni, c. v. (of नमन) To ripple, agitate the surface of water.

pāyi, s. A sail. 2. a mat. 3. see अन्पो. -मुत्य, नमदु to take the sails in; to de-camp, run away. -मुत्य, -मुत्य, -स्य to set sail.

pāyula, नायिकने, नायिकने pāyikānē, pāyikānē, s. A privy.

pāyita, pāyida, pāyidē, s. Profit, advantage, gain. 2. ready money.

pāyidala, s. Infantry.

pāyināli, see अन्पो.

pāyilumāne, see नुि लुि.

pāysisū, adj. Public, published, known. 2. see अन्पो 3. see नुि. -स्यु to publish, advertise, notify, make known.

pāyisa, see अन्पो.

pāyuni (नो), v. n. To ripple, be agitated, as the surface of water. 2. to be diffused, as molten metal, etc., in a mould.

pāyekkelu, see अन्पो.

pāyesu, see नुि.

pāyyana, see अन्पो.

pārū, s. An islet.

pārā, s. The opposite bank of a river. 2. end, extremity. -स्य to pass, ford, cross over; to get through or over a difficulty.

-मुत्य to make pass or cross over; to deliver from a difficulty.

pārupōpini, see अन्पो.

pāra, s. Guard, custody, keeping. -स्य, -स्यु to guard. -स्यु to guard, watch. -स्यु, -स्यु to place a guard. -स्यु a sentry, guard. स्यु to put in a lockup.

pāra, s. Brooding, hatching, incubation. अल्पा to brood, sit on eggs. को to place the eggs for brooding or incubation. अल्पा to prepare to sit on eggs after a fowl has finished laying them.

प्रांते, प्रांते पारमपरे, पारमपया, s. Continuous order or succession. 2. tradition.

प्रांते पाराजात, see अन्पो.

प्रांते पारदाये, s. A guard, sentry, or watchman.

प्रांते पारमार्थिका, s. One intent upon another world. adj. Real, true, sincere.

प्रांते पाराता, s. Running, a race.

प्रांते पारायण, s. Reading from a sacred book the lesson for the day.

प्रांते पारावु, c. v. (of अन्पो) To cause to run; to drive.
the revenue collected by a village officer. 2. examination of coins, assaying.

par, see यः.

स पार्था, s. A name of Arjuna. —कृष्णा Krushṇa.

स पार्दना, see स्.

स पारपदिलु, adj. Empty.

स पारवाना, s. A particular funeral ceremony. 2. a cake used at a funeral ceremony.

स पारवती, s. The wife of Śiva.

पार्शी, s. A Parsee. 2. the Persian language. —किंच, —किंच the kingdom of Persia.

स पार्सवा, s. A side. 2. a part. रेख the right side. रेख the left side.

पालु, s. A share, portion, part, division. —त, —त a partner. त— on all sides; dispersion. —त to be divided. —त to give a part, portion or share. —त to apportion. —त, —त त to divide. त is sometimes added to cardinal numbers for the purpose of forming multiplicatives; as, तत्त्र— quadruple.

पालकी, see भूष.

पालक, s. A keeper, guardian; a protector, preserver. त— a doorkeeper, porter. त the regents of the eight points of the compass.

पारी, s. A milk pot. 2. water. 3. see यः.

पारिगेः, see स्.

स पारिजाता, s. One of the trees of paradise, Nyctanthes arbor tristis. 2. the tree yielding every wish.

स पारिशा, see स्.

स पारु, see स्. 2. see यः.

स पारुनि (स्), v. n. To run. 2. to fly. 3. to escape. त— to expire. तस्यसे, see तस्य.

विषय पारुपानि, s. A drizzling rain.

स पारुपत्या, s. Management, superintendence. —सा a manager, superintendent.

स पारुलु, see यः. 2. see तस्य.

पारेः, s. The hip, haunch. 2. the shoulder. 3. the scomber, a kind of fish; also तस्यसे.

पालेः a partner, on all sides; dispersion. —तस्य to give a part, portion or share. —तस्य to divide. त is sometimes added to cardinal numbers for the purpose of forming multiplicatives; as, तत्त्र— quadruple.

पालकी, see भूष.

पालक, s. A keeper, guardian; a protector, preserver. त— a doorkeeper, porter. त the regents of the eight points of the compass.
pala, s. Cherishing, protecting, nourishing, nursing; *see* palanè.

palasa, pálase, see palasè.

påli, s. Invoking, addressing in prayer. 2. a vow. —*påli* to implore; to make a vow.

palipuni, paliyuni, palisuni (*sroc3*), *v. a.* To nourish, cherish, protect, keep. 2. to bestow, give, grant, distribute, vouchsafe.

pale, palembu, s.
The spatha of palm-blossoms or of an areca branch. 2. a cap made of areca spatha. 3. the sole of the foot. 4. the tree *Alstonias scholaria*. —*påle*— the stalk of a spatha. —*påle* to put on a cap; to be in servitude. —*påle* to hold a spatha; to beg. —*påle* the spatha of an areca branch to fall off. —*påle*— a kind of grass.

palevu, s. A large tortoise.

palguña, see *påle*.

palya, s. A grant. 2. *see* palipuni.

pavatè, s. A step or stair. —*påvaté* to erect steps.

pavatè, s. The bush *Pavetta Indica*.

pavaqè, s. A foot-cloth; cloth spread on the floor at a wedding for the bride and bridegroom to tread upon. 2. a girl's garment, skirt. 3. a cover. 4. the cloth put on the back of a buffalo. —*påvaqè* a petticoat.

pávanu, see *påva*.

pávanè, pàvanè, s. A quarter anna, three pie.

pavati, s. An acknowledgment. 2. payment. —*påva* a receipt.

påvana, s. Purification. 2. penance. *adj.* Pure, purified.

påvali, *see* pavati.

påvu, s. A quarter seer. 2. curing, as tobacco, etc.; *see* pasu. —*påvu* to cure, as tobacco, etc.

pávupecilu, s. A subscription given to a demon.

pávori, s. A leech. —*påvori*— a larger kind of leech.

påvoli, s. A quarter rupee.

påsa, s. A fetter, chain, bond, tie. 2. a noose, snare.

påsi, s. Hanging by the neck. 2. algae. 3. a kind of glass beads. 4. bleeding of the nose or the gums. —*påsi*— gallows. —*påsi* to hang.

påsu, s. A mattress.

påsupata, s. A Śivite sect. —*påsupata*— a kind of
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<td><strong>pāśva</strong></td>
<td>charmed weapon; Śiva’s trident.</td>
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<td><strong>pāsva</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> <a href="#">pāśi</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāśhanda</strong></td>
<td>Heresy, imposture.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāśhande</strong></td>
<td>A heretic, impostor. 2. a bigot, enthusiast.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāśhāṇa</strong></td>
<td>A stone in general. 2. arsenic. -ṣu the plant Friarantna <em>pentantra</em>. ०- white arsenic. ०- ०- are some of its varieties.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣu</strong></td>
<td>The warp of a loom. 2. <em>see</em> ।।। a border. -षय to prepare the warp. -षय to fix the warp in a loom.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣu</strong></td>
<td>Passing, as an examination or test. -षय to pass, as an examination.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>pāṃḍuṣṭ, pāṃḍuṣṭi pāṣuṣparikē, pāṣuṣpalikē</strong></td>
<td>A mattress, etc. 2. sound sleep. 3. cohabitation, conjugal harmony.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣa</strong></td>
<td>Fasting; <em>cf:</em> <a href="#">pāṣa</a>. 2. the eleventh lunar day of either fortnight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣāṇtra</strong></td>
<td>Neighbourhood, vicinity, suburbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣādi</strong></td>
<td><em>postp.</em> With, <em>a sign of the social case</em>; as, ॥ ॥ अर्जित शासन ॥ go with him. -षय a companion, associate. -षय to accompany.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣāṇa</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> <a href="#">pāṣa</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣāpini</strong></td>
<td><em>see under</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣi</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ।।।</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣe</strong></td>
<td>A kind of grass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāṣpu</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāḷy</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāḷi</strong></td>
<td>A rag, shred. 2. <em>see</em> ।।।</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāḷ, pāḷi, pāḷē</strong></td>
<td>The tip of the ear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāḷē</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ।।।</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pāḷa, pāḷa, pāḷy, pāḷyē</strong></td>
<td>An army. 2. a halting place. ॥० ॥०॥०॥०॥० a pettychieftain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅga</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgana, piṅgani</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgarē</strong></td>
<td>The blossom of the areca tree.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgari</strong></td>
<td>Dissipation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgara, piṅgala, piṅgala</strong></td>
<td>The fifty-first year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. tawny colour; gold colour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgale</strong></td>
<td>A demi-god, called Yaksha. 2. fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgāṇi</strong></td>
<td>A small plate; porcelain, China ware.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgāra</strong></td>
<td><em>see</em> ॥०.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgāra, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara</strong></td>
<td>A demi-god, called Yaksha. 2. fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara, piṅgara</strong></td>
<td>A bird’s cage. 2. the body.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
pijari, adj. Dejected, spiritless. 2. timorous; timid.

piña, piñatl, piñatgelu, see szi.

piña, s. A lump, heap, quantity. 2. a ball, globe. 3. a mouthful. 4. an oblation to the manes, as a ball or lump of rice mixed with milk, etc. 5. the foetus or embryo, in the early period of gestation. 6. the body. a man entitled to make oblations to the manes of his deceased relations. the formation of the foetus.

piñanda, s. The body.

piñi, s. A bundle, parcel, burden. 2. what is squeezed or ground. 3. see szi. —a harassing, dunning, teasing. a bundle of cloth. a bundle of betel leaves. to tie into a parcel or bundle.

piñu, see szi.

piñè, see szi.

pinda, see szi.

pindavu, pindinaye, pindonuni, see under szi.

pinni, see szi.

pinné, s. A hole. 2. the eye of a needle, etc. the eye of a needle to break.

pimbili, see szi.

piñya, adj. Small, little.

pikirü, see szi.

pikila, pikila, s. Cheating; wheedling, dishonest dealing. to cheat, deal dishonestly.

pikka, adj. Fast, as colour.

pikasü, pikasü, s. A pickaxe.

pikdani, see szi.

picipeci, adj. Miry, muddy. 2. oozing, trickling. oozing water.

píca, adj. Left. left hand.

pícè, s. Mammon; also. 2. the testicles of animals. 3. a nut, especially the cashew nut; also. a nursery field. to play with cashew nuts.

pícè, adj. Left. left hand.

piécoli, see szi.

pija, see szi.
pijakrē, see pita.  
piji, s. A twist.  
pijiūkē, see pita.  
pijinū, s. Twisting, writhing.  
pijināvuni, c. v. (of pijnā) To twist, writhe.  
pijināuni (pijnā), v. n. To be twisted, writhed. 2. to be distorted, deformed. the face to be distorted; to make a wry face.  
pijinēle, s. A man whose features are distorted, a deformed man.  
pijikē, s. A kind of tree. 2. a twist.  
pijikrē, see pita.  
pijinu, s. An ant. are some kinds of ants.  
pijipuni (pijnā), v. a. To twist, as a rope, yarn, etc.  
pijiru, s. A thin ear-ring.  
pijirīgē, s. The matrix of a screw.  
pijiruni (pijnā), v. n. To turn, return. 2. to abate, subside; as rain, fever, etc.  
piji, s. A great grandmother.  
pijje, s. A great grandfather.  
piri, s. The corner end of a female’s cloth.  
pitāre, s. A chest or trunk of rattan.  
piti, s. Fear. 2. regard.  
pitipiti, s. A small noise.  
— to walk with short, rapid steps, as a child.  
— to hop, skip, jump.  
pītilu, s. A fiddle.  
piṭṭu, piṭṭa, s. The tartar of the teeth. — the teeth to be incrusted with tartar.  
pitāsū, pitṭāsū, adj. Brittle, fragile. 2. not properly baked or burnt. 3. delicate, frail, thin. 5. sordid, stingy, mean. — a half baked earthen vessel. — a thin-shelled cocoanut. — a man of delicate constitution; a mean person. — brittle ware.  
pitēle, s. A miser, stingy man.  
pidita, piditta, πiḍta, s. Discrimination, judgment; bet.  
pidīte, see pita. [razor.  
pidibālu, s. A kind of puḍku, s. Indisposition, indigestion.  
pīta, pitru, s. A father. 2. the manes or deceased progenitors of mankind. — worship of the manes by oblation of water, food, etc. — the day on which offerings are made to the manes of an ancestor.
- the peculiar region or habitation of departed ancestors. — like a cemetery. — like a father; a father's place.

pitambra, see 

pitamahi, pitami, s. A paternal grandmother.

pitamhe, pitame, s. A paternal grandfather. 2. Brahma, the great progenitor.

pito, s. Bile. 2. shifting, changing position; fickleness. — to shift, change position.

pitta, adj. Bilious, choleric. — a jaundice producing salivation. — bilious fever. — a bilious constitution or temperament. — to be bilious; to be irritated.

pittappe, s. A man of bilious or irritable temper; a crack-brained man.

pittara, see 

pittale, s. Brass. 2. tinsel. — one who listens to tales. — pure brass, the mixture of copper and zink.

pitturi, see 

pite, see 

pita, adj. Outer. 2. lucky; cf. . — allurement, a lucky hand. — to allure, entice. — outside, external.

pidauke, see 

pidangara, see 

pidambu, see 

pidakei, s. A water-vessel; cf. . 2. see under 

pidamale, see 

pidayi, adv. Out, outside, abroad. adj. Outer. — a covetous eye. — an outsider, stranger, outcaste, heathen. — a strange woman; a woman in menstruation. — to be in monthly course. — to go to stool.

pidara, s. The tie-beam of a roof, a beam resting on the pillars of a veranda.

pidaluni ( ), v. n. To stumble, be sprained, introverted.

pidaluni ( ), c. v. (of ) To cause to start, depart.

pidaluni ( ), v. n. To start, depart.

pidara, see 

pidukonuni ( ), v. refl. To know, understand, comprehend, ascertain, for one's self.

pinari, see .
pine, s. A cold affecting the nose. 2. a disease of the nasal membrane.

pinis, adj. Little, small, slight, trifling. -- very slight; as, -- a very slight drizzle.

pinkatu, s. An atom, mite, tittle.

pini, adj. Little, small, slight, trifling. -- very slight; as, -- a very slight drizzle.

pina, adv. Behind, after, as to either situation, or time; cf. piri. 2. again, back. -- support, help; as, -- to support, help. -- an after-thought. — the hind part. — front and rear. — to abate, subside. — to give back. — an antidote.

to backslide; to with-draw. — to place behind, lay aside; to postpone, put off, defer. — to throw or put behind; to defeat, vanquish. — to go back, return. — to come back. — to lag behind; to fall back; to be defeated, vanquished; to be put off, deferred. — to do again; to delay, dilate. he will not shrink back; he can be relied on.

piranku, see piri.

pirangi, s. A cannon. 2. see pirantu.

pirantu, pirantu, piraka,

piraduni, see pirana.

pirata, see pirat.

pirati, see pirati.

piradanè, see piradam.

pirapa, adv. Back; again.

piravu, adv. Behind, in the rear. — a kind of bracelet. — to follow. — to go back, retreat, return.

piri, s. A twist. 2. the spiral thread, as of a screw. 3. cure, healing. 4. abatement, removal. adj. Curing, healing.

pine, s. To make known, communicate, inform, report, reveal.
pillī, pilla, pillyavuni (*?$), To despise, scorn, slight.

piśāci, s. A demon, evil spirit.

piśune, s. A talebearer, informer, spy, calumniator.

piśṛu, s. Displeasure, anger. 2. self-conceit, arrogance. —पिसा to humiliate, humble. —पिसा to be angry, offended.

piṣaṇṭu, s. Fretfulness, peevishness. 2. anger, displeasure. —पिसा to be fretful.

piśaru, see विसर.  

piśinte, see विसर.

piśāri, s. A syringe.

piśāvuni, c. v. (of विसा) To cause to slip, move or fly out. 2. to press out, as tamarind seeds or the testicles of animals. 3. to get on the sly.

piṃkaḍruṇi, piṃkāvuni, c. v. (of विसा) To cause to slip, move or fly out. 2. to press out, as tamarind seeds or the testicles of animals. 3. to get on the sly.

piṃkuḍuni, piṅkuni (विसर, विसर), v. n. To escape, slip out.

piṅkraṭu, see विसर.

piṅguluni, see विसर.

piṅcilu, adj. Thin, slender. 2. bent or crooked. —पिंच thin or bandy legs.

piṅcelu, adj. Without a handle. —पिंच a knife without a handle.

piṃjaru, see विसर.

piṃjilu, see विसर.

piṇṭu, s. A twist; distortion.

piṇṭengelu, piṇṭelu, adj. Twisted, distorted.

piṇṭavuni, c. v. (of विसर) To cause to twist or distort. —पिंच— to make grimes.
pmtuni (ꦥ;
), v. a. To twist, turn, wring.

pɔntelutana, s. The state of being twisted or distorted. 2. perverseness, crossness, wryness.

plmbili, plmbul-
i, see e3o20oe5.

plkadani, s. A spittoon.
pikratu, see 2^8.
piriadamara, s. The pine tree.
pitha, s. A seat; a throne; a pulpit. The seat of Uḍipi Svāmis.
pithikè, s. A preface, preamble, introduction.
pidanè, pidanè, s. Vexation, pain, suffering, anguish; cf. 2. pithikè.
pidiapuni, pidi-
suni (ꦥ;
,.parseLong(14)), v. a. To vex, annoy, molest.
pidiyuni (سياسة), v. n. To be vexed, annoyed; to suffer.
pidè, see 2. pithi.
pitara, adj. Yellow.
pitarumani, s. A kind of medicine, *Veratram album.* 2. antimony.
pitambara, s. A yellow silk cloth. Krushṇa, as wearing such a garment.

picasu, see 2. pithi.
pinari, adj. Stinking, emitting a disagreeable odour.

-- a miser, niggard.
-- the poon tree, *Sterculia foetida, Ailanthus.* see 2. pithi.
pipa, pipayi, s. A cask, tub.
pipi, s. A kind of pipe.
pipuni, see 2. pithi.
pibāle, s. A little child.
pimāṇu, s. Miry earth.
piyavu, s. A small chicken.
pivo, intj. An expression of ridicule, mockery, generally accompanied with clapping of hands.
piriyuni, piruni (شعور), v. n. To ooze, percolate. 2. see 2. pithi.
pire, s. A potherb, *Luffa acutangula.* are varieties of the same.
pirengi, see 2. pithi.
pili, s. Pith, a kind of rush used as corks. 2. a peacock's feather. Adj. Dry, thin, light. the soft part of a bird's tail. to die out. the star in a peacock's feather. to be stunted, to grow lean.
pisu, see 2. pithi.

pisuni, see 2. pithi.

puṅku, see 2. pithi.
puńka

puńkanaṭu, see ṭaṭaṇaṭu.

puńgave, s. An excellent or pre-eminent man. —puńgave, the chief of sages.

puṇā, puṇa, puṇḍi, puṇgu, s. A sort of drone or bagpipe.

puṇa, s. The Indian beech, *Pongamia glabra.*

2. see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇguni (ṇaṭaṇa), v. a. To rock, toss, as a boat, etc.

puṇa, puṇé, puṇgele, s. A fickle-minded man.

puṇnatu, adj. Tender, young.

puṇca, s. A white-ant-hill. 2. a snake’s hole. 3. a kind of poison. —puṇca a very good rice-field.

puṇcai, see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇcala, s. A kind of fly-brush, held by a devil-dancer.

puṇja, s. A heap, collection. 2. property consisting of ready money.

puṇṭavuni, c. v. (of puṇṭavuni) To cause to wring, press or express.

puṇṭuni (ṇaṭaṇi), v. a. To wring, as a wet garment. 2. to press or express, as juice from fruits, etc.

puṇḍa, adj. Mischievous,

quarrellsome, wicked. —puṇḍānaṭu, mischievousness.

puṇḍadē, s. A kind of water-fowl.

puṇḍari, see under ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇḍathā, puṇḍatīgē, s. Mischievousness, wickedness.

puṇḍi, s. The fist. 2. a handful. 3. the refuse of expressed cocoanut, etc., oil-cake. —puṇḍi, spare rice.

puṇḍi, see s declared. —puṇḍi, fowl curry and rice balls boiled in steam, and served on particular occasions.

puṇḍittu, see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇḍitappu, s. The red sorrel, *Hibiscus sabdariffa.*

puṇḍināruṇu, s. Jute.

puṇḍibittu, s. lit. A handful of seed. 2. a mode of sowing seed in the third rice crop (ṭaṭaṇa).

puṇḍiyuni, see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇḍu, s. A crowd, herd, flock, swarm.

puṇḍugārigē, puṇḍutana, see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇḍē, s. A bush, thicket. —puṇḍē, see ṭaṭaṇa. —puṇḍê —a thicket of bamboos.

puṇḍelu, see ṭaṭaṇa.

puṇṇamē, s. The day of full moon.
punte, see punté.

pundi, adj. Sapless.

purúkaṭú, s. Storing, keeping. 2. see purúkaṭu.

purúku, see punté.

purúgaṭu, s. Fermentation. 2. decomposition, decay. adj. Fermented. 2. decomposed.

purúgavuni, c. v. (of purúgaṭu) To cause or allow to ferment or decompose.

purúguni (purúkaṭu), v.n. To ferment, undergo fermentation. 2. to decompose, decay.

purúgeli, adj. Fermented. 2. decomposed, decayed, mouldy.

purúgele, s. A dirty man.

purúcuni (purúkaṭu), v. a. To squeeze, as a lemon, etc.

purúdè, s. A thorny bush; cf. purúdè. adj. Shaped like a bush. 2. distended, enlarged. to be shaped like a bush. the belly to distend.

pukaṭsa, s. Manhood, virility.

pukláyisuni, see pukáláyisuni.

pukar, pukāra, pukāri, s. Rumour, report. 2. alarm, noise. to raise an uproar.

pukusāte, adj. Vain, useless. 2. false, untrue. adv. For nothing, in vain; cf. pukuli.

pukuṭi, s. The anus.

pukku, see punté.

pukkaṭe, see punté.

pukkalāyisvuni, see puálāyisvuni.

pukkalāiyuni, see puálāiyuni.

puku, s. Fear, timidity. adj. Timid. — being easily overcome by fear; a frightened goose. cowardice.

pukke, pakke, pukkele, s. A timid man, coward, sneak.

pukláyisuni, see puáláyisuni.

puklāysvuni, c. v. To instigate, incite.

pugari, pugari, pugari, s. Praise, eulogy, flattery.

puğaruni, pugari, pugaluni (pugal), v. a. To praise, laud, eulogise, flatter.

puge, s. Smoke, vapour, fume. to wish for one’s ruin. to be affected with smoke. a shelf in the kitchen. to expose to smoke; to fumigate.

puğepuni (pug), v. a. To expose to smoke; to fumigate.
pugeyuni (v.), v. n.
To smoke, reek.

pugere, s. Tobacco. руї, руї—, руї— are some kinds of tobacco.

pugese, pugel, pugely, s. The shoulder. — руї to give shoulder; to help, assist.
pucukku, s. The force, as of spitting. — руї to spit out with force.
pucceadi, s. The hind part.

puce, s. Braiding or plaiting hair. 2. braided hair. — руї ornaments worn in the braids of hair. — руї to plait, braid.

pucce, s. A cat. — руї a wild cat. руї— a male cat. руї— a civet cat. — руї a cat-fish. — руї a kind of tree.

puccekuli, s. A tooth growing after the eightieth year.
pucceparndu, s. The fruit of Pavetta Indica.

puta, s. A page of a book. 2. folding or doubling. 3. a pair. 4. the purifying or calcining of metals, etc., by fire. — руї the hands joined, as in supplication, etc. — руї— both nostrils. руї — руї or руї to subject gold to the process of purification.

puṭani, see püga.

puṭta, adj. Small, little, diminutive. — руї a small kind of earring.

puṭtana, s. A kind of grass.

puṭṭana, s. A thistle.

puṭṭavuni, c. v. (of руї) To produce, originate, give birth to, cause to be born, cause to take place.

puṭṭi, s. A small round basket. — руї a wickered bottle.

puṭṭu, s. Cowries; also — руї. 2. see руї— руї to play with cowries.

puṭṭuni (v.), v. n. To be born, come into existence. 2. to arise, originate, spring up or from, be produced. — руї to feel pity. — руї to be sorry. — руї a child to be born. — руї a report to be afloat.

puṭte, s. A fox, jackal.

puṭla, s. A bubble, blister, pustule. — руї a blister to rise.

puṭha, s. e руї.

puḍa, see руї.

puḍatel, s. A bruise, crack. adj. Bruised, broken, cracked.

puḍapuni (v.), v. a. To break, burst.

puḍayi, s. A basket.
To prostrate, bow, salute.

To break, burst. 2. to ache, smart.

To offend, provoke. 2. to quarrel, fight

A handle, haft, bilt; cf. পুদিকে.

A small basket.

Covering, clothing. 2. see পুদিকে.

To offend, provoke. 2. to quarrel, fight; cf. পুদি.

to be offended; to quarrel with each other.

Holding, grasping, handling. - the shaft of a plough. - a rope attached to the yoke of a plough, to serve as the reins.

Slight, disparagement, depreciating. 2. insult, indignity.

To be afflicted, grieved.

 Foolish.

see পুদৃপুনি.

Border, edge, brink, margin, brim. 2. interval, space. the border of a field. the eye-lid. the brink of a well. the side of a wall. to trim the borders, as of a field.

see পুদৃকনী.

To winnow, fan.

To suppurate, break, burst. 2. to be haughty.

Plump, fat. a plump child.

A stout man.

A quarrelsome man.

see পুদৃরপুনি.

The mate mangosteen, Garcinia purpurea.

A dead body, corpse. adj. Dead. 2. inactive. to grow stiff. to bury a corpse.

Emaciated, slender, reduced to skin and bone.

see পুদাকে.

The mate mangosteen, Garcinia purpurea.

Floating.
puṇi, s. The border of a field.

puṇikallu s. lit. A hand-stone (कुणक). 2. a small pestle for grinding turmeric, etc.

puṇikē, s. Tamarind. -puṇí the tamarind tree.

puṇikottē, s. A tamarind seed.

puṇugu, puṇugu, s. Civet. -puṇ è a civet cat.

puṇē, s. Security, bail. -puṇ ë a surety.

puṇepini, puṇepuni, puṇevuni (puṇi), v. a. To persevere till one has avenged himself; to contest to the last, as a suit. 2. to compete, vie.

puṇevu, s. Resoluteness.

puṇya, s. Religious merit, virtue. 2. a good action. 3. purity, purification. adj. Virtuous, good, meritorious. 2. pure. -puṇyë a virtuous deed; a meritorious act. -puṇyë an auspicious occasion. -puṇya a sacred river. -puṇyë a sacred day. -puṇyë the fruit of one's merits. -puṇyë heaven. -puṇyë a virtuous man. -puṇyë, -puṇyë a sacred place of pilgrimage. -puṇyë to perform holy or virtuous acts.

puṇyādigē, s. A virtuous man, a fortunate man.

puṇyādigē, s. Goodness; well being; good fortune, prosperity.

puṇyāha, s. A lucky day. 2. purifying. -puṇyāha purifying a house, etc., after accouchement, etc.

puṭta, puttu, puttë, s. A darling. adj. Darling, beloved.

puṭtali, puttolì, s. A gold coin. -puṭtali an image, puppet. -puṭtali gold of 12 carats. -puṭtali a string of such coins, worn by females.

puṭre, s. A son. -puṭry an adopted son. ṭukaṭe having a family. ṭukaṭe adoption of a son.

puḍa, s. A dove, pigeon.

puḍanga, puḍakalà, puḍakalà, see ṭukaṭe.

puḍake, see ṭukaṭe. 2. see ṭukaṭe.

puḍakei, s. A kind of game by making alternate motions and mutually clapping each other's hands. -puḍakei, -puḍakei to play at such a game.

puḍabāre, s. A demon so called.

puḍaru, s. A name, appellation, designation. 2. fame; celebrity, reputation. -puḍaru, -puḍaru to become known. -puḍaru to utter a
person's name; to bring one's reputation into discredit. -करण्य to name. -से to be celebrated.

punāpini, see सना अन्दर under सना.

pudina, s. A kind of mint.

puduku, s. Boasting.

pudukku, adv. Suddenly, at once. -करण्य to pour suddenly, as a bag of rice.

[paddy.]

pudār, s. New

pudè, s. A load, burden.

pudepunī, see सना.

pudely, s. A bush, shrub.

pudār, s. The harvest feast; a ceremony observed in partaking of new produce for the first time.

pudde, see सना.

punah, adv. Again, once more.

punarapuli, see सना.

punaruthāna, s. Resurrection.

punarjanma, punarjalma, s. Being born again; regeneration. 2. transmigration of the soul.

punarvasu, s. The seventh of the lunar mansions.

punarviśarāṇe, s. Reconsideration, review.

punarvivāha, s. Remarriage.

punaluni, see सना.

punascarāṇe, s. Repetition of mystic formulas or incantations.

punasthāpane, s. Reformation.

puna, see सना.

punikē, see सना.

punita, adj. Free from sin, purified. -करण्य to absolve, purify; to justify.

punugu, see सना.

puppala, see सना.

puppi, puppu, s. Decay, rottenness.

puyintelu, s. The tenth Tulu month.

pura, s. A city, town. 2. a house or any receptacle. -करण्य a citizen.

pura, see सना.

purandare, s. A name of Indra. झोपनाले a celebrated Canarese poet.

purakē, s. A bad smell.

puratū, s. A dowry.

puramardane, s. Rubbing of the body with an unguent.

purāme, see सना.

purameyi, s. A mucous body.

puralu, puralō, see सना.

purasū, see सना.

puraskāra, s. Reverence, honour.
pura\textsuperscript{kr\textsubscript{\textdegree}}ta, see \textsuperscript{\textdegree}puru\textsuperscript{\textdegree}.  

pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, s. A sacred and political work comprising the Hindu theology. adj. Old; ancient. -\textsuperscript{\textdegree} an old story. -\textsuperscript{\textdegree} a God. There are eighteen acknowledged Purana\textsuperscript{s}, namely, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}, \textsuperscript{\textdegree}pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}.  

pura\textsuperscript{n\textdegree}k\textsuperscript{\textdegree}, s. One who reads or narrates sacred history.  

pura\textsuperscript{\textdegree}tana, adj. Ancient, old.  

puri, see \textsuperscript{\text\textdegree}.  

puri, s. A worm, mite, moth.  

2. skin parasite.  

3. twining, twisting, as threads.  

4. coir yarn. -\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} mulberry leaves.  

-\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} coir.  

-\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} to twine coir yarn.  

-\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} to prepare a rope from coconu\textsuperscript{t} fibre.  

-\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} to suffer from ring-worm.  

purugun\textsuperscript{\textdegree}, see \textsuperscript{\text\textdegree}.  

purugun\textsuperscript{\textdegree}, s. Anything eaten or perforated by worms. adj. Worm-eaten.  

2. envious.  

3. obstinate, stubborn.  

-\textsuperscript{\textsuperscript{\textdegree}} an envious or obstinate fellow.  

puruj\textsuperscript{\textdegree}n\textsuperscript{\textdegree}, s. Malice, envy.  

2. mischief.  

3. obsti-
name of Vishnu. 3. the name of a man.

3) Co purusattu, see दन्ते.

3) Co purē, s. A roof, ceiling. अफ - the upper part of a roof; pl. अफ materials of a roof.

3) Co pureṇū, सुरेणु, pureṇūni, pureṇūnī, s. The rheum of the eye.

3) Co purkuni (अकू), v. n. To be half baked. 2. to become soft. 3. to rot, decay, become putrid.

3) Co purga, s. Sour gruel or pap.

3) Co purgaṇṭu, see वर्जन.

3) Co purgani (अकू), v. n. To be well boiled, as rice.

3) Co purēuni, see दन्ते.

3) Co purjantara, see दन्ते.

3) Co purpa, s. The tender areca blossoms. 2. see दन्ते.

3) Co purbu, s. The eye-brows.

3) Co puryolu, see दन्ते.

3) Co purli, s. The wild hog-plum. 2. see दन्ते.

3) Co pursatā, सुरसता, pursatā, pursattu, s. Leisure, opportunity, occasion, time. 2. relief, rest; also दन्ते. -जुळे to be at leisure. -जुळे to take time. -जुळे to find an opportunity.

3) Co pursadā, see दन्ते.

3) Co pula, s. Pasturage, grazing ground. 2. reminiscences, recollection of old associations. -जोडे cattle to low for their old pasturage; to call to mind old associations.

3) Co pulāṅkena, see दन्ते.

3) Co pulampuni (अकू), v. a. To set afloat; cf. दन्ते.
pula, s. Horripilation, erection of the hair from ecstasy. 2. rejoicing, festivity.

pulla, s. Puling an idol in scented water on a festive occasion.

pulaka, s. Ecstasy. 2. rejoicing, festivity.

Horripilation, erection of the hair from ecstasy.

pulapavuni, c. v. (of pulapavuni) To cause to float.

pulabu, pulamę, see pulaka.

pulavuni, v. n. To float.

pulapavuni, see pulavuni.

pulapavuni, v. n. To float.

pulavuni, see pulapavuni.

pulavuni, v. n. To float.

pulavuni, see pulapavuni.

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pulavuni, see pulapavuni.

pulavuni, v. n. To float.

pulavuni, see pulapavuni.
pulli, s. A sheet of paper.
2. see रे.

pulliya, s. The masculine gender, ग्राम.

pullu, s. A rush. 2. a kind of grass. —क, see रे। —ढीर grass and water, cattle fodder. —ढीर a mat made of rush. —ढीर a bush of rushes, bulrush. —ढीर to pluck out a grass blade; to twist the ear. —ढीर to pluck the feathers.

pullë, s. An off-shoot. 2. a split, splint. 3. see रे। —ढीर a kind of deer. —ढीर खन। —ढीर, —ढीर to sprout, bud.

pulleyi, s. A kind of whale.

pullelu, s. Abundance, increase. 2. gluttony.

pulya, pulyakela, pulyakolë, s. Morning, day-break. adv. Early in the morning.

puvalu, puvo lu, s. The navel.

puskaṭu, see रे।

pushkala, adj. Copious, full, complete. 2. much, many. 3. excellent, eminent, best.

pushṭa, adj. Nourished, fed. 2. strong, stout.

pushṭi, s. Increase, thriving. 2. stoutness, strength.

pushpa, s. A flower, blossom.

pushya, s. The tenth lunar month.

pushyaraga, s. The topaz, chrysolite.

pushyë, s. The eighth of the lunar mansions.

pusalayisuni, pusalyisuni, (सोलय, सोलय), v. a. To coax, cajole, persuade, fawn.

puskṣu, pusku, s. see रे।

puskatu, see रे।

puskava, pusku, puskaṭe, adj. Vain, useless, feigned. 2. empty. adv. In vain, for nothing.

pustaka, s. A book, volume.

pusti, s. Instigation, abetment, incitement. 2. help, support. 3. a portfolio for keeping loose papers in or for placing under a paper while writing on it. —ढीर to instigate, back up.

pusṣu, pusṣu, s. The hissing sound of a flash in the pan, when the gun does not go off. 2. unsuccessful termination of an undertaking, coming to nothing, defeat.

pula, see रे।

puḷaka, see रे।

puḷabbu, see रे।

puḷi, s. see रे। 2. see रे।

puḷinde, s. A hunter, forester, savage.
puli, n. A sour kind of sauce.
pulipu, n. Acidity.
pulikantu, see tinder.
pulicaru, s. The yellow wood-sorrel, *Oxalis corniculata*.
puluku, s. Slipping out, anything soft or greasy.
puliva, n. A grand-child.
pullu, see pulla.
pulkade, see puli.
pukare, an ornamental structure, as the stake of a bullock race. —to fix a post of such a structure; to ornament the ridge of a racing field.
puki, n. A fart.
pukutte, adj. Empty, void. s. An empty mouth.
pukuru, pukru, adj. Tender, young, little.
2. Sallow.
pukre, s. A sickly man.
puga, n. A betel-nut.
pucce, see puja.
pujari, s. A demon priest.
2. A Billavar or toddy-drawer.
pujarm, s. The office of a priest.
pujapuni, c. v. (of puja) To cause to smear or apply.
pujita, adj. Worshipped, reverenced.
punjini, v. a. To smear, rub, daub, apply.
pujere, s. Worship, adoration; prayer. —principal worship in a temple.
pujite, s. Worship.
pujya, adj. Worshipful, adorable, venerable. 2. blank, void. s. A cipher. -a dignity, nobleness.

puṣṭi, s. Membrum mullic-bre.

pūḍu, see ṛṣṭa.

pūta, a. Of or belonging to a flower. 2. purified, cleansed. 3. see ṛṣṭa.

pūtani, s. A giantess killed by Krishna. Kṛṣṇa.

pūnīṇe, s. A very tender fruit.

pūnīry, s. Flower and water placed in a demon shrine. -eṣa to place flower and water before a demon.

pūpunī (ṣi), v. n. To break wind, fart, vlg.

pūpele, s. One who farts frequently, vlg.

pūbāre, s. A kind of plantain.

pūmālē, pūmalike, see under ṛṣṭa.

pūmīny, s. A trout.

pūra, see ṛṣṭa. 2. ṛṣṭa; cf. ṛṣṭa.

pūranda, adj. Vindictive. 2. implacable, unappeasable. -a implacable hatred.

pūrattara, see ṛṣṭaśr. pūrappara, adj. Clear or full understanding.

pūrā, see ṛṣṭa.
purvi

purvike, s. An ancestor, progenitor.

purvottara, s. Circumstances, particulars of a person or event.

purvari, s. Rice used at the worship of a demon.

purvare, s. To throw rice on a demon priest.

purve, s. The day preceding the full moon.

purvolu, s. The navel.

purandaye, s. A demon so called.

puvari, s. Rice used at the worship of a demon.

puvari, s. A thin film between the pulp and seed of a jack fruit.

pusara, s. A kind of garden.

pusuni, see 3o3jpulandaye.

pusuni, see 3o3jpulandaye.

puvari, s. Rice used at the worship of a demon.

pusuna, see 3o3jpulandaye.

pusuni, see 3o3jpulandaye.

pusune, see 3o3jpulandaye.

puve, s. The day preceding the full moon.

puvar, s. A thin film between the pulp and seed of a jack fruit.

puvoiu, s. The navel.

puvoiu, s. A kind of Cassia tora; cf. pedumedi.

puve, s. The day preceding the full moon.

puve, s. A thin film between the pulp and seed of a jack fruit.

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pedaŋkē, s. Stumbling, tripping. 2. sprain. — to be sprained.
pedaŋgyu, adv. Behind the back. — to pinion behind, as the hands.
pedaŋgara, pedaŋgāyi, pedaŋgei, s. A water-pot placed outside a house for washing purpose.
pedambu, adv. Obliquely, not directly. — to cut, shave, etc., obliquely.
pedakāle, s. A demon so called.
pedamāle, see pedambu.
peddoldi, see pedambu.
pedpāvuni, c. v. (of ped) To assist a woman in child-birth, serve as a midwife.
pedpini, pedduni ( ped ), v. a. To bear, bring forth, as a child.
pedmedi, s. A woman in child-bed, lying-in woman.
pensū, s. The lungs.
pensily, s. A slate or led pencil.
peppu, peppē, s. Dumbfoundedness, speechlessness, as from amazement, etc. — to stammer; to speak hesitatingly.
pembers, s. A dolt.
peraŋgāyi, see peraŋgya.
peraŋgya, see peraŋgū.
peradē, s. A hen. — to cluck.
perata, s. A ceremony performed in behalf of females who have become pubescent. 2. see āyja.
perati, see āyja.
peradāne, peramanē, s. A grater, scraper. — a kind of moss.
peradē, see āyja.
perastana, see ādāyja.
perārtē, see ādāyja.
perārdē, s. The ninth Tuḷu month.
peri, see ānāyja.
perikē, s. A bullock's load. 2. any burden. — to load. — see ānāyja.
periya, adj. Large, great, high, superior. — honey. — a highway.
periyamme, s. A father's elder brother, or a mother's elder sister's husband.
periyappē, s. A mother's elder sister, or a father's elder brother's wife.
periyē, s. A heap, pile.
periyolu, s. An eel.
peristy, s. The contents of a book, library, etc. — to write such contents.
perumari, see 3333.

perequni (333), v. n. To roll, move, wallow. 2. to scrape, shave.

perepini (333), v. a. To grate, scrape. 2. to bore, perforate.

peremane, see 3333.

perevuni (333), v. n. To be grated, scraped. 2. to be bored, perforated.

perke, perg-e, see 335.

perga, s. Winnings made in a game of 3333. 2. profit, gain.

he had a good meal to-day.

pergañë, s. A chieftain, headman. 2. an honorary title.

pergadë, s. A bandicoot, large rat. —3333 a kind of mushroom.

pergë, s. A kind of bag. 2. see 3333.

peréli, s. Shying, starting suddenly. —3333 to shy, as a horse, etc.

peréunì (3333), v. n. To shy, start aside suddenly. 2. to rise, increase.

perjiva, s. Life, spirit.

perjuni (3333), v. n. To increase.

pernàma, see 3333.

pennari, s. A boa or large serpent. 2. sheaves of straw placed in the form of a ring to serve as a granary. —3333 to make such a granary.

permë, s. Sluggishness, laziness. 2. haughtiness.

perya, s. A large bee. 2. see 3333. —3333 a beehive, honey-comb. —3333 to become dense; to fall densely.

peryâdi, s. A highway, public road.

peryë, s. The toadstool, mushroom. 2. a rush.

pela, s. The jack, Artocarpus integrifolia. —3333 the jack-fruit. —3333 the seed of the jackfruit. —3333 the jack-tree, jack-wood. 3333, 3333, 3333 — are varieties of jackfruit

pelambu, see 33333.

peli, see 333.

pelegu, adj. Rude, mean.

pênei, s. Filth, dirt.

pênti, s. A good meal.

pêntë, s. The mercantile part of a town, bazaar, market.
pecāta, s. Effort, exertion. 2. affliction, distress, trouble.

pecāduni (पेडन), v. n.
To try, exert, strive. 2. to be in distress, trouble.

pecilu, see जेलु.

pecuni, see जेलु.

peta, petla, peltē, s. A pop-gun. —के to shoot a pop-gun.

pete, see पेटे.

[ś] pede, s. A kind of thorn-

petu, petu, s. Partu-
rition, child-bed. 2. fear.

petale, s. A greedy man.

petri, petrikally, s. A large stone.

pede, s. A peon; also शेड. pneumonia, s. A heavy louse. दी, दी दी a very large louse. दी, दी a small louse. दी, दी a white-nit found on dirty clothes; see दी.

pēpē, see पेपेनी.

pēme, see पेंमी.

pēyi, s. A demon.

pēru, s. Milk. 2. coconun-

juice. 3. the milky juice of plants. -केळ a milkman. गोल a milk-pail.

perāngāyi, s. The guava fruit, Psidium pomiferum.

perānē, see पेंनी.

perāta, s. Lading, freight-
ing, shipping.

perāvade, s. A kind of Phaseolus trilobus.

perāvuni, c. n. (of मड़ा) To lade, load, burden.

perita, see प्रेता.

peruni (पुं), v. a. To load, burden.

perēngelu, s. A kind of creeper.

perēpanē, see प्रेताप.

perōgasu, s. The meal just preceding the celebration of a wedding.

perga, see पर्गा.

pergē, see पर्गेल.

percī, see पर्ची.

percuni, see पर्ची.

permē, s. Fame, glory. 2. see पर्मी.

pervē, adj. Outside. दक्षिण an outer court.

pēsīgē, s. Disgust, loathing. 2. dirt, filth. ठंबू to be disgusted.

pēsīyuni (पी), v. a. To loathe, be disgusted.

pēshkaru, pēshkāre, s. A subordinate revenue officer.

pēsīgē, see पर्ची.

pe, s. A pie, one-twelfth of an anna.

peingu, s. Pegu.

peindani, see पीनदानी.

peindalē, peindle, s. A notch, nick.
peimbala, s. Ten seers.
peimbale, s. A potbelly.  2. a glutton.
peimbê, s. A bag.

d, peiku, peika, s. A pouch, scrip made of rushes or palm leaves.

d, peikori, s. A kind of fowl; game fowl.
d, peidastu, s. Produce, crop.

peinâli, see 龝.*
peiniru, s. Turbid water of a river.
peipuni ( salario), v. a. To cut, reap; cf. 龝.*
peimâls, peimâsi, s. Measurement of land, survey.

peimudi, see under 龝.*
peiyeru, peiyeye-ru, see 龝.*
peiyya, s. A child. — a small cloud.

peiyyânè, s. A kind of medicinal tree, Bignonia longifolia.
peiyyè, s. A child, boy; a Pariahs child. 2. a kind of fish.
peiru, s. Standing or growing corn. 2. goods or cattle imported from the ghauts.

peilu, see 龝.*

peiluvanîgè, s. Tumbling, rope-dancing, gymnastics.

peiluvâne, s. A tumbler, acrobat, gymnast.

peilandi, s. Brag, boast. — to brag.

peivastu, peivaste, s. Endorsement of a letter, specifying the date of its receipt. — to endorse.

peisu, adj. Distant, remote. intj. Get away, make way.
peisa, s. Four pie. 2. money.

Four pie. 2. money.

peisale, peisulu, s. Settlement, adjustment. 2. decision, decree.

Pretty.

porka, adj. Handsome, see pone.

po'ku, s. A kind of boil or sore; cf. pone.

po'kuru, see ponka.

po'ke, see pone.

po'gade, s. Proud flesh.

po'garë, s. The Indian coral tree, *Erythrina indica*.

po'gyi, s. A canoe.

po'gara, s. Borax. 2. see pontana.

po'gavuni, c. v. (of pone) To cause to rock or tumble, as a boat.

po'gu, see pone.

po'guni, s. The upper half of a coconut.

The female sex.

The female child.

ponnu, s. A girl, female, maid. — the upper half of a coconut. the female sex. a female child.

ponne, see ponnu.

ponnoligë, see ponnu.

ponjavanu, see pontana.

ponju, s. A purse or bundle of money.

ponkana, s. Favourableness, auspiciousness.

ponduni, see ponduni.

ponnani, s. A kind of medicine.

ponnaligë, s. A kind of jungle tree. leaves of this tree used as medicine.

ponnakanni, s. A kind of vegetable, *Anthera sessilis*.

ponnu, s. Gold. 2. see ponnu.

ponna, s. The tree *Rottlera tinctoria*. — *Boswellia thurifera*; *Calophyllum apetalum*.

pomba, s. A yellow cloth.

pombade, see pomba.

pombariyuni, c. v. (of pomba), v. n. To start, wince, shudder; to be startled, amazed, astounded.
porńku, adj. Slovenly, dirty, filthy.

porńkāvuni, c.v. (of porńku) To cause to roll.
2. see porńkāvuni.

porńkuni (porńke), v.a.
To roll, run over. 2. to make fun. 3. see porńkāvuni.

porńke, porńkele, s. A dirty man.

porńkelu, s. Dirtiness, filthiness.

porńgāvuni, c.v. (of porńgāvuni) To make stiff, hard.

porńguni (porńgāvuni), v.n.
To become stiff or hard.

porndana, s. A Pariah woman.

pormbāta, s. Strife, struggle. 2. wrestling. 3. wrangling.

pormbuni (pormbāta), v.a.
To wrestle, strive.

pormbele, s. A wrestler, wrangler. 2. a quarrelsome man.

pokańkuni (pokańku), v.a. To learn by looking on others.

pokadē, adv. Without cause, reason, or meaning.
2. for nothing. 3. gratis, gratuitously. 4. for pastime.
5. without success. adj. False, vain, mere, empty.

pokku, s. A game of throwing pebbles in the air and catching them as they fall down. —sā pebbles used in this game. —kāy to play at such a game.

pokkē, s. A sore, ulcer; a blister, pustule. —sā the scar of a sore. —kāy a vehicle or blister to form.

pokkele, see pokkē.

pagatē, see pagatu.

pogāruni, pogaruni, pogaluni, see pogāruni.
poguti, s. A shameless woman.

pogulu, s. Praise, eulogium. 2. renown.
pogē, see pogē.
pogepuni, see pogē.
pogguni (pogadē), v.a. To enter, penetrate or interfere. 2. to pierce.

pogunī, see pogadē.
pogpāvuni, see pogadē.
pogāruni, pogaruni, pojańkuni, pojakuni, see pogāruni.
pojakū, see pojańkuni.
pokonuni, v.refl. To be grieved. 2. to be distorted, as from pain. 3. to rub the face, as in grief or shame.
pojīnū, s. A germ, sprout, bud. —sā rice made of germinated paddy. —sā cashew-nut.
malt, grain steeped in water.

pojenkāvuni, c. v. (of TextField) To strangulate. 2. to cause to knead.

pojeñkuni, pojeñkuni (TextField), v. a. To knead. 2. to shampoo, rub. 3. to squeeze. 4. to strangle. 5. to strang. 6. to strangle.

pojenkele, s. lit. A squeezer. 2. a sycophant, a man seeking to please.

pojenkavuni, seeTextField.

pojja, see TextField.

poštira, see TextField.

poŧtāngelû, s. Anything useless.

poŧtdaṟe, s. A kind of cake made without jaggory.

poŧtī, s. A dumb or taciturn woman. 2. a silly woman.

poŧtū, s. Husk, chaff. 2. a fruit or seed without kernel. 3. a blighted ear of corn. etc. 4. a crack, hurt. adj. Dumb. 2. empty, useless. 3. stupid. 4. injured. —poŧtdaṟe a dry well. —poŧtdaṟe an empty cocoanut. —poŧtdaṟe vain bragging. —poŧtdaṟe a blind eye. —poŧtdaṟe a blind man.

poŧtugati, seeTextField.

poŧtutaṭṭe, potṭudaḍḍu, s. Blighted corn.
podittavuni, see podi.

podiyuni (పొడియుని), v. a. To powder, pulverize.

podumbu, adj. Stupid, stolid. 2. cowardly. 3. sneakish. s. Cowardliness.

podukolu, see podu.

poduku, poduklu, podunkulu, podunklu, poduku, poduklu, s. A tuft; a handful of grass, etc.

podumbe, s. A spiritless man.

poduruni (పొడురుని), v. a. To burn.

potturu, pottum, potturuni, pottum, potturuni (పొట్టరుని, పొట్టరుని), v. a. To kindle, set fire. 2. to incite to a quarrel.

pottenigri, s. Burnt trees.

pottle, s. The testicles.

pottari, s. A burnt cocanut tree.

pottavuni, pottadruni, c. v. (of పొడి) To light, kindle, burn. 3 to light a lamp.

pottalu, the testicles.

pottavuni, podumpulu, podumpu, podumbe, s. A stupid, spiritless man.

podekuni (పొటేకుని), v. a. To regret, repent. 2. to be envious.

podepuni, see podi.

pode, adj. Foolish.

podepele, see podi.

ponakè, see podi.

ponakkè, s. A scab, scurf.

ponaluni, see podi.

pone, see podi.

ponjavu, ponjevu, s. A female in general; a grown up woman. -పనేం to become pubescent. Four classes of females are enumerated by Hindus; namely: ర్యాని, పానియని, సాయని, తాని, or అంటియని, సాయని, నియని, or నియని, సాయని, తాని, ర్యాని, పానియని, తాని.

potta, adj. Hot, burning.

pottari, s. A burnt coconut tree.

pottavuni, pottadruni, c. v. (of పొడి) To light, kindle, burn. 3 to light a lamp.

podukolu, see podu.

podaluni, see podi.

podike, s. Stale food, food prepared for a journey. 2. hoarded money, savings. -పాడని to put up food for a journey; to hoard money.

poidipuni, see podi.

podiyuni, see podi.

podu, s. Relationship or connection by marriage. -పొడియని to propose an alliance by marriage.
podukolu, s. A small broom for broiling કೊಡುಕಲು.
podupuni (ಪೋಡುಪುನಿ), v. a. To broil, parch.  ಪೋಡುಪುನಿ  ಪೋಡುಪುನಿ a broiling pan.
podepulya, s. Parching.  ಪೋಡೆಪುಲ್ಯ ಪಚ್ಚಿಕೆ.
podepavuni, c. v. (of  ಪೋಡೆಪವುನಿ) To cause to put on clothes, to dress.
podepu, s. Wearing apparel; also ಪೋಡೆಪು  ಪೋಡೆಪು.
podepuni (ಪೋಡೆಪುನಿ), v. a. To put on clothes. 2. to brood, as a hen her chickens.

poddana, s. A distant relationship; also ಪೊಡ್ಡಾ ಪೊಡ್ಡಾ.
poddike, see ಪೊಡ್ಡೆಕೆ.
poddalu, poddolu, poddiyuni, podduni, (ಪೊಡ್ಡಾಲು), v. a. To roll, cover, wrap. 2. to encircle, wind, twine.
poddyavuni, c. v. (of  ಪೊಡ್ಡಾಯುನಿ) To cause to roll, cover, encircle.
poddyavuni, see ಪೊಡ್ಡಾಯುನಿ.

poddyavuni, see ಪೊಡ್ಡಾಯುನಿ.

poddyavuni, see ಪೊಡ್ಡಾಯುನಿ.

poyikannya, s. A veil or mask.  adj. Short-sighted.
popyipini (ಪೊಯಿಪಿನಿ), v. a. To twist, as a rope. 2. to tap with a horn, as the tender blossoms of a cocoanut tree for toddy-drawing.
poyimaru, s. Violence, force. 2. extortion, pillage. —ಪೊಯಿಮಾರು an anarchical province.
poyimusulu, see ಪೊಯಿಮಾಸುಲು.
poyilu, s. An abscess.

2. tapping. —ಪೊಯಿಲು to tap the tender blossoms of a palm-bud in toddy-drawing.
poyisalu, see ಪೊಯಿಸಾಲು.
poyyamane, see ಪೊಯ್ಯಮಾನೆ.
poyyuni (ಪೊಯ್ಯುನಿ), v. n. To sit cross-legged; bet.  ಪೊಯ್ಯುನಿ  ಪೊಯ್ಯುನಿ. 2. see ಪೊಯ್ಯುನಿ.
poyyyusulu, see ಪೊಯ್ಯುಯುಸುಲು.
poyye, s. Sand.  ಪೊಯ್ಯೆ coarse sand. —ಪೊಯ್ಯೆ to be afflicted with small measles.
poranjalu, see ಪೊರಾಂಜಳು.
poranhu, see ಪೊರಾಂಧು. 2. see ಪೊರಾಂಧು.
pora

porakaluni, see ṣaṃjña.
porajana, see ṣaṃjña.
porajè, see jñā.
poralu, s. A fife, flute.
poralu, poralu, poralu, s.
Fishy smell.
pori, s. A harrow. 2. a spark. 3. see ṣeṣa.
pori, the whole root of a tree. —ṣeṣa to harrow. —ṣeṣa to lose in the game of ṣeṣaṃs. —ṣeṣa to get broiled, as grain. —ṣeṣa to broil grain.
oripuni (ṣaṃ), v. a. To broil, parch.
oriyuni (ṣaṃ), v. n. To be broiled, parched.
orunuku, see ṣaṃfr.
oruvè, see ṣaṃfr.
oruvelu, s. The under part of a fowl's wings. 2. the side, flank.
oré, see ṣaṃ.
oréuni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
oréuni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
porpuni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
porelu, s. Reeling.
oporluni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
oporpuni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
oporesuni, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
porkal-yuni, porkeluni (ṣaṃg, ļaṃg)
porlu, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
porlu, s. Beauty, comeliness. adj. Beautiful, handsome, fair, pleasant, fine.

porikely, see ṣaṃjña.
opkele, see ṣaṃjña.
porcuni, see ṣaṃjña.
poringolu, see ṣaṃjña.
portu, s. Time, daylight; the sun. —ṣaṃv the sun about to set. —ṣaṃv the sun to set. —ṣaṃv time to pass, to be late. —ṣaṃv the sun to rise.
oréuni, ṣaṃv porteluy, portelu, port-
tyolu, s. The month or time of birth.
opdavuni, c. v. (of ṣaṃvaṃ) To bring together, make friends; to familiarize; to reconcile.
opdu, s. Inclination, leaning of the mind. 2. battle, combat.
opduni (ṣaṃ), v. n. To approach, draw near; to be attached, adhered. 2. to be accessible, sociable, familiar. 3. to be in harmony; to be reconciled. ोष तत्त्वे तस्मात् I cannot cope with him. तदात्त्वे the curse cleaves to him.
opmana, see ṣaṃvaṃ.
oppununi (ṣaṃ), v. a. To pull, pluck off, root up or out.
oplu, s. Beauty, comeliness. adj. Beautiful, handsome, fair, pleasant, fine.
- a handsome boy. - very beautiful.

porle, s. A handsome man.

porvè, s. A wild duck.

porvelu, see porvelu.

polampuni (పలసంపు), v.a. To clean, wash, rinse. 2. see polasu.

polabu, s. Acquaintance.

2. familiarity, friendship. 3. exercise, practice. 4. ability. 5. the outline or plan of a work.

polasu, adj. Dirty, unclean; cf. polavesa.

poli, s. Interest in kind.

2. increase, abundance. -a a farmer to bring home a sheaf of the first crop, shouting (increase! multiply!) to lend rice before the harvest and receive it back with 25 per cent after the season. - to shout while gathering corn in a barn. - to increase.

polikè, poligè, see polige. 2. see poligè.

polipuni (పలిపు), v.a. To break. 2. see polipuni.

polimañè, s. A wooden instrument for levelling and smoothing the flooring of a building, etc.

poliyuni (పలియుని), v.n. To break, be broken.

polisu, see polisu.

poluvè, see polluvè.

polusu, see polusu.

polè, s. Pollution, defilement.

polkè, see pollakattu.

polpuni (పలపుని), v.a. To level and smoothen, as the flooring of a building, etc., with a wooden instrument. cf. solctest to level a courtyard so.

pollakañ-co, s. Mending upon mending, patch upon patch.

pollavuni, c.v. (of emo) To cause to sew or stitch.

polligè, s. Sewing, stitching, needle-work.

poliyuni, polpuni (పలియుని, polpuni), v.a. To sew, stitch, knit. 2. to slander, backbite.

pollu, adj. Devoid of pulp, or kernel, as a fruit. 2. empty, void. 3. timid, spiritless.

pollunâ-ye, polvedâye, s. A tailor. 2. a slanderer.

polluvè, see polluvè.

polusu, s. Interest, gain, profit. 2. luck, good fortune. 3. money in reserve.
pollë, s. Slander, talebearing. —a slanderer, tale-bearer.
polvë, see ə. pols, ə. pols, s. Slander, talebearer.

posa, adj. New, novel. 2. fresh, recent. 3. strange, wonderful, unheard of. The New Testament, Chr. 2. rice of the new crop. 3. a new cloth. 3. a stranger. 2. a new kind; a new path. 3. a new custom, an innovation. 3. a new year. Strange or wonderful news.
posante, see ə.
posatû, s. That which is new, fresh, etc. adv. Newly. To observe the harvest feast.

posataye, posabe, s. A new man, novice.
posâgamë, see ə. posuruni, see ə.

poskê, see ə.
polaâkuni (ə), v. n. To be in distress. 2. to have pity.
poli, see ə.
poliâkê, polikê, s. A present in cash to an actor. 2. bark, skin, peel, crust.

polipuni, see ə.

tu, see ə.

polla, pollu, see ə.
pônkara, adj. Dirty.

pôkri, see ə.
pôkuri, see ə.
pôka, adj. Profligate, debaucherous. 2. mischievous, turbulent. 3. jocose, droll. Profligate, or debaucherous people.
pôkatana, pôkâtîge, s. Profligacy, debauchery. 2. mischief. 3. waggery, drollery.
pôkâla, s. Perdition, ruin.
pôkiri, s. Diminutive of ə. adj. see ə.
pôku, s. Means; end. 2. passing off.
pôkulyû, see ə.
pôke, s. A profligate, debauche. 2. a mischievous person. 3. see ə. 4. a wag, wit; cf. ə.
pôktana, see ə.
pôtû, s. Rivalry, emulation, competition.
pôti, pôtê, s. A woman with a beard.
pôtuni (ə), v. a. To embrace sexually, vlg.
Fear, fright, terror. — to frighten, intimidate, threaten.

To fear, be afraid. to be alarmed, frightened, terrified.

Coincidence in measurement, agreement, likeness. Right, correct, equal, uniform; to give a correct measure of grain, etc., as a seller to a purchaser.

To give a correct measure of grain, etc. 2. to tease, trouble, annoy. 3. to wrestle, quarrel. to wrestle from insolence.

The side slips of a piece of timber.

To cause to measure correctly, as grain.

Speaking irrelevently. 2. plunder, extortion. Irrelevent, impertinent. 2. plundering, extortionate.

To plunder.

A small kind of basket.

Nourishment, maintenance, feeding.

Sunset, evening.

one who observes the custom of taking his supper before sunset, as a Jain. 2. see

Urine.

A demon so called.

A cake of rice flour, etc., baked on a potsherd or iron plate.
Writing a large, crooked hand, as children do.

s. Writing

prakṛṣṭa, s. The present, this time. -क्र for the present.

prakṛṣṭi, s. Nature. 2. the natural state of anything. 3. the root. 4. cause, origin.

prakṛṣṭya, adj. Celebrated, famous; notorious.

prakṛṣṭi, s. Publicity, fame, notoriety.

pračānda, adj. Intolerable, insupportable. 2. bold confident, presumptuous. 3. violent, fierce. -चा a bold, valiant or fierce man.

pračāra, s. Precept, observance.

prajāpati, s. Brahma, the creator. 2. a king. 3. a decent term for the member virile.

prajē, s. People, subjects. 2. offspring, progeny.

prajōtpatti, s. The fifth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

prajvalisuni (प्रजवलिसुनि), v.n. To shine, glitter. 2. to blaze, be inflamed.

prajvale, s. Shining, glitter, blaze.

pranaya, s. Friendship, pratāpa, s. Dignity, majesty. 2. valour, prowess.

pratāpu, s. An old Indian coin equivalent to one rupee.

prati, A Sans. prefix implying Substitution. 2. seve-
35.4 prati
446 pratha

3. direction, designation. 4. belonging to. 5. exchange, return. s. A substitute; a copy. adj. Each, every. —स every day. —स to take a copy.

1. pratikara, s. A remedy, antidote. 2. a return of offices either good or bad. —स to revenge, retaliate.

2. pratikula, s. Opposition, clashing, disagreement. adj. Adverse, contrary.

3. pratijnë, s. Promise, assent. 2. resolution, vow.

4. pratidhwani, s. An echo.

5. pratinidhi, s. A resemblance of a real figure, image, picture. 2. a representative, proxy. 3. a surety.

6. pratinëma, s. Daily religious observance.

7. pratipaksha, s. The opposite side or party.

8. pratiphala, s. Reward; return, requital.

9. pratibandha, s. Obstacle, impediment.

10. pratibandhanë, s. A demoniacal possession. 2. binding.

11. pratibimba, s. A reflection, resemblance or counterpart of a real form, as a picture, image, shadow.

12. pratimë, s. An image, idol, puppet.

13. pratirëpu, s. A picture, image, counterpart.

14. pratilabhà, s. Twofold gain, profit.

15. prativaçana, prativâkya, s. A reply, answer.

16. prativâdi, s. A defendant, respondent.

17. pratishthë, s. Fame, celebrity. 2. consecration. 3. endowment. 4. staying, standing, fixation. —स to be consecrated. —स to consecrate.

18. pratikara, see जिक्.

19. pratikshë, s. Hope, expectation.

20. pratyaya, s. An affix.


22. pratuttara, s. An answer, reply.

23. pratypakara, s. Reciprocated favour, return of good offices.

24. pratyeka, adj. Separate, distinct. —स one by one.

25. pratyekipuni, pratyekasisuni (जेति, जेति), v. a. To separate.

26. prathama, adj. First, prior. 2. chief, principal. —स the third person, gram. —स the nominative case. —स at first.

27. prathame, s. The first lunar day.
pradarśana, s. Showing.
2. explaining.
pradakshana, pradakshane pradakshina, s. Reverential circum-
ambulation around an object of worship.
[tion.
pradāna, s. A gift, dona-
pradēśa, s. A place in
general. 2. a country, dis-
trict.
pradosha, s. The
first
part of the night.
pradhāna, adj. Principal,
chief, superior. — a
high priest.
pradhāni, s. A prime
minister.
prapañcā, s. The world,
universe. 2. illusion, delu-
sion. 3. partiality. adj.
Worldly, secular. — to be partial. there is no distinction at
a dinner table.
prapāta, s. A cliff, preci-
pice. 2. a water-fall. 3. a
bank, shore.
prapāṭha, s. An essay,
literary composition, con-
nected discourse.
prabala, adj. Strong,
powerful. 2. abounding, pre-
vailing. — to become
powerful; to prevail; to
spread widely.
prabhava, s. The first year
in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
prabhāva, s. Majesty,
dignity. 2. power, energy.
prabhāvalē, s. The shrine
of an idol.
prabhu, s. A lord, master,
prince. — power, author-
ity, government.
prabhē, s. Light, splendour,
radiance.
pramatta, adj. Intoxicat-
ed. 2. infatuated, proud.
pramathe, s. An attend-
ant on Śiva.
pramada, see और.ermannah, s. Measure,
size, dimension, quantity.
2. proof, testimony. 3. an
oath. 4. limit. — a
document containing the
terms of an oath. — to take an oath.
pramāṇi, s. A head-man,
chief.
pramāṇika, see और.ermannah,
pramāda, s. Mistake, in-
accuracy. 2. carelessness.
pramādi, s. The thir-
teenth year in the Hindu
cycle of sixty.
pramādiēa, s. The
forty-seventh year in the
Hindu cycle of sixty.
pramukha, adj. Chief,
principal, first. 2. excellent,
best.
prameya, s. Opportu-
nity, occasion. 2. the subject
or topic of a conversation.
A promissory note.

The venereal disease.

Joy, gladness, happiness, delight.

The fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

Endeavour, effort. 2. act, action. 

to try, endeavour.

Sacrifice, oblation. 2. the confluence of the Ganges and Yamuna at Allahabad.

Journey, march. a passenger, traveller. 

to travel, journey.

Labour, trouble, fatigue 2. difficulty, embarrassment. 3. pain.

Endowed with, possessing, as an attribute. postpo. For, on account of.

Consequence, result. 2. the operation or effect of magical or mysterious rites. 3. effort, exertion. 4. act, action. 5. use of a word. 6. the administration or prescription of medicine. 

to be in use, as a word. 

to perform any magical rites, etc.; to administer, as

medicine, poison, etc.; to use, make use of.

A clever man. a worthless man.

Cause. 2. motive. 3. result. 4. occupation, business. 5. profit, use, advantage. 

of use. 

of what use is it? 

useless, worthless.

A general deluge, the world's destruction. the deluge.

Sorrow, lamentation.

An author. 2. an arbiter, judge.

Action, business. 2. conduct, behaviour.

v. n. To be going on, to be in a state of action. 2. to behave, conduct one's self.

Increasing, thriving.

Prophecy, prediction. 

to prophesy, foretell.

A prophet.

A stream cur-
rent; the flowing or course of any thing.

**pravā, s.** Coral.  
_calcination of coral._

**pravā, adj.** Skilful, clever.  
_cleverness, skill._

**pravā, s.** A skilful man, a clever man.

**pravṛttī, s.** Activity, occupation.

**pravā, adj.** Skilful, clever.

**prava, s.** A skilful man, a clever man.

**pravā, n.** Entrance.  
_2. arrival. 3. commencement, as of learning._

**pravā, s.** Praise, flat-terry.  
_2. subject, matter._

**pravā, n.** A question, interrogation.  
_2. soothsaying._

**pravā, s.** A dialogue, catechism.

**prava, s.** A sermon, preaching.  
_2. a discourse, lecture._

**pravā, s.** A preacher.  
_to preach, discourse._

**pravā, adj.** Pleased, delighted, gracious, favourable, auspicious.  
_to be pleased, favourable._

**pravā, s.** Bringing forth or bearing young.  
_2. birth, production._

**pravā, s.** Activity, occupation.

**pravā, adj.** Full grown, expanded, spread abroad, dispersed, increased, more.

**pravā, s.** Entrance.  
_2. arrival. 3. commencement, as of learning._

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_to preach, discourse._

**pravā, adj.** Pleased, delighted, gracious, favourable, auspicious.  
_to be pleased, favourable._

**pravā, s.** Bringing forth or bearing young.  
_2. birth, production._

**pravā, s.** Activity, occupation.

**pravā, adj.** Skilful, clever.

**pravā, s.** A skilful man, a clever man.

**pravṛttī, s.** Activity, occupation.

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**pravā, adj.** Skilful, clever.

**pravā, s.** A skilful man, a clever man.
prastā vāne, s. Commencement, introduction.
prahara, s. A watch, or the eighth part of an entire day and night. 2. a weapon. 3. a blow.
prahlāde, s. A pious son of Hiranyakāśipu.
prālaya, see prastā.
prakshālanē, s. Washing, cleaning.
prānta, prantya, s. Edge, border, frontier, part, neighbourhood. adj. Near, adjacent.
prākū, adj. Before, prior, old, preceding. 2. past. -ś from past time. -ṣ an old account. -ś formerly.
prākrūṭa, adj. Natural. 2. low, vulgar. s. A peculiar dialect of Sanskrit.
prācīna, adj. Former, prior, ancient, old.
prājū, adj. Clever, intelligent. -nantakaya, śa a clever man.
prāṇa, s. Life, vitality. 2. air inhaled, breath. -stru, -stra, -stra, -stra, -strā an intimate friend. -strā a murderer. -strā consecration of an idol. -strā dangerous illness. -strā to die. -strā to be weary of life; to consume one's self. -strutā the five vital airs, or modes of inspiration and respiration.
prāṇi, s. A living being, an animal.
prāתקāla, prātaskāla, s. The dawn, morning.
prāpta, adj. Obtained, gained, received. 2. proficient, efficient. -ṣ to be competent.
prāpti, s. Gain, profit. 2. acquiring, obtaining. 3. success, improvement. 4. power or faculty of acquiring. 5. luck, fate, fortune. -ṣ to happen; to be obtained. -ṣ to be able or lucky.
pramānika, adj. True, of great force, credit, or authority.
prāya, s. A state or condition of life, as age, youth, etc. -ṣ how old are you? ṛṣ middle age, prime of life. -ṣ a young man. -ṣ to be old; to come to age. There is a saying about the different stages of human life; namely:-ṣ to be childishness at ten (years), beauty at twenty, youth at thirty, manhood at forty, dotage at fifty, longing at sixty, a stick at seventy, cripple at eighty,
prostration at ninety, and departure at hundred.

\[ \text{prāya, plava} \]

2. expiation, penance, atonement. — to pay a fine. — to punish, fine; to atone, expiate.

\[ \text{prāyaścitta, plava} \]

2. expiation, penance, atonement. — to pay a fine. — to punish, fine; to atone, expiate.

\[ \text{prārambha, plavanga} \]

2. Commencement, beginning.

\[ \text{prārambhīsuni (plavanga)} \]

v. a. To begin, commence.

\[ \text{priya, plava} \]

2. dear, high in price. 3. see स्त्रिया. — स्त्रिया a beloved companion.

\[ \text{priti, playa} \]

2. Love, affection, regard. 2. delight, pleasure. 3. the second of the twenty-seven astronomical yōgas.
pha, The thirty-fifth letter of the alphabet.

phakire, s. A dervise, Mussulman mendicant. 2. a destitute man. 3. a solitary man.

phakkané, adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

phajiti, see जी.

phatinga, adj. Rude, ill-behaved, unsteady, dissipated. 2. dishonest. —दिर्भ dissipation; dishonesty.

phatinge, adj. A rake, profligate. 2. a dishonest man.

phadiéa, phadéa, s. Settlement, adjustment. 2. determination, decision. —दिर्भ to be settled; to be decided. —दिर्भ to settle; to determine.

phadposu, phadposi, s. Carelessness, perfunctoriness. 2. answering without thinking. 3. getting through a business by hook or by crook. adj. Superficial, careless; also दिर्भ. —दिर्भ a work done anyhow. —दिर्भ a superficial man. —दिर्भ to say more than one knows; to speak at random.

phadáyi, s. Difficulty, great distress.

Ph

phani, s. A serpent, cobra. —दिर्भ a festive ceremony in the name of the serpent-god; also दिर्भ.

phane, see जी.

phatté, see जी.

phayisalú, see जी.

pharaku, s. Discrimination, distinction. 2. recognition, identification; cf. जी. —दिर्भ to discriminate. —दिर्भ to recognise, identify; to inquire.

pharakhatu, adj. Free, unrestricted, well off.

pharari, s. Running away. —दिर्भ to abscond, desert.

pharmánè, s. A mandate, order.

phala, s. A fruit in general, the fruit of any plant. 2. result, produce, consequence. 3. prosperity, thriving. 4. gain, profit, advantage. —दिर्भ fruits. —दिर्भ to be fruitful. —दिर्भ to yield fruit. —दिर्भ to see the consequence of an act.

phalane, pron. Such a one, such and such. —दिर्भ such a work.

phalára, s. A slight repast of fruits or sweets, collation. 2. any food except
rice. —to take some light food.

phali, phalita, adj. Fruitful. 2. profitable. 3. prosperous, thriving. 4. effectual.

phalita, phalipuni, phalsuni (రి), v. n. To yield fruit, be productive. 2. to be successful, profitable. 3. to come to pass, fulfill, as a prediction.

phasali, phasli, s. The current revenue year. (from July to June).

phavuji, s. An army, troops, host.

phayide, see प्रामा. pharikhatu, s. Receipt, acquittance, divorce. 2. payment of a debt.

pha, The thirty-sixth letter of the alphabet.

ba, see प्रामा.

bañ, bañi, see भानि.

bañinayake, s. A honorific title amongst Billa-

vans.

baña, baṇa, see भान. baṅgalè, see भान.

baṅgata, see भानम.

baṅgara, baṅgāra, see भानम.

baṅgāra, baṅgāra, baṅgāra, baṅgāra,

baṅgāra, see भानम.

baṅgarakāyi, s. The Indian acalypha, Aca-

lypha Indica.

phalguṇa, s. The twelfth lunar month.

phitūri, s. Any secret, deceitful or underhand pro-
ceeding, intrigue, conspiracy. 2. instigation, incitement. —to incite. —to intrigue; to betray.

phiraṅgi, see प्रामा.

phiriyādi, phiriyādi, s. A complaint, an accusation in law.

phisū, s. Fees, remunera-

tion.

phurōktu, s. Sale, particularly of stamps.

pheilū, s. A register, file.

pheisalu, see प्रामा.

baṅgalè, s. Bengal.

baṅgāli, s. Jugglery, legerdemain, trickery, impost-
ture. 2. an impostor, cheat.

baṅgī, s. Hemp, Cannabis sativa. —one addicted to hemp smoking. —to becomeintoxicated with hemp. — to smoke hemp.

baṅgudè, s. The mac-
kerel.

baṅgura, see प्रामा.

baṅgulè, see भानम.

baṅgeru, s. A title of
certain old chieftains. 2. a family name amongst the Bants and Billavars.

banjara, banjri, see bangra.

baṅglē, s. A bangalow, residence of an European.

baṅghi, banjappalu, s. Parcel or packet post.

banjana, see banna.

baṅjanataye, s. A demon so called.

banécanē, see bangri.

bančuni, see bangyi.

baṅjara, see banna.

baṅjara, adj. Sterile, barren. —baṅgauncultivated land; waste land. —baṅjan to remain uncultivated.

baṅjara, adv. Heartily, freely, largely. —baṅja to have a hearty meal. —baṅjaka to eat heartily. —baṅjan to serve food profusely.

baṅji, s. The stomach. 2. the belly. 3. the womb. 4. the interior or inner part, as of a tree, etc. 5. the thinner portion of the shell of a cocoanut. 6. the mind, heart. —baṅji a corpulent or clumsy man. —baṅjaka long worm infecting the bowel. —baṅjan voracious, eager; patient, long suffering. —baṅjaka there is nothing to eat. —baṅjaka colic, gripes; fig. envy. —baṅji the stomach. —baṅjaka want food, starvation. —baṅjaka to be hungry; to be distressed. —baṅjan a big belly, potbelly. —baṅjan pregnancy by illicit intercourse. —baṅjan an early stage of pregnancy. —baṅjan to be pregnant. —baṅjan to the belly to subside. —baṅjan the belly to distend. —baṅjan to miscarry, cause an abortion. —baṅjan to digest. —baṅjaka, —baṅjaka to feel a griping pain in the bowels. —baṅjan to fill the belly, to have a hearty meal, hunger to be appeased. —baṅjan to be aggrieved. —baṅjang, —baṅjan to become pregnant through illicit intercourse. —baṅjan to retch, to have nausea, qualm. —baṅjan to cause pregnancy through illicit intercourse. —baṅjan to have looseness in the bowels, to purge.

baṅjina, baṅjina-vu, s. Pregnancy. 2. stools. adj. Pregnant. —baṅjina, —baṅjan to go to stool.

baṅjina, baṅjina, v. a. The belly of a beast or fish.

baṅjināly, s. A pregnant woman.

baṅjibeire, s. A glutton.

baṅjiruni (baṅjiru), v. a. The (distended) belly to subside.
barije, s. A barren woman. 
adj. Barren, sterile.

barijele, s. A glutton.

banjeltana, s. Gluttony.

banjottu, see banjeltana.

bantu, s. Pride, vanity.
2. bragging, boasting.

bantatigè, see bantatigè.

2ofo3 bantu, see bantu. 
1. heroic, courageous. 2. glutinous. 
3. a painter, dyer; fig. a man given to exaggeration. 
7. a painter, dyer; fig. a man given to exaggeration.

to colour, paint, dye; to exaggerate. — colour to fade.

bannaangāiyi, s. A half grown cocoanut.

banntagè, banntagè, 
banntagè, s. A piece of wood driven through rafters to keep them fast. 2. carving, engraving.

banānigè, see bananasara.

bananasara, s. A coral necklace.

bannige, s. A painter.

bandu, s. Shutting, closing. 
2. stoppage, suspension, ceasing. 3. prohibition, forbidding. — to be shut; to cease, stop. — see bandu.
— to shut, close; to secure; to prohibit; to cease.

banda, s. Dough. — to leaven. — to knead flour to dough.

banda, see bandu.

banda-mara, The wild mangosteen tree, Diospyros embroypteris.

bandagi, s. Slavery, servitude.

bandana, bandana, bandanè, see bandana.

[plant. 

bandanigè, s. A parasitic

bandaryu, s. A port, harbour. — to make a port, to anchor.
**bandi**

s. A kind of neck-ornament of gold.

**bandi**
s. Imprisonment, confinement. 

temporary confinement. 

a prison, jail, imprisonment, confinement.

**bandikolu**
s. A pair of cudgels used by a gymnast.

**bandivane**
s. A prisoner. 

criminal, culprit.

**bandi**, **bandu**, **bande**, see **banduku**.

s. A gash, deep incision.

s. To be afflicted. 

to be involved in troubles. 
to afflict, torment, trouble.

**bannatigè**, see **bannanigè**.

**bannanigè**, see **bannatigè**.

**bannālū**, see **bannatigè**. 

a family name. 3. lineage.

**bannimara, bannemara**

s. The tree *Mimosa suma*.

**bampelu**

s. The thorny part of a palmyra branch.

**bambu**

s. Layers of the fibrous coverings of a plantain tree. 2. the bamboo.

**bamburi**

s. A small kind of oyster.

**bambè, bambè**

s. The core or inside stalk of a plantain tree. 2. flattery, false praise. 3. prattling. 

the rind of a plantain. 

to work for nothing or in vain.

**bammana**

s. Slander, backbiting. 

**bammaniyuni**, see **baka**.

**baka**

s. A crane. 

a loud talking person. 

a glutton.

**bakabaka**, adv. Voraciously, eagerly. 

to swallow eagerly.

**bakala**

s. A gash, deep incision. 

to be gashed.
Mimusops elengi; also 457.

The tree

The tree Mimusops elengi is also called. 2. a glutton.

457

To straddle, stand astride.

The name of a giant.

The crackling noise of conflagation. —... a fire to blaze with a noise.

(he says) "come son", while inwardly regards you with jealousy.

A monk.

A large mouth; a glutton.

A large ship. —... a man in trouble.

A man in trouble. 2. trouble, difficulties.

malignant abscess on the back.

To ask repeatedly.

The armpit, the side from the armpit to the hip. —... to put or keep under the arm; to misappropriate.

To devout.

Parting the hair in the middle of the head by combing. 2. combing the hair into curls. 3. the crown of the head. 4. a chaplet.

A sheep, jungle sheep.

A sheep, jungle sheep.

A sheep, jungle sheep.

Barking.

Barking.

Raving, wandering in mind, talking irrationally. —... delirium, insanity.

To bark, clamour, vociferate. 2. to rave, talk irrationally.

Distress, anguish, sorrow. 2. trouble, difficulties. —... a man in trouble.
bagaru, s. Seasoning.

bagasuni ( Wagdi), v. a.
To desire.

bagu, see  

bagutale, see  

baguluni, baguluni, see  

bagë, s. Kind, manner, way, species. 2. means, resource, income. - to have property, stock, means, or substance. - to acquire wealth; to pay off; to do a favour; to commit mischief.

bagebagë, s. Rank, grade, class. adj. Diverse, various. - a variety of goods.

bageyuni, bageyuni, bagevuni ( Wagdi), v. a. To think, suppose, guess, imagine. - to deceive, intend evil, play the traitor. he intended to ruin me.

bagu, baggu, baggu, s. Flattery, praise. 2. backbiting, tale-bearing. - to flatter; to bear tales.

baggavuni, c. v. (of  ) To cause to stoop, make bend, cower.

baggi, s. An iron hook pointed at its both ends.

bagguni ( Wagdi), v. n. To bend, bow, stoop. 2. to yield, submit.

baggele, s. A bending or crouching man.

bagtale, see  .

bagte, see  .

bagyë, postp. For, on account of.

bacavu, s. Protection, deliverance, escape. to escape. to seek protection. to protect, save.

bacéa, s. A fault, mistake. 2. a young, as of an animal. 3. see  . a calf of not more than a year. to pay a fine.

bacángiyi, s. The water-melon, Cucumis citrullus.

bacángely, s. Tiredness, fatigue.

bačéanê, see  

bačéalé, bačéalé, see  .

bačéavuni, c. v. (of  ) To cause to dry, fade, stunt. 2. to tire, fatigue.

bačéirê, s. The betel leaf. a betel salver. a venomous insect found on betel leaves. a bundle of about one hundred betel leaves. to chew betel leaves; to make peace. or , or , or , or , or , or , or , or  are varieties of betel leaves.

bacéuni ( Wagdi), v. n. To become lean, thin. 2. to
dry up, evaporate. 3. to be weary, tired, fatigued.  
- the hands and legs to be tired.  
- to falter in speaking; to be thirsty.  
- to get tired; to grow lean; to be dried up, as a well.

**baccelu**, s. Fatigue, weariness, tiredness.  
2. Leanness.  
3. Ebb; cf. 

To be weary, tired, fatigued.  
3. to be weary, tired, fatigued.  
- to take rest, refresh one's self.

**baccelle**, s. A thin man.

**baja**, see 

**bajanu, bajana, bajanee**, see 

**bajabaja**, adj. Moist, moderately wet or softened with water.  
- cattle-fodder soaked in water.

**bajavu**, see 

**bajani, bajanigee**,  
- A broom, besom.  
2. cleanliness, freedom from dirt, etc.  
3. a plain, open ground; cf.  

**bajanyuni** (s), v.a.  
To long, wish; be greedy.

**bajayisuni, bajaysuni**,  
To beat, strike.  
2. to eat heartily.  
3. to do anything freely, without restraint.

**bajari**, s. A harlot, whore, prostitute.  
2. an immodest or indecent woman.

**bajavu**, s. Dried leaves etc., used as fuel.  
2. beating  

**baji**, adj. Empty, mere, only.  
2. vain, useless, false.  
- an empty hand.  
- an utter falsehood; an unfounded report, etc.

**bajipuni**, see 

**bajilu**, s. Paddy, moistened, dried, broiled, and beaten into wafers in a mortar.  
- a kind of grass.  
- a kind of wreath made of similar wafers of gold.

- a mixture of sweet-flag and butter.  
- to apply the paste of sweet-flag to the tongue (of children to improve articulation).

**bajani**, see 

**bajji**, s. A mode of preparing certain vegetables by baking them in embers, a kind of condiment.  
- to prepare the above.

**bajjeyi**, s. The arecanut, betel-nut.

**bajra**, see 

**batuvade, batavade**, s. Distribution of money, etc.

**bata, bat**, adj. Open, wide.  
- an open plain:  
- a highway.
bataté, s. A potato.
batāni, s. A kind of pease, *Pisum sativum.*

batuvādi, see adj.
batuvē, s. A bag, purse, satchel; cf. जेट.
batoju, s. A sack, bag.

battu, s. The foreskin.

battā, s. A globe, sphere. adj. Circular, round. 2. see जेट.
battalū, s. A plate, esp. of bell-metal.
batti, s. A ratan basket. 2. a still, kiln, distillery. 3. distillation. 4. a kind of scolopendra. दश to distill.
battē, s. A cloth in general, garment. 2. a road, path.
batte, see रुं.
batoju, see जेट.
battvāde, see जेट.
batvē, see जेट.

badutaruni, badətruni, badytruni, badypuni (20, 20, 20, 20), v. n. To ascend, climb, mount. दश to ascend a hill. दश to climb a tree.

bada, adj. Poor, indigent. 2. lean, thin. दश, दश, दश poverty, indigence, leanness.

badantaruni, see adj.

badakāyi, s. The North, adj. North, northern. दश the north point.

badakka, adj. Sudden, abrupt.

badatana, s. A marriage, wedding among Pariahs; cf. डा.

badataruni, badatunu, badapuni, see adj.

badabada, s. The noise of a drum. 2. babbling garrulity. दश to babble.

badavu, s. Hunger, appetite. दश to be hungry.

badave, badastana, see under डा.

badayi, s. Boasting, bragging. दश to boast, brag.

badayunsuni, badāyisuni, badāsuni (2020, 2020), v. a. To augment, increase, enlarge. v. n. To increase, thrive, prosper.

badāla, see डा.

badāvu, see डा.

bādi, s. The fold of a garment. adj. Folded. दश double, two-fold.

badikally, s. A stone slab on which a washerman washes his clothes. 2. an anvil.
badi badigë, s. Carpentry. 2. a carpenter; also ಬಿದ್ಯಮಯ.  
badipuni, ಬಡಿಪುಣಿ badiyuni (ಬಿದ್ಯುಣಿ), v. a. To strike, beat, thrash.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ badiyara, see ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.  
badi badu, s. A stick, cudgel. -ಸಾ, ನ ಬಡದ ಟೊಂಕತ್ಷೆ to beat, flog.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ badupuni (ಬಿದ್ಯುಣಿ), v. a. To climb; cf. ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.  
badi baude, s. A pimp, procurer. 2. see ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.  
badi bade, adj. Thin, lean. -ಸಾಳ ಪಡೆ ಟೊಂಕತ್ಷೆ to become thin.  
badi badekane, s. A large coffer, cash-box.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ badesöpu, s. Sweet-fennel, Anisum fæniculum.  
badi baddu, adj. Blunt, edgeless.  
2. dull, stupid, obtuse. s. Bluntness, dulness, stupidity. -ಸಾಳ a blunt knife. -ಸಾಳ ಟೊಂಕತ್ಷೆ to become blunt. -ಸಾಳ ಟೊಂಕತ್ಷೆ to get dull or obtuse.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ baddupuli, see ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.  
badda, see ಬಡಿ.  
badji, s. Interest on money. -ಸಾರ್ ರೂಪಗೂಡೆ principal and interest.  
-ಸಾರ್ ರೂಪಗೂಡೆ compound interest.  
-ಸಾರ್ ರೂಪಗೂಡೆ to pay interest. -ಸಾರ್ ರೂಪಗೂಡೆ to lend on interest.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ badiyuni (ಬಿದ್ಯುಣಿ), v. n. To fly, run away.  
baddie, s. A stupid man, dunce. 2. a refractory man.  
ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ badtaruni, see ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.

badyuni, see ಬಡಿಯುಣಿ.  
banumpu, s. A kind of timber tree, Terminalia coriacea.  
banana, see ಬಂಧ.  
banangayi, see ಬಂಧ.  
banajige, s. A Lingait merchant. 2. a Lingait.  
banabè, adj. Light, not heavy. 2. weak, imbecile. s. A stack.  
banalè, see ಬಂಧ.  
banari, s. A tear, sob.  
banî, s. Colour, hue; cf. ಬಂಧ. 2. breed, kind. 3. wages.  
banupu, see ಬಂಧ.  
banupu, see ಬಂಧ.  
banapu, see ಬಂಧ.  
banumpu, s. A gander, duck. -ಸಾಳ well boiled rice; a glutton. -ಸಾಳ all kinds of metals.  
batta, see ಬಡಿ. 2. see ಬಡಿ.  
battada, see ಪಟ್ಟ.  
banatalè, adj. Naked, uncovered, without clothes. -ಸಾಳ nakedness.  
banaligè s. A quiver.  
banalè, s. An inferior kind of tobacco.  
battasù, s. A kind of sweetemat.  
batti, s. A wick, candle, match. 2. a cigar, cheroot. -ಸಾಳ a wax-candle. -ಸಾ
to make a cigar. — to twist the wick of a lamp. — to smoke a cigar.

The business on which one has come.

A kind of fish; also  

see  

see  

see  

see  

see  

A kind of fish; also  

see  

see  

A large sore. 2. a carbuncle; cf.  

badamba,  

deficient, not strong.

badanâme,  

badanê,  

The brinjal plant,  

Solanum esculentum, or  

S. melongonica), or  

the love-apple.

badabada,  

Loosely, not tightly. — to dress loosely.

badari,  

badari, badari-kâsrâma,  

The residence of Vyasa.

badarikê,  

badaritana,  

Dishonour, defamation.

badalû,  

Exchange, compensation; cf.  


tit for tat, retaliation. — a contradiction. — see  

badalâmu,  

badalâmu,  

Disrepute, ignominity. 2. responsibility, risk. 3. a false accusation.

badalâyisuni (mw, r.a. To change, alter. 2. to exchange, substitute, barter.

badali,  

A substitute; cf.  

act. Acting. — an acting appointment.

badâmû,  

Almonds.

badâlu,  

see  

badi,  

A dowry.

badi,  

see  

badiyelu,  

A side-bone, rib.

badire,  

Deaf.  deafness.
badirengi, see baya.

baya, adj. Thin, watery; also adj.

badukavuni, see baya.

badukuni, see baya.

badeukuni, v.n. To dangle, as a weak limb.

badeungala, see baya.

badda, adj. True, certain.

2. bound.

badda, see baya.

badramushthi, see baya.

badri, see baya.

badrikè, badrigè, see baya.

baddha, adj. Tied, bound.

2. astringent.

badlamu, see baya.

bana, s. A grove, pleasure garden. a thicket haunted by serpents.

banampu, see baya.

banalè, s. A kind of frying pan. adj. Thin. a thin kind of cloth.

banaty, s. Woollen cloth, broad cloth.

banayisuni (baya), v.a. To invent, forge, fabricate, as a false document, etc. 2. to prepare, as a dish.

banari, s. Saliva or juice of fruits drivelling about the corners of the mouth, etc.

banavine, s. Invention, forgery, fabrication. adj. Forged, fabricated, false, fictitious. to forge, fabricate.

banavu, s. Agreement, concord.

bani, see baya.

banekeri, see baya.

bappaŋayi, boppayi, s. The papaw fruit, Carica papaya.

bapparu, s. Obscenity. adj. Obscene. obscene language.

bappu, s. Stupidity, senselessness. adj. Stupid, simple.

bappe, s. A simpleton, stupid man, glutton.

babbirimani, s. A kind of fish.

babborye, s. A demon so called. its shrine.

babrapuri, s. Disorder, confusion.

bamana, s. Backbiting.

bamanipuni (baya), v.n. To backbite.

baya, see baya.

bayambu, s. Chaff, shell. 2. a hollow, hole. adj. Hollow. to become hollow.

bayakuni, bayasuni (baya), v.a. To long for, desire eagerly.

bayakè, s. Desire, especially the longing occasioned by pregnancy. to en-
tertain sumptuously a pregnant woman. —ןב améric a ceremony observed in the fourth or sixth month of pregnancy.

Bayi, see הלו.

Bayitaçu, see חלפ.

Bayiné, see חלפ.

Bayirásù, see חלפ.

Bayilpì, see חלפ.

Bayilarè, s. Very low fields which are under water in the rainy season and yield only one crop.

Bayya, s. Evening, eventide; also חלפ.

Bayyàta, s. Abusing.

Bayyunì (חלי), v. a.
To perch, roost.

Bayyelù, s. Running.
2. riding. —כเกษ to ride a horse, etc. —כเกษ to run, as cattle, etc.

Bayyoli, s. A walk. —כเกษ to take a walk.

Bara, s. Famine, scarcity. 2. coming. 3. weakness. —כเกษ a time of famine, dearth.

Bara, s. Divorce, dissolution of marriage. —כเกษ to divorce a wife. [sloping.

Barákánè, adj. Steep.

Barángayi, s. Boundary, limit, shore.

Baràntù, s. Scurf, leanness. adj. Scurfy, scabby. 2. scaly, as the skin. 3. lean, thin. —כเกษ, —כเกษ a scurfy jaundice, scurvy. —כเกษ a disease of children. —כเกษ to grow thin, scabby.

Barántuni (חלי), v. n.
To grow dry, become lean or thin. 2. a sore to heal.

Barambù, see חלפ.

Baraku, adj. Full, filled, complete.

Barakattù, s. Success, prosperity, thriving, blessing, fortune, luck.

Barakala, see חלפ.

Barakelu, s. Inundation. 2. see חלפ.

Baradù, adj. Useless, unprofitable, vain. 2. barren, childless. 3. (imperat. of חלפ) let (him, etc.) come; see חלפ. —כเกษ an old she-buffalo past milking.

Barani, baràntè, s. A china jar. 2. the trough of a water-lift.

Barata, see חלפ.

Barati, see חלפ.

Baranà, adj. Scarcely coming or occurring; rare, unusual.

Baranyuni (חלי), v. a.
To curse. 2. see חלפ. v. n. see חלפ.

Barapuru, adj. Full, plenty, ample, brimful.

Barabara, s. A noise, as of rain pouring on a palm-
leaf umbrella, or of parching paddy over a fire.

**bara**, s. A boundary.

**barabar**, s. Respect, honour, reputation.

**baravanigē**, s. Composition, style.

**baravasa**, see ज्ञान.

**bara**, s. A small excavation in a well or tank for water to collect in. 2. see ज्ञान. —चुंबन to make such an excavation.

**bara**, see ज्ञान.

**bara**, see ज्ञान.

**bara**, s. A kind of firework.

**baranigē**, s. Agreement, coincidence, as between any two measures of grain, etc. 2. fulness, completeness. 3. see ज्ञान.

**bara**, see ज्ञान.

**bara**, s. Coming, haste.

**bara**, adj. Right, proper, just. s. Equality. 2. good order or arrangement.

**bara**, s. Writing, manuscript. 2. learning. —कम्प्ट थे to be able to read and write.

**bara**, (ज्ञान), v. n. To be benumbed. तंत्र— the foot or leg to sleep, to have numbness.

**bara**, s. A carpenter's forked instrument.

**bara**, s. Side, border.

**bari**, see ज्ञान.

**bari**, s. Lineage, descent, family, race, tribe. —ज्ञान, —ज्ञान, —ज्ञान relations.

**bariṅka**, s. A small kind of deer.

**bari**, बारी, karika, barikē, adj. Hard (distinguished from soft), as the pulp of a fruit. —ज्ञान a hard kind of mango.

**bari**, see ज्ञान.

**bariparṇḍu**, adj. Almost ripe.

**baripuni** (ज्ञान), v. a. To gash, cut, scratch. 2. to trim, as the border of a field.

**barimunu**, s. A kind of fish.

**bariyuni** (ज्ञान), v. n. To encase a bottle, jar, etc., in a kind of net-work.

**barita**, adj. Full, complete.

**baru**, s. Boast, brag. adj. see ज्ञान.  [सूचा]

**baruvē**, see ज्ञान. 2. see ज्ञान.

**bara**, s. A mud-wall round the premises. —कम्प्ट to erect such a wall.

**bara**, s. Branding the arm, etc., with a piece of red-hot copper in certain diseases. —ज्ञान, —सूचा to brand in this way.

**bara**, बारा, बारा, see ज्ञान.

**baregalā**, see under ज्ञान.

**barejana**, s. Low caste people. 2. talkativeness.
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bare

bareta, s. A line, mark, scar. 2. a wale, stripe. creases in the hand.
barepavuni, c. v. (of baret) To dictate, cause to write. a schoolmaster.
barepini (bare), v. a. To write, draw.
bareluni (bare), v. n. To starve.
barepuni, c. v. (of barep) To cause to starve.
baroni, see bare.
barobari, see bare.
barka, adj. The noise of rending a cloth.
barkatu, s. Prosperity, thriving.
barkala, see bare.
barkasu, adj. Bad, mean, base, vile; unpromising.
barkatu, s. Rising, breaking up, as an assembly.
barkè, s. A title among the Bants. 2. see bare.
barkena, adj. Solid, fast; 2. see bare.
bargattu, adj. Reduced, weak.
bargattavuni, c. v. (of barangat) To neglect, waste.
bargattuni (barangat), v. n. To run waste, be ruined.
bargottu, s. Threatening, menacing. 2. frowning.
bargottuni (barangat), v. n. To threaten, menace 2. to frown.
baranè, s. A comb.
barci, s. A spear.
baruni (bare), v. a. To comb.
barcel, s. One who devours food in haste.
barjuni (bare), v. a. To strike, beat. 2. to reprove, rebuke. v. n. To be obstinate, stubborn. to refuse obstinately to do a thing.
barta, see bare.
barti, see bare.
bardaslu, s. Consolation, comfort.
barpavuni, c. v. (of bare), To let come, cause to bring. to give trouble, tease, vex.
barpini v. n. To come, arrive, arise. 2. to bring. 3. to happen, befall. c. dat. To acquire, get; to understand. 2. can. he will be wise. I understand Tulu. I can read and write.
barpuduni, see bare.
barpuni, see bare.
barpura, see bare.
barphi, s. A kind of sweetmeat.
barbary, s. Noise, bustle. barmu, see barmunḍe. barmunḍe, s. A very poor widow. barluni, see barvè. barvè, s. A kind of fish. barsa, s. Rain. to rain. barsa, s. Rain. to rain. barve, s. A kind of fish. barsa, s. Rain. to rain. barsa, s. Rain. to rain. barluni, see e5e;o$. bala, s. Strength, power, might, force, influence. bala, s. A coarse net-work of rope, in which pots and other vessels are suspended from the beams of a house. a noose to tighten the vessels so suspended. balaŋku, s. A day of fasting previous to Krushṇa's birthday. reduced. balaŋjuni (e5e;5), v.a. To roll up. balaŋtuni (e5e;5), v.a. To grope, search in darkness; to feel, stroke.

balambāyi, s. Wide mouth. balaŋkara, s. Force, violence, constraint, exaction. balapuni, see e5e;o$. balabāyi, s. The bamboo of a roof just above the entrance of a house. to hang upon it. balabhadrе, s. Krushṇa's elder brother. balamuri, s. Turning to the right hand. a rare conch that winds to the right. balayi, see e5e;o$. balarāме, s. Krushṇa's elder brother. balavantigē, s. Force, violence, compulsion, pressure. balavante, s. A strong, or powerful man. balavatte, s. An unequal pair. balavu, s. Potstone, glimmer, slate; also a slate pencil.
bala, adj. Loose, slack; phlegmatic. —to become loose.

balasuni (balasuni), v. a. To serve food.

balahina, adj. Weak, impotent. —weakness. a weak man.

balandi, s. A female demon.

balage, baladige, baladhye, see bali.

balatkara, see balatal. balapini (balapini), v. n. To gain strength; to recover health.

balabala, balabalike, s. Strength and weakness. 2. the strong and weak points of a case.

balabalmè, s. Strength.

balayi, s. A pestle used for pounding. 2. arrogance.

balayisuni (balayisuni), v. a. To transgress.

balara, s. The rounding of the edges of a table or other wood-work. 2. see bal.

balalu, adj. Useless. s. see bali.

balalù, a frame of bamboo sticks with torch-lights at their tops, carried in a procession.

balasù, adj. Loose, not tight.

balasa, s. The phlegmatic temperament.

balalié, see bali.
baliruni (助攻), v. n. To develop, as the fetus, in the womb.

balishta, adj. Strong, firm, powerful. —स्तstrong, powerful people. वा a powerful man.

balu, adj. Very, large, great.

2. severe, violent. —स्त to be powerful; to be violent.

balu, s. A palm which does not yield toddy.

balumara, s. A palm.

balummu, s. A kind of fish.

bale, s. The rapiers of bamboos fastened cross-wise to the rafters of a roof. 2. see अत.

balepuni (助攻), v. a. To enclose, surround. 2. to besiege. 3. to hem. v. n. To be distressed, vexed. वा to ensnare. वा to entangle one's self or to get entangled.

balevodu, s. A kind of fish. 2. the broken mouth of a vessel.

balendriye, balendre, s. A celebrated king of giants.


balkatti, s. A large knife.

balkè, see अत. 2. see अत.

balgè, see अत.

baleatù, s. A kind of fish. 2. a coarse kind of bread offered to demons.

baldè, baldemnu, s. A kind of fish.

balmana, s. Preparation.

2. decoration. अत to be ready for eating; to be decorated.

balmè, s. Strength, prowess, might. 2. soothsaying, augury.

baleukri, see अत.

balepu, s. Closing an opening or passage in hunting, by which a beast can escape.

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baleukri, see अत.
ballu, s. A rope, cord.
balla, see बल्ला. 2. see बल्ला.
बा० बाली, बा० बाली, बाली, s. A baron or nobleman.
बा० बाल, def. v. neg. Cannot. (posit. बा०) नहीं- I cannot. नहीं- cannot see.
बा० बाले, s. A thicket, bush. 2. see बाले.
बा०, बा०, बा० बाव, बावना, बावर, s. Birth, origin, existence.
बा० बवत, see बवत.
बा० बवना, s. Cooked rice.
बा० बवरो, बावरो, बवरो, बवरो, बवरो, s. See बवरो.
बा० बवु, s. Barking. 2. see बाव.
बा० बवरु, बा० बवरु, बवरु, बवरु, बवरु, s. See बवरु.
बा० बवुसा, see बवुसा.
बा० बसा, s. Strength, the marrow or serum of the flesh. adv. At once. झूठे to become weak. झूठे to put at once or suddenly.
बा०, बा० बसक्कु, बसलु, बसलु, adv. Forcibly, violently. झूठे झूठे to draw violently.
बा० बसबसा, s. Gushing, flowing in a stream. झूठे झूठे to throw up much blood.
बा० बसरु, s. A village near Kundapur. झूठे झूठे lit. the arbitration of Basruru; an indefinite or unsettled arrangement, pro.
बा० बसले, s. The Malabar nightshade, Basella alba.

basava, basave, s. An ox; Siva's steed.
बा० बसलु, बा० बसलु, बसलु, adv. At once. झूठे झूठे झूठे to throw, pour or cast at once.
बा० बसी, s. A porcelain dish or plate.
बा० बसियू, see बसियू.
बा० बसु, बा० बसु, बसु, s. Pregnancy.
बा० बसुला, s. A wale, stripe.
बा० बसे, see बसे. 2. see बसे.
बा० बस्ता, adv. At once; cf. बसे.
बा० बस्तद, s. An abode. 2. an inferior kind of fame.
बा० बस्ती, s. A Jain temple. 2. an abode, lodging. झूठे झूठे to people, colonize.
बा० बस्मा, see बस्मा.
बा० बससा, s. Overflowing.
बा० बससो, बा० बससो, बससो, s. A hero, warrior; a noble or high-minded man. 2. a title of honour; cf. बससो.
बा० बससो झूठे a gold pagoda.
बा० बसहला, adj. Abundant, much, many, numerous. adv. Abundantly. झूठे झूठे often, many times.
बा० बाही, adj. Without. झूठे झूठे public, abroad, outside. झूठे झूठे to become public. झूठे झूठे outside.
बा० बाहिकरा, s. Expulsion, ban, excommunication. झूठे झूठे to excommunicate.
**bahu, adj.** Much, numerous, many. 2. severe, violent. —*much* work. —*many* sorts or ways. —*very* nice. —*polytheism*.

**bahuḥ**, s. The twelfth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

**bahumāna,** s. A gift by a superior to an inferior. 2. reward, recompense. 3. honour. *adj.* Honourable, respectable.

**bahumātra,** s. Diabetes.

**bahuvācaṇa,** s. The plural number.

**bahuṣa,** adv. Probably, perhaps. 2. often, in many ways, for the most part.

**bahuḍa,** s. The dark lunar fortnight.

**bala,** *see* 20. 2. *see* 27.

**balaṇṭuni,** *see* 2580.

**balaṇkani,** s. Mches of a net; a noose for tightening the vessels suspended in a net-work of rope.

**balaṇku (śuḥ),** *v. n.* To quake, shake, shiver. 2. to bend, curve, stoop. 3. *see* 2284.

**balaṇke,** *s.* Boasting. 2. *see* 2742. 3. *see* 2231.

**balaṃka,* s. The sound of vomiting. 2. a large piece of a cocoanut kernel.

**balaṇa,** s. A quantity, heap, multitude, body. —*relations*.

**balanikē, see* 2747.

**balaṇa,** *see* 2742.

**balaṇṇaḥ, see* 2747. (of *ārya*) To make grow, rear, bring up.

**balaṇpu,** *s.* Growth, growing.

**balaṇpuṇi (osoph),** *v. n.* To grow, shoot up, be enlarged.

**balaṇara,** s. A kind of cornice, ornamenting the beam on a wall, window or door-sill.

**balalikē, s.** Tiredness, fatigue, exhaustion.

**balavāli,** *see* 2743.

**balasuni (osoph),** *v. a.* To serve out food. 2. to use, have in common use.

**bali,** *see* 26. 2. *see* 27.

**baliṃkē, s.** Familiarity, acquaintance, intimacy, common use. *adj.* Common, familiar, usual.

**balikoṭṭu,** *see* 2743.

**balivali,** *see* 2743.

**balumbūru,** s. A kind of creeper.

**balukuni,** *see* 2743.

**baluvali,** *s.* A wife’s dower, bridal gift. 2. pursuing. —*to* give dowry.

**baluviṇke,** *see* 2742.

**bali,** s. A bracelet. 2. a hoop. 2. the edge or rim of a vessel. 3. the reepers or slips of bamboos used to
fasten the rafters of roof.

double reepers. a single reeper. — bale, see balepuni.

balepuni, see bale.

balyaru, see balyaru.

bally, see bally.

a seer, measure of capacity equal to about one seer or eighty tolas; in comp. bale, bale, halare, hale, halare, hale, halare (bale). halare, halare, halare are the modes of reckoning from one to ten seers.

ballaye, s. A master.

ballale, see ballale.

ballu, s. A creeper, particularly the betel vine. — to plant betel vine.

bali, s. A crane.

banku, s. A poniard, dagger.

banka, adj. Huge, gaudy. — banka a gaudy turban.

bankad, s. Retching. — to retch, be qualmish.

banki, bauki, bauke, s. A trumpet, horn. — to blow a trumpet.

banku, s. A bench.

baku, bangu, bang, branch, bang, bangu, banga, bangu, s. A call for prayer among Mussulmans. — to cry out, call for prayer.

bangavuni, c. v. (of bangani) To cause to bow or stoop.

banguni, v. n. To bow, stoop, lean on one side; cf. bangani.

binda, see binda.

bindu, see bindu.

bindu, bindi, banti, banté, see bindi.

bandu, s. An embankment, mound. 2. a boundary stone. — to raise a mound.

bandhave, s. A relation, kinsman.

bandhike, see bandhike; cf. bangavuni.

bampelu, see bampelu.

bambè, see banku.

bambelu, s. A crack, crevice, hole. 2. a large mouth. — a wide ear.

bakarù, s. A walking stick, with a curved top.

bakyai, see bakyai.

baki, s. Balance, remainder, rest, surplus.

bakimaru, baka, bakyaru, s. A large open field in front of a house.

bailu, s. A door, gate. — a large gate. — a wicket, small gate. — door-hinges. — to open the door. — to shut the door.
baku, s. A Pariah husband.

bāgu, s. A garden.

bāga, see bāka.

bāgādige, bāgi, s. A coparcener, shareholder.

bāgikallu, s. A resting place.

bāgemara, s. The sirissa tree, *Acacia speciosa*.

bāguni (bāg), v. n. To bow, stoop, lean.

bāga, see bāka.

bācanigē, s. A comb.

bādi, s. A wedge. 2. see bāde. 3. to take a little from a heap.

bājīnga, see bājīngā.

bājīngē, s. A clown, rustic, simpleton.

bājuni (bājē), v. a. To scoop or gather up. 2. to cut lengthwise. 3. to trim a palm leaf. 4. see bājīlu.

bāde, adj. Curved in front. 2. oblique. adv. Obliquely. 3. a horn curved in front. — to chip.

bājana, s. Any vessel, as a pot, cup; a dish.

bājārā, bājāra, s. A bazaar, market place.

bājī, s. An adze, a carpenter’s axe.

bājige, bājīda-ye, s. A musician.

bājīra, (corrup. of bājira) A bazaar, shop, etc. — an armlet.

the counter of a native shop.

bājirāpu, adj. Very much. — about eight feet long; very long.

bājiraye, s. An eminent man.

bāju, s. The arm. 2. side. — an armlet. — to get out of the way, make way, step aside.

bājē, s. Music; a musical instrument.

bājelyu, s. Thirst. 2. a drink. — the head of a Pariah gang, who has the honor of taking round the pot of toddy at a drinking party. — to be thirsty. — to give to drink. — to drink.

bājra, see bājē.

bājre, s. A rich merchant.

bātanē, bātanē, s. Food, meat, provision. — to place food for a demon. [colg.]

bātu, s. A pimp, procurer.

bādanēkēlu, bādanēgēlu, bādante- lu, s. Withering, leanness; depression; paleness; decay. adj. Withered, dejected.

bādanē, s. A bribe. 2. drying in shade; cf. bādāne.

— partially dried paddy;
**badli**

*cf.*  

- to bribe.  
- to dry.

**bădăyī**, s. Rent, hire, freight.  
- to let.  
- to fix rent, hire, or freight.

**bădāvuni**, c.v. (of  

To make dry or fade.

**bădī**, adj. Faded, withered.

**bădīgē**, see 

**bădu**, see 

**bădunī** (băda), v.n. To fade, shrivel, wither, die; also  

**bāna**, s. The sky, heaven, air.  
2. an arrow.  
3. a bow.  
4. a rocket.  
5. a water vessel. 
*adj.* Striped.  
- a bitter kind of fruit.  
- a swallow.  
- a rainbow.  
- a female's striped cloth.  
- a sky rocket.  
- a rocket, wheel-fire-work.  
- to throw rockets, let off fire-work.  
- to shoot an arrow.  
**bāna** (bāda)  

lit. an earthen oil-pot in the sky, (riddle); a palm fruit.  
**bāṇa** (bāda)  

lit. a knife in the sky (riddle); a tamarind pod.

**bāṇanti**, s. A lying-in woman.  
- puerperal disorder.

**bānakānṇu**, s. A side-glance, blinking.  
- one who blinks.

**bānalu**, **bāṇalu**, **bālalu**, s. Darkness.  
2. blindness, dimness.

**bānale**, s. A border, edge, as of a boat.  
2. see 

**bāne**, see 

**bāṭu**, see 

2. see 

**bāta**, see 

**bāṭi**, s. Resemblance.  
2. see 

**bātumē**, s. Spying.

**bāda**, s. Affliction, distress, torment.

**bādary**, see 

*adj.* Heroic; excellent.  
- a small island near Uḍapi.

**bādarabettē**, s. The nut of taliput palm.

**bādarayāne**, Vyāsa.  
the compiler of the Vedas.

**bādāmu**, s. An almond, *Terminalia catappa*.

**bādi**, adj. Heavy.  
- to become heavy.

**bādu**, s. A fence, file.

**bāduru**, see 

**bādē**, s. A kind of drum, used by Pariahs.

**bādbakkana**, s. Making distinction in common affairs.

**bādri**, s. A kind of barley
badhaka, s. Inconvenience, annoyance. — to be inconvenient.
badhala, s. A door.
badhipuni (अंड्य), v. a.
To afflict, distress, torment.
badhiyuni (अंड्य), v. n.
To be affected, as by one’s sin, etc.
badhala, s. A door.
badhipuni (अंड्य), v.
To afflict, distress, torment.
badhya, adj. Related to, entitled to; incumbent on.
badhya, s. An heir; a claimant.
bana, see बना.
bane, s. A hill, or jungle near a rice-field. — a rice-field situated on a high ground.
bapu, s. A father.
bapangeli, bapelu, s. A swelling, inflammation, sore. adj. Swollen.
bapavuni, c. v. (of बपु) To cause to inflame.
bapu, s. A swelling, tumor, abscess. —, — or —, —, —, —, —, — are different kinds of abscess.
bapuni (अंड्य), v. n. To swell.
bapelu, s. Swelling; cf.
bayi, s. The mouth. 2. the edge of a knife, sword,
etc. 3. speech, utterance. 4. an opening. यो— see योकमेम. जो— see जोकमेम. जो— the corners of the mouth. जो— hand and mouth. जो— a loud noise. जो— a large mouth. जो— a harelip. जो— a large knife. जो an itchy mouthed man; a quarrelsome man. जो— bitterness of the mouth; hatred. जो— sweetness of the mouth; flattery. जो— a loquacious man. जो— spittle. जो dispute, quarrel. जो— learning by heart. जो— an oral communication, verbal message; a promise. जो— a sore mouth, ulceration of the mouth. जो— a clamorous man; an indiscreet man. जो talking loudly or haughtily. जो— a cover, the lid of a vessel. जो— a fetid breath. जो— taste, appetite. जो— mental arithmetic. जो— savoury, palatable. जो— to open the mouth, yawn, gape. जो— to burn the mouth to burn. जो— to turn the mouth of a vessel. जो to overcome in argument; to silence; to prescribe diet. जो— to muzzle; to observe regimen; restrain the appetite; to shut the mouth; to fasten the mouth of a bag, etc. जो— to vociferate, talk loudly; to open the mouth. जो— to guard one's mouth; to refrain from returning abuse. जो— to be of age, as an animal when it has got its complete set of teeth; a sore, etc., to be perfectly heal. जो— to feed, nourish. जो— to bribe; to poison one's meal. जो— to be entangled in a plot, etc., to fall a prey to one's rage. जो— to fix a price definitely; to pass word; to make a promise. जो— to be able to speak. जो— to make one speak out, cause to confess. जो— to open the mouth; to speak out, disclose, reveal, confess; to cry, as in danger, etc. जो— to cease to speak, as a dying man. जो— the mouth to itch; to be quarrelsome. जो— to make an opening; to bawl out; to scold, rebuke. जो— to rinse, gargle. जो— to shut, the mouth, to hold the tongue. जो— to deceive, defraud.

श्रेय bāryu, s. Paddy. — श्रेय see श्रेय.

श्रेय bāra, s. A thong, strap. 2. the upper leather work of sandals. 3. see श्रेय.
**bara**

s. Overgrowing, over-ripeness.

**barage**

s. A title of Bants.

**barrade, bårane**

s. Stripping the bark of a tree, or cutting it lengthwise. 2. a comb. 3. see barradu.

**baraddu**

s. The difference of weight in the two scales of a balance.

**barapini**

(of bari), v. n. To be fruitful.

**baravuni**

c. v. (of erodo) To cause to chip.

**bari**

s. Bamboo splits fastened lengthwise to the rafters of a roof from both sides.

**bari**

see 3, 5.

**barunu**

(sreS), y. a. To cut, chip, trim. 2. to comb the hair.

**bare**


**bala**


**bala**

s. A kind of fish.

**balka**

s. The thrashing floor, barn.

**barka**, see 2, 3.

**barn**

s. An offering of food to a demon. 2. a meal after fasting, breakfast.

**barpani**

s. A comb.

**bardunu**

see 2, 3.

**barli**

s. Barley.

**bali**

s. A razor. 2. a pointed, double edged, short knife tied to the foot of a cock in cock-fighting. — are some of the varieties of the same. — the long feather of a cock. — the sword and other gear of a demon. — a barber's case containing his shaving instruments. — to tie a short knife to the foot of a cock in cock-fighting.

**bala**

bala, s. The new moon.

balanakṣatra, s. A comet.

bālasara, s. A female's earring.

bālasāvuni, (ਅਰੋਕਤ), v. a. To dispise; cf. ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bālaharade, s. A small variety of gall nut.

bālasāvuni, c. v. (ਅਰੋਕਤ) To export. 2. to administer, rule.

bāluni (ਅਰੋਕ), v. n. To run over, go out. 2. see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāle, s. A child. ਜੀੜ੍ਹ — a new-born child.

bālemīṇੂ, s. A kind of fish.

bālke, s. A companion, comrade.

bālji, s. A demon so called.

bālī, s. A bucket.

bālya, s. Childhood, infancy; also — ਸੀਅਟੋਂ, — ਸੀੱਅਟੋਂ. adj. Young, tender.

bāva, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāvate, bāvutē, s. A banner, flag, ensign.

bāvaḍe, s. An earthen lid or covering of a vessel.

bāvaḍepatī, s. The marginal rapier of a roof, pole-plate.

bāvanē, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāvali, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāvu, s. Inequality of sur-

face, unevenness, bend, curve, as of a plank, tree, etc. 2. see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāvuduni, v. a. (ਸਰੋਕ) To turn up a rice-pot after the gruel has been strained off.

bāve, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāvē, s. The cream of milk. 2. the pulpy kernel of a tender cocoanut. 3. a film on the eye. ਡੀੱਖੀ a fine earth floating on the water; cf. ਤੋਂਕ.

bāvoli, s. A bat. 2. an ornament worn by women at the tip of the ear.

bāsī, adj. Plain, unstamped.

bāsāta, adj. Talkative, eloquent.

bāsarevuni (ਸਰੋਕ), v. n. To talk in sleep.

bāsinga, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāhulya, s. Abundance.

bālu, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bāluka, bālaka, s. Thin slices of plantains fried in oil, called sovereigns.

bāla, see ਸਾਰਕਾਰ.

bālavuni, c. v. (ਸਰੋਕ) To make thrive, prosper.
báluga, see báluga.

báluni (v. & n.), To thrive, prosper. 2. to exist, subsist. 3. to last, endure. 4. to sow seed.

To thrive,

prosper.

2. to exist,

subsist.

3. to last,

endure.

4. to sow seed.

báluna, báluné, bálune, &c., to bálù, bálù-vikè, bálùvé, bálkè, báltara, bálte, bálvé, see bálùka.

bálùka, s. Boldness, courage. 2. pride, haughtiness.

bálunga, s. Talc, soap-stone.

bítare, bítari, s. A battlement. 2. intoxication.

bítare, bítari, bítari, s. Raving. 2. self-conceit. adj. Delirious; vain; also bítare, bítari, bítare, bítari, bítare. -bítára to rave, talk irrationally, as a mad man. -bítára to be wild, furious, as a mad man.

bindi, s. A kind of cake.

bindu, bindu, binda, s. A drop. 2. a dot, mark. 3. semen virile.

bindi, s. A small earthen pot.

binna, see binna.

binnana, adj. Quick, fast, speedy. adv. Quickly, speedily. -bindi fast walking.

binnatalè, s. A written memorial, petition or letter addressed to a superior.

binnana, s. Work, labour.

binnaya, binnaha, s. A request, petition.

binné, s. A kinsman, relative. 2. a guest.

bimba, s. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. form, shape, figure. 3. a reflected or represented form, shadow. 4. see bimma.

bimbali, bimbili, bimbuli, s. The bilimbi tree, Averrhoa Bilimbi.

bimma, s. The lip. -binna a man with a harelip.

bimmage, bimmane, adv. Tightly, firmly.

bikari, s. A beggar, pauper. adv. Poor, destitute. 2. low, mean.

bikky, s. Holding one's breath, as when making a strong effort, straining. 2. a sob.

bikkanasi, see bikkanasi.

bikkavuni, c. v. (of bikkuni) To cause to hold breath, as when making a strong effort; to strain.

bikkuni (v.), v. a. To hold one's breath. 2. to give little by little. to happen with difficulty; to have a premature birth. to give reluctantly, little by little.
bikke, s. A man who hesitates in speaking.
bikkelu, adj. Deficient.
2. rotten. a useless or rotten egg (prov.).
bikkele, s. A man of mean disposition.
3. a mischief-maker. 4. an obstinate man.
bigute, see s3A.
bigupuni, see 83^4.
bigurlu, odfo. Late in the night.
biga, see st.
biga, see s3.
bigatá, adj. Tight.
bigaá, s. Taking offence.
2. disagreement, difference, discord, disunion. adverse counsel or decision. to talk adversely.
bígañ, bigañ, bigaduní, bigadñuní (83^o, 83A), v. n. To be offended, take offence. 2. to change, alter, as one's opinion or sentiment. 3. to abandon, forsake, as a side or part. the mind was disturbed.
bígary, see s3A.
bigalè, see s3A.
bígi, s. Tightness, tension.
adj. Tight, fast, rigid. 2. difficult, hard. 3. obstinate, stubborn. to tie fast; to rivet. to make fast or tight.
bigipávuni, c. v. (of 83^o) To cause to fasten.
bigipu, s. Fastening, tightening.
bigipuni (83^o), v. a. To tie, fasten, tighten. to hold fast.
bigiyuni (83^o), v. n. To become fast or tight.
bigu, see s3.
biguta, s. Tightness, tension. adj. Tight, fast.
bicéa, adj. Drawn, unsheathed, as a weapon.
bicéa, see s3A.
bicánigè, see 83^4.
bícáta, s. Bursting, breaking or flying open.
bícávuni, c. v. (of 83^o) To open, unfasten. 2. to split.
bícukatti, s. A drawn sword.
bícuni (83^o), v. n. To burst, fly open, become loosened; also 83^4.
bicéelu, adj. Broken, split, cracked.
biccéló, s. A coiled piece of palmyra leaf put in the ear.
bicéva, s. A double edged sword; cf. 83^o.
bichánè, s. A bedding, mat, carpet. 2. the straw bed of a horse.
bija, see s3A.
bija, see bija.

bijanțu, see bija.

bijakrē, see bija.

bijagrē, see bija.

bijaya, see bija.

bijala, s. A monstrous speech.

bijalu, see bija.

bijaldi, s. A midwife.

bijagri, s. The hinges on which the lid of a chest, etc., turns; also bija.

bijikū, s. A clacking sound.

bijikrē, see bija.

bijigē, see bija.

bijigrē, see bija.

bijipu, adj. Thin, watery.

bijibijī, adj. Greasy, gummy, sticky.

bijilu, s. The matter of a sore, pus.

bijiluni, bijelu-ni (बिजलूनि, बिजेलूनि), v. a. To bear, bring forth, as a child. v. n. To suppurate.

bija, see bija.

bijun, bijuni (विजुन, विजुनि), v. n. To ooze; cf. bija.

bījē, s. A kind of venetian blind made of split bamboo or cane.

bijanigē, see bija.

bijāyi, see bija.

bijẹn, bijjelyuni, see bija. bitti, see bija.

bittē, s. The excrement of sheep, goats, rats, etc.

bidāvũ, s. A ruling instrument of carpenters.

bidāyisuni (बिदायिसुनि), v. a. To enclose, put in, fill.

bidāra, see bija.

bidēlē, s. A cat.

bidē, bidikē, bidigē, see bija.

bidita, see bija.

biditē, s. The chorus of a drum-beating to a vocal music. 2. intrigue. —जवाल to beat a drum; to put on a mask; to disguise.

bidugāde, see bija.

bidugu, s. A coquette.

bidugubajaryu, see bija.

bidē, s. Shame, modesty.

bidē, see bija.

bittu, s. Seed. 2. the kernel of a nut. 3. the testicles. 4. progeny.

bittigē, s. Sowing.

bittuni (विद्दूनि), v. a. To sow seed.

bidūry, see bija.

bida, see bija.

bidi, bidiyē, see bija.

bidigē, s. The second day in a lunar fortnight.
To loosen by itself.

A particular sort of seed. 2. sort, kind, class.

management of cultivation.

Bidding, s. Letting out, out going.

A squint eye.

A squint eyed

Household furniture, baggage.

A kind of tree.

A kiss.

A kiss.

A badge of honour.

A Toddy-drawer.

Velocity. 2. a kind of firework. adj. Clever, skilful, dexterous. 2. hard, stiff, rough.

Cleverness, ability, prowess.

A skilful man, an able man.

A bill. — a sign; cf. bila

A hole, cave.
Bila

Bila, adj. Heat, warmth, esp. of the sun. 2. see बिना.
बिसु, see बिगाड़.
बिसलो, s. Sunshine.
बिल, adj. White.
बिकझें, see बिकाड़.
बिसलो, s. A gathering, assembly. 2. dross, alloy of iron. बिलार्य—stallage.

बिलारा, s. Tin; iron vessels plated with tin.
बिलिंबी, see बिलिंबी.
बिलावला, s. Glass, porcelain.
बिलुकुल, बिलुकुल, बिलुकुल, adv. Never, not at all, by no means. 2. universally, entirely.
बिले, s. Price, value, worth. —किलो— to cost. —मात्र— to estimate, fix the price. —यो— to buy, purchase.
बिल्प्रेटें, बिल्वप्रेटें, बिल्वप्रेटें, s. The bael tree, Aegle marmelos.
बिलु, see बिलु.
बिलले, s. Anything made in a flat form, as a tablet or lozenge, a peon’s badge, etc. 2. a pane, panel. स्वेत— a lozenge of sandal paste. —स्वेत— a peon.
बिल्वा, see बिल्वा.
बियी, see बियी.
बिसस, s. A knife.
बिससरुनी (बिससरुनी), v. n. To slip, tumble.
बिसले, बिसले, बिसले, s. An earthen vessel. उब— a small earthen vessel. बड़ा— a large earthen vessel.
बिसतु, s. Regard, concern, care for. क्या मेरी अफसर होगी आपकी क्या मेरी अफसर होगी आपकी what do I care for you?
बिसाइनेन्यु, s. The cord of a fishing net.

बिसी, adj. Heat, warmth, esp. of the sun. 2. see बिना.
बिसु, see बिगाड़.
बिसलो, s. Sunshine.
बिल, adj. White.
बिकझें, see बिकाड़.
बिसलो, s. A gathering, assembly. 2. dross, alloy of iron. बिलार्य—stallage.

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bidi, s. A cigarette.

bidi, s. A herd of loaded cattle. 2. the pile of their burdens.

bidi, see bidi. 2. see bidikè.

bidi, s. Shame, modesty. 2. agitation, nervousness, fear.

bide, s. The Indian lute. 2. a harmonium.

bide, adj. Tough, indissoluble, as overboiled jaggory.

bide, s. Intoxication. adj. Intoxicated, drunk. intj. O drunkard! -bide to get drunk.

biti, see biditi.

bidi, s. A street, gate.

bodi, see bidisi.

bipaluy, bipali, s. A fisherman.

bipu, s. Casting, throwing. 2. blowing of wind. 3. waving hands. -bipu a casting net.

bipunigi (bipuni), v. a. To cast a net. 2. to throw, sling, as a stone. 3. to throw up earth. 4. to wave the hand. 5. to wash or cleanse rice. v. n.

To blow, as wind; cf. bire.

bipe, s. A king, ruler; a cruel man. [lady.

bibi, s. A Mohammedan.

bime, see bime.

bimu, s. A beam.

biya, see biya.

bida, s. A jar, jug.

biri, s. Beer.

birudari, see birudari.

bira, s. Vanity, conceit. 2. baseness, wickedness. 3. a panegyric, eulogy. 4. heroism, bravery. 5. mischievousness, trick, knavery. adj. Vain. 2. panegyrical. 3. mischievous. -bira a mischievous person. -bir to humble, humiliate. -bir, -bir to boast; to sing the panegyric of a demon. -biri to lead a mischievous life; to get worse; to be troublesome.

birauniji (birauni), v. a.

To collect, heap up.

biravuni, see biravuni.

biri, s. Conflagration of a jungle or hill. -biri a forest or hill to be on fire.

biruniga, biruni, baryuni (biryuni), v. a. To scatter, disperse. 2. to brag, boast, parade.

bire, see bire.

bila, s. A tail. -bila cubebs, or Chinese pepper, Piper cubeba. -biva to walk behind one; cf. bibi.

bisa, adv. Quickly, rapidly, fast; straightly. -bisa to go fast.

bisakallu, s. A millstone; a hand-mill.
**bisa**

1. A fan.
2. Fanning. 2. net-fishing. — to fan.
3. A fisher.

**buđa**

1. A female's ornament worn in the tip of the ear. — a small flower plant with yellow blossoms.
2. net-fishing. — to fan.
3. A fisher.
4. to cast. v.n. To blow, wave; cf. **burijipuni**

**bunnu**

1. A fragrant powder used as a perfumery.
2. Anything reduced to a very fine powder, as flour, etc.

**bukitu**

1. A basket.
2. Compulsory or unrequited labour. — task work, forced labour, perfunctory work.

**bunju**

1. Softly.
2. to suck as children.

**bussage**

1. In cash, ready money. 2. in a round sum.

**butti**

1. A basket.
2. Compulsory or unrequited labour. — task work, forced labour, perfunctory work.

**buda**

1. The bottom or stump of a tree. 2. origin, cause, foundation. — beginning.
2. to ruin one (prov.).

**budandë**

1. Without intermission, incessantly; cf. **budakanë**
2. heavily, with force; cf. **budakanë**
3. to dive suddenly.
4. to rise suddenly.
budakka, see buddha.

budapatta, adj. Irregular.

budalé, s. Ease, freedom.

budara, s. A temporary abode, lodging.

budibele, see aotisSeeS.

budu, budukatty, see aotisSeeS.

budumba, adv. Hastily.

bududari, s. The remarriage of a widow or of a divorced person.

bududali, s. A rover.

budupavuni, c. v. (of To loosen, untie. 2. to release, emancipate, deliver.

budupini (వై), v. a.

budupini, see budruni, see aotisSeeS.

budru, see aotisSeeS.

to set to, set on, as men to work, dogs to fight, etc.; to appoint to a work.

9. to uncover, expose, make bare, as any part of the body. v. n.

To become loose, dishevelled.

budugade, s. Liberty, release, freedom.

budupini, see budruni, see aotisSeeS.
buna, s. A peg.

bunupu, s. A straight branch. — a handle made of such a branch.

bunuppu, bunpu, s. Heel-tendon. 2. see bunuppu.

butty, see butt.

buttayi, see buttayi.

butti, s. Stale food. 2. food put up for a journey.

buttuni, see buttuni.

butte, s. Semen virile.

budulé, see budulé.

buda, see bud.

budali, see bud.

budara, see budara.

budubudu, s. A bubbling or gushing noise of water.

budulé, buduli, buddali, buddoli, s. A skin bottle.

buddyante, budyande, s. A wise, sensible, or prudent man.

budha, s. The planet Mercury. — the influence of Mercury on one's fortunes; good luck; prosperity.

budhavāra, s. Wednesday.

buddhante, see buddhante.

buddhi, s. Intellect, sense, understanding. 2. knowledge, wisdom. 3. advice, admonition, reprimand. intj.


bunādi, s. A foundation. 2. origin, cause. — to dig a foundation. — to build a foundation. — to lay a foundation.

bunipu, see bunipu.

bunu, see bunu.

buru, burané, buru, buruburu, see buru.

buruji, see buruji.

buruju, see buruju.

burudè, s. A bottle, made of the shell of a cocoanut, gourd, etc. 2. the skull. 3. an inkstand. 4. a snuff-box.

lit. to behead; to cut off; to revenge.

burudè, see burudè.

burusu, s. A brush.

burelyu, see burelyu.

buru, burre, burru, burrané, burru, s. The noise of a bird's wings in flying, etc.

burky, burku, s. Sipping noise. 2. the noise of breaking wind downwards.
burka

zoos?

bule

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bunkuni,

sec

- burji, s. Confusion. — to be confused.

burju, burdu, s. A stone-dam; bastion.

burtavuni, see संताता

burdè, s. Mud, mire.

burnāsu, adj. Tasteless, insipid. 2. decayed, spoiled. 3. useless, worthless. — decayed or worthless rice. — a worthless man.

bunusū, s. A kind of leveller.

burma, burmu, s. A gimlet.

bursu, see संताता.

bulaku, see संताता.

bulakuni, see संताता.

bulara, adj. White, striped with black.

bularē, bulārē, s. An ox striped white and black.

bulākū, s. A jewel, worn by females between their nostrils.

bulāvuni, c. v. (of बुलविन्दु) To open wide, as the eyes.

bulipuni, see संताता.

buluni, v. n. To be open.

bule, adj. Fermenting. 2. see बुले.

bulekali, s. Sour toddy.

buleti, see बुलेती.

bulepini, see संताता.

bulpakki, bulbulpakki, s. A kind of bird.

bulpuni, see संताता.

bullāvuni, c. v. (of बुलविन्दु) To enlarge a sore, etc. 2. to split, make a crack.

bulluni (बुलुनी), v. n. A sore or wound to enlarge. 2. to crack, slit.

buvana, see संताता.

busu, busubsu, bussu, s. Gasping, panting. 2. hissing. adj. Sullen. — to hiss. किंचित् the face to look sullen.

bussu, s. Hissing; the noise of pouring water from a water-lift; also मिन. बुलिनी.

bulante, see संताता.

bulambu, see संताता.

bulakū, s. Brightness, shining.

bulu, see संताता.

buluni, see संताता. 2. see संताता.

bulē, s. Standing, growing corn, a crop. — reaping of a crop. — the present of a small quantity of new corn, etc., made by a tenant to his landlord during the harvest season. — the harvest time. — to reap corn.
bule, (fr. बुलेति) adj. Full grown, ripe; cf. बुलिय. बुलेपुडुलु, बुलेपुडुलु, c.v. (of बुलेति) To make grow, rear, raise, as a crop, etc.

To make grow, ripen, be ripe.

To grow, ripen, be ripe.

To cry, as from fear or being possessed of a demon.

A cry, lamentation. 2. the noise of any animal or bird. 3. clamour.

To cry aloud, shout, exclaim.

(bul)uni, see बुलु.

To cry, shout, exclaim.

(bul)uni, see बुलु.

To make pay or retribute, to avenge, revenge.

bute, see बुते.

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grand entertainment. — a gift of money to a large number of mendicants. — majority.

būrī, see būrige.

būrige, s. A kind of sweetmeat.

būru, s. A creeper, climbing shrub. — the lower part of the ear. — vine.

būruga, s. The tree *Eriodendrum anfractuosum*; also see būrile.

būruduni, see būrule.

būrutāvuni, see būrule.

būruni (मुरुणी), v. n. To fall. 2. to be caught in a snare. 3. to be overthrown, defeated. 4. to die. — to fall down, prostrate, salute. — to fall on the knees. — to suit, agree; to consent.

burele, s. A weak-legged man.

būrūṇi (मुरुणी), v. a.

To spread evenly, as grain for drying, or earth to level the ground. 2. to level, flatten.

būrīvuni, see būrune.

būrtē, see būrī.

būrṇavuni, see būrune.

bulinga, s. Malice, hatred, envy; revenge. 2. disparagement, detraction, censure. — to revenge.

bengal, s. The red sandal-wood *Pterocarpus santalinus*.

bengarduni, see bengarduni.

bengarē, bengre, s. Bank, shore, margin. — a shore resorted to by smugglers.

bengali, s. The dregs, refuse, lees. adj. Drunk, intoxicated. 2. capricious, whimsical. — a drunkard, sot.

bengali, s. Boiled toddy.

bengiri, see bengiri.

benguni (मुरुणी), v. n. To repent, be sorry. 2. to feel pity, compassion, commiseration; also see bengun, benguṇa.

bengoditēde, s. A kind of fish.
bejanta, see बेजाना.
bejarn, बेजर्न bejana, bejanna, s. Curds, curdled milk.
bejat, बेजात bejda, bejdu, s. Pith, a light and spongy plant growing in water, Aeschynomena aspera. 2. thinness, leanness, lightness. adj. Thin, light; emaciated. —तं to become lean, thin, light, emaciated.
bejat, बेजात bendu, bendu, s. Pith, a light and spongy plant growing in water, Aeschynomena aspera. 2. thinness, leanness, lightness, adj. Thin, light; emaciated. —तं to become lean, thin, light, emaciated.
bejath, बेजळ bendil, s. The esculent okra Abelmoschus esculentus. —सु its fruit.
bejath, बेजळ bendekku, j. The tree Lagerstroemia microcarpa.
bejath, बेजळ bendoli, s. The bush Physalis indica.
bejath, बेजळ bendolē, s. A hollow kind of gold ear-ornament.
bejath, बेजळ bennē, s. Butter.
bejath, बेजळ bentar, see बेतान.
bejath, बेजळ bente, s. A class of Pariahs.
bejath, बेजळ benter, s. High water tide.
bejath, बेजळ, बेजळ, बेजळ bendur, bendiru, benniru, s. Hot water. 2. a tepid bath. 3. a bathroom; also —तं तं तं to bathe in hot water.
bejath, बेजळ benni, bennē, s. Land under cultivation. 2. agriculture. —तं तं a cultivator, farmer. —तं to cultivate; to rent a land for cultivation. —तं to finish cultivation.
bejakire, bejakre, s. Dried leaves, used as fuel.
bejar^, see dea^.
betuni (betu), v. a. To cut, circumcise.
betê, adj. Middling. -a timid or weak man.
bedangi, bedagu, s. Surprise, wonder. 2. see z^.
bedaguni (bedu) v. n. To wonder, be surprised. 2. to behave.
bedage, s. A charming man.
bedi, s. A gun. -saltpetre. -gunpowder. -to fire a gun.
bedebedê, s. The sound of a broken vessel.
bennê, see z^.
bettu, conj. However, but. 2. afterwards. -what then? what news?
betta, s. A rattan, stick, cane. -a rattan basket.
bettu, bettu^, bettu^, see z^.
bedupu, bedupu, s. Erysipelas, an inflammatory eruption.
bedûru, s. A bamboo. -a kind of grass.
bedanke, see z^.
bedâru, beda^, bedrê, s. A start, fright, fear, alarm.
bedaruni (bedu), v. n. To be alarmed.
bediyuni (bedi), v. n. To be surprised.
bedê, s. Surprise, astonishment, miracle. -fear. -to be surprised, astonished.
benake, s. Ga^a. 2. the name of a man; also z^.
benni, see z^.
benpini (bedu), v. a. To labour, work. 2. to cultivate. to support one's self by labour.
beppu, s. Moderate heat, lukewarmness. 2. feverishness. adj. Lukewarm. 2. feverish. -to heaten.
beppuni (bedu), v. a. To stab.
bappe, see z^.
bebbê, s. Inarticulateness, speaking in broken, indistinct accents.
bemaru, see z^.
beyipini, see z^.
beyipelu, s. Boiling. adj. Boiled.
beranka, s. Cleft, chink.
beranna, berannu^, berannu^, berannu^, beran^, berakanni, berakanu, s. Cracks on the sole of a foot.
berankally, s. The backbone.
bera

beraṅgade, adv. Late, afterwards.
beraṅgai, adv. Finally.
berantu, berantu, berantu, see berantu, berantu. 2: see berantu.
berakā, see berakā.
berakē, s. A mixture, compound.
beragā, s. Wonder, amazement. -ṣa to be amazed.
beraguni (बेरागुनि), v. n. To be amazed, astonished.
beranē, s. A Brahman.
beramē, see beramē, beramē.
beravuni, v. n. To be mixed, mingled.
berasū, s. An admixture.
berasuni (बेरासुनि), v. a. To mix, mingle.
beri, s. The back. -ङ् to follow, pursue. -प्त to turn back; to flee, run away; to backslide. -ङ्, -ङ् closely, at the heels, just behind. -ङ् to follow closely.
beriṅkallū, s. The backbone.
berisāya, s. Support, aid, patronage, strength.
beru, s. A marten.
beresuni, see beresuni.

bela

bēlē, see belē.
belē, s. A devil-dancer; one possessed with Kāli.
bellē, s. Jaggory. -खों jaggory in tablets, sugarcane-jaggory. -खों- palmyra jaggory. -खों सेब, -खों सर सय to boil juice of sugarcane, treacle.
bellapatre, see bellapatre.
Bellamullu, s. A kind of tree.
Bellolli, s. A tender leaf of a palmyra. 2. see ṣeṣṣṣu. Ṣeṣṣṣu bevarṣi, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Besar, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Besapu, besarpu, besrapu, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Besigè, s. Soldering gold or other metal. -ṣṣṣu a soldered ornament. -ṣṣṣu to solder.
Besiyuni, beseyuni (ṣṣṣu), v. n. To get hot. 2. fig. to be angry or haughty.
Bessuni, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Belakāra, s. Borax.
Belagū, s. Brightness, splendour.
Belagavuni, c. v. (of ṣeṣṣṣu) To make shine; to polish.
Belaguni (ṣeṣṣṣu), v. n. To shine, glitter.
Bē, pref. Without, dis-. -ṣṣṣu, -ṣṣṣu disrespect, dishonour, etc.
Bēkē, s. Heat, sultriness. -ṣṣṣu to become sultry.
Bēgarē, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēnāa, s. The tree Plerocarpus tantalusinus.
Bēnōi, s. A bench.
Bēntē, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēntary, s. Change of smell or taste. adj. Unsavoury. -ṣṣṣu a bad smell, offensive smell of the body.
Bēkīli, bēkīlē, bēkīlyu, bēkīlē, bēkīlyu, s. The upper part of a roof. -ṣṣṣu the loft of a bath-room, used as a granary. -ṣṣṣu a bath-room with such a granary. -ṣṣṣu seed stored in such a granary.
Bēkhubu, adj. Stupid, senseless. ṣeṣṣṣu a stupid man.
Bēga, adv. Speedily, quickly, soon. s. see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēgade, s. Tinsel, brass leaf or foil.
Bēgari, s. Compulsory labour.
Bēcē, bēcē, bēcē, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēcilī, s. A kind of pumpkin.
Bējā, adj. Improper, inconsistent, unsuitable, bad. -ṣṣṣu an improper act.
Bējaru, s. Weariness, fatigue. 2. disgust, offence, vexation, annoyance.
Bējūi, see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēti, see ṣeṣṣṣu. 2. see ṣeṣṣṣu.
Bēdave, s. A fowler. 2. a poor man, beggar.
Bēdi, s. Fetters, chains, hand-cuffs. -ṣṣṣu to fetter.
Bēduni (ṣeṣṣṣu), v. a. To beg, ask, beseech, entreat.
Bēdē, s. The keystone of an arch. 2. abounding in thorns.
...full of thorns. — to fix the keystone; to finish a work.

A demon supposed to haunt dead bodies and cemeteries.

Separate, different, distinct, other. — to become separated. 2. to separate; to change.

Secret information. — a spy. — to give secret information. — to spy, pry. — to know a secret.

Disrespect, incivility, insult. — to speak rudely, or insultingly.

A kind of medicinal seed.

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beruni (bery), v. n. To be waved, lifted up, as the hand. v. a. To lift up, as the hand.

bera, to trim a light.

beralā, to throw or pile up earth.

bera, to row a boat.

beranjitt, s. A large kind of lobster.

beréri, berēji, bērōji, s. Land-revenue. 2. amount of assessment.

beredamara, s. The croton tree. Croton tiglium.

bērpuri, see beru.

bēlayudha, s. A lance, pike.

bēli, s. A hedge, fence.

bel, a post or pole of a hedge.

bēlē, s. Work, labour; cf. bel. — to work.

bēvārisi, adj. Unclaimed, without a claimant. — and unclaimed property.

bēvu, s. The Neem or margosa tree; also bhāru. 2. see beru.

bēvuni, see bhuvan.

bēvūru, s. A foreign country.

bewu, s. besu, adj. Good, proper, well; excellent, agreeable.

bēsappu, see besu.

bēsarū, s. Fatigue, weariness, vexation, disgust. adj. Fatigued, weary. — to get tired, be weary. — to rest.

bēsaya, s. Cultivation, agriculture, farming; bet. "sāvā.""sāvāsāvā"

bēsi, see besu.

bēsigē, bēsya, see bēsya.

bēsurpu, see besu.

bēsoppu, s. The curry leaf - Bergera kānigii; cf. besya.

bēle, s. Split pulse. 2. one-eighth of a rupee. 3. a liquid measure of about six seers.

bei, s. Straw. — a stack.

2. see bhāru. — to thrash.

beikku, adj. Dull.

beimbigē, beimbu, s. A reindeer; a boar. 2. see beikku.

beik, s. Delay, stay. adj. Soft, delicate. adv. (abbrev. of beikku) In the evening.

beikaddi, s. A female demon so called.

beikattē, s. A sickle.

beikāllu (beikākē), s. The stone or stones at the mouth of a well.
beike, see बेयूँ.

beiceru, s. A Malabar physician.

beitu, s. Stay, sitting.

beitadu, s. A flail, thrashing stick.

beitabaryu, s. An inferior kind of paddy, obtained by beating straw.

beitari, s. A very inferior kind of rice.

beitalale, s. Vortex, top, summit.

beidande, s. A beam put across the mouth of a well to stand upon when drawing water.

beidurli, see बेयूँ.

beide, s. A toddy-drawer; fem. बेयूँ.

beiderlu, beiderlu, s. The demons Koti and Cennaya, said to have been the sons of a Billavar father by a Brahman wife.

beiya, see बेयूँ.

beina, beini, s. The bastard sago palm, Caryota urens.

beinali, s. A demon so called.

beipa, s. Obliquity, slope.

adj. Oblique, sloping.

beipanë, s. A manger.

beipini, beipuni (यूँ), v. a. To chip or pare obliquely. 2. to cut, reap. 3. see बेयूँ. 4. see बेयूँ.

beimuga, beimu-gē, s. Shyness; shying.

beimruga, s. A lair.

beiya, beiyya, s. Evening. न, देश in the evening. देश the four-o’clock flower, Mirabilis jalappa.

beiyuni (यूँ), v. n. To perch, roost.

beiyeli, s. Riding. 2. skipping, romping, as boys.

beiraanga, see बेयूँ.

beiravu, beirigē, s. An instrument for boring; cf. मेयूँ.

beirave, see बेयूँ.

beiragi, s. An ascetic, mendicant.

beirasu, s. An upper or over cloth, a bath-towel.

beiri, s. A kind of kite.

beire, s. A man belonging to a class of Pariahs.

beilu, s. A fertile kind of rice-field, situated in a low land which can be easily irrigated. adj. Public. बेयूँ to become public.

beilakarë, beilarë, beilaru, beilarë, s. A low land near the seashore.

beilmana, see बेयूँ.
boňka, adj. Big, large. -Also a large swelling; also a large cocoanut shell.

boňkaliyuni, see boňka, adj.

boňku, adj. Hollow, void, empty.

boňkuni, v. a. To deny.

boňkeluni, v. n. To swell.

The inner part of the tender shoot of a cocoanut. 2. a distended navel. 3. a protuberance on any part of the body. 4. a large flower-bud.

boňgu, boňgu, s. The inner part of the tender shoot of a cocoanut. 2. a distended navel. 3. a protuberance on any part of the body. 4. a large flower-bud.

boňguđe, see boňuŋuni (boňku).

boňgungi (boňku), v. n. To be distended, protuberate; also boňgungi (boňku).

boňda, s. A tender cocoanut. 1. A red kind of the same.

boňdala, see boňduŋala.

boňdi, see boňuŋdi.

boňdu, s. Marrow. 2. the brain. 3. pith. -Also to be stunned. -Also to be emaciated, decayed, become thin.

boňdoli, s. Physalis Indica.

boňdolu, s. A kind of medicinal plant.

boňneyi, (corrup. of boňna) Butter.

boňnya, s. Ashes.

bontelų, s. The seventh Tulu month; the sign Libra.

boňda, boňdu, s. Weakness.

boňda, boňda, boňda, boňda, s. A tender branch of a palmyra.

boňda, boňda, boňda, boňda, s. A kind of sardine.

bompiri, see boňlampiri adj. White.

bombadotṭe, (corrup. of boňna) s. A tender cocoanut which has been emptied of its contents. -Also to throw it out; to smash, as one's head, abus.

bombai, s. Bombay.

bombu, s. A large cocoanut shell. 2. see boňduŋa.

bomburi, s. A small kind of oyster.

bombuli, s. A kind of fish, called "Bombay-duck."

bombuli, s. A mob.

bombè, s. A puppet, doll. 2. an image, idol. 3. a silver coin. -Also a puppet show.

bommana, see boňmana.

bommarutaye, s. A demon so called.

bommi, s. A stupid woman.

bommu, see boňmu.

bomme, s. A simpleton.
bormba, bormbatu, borbmu, see bormba.  

bokka, conj. And, but.  
adj. Subsequent. adv. Afterwards, then, even. —... again, again and again. —... एक तौल एक after thought.

bokkana, s. A bag, pocket.  
bokkasa, s. A large bag.  
2. a kind of portmanteau.  
3. treasure, treasury.

bokki, bokke, s.  
An itch, pustule, pimple.

bokkele, s. A provoker.  
bokkonji, pron., adj.  
Another.

bokkori, pron., adj.  
Another.

bogarai, s. A spinning top.  
2. see बोग. adj. see बोग.

bogalata, see बोगळा.

bogari, s. A copper-smith.

bogori, s. The jujube tree, Ziziphus zizyphus.

bogoriminu, s. A kind of fish.

boggi, s. A bitch.

bogul, bogulii, boggulli, s. The Indian squill, Scilla Indica.

bogre, s. A dog.

bojja, s. A funeral ceremony or feast, funeral obsequies.

bojja, s. A spot, mark.  
2. a drop. —ते to put a mark on the forehead.

bojjana, adv. Excessively, exceedingly. —... to be very much exhausted.

bojjuvu, c. v. (of बोझु); To make beat, as a drum. 2. to cause to hammer, as metal. 3. to cause to knock, as a door.

bojitkanda, see बोझिकांड.

boju, s. see बोझ. adj.  
High, lofty. 2. dry, as land. —चो a high land, dry field. —... such a rice-field irrigated by a reservoir situated on a hill. —... a rice-field depending solely on rain water for its irrigation.

bojju (अबज), v. a. To beat, as a drum. 2. to hammer, as metal. 3. to knock, as a door.

bojtele, s. A drummer.

boda, see बोडा.

bodi, s. Satiety, surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. backwardness. 3. exhaustion, tiredness, fatigue.

bojipavuni, c. v. (of बोझिपावळ) To satiate, cloy, surfeit. 2. to exhaust, tire.

bojivyuni (अबोझिवळ), v. n.  
To be satiated, cloyed, surfeited. 2. to be tired, done up.
bodu

bodu, see అస.

bodédi, s. A wife.

bodji, d. v. (neg. of అస్మె).

Must not, should not, do not.

bodde, s. A stout man.

2. a simpleton.

bonya, see ఆస్తం.

bodumbattu, adj.

Stout, corpulent, unwieldy.

bodumbbe, s. A corpulent man.

boduluni, s. bodoluni (అస్మె, అస్మె), v. n.

To soak, steep.

bonu, s. Encompassing, enclosure. -నా to encompass.

bopparyu, see అస్స్తం.

boppu, boppè, see అస్స్తం.

bopponi, s. A small kind of crab.

bobbaṭa, s. A loud noise of quarrelling, weeping, or lamentation; a shout.

bobbuli, s. A bubble.

bobbursi, s. A cook.

bobbe, s. Crying, weeping; cf. అస్స్తం. -నా to cry out.

bommana, see అస్స్తం.

borambu, s. A small kind of mat.

boripini (అస్స్తం), v. a. To milk.

boriyyuni (అస్స్తం), v. n.

To yield milk. v. a. To pillage, plunder, rob.

born, s. Brag, boast.

borukallu, see అస్స్తం.

borkallu, see అస్స్తం.

borkudę, borgude, see ఆస్తం.

boreu, see ఆస్తం.

bordu, see అస్స్తం.

bolu, adj. White, bright.

bolumbu, see ఆస్తం.

bolan karuni, bolan kuriyuni (అస్స్తం, అస్స్తం), v. n.

To be intoxicated, fascinated; to be lustful, proud.

bolakų, see ఆస్తం.

bolakuni (అస్స్తం), v. a.

To weld, solder.

bolkara, adj. Whitish.

bolkallu, see ఆస్తం.

bolkudę, bolgude, s. A small umbrella, used in demon worship.

bolayi, adj. Pale, wan.

bolći, adj. White. 2. see ఆస్తం.

boluni, see ఆస్తం.

bolcėlyu, see ఆస్తం.

boldu, see ఆస్తం.

bolyari, s. A kind of rice.

bolli, s. see ఆస్తం. adj. sec ఆస్తం.
bolle, s. A white kind of lice, found on clothes.

boli, see boldu.

bolungare, adj. White.

bolanku, s. Mire, mud.

bolante, s. Rice from paddy that has not been boiled; also bolungare.

bolungare, #<//.

bolubéné, s. Severe colic.

boluna, see bolu.

boli, see bolu.

bolakaru, s. Partially nearly ripe.

bolakuni, see bolakari.

bolakari, adj. Partially or nearly ripe.

bolakari, see bolakuni.

bolakari, s. The fat of fish; fish-tar.

bolinjiri, s. A small white kind of fish, called cara pao.

bolinjiri, s. A kind of grass.

boliru, s. A kind of bush.

boliru, see bolinjiri.

boliru, s. The middle layer of fibre of a cocoanut branch.

boltu, adj. Sapless. — a sapless tree or wood.

boldu, s. Whiteness, brightness. 2. whites. adj. White, bright.
white leprous. -ನಿಯ to suffer from whites.

bolpu, s. Light. 2. a wick or candle. -ನಲಕ to kindle a light, etc.

bolya, adj. Light, white, clear. -ನಲ butter.

bolyambige, s. Faces, excrement.

bolla, s. Inundation, flood.

bollakaru, see ಭೊಲಕರು.

bolladdi, fem. of ಭೊಲಲ್ಲಿ.

bollarânamâgâ, s. A kind of bird.

bollarè, adj. White.

bollalu, see ಭೊಲಲು. 2. a family-title.

bollâ, s. Inundation, flood.

three annas. 4. a gray ox.

bollâkulally, see ಭೊಲ್ಲಕಲ್ಲಿ.

bollâlali, s. Garlic.

bolle, s. A white cock.

2. a gray or white ox or buffalo. 3. a kind of medicinal plant, Mussaenda frondosa.

4. see ಭೊಲ್ಲು.

bollentari, see ಭೊಲ್ಲೆಂಟ್ರಿ.

bollenti, adj. White.

bollena, s. A white substance. adj. Whitish. -ನಲ a fair man.

bolleraduni (ರೂಪ), v. n. To be heated to a white point.

bollerî, s. A kind of leprosy.
monish, incite, induce, exhort.

bodhe, see bodhā.
bongiri, s. A variety in kāṅgu cloth; cf. bōnu.
bōnu, s. Food. 2. boiled rice and ashes mixed into a paste for applying to the left side of a finger-drum.
bōni, see bōnu.
bōnu, see bōnu.
bōyi, s. A class of fishermen who are also palankin bearers.
bōru, see bōru.
bōra, see bōra.
bōrappa, adv. All, fully.
bōri, s. A bull or ox.
bōru, adj. Bald, bare, shaven; uncovered. —ka a barren hill. —da an empty bag. —ka a bald head.
būrungi (bōri), v. a. To shave, shear, strip off. —u to shave the head. —u to strip the branches of a tree.
būrū, s. The top of a hill.
būryungi (būrū), v. a. To assault or butt, as an ox or wild beast.
būru, s. The side of a ship.
būru, adj. Sluggish, lazy.
börne, s. A sluggard, or vagabond.

bőryuni, see भूयुनि. 2. see भ्रामण.

bőrlu, (pl. of भूरल्). 2. see भ्रामण.

bōlā, see भ्रामण.

bōli, bōli, bōlē, see भ्रामण. 2. see भ्रामण.

bōvi, see भ्रामण.

bōvu, s. The tree Vatico bardifera. भू- black kind of the same. भ्रामण- a white kind of the same.

bōla, s. Myrrh. 2. a kind of medicine composed of ghee, jaggory, cocoanut milk, etc.

bōlasuni, see भ्रामण. 2. see भ्रामण.

bōli, s. A widow whose head has been shorn.

bōlisuni (भूलि), v. a. To shave, shear, strip off; cf. भ्रामण.

bōlu, adj. Bald, close shaven. 2. hornless, though of an age to have them.

bōluni (भूलि), v. n. To become bald. 2. see भ्रामण.

bōlē, s. The seeds of a jack fruit. 2. a bald head.

bārtuk— the eyeball. भू- large eyes. भूलोक्षण to remove the seeds of a jack fruit; to put out the eyes.

bōleisuni (भूलेइसुणि), v. a. To coax. 2. to strip; cf. भ्रामण.

bōlkālumui, s. A smooth species of pepper.

bounē, see भूणि.

boudhe, see भ्रामण.

bouru, s. The snarling of dogs and cats. 2. frowning, threatening.

bouruni, bουροττο, s. To snarl, as a dog or cat. 2. to frown, threaten; cf. भूणि.

boulane, s. Speaking loudly.

bouli, see भूलि.

bousa, bousu, see भ्रामण.

bousu, see भ्रामण.

boula, see भ्रामण.

byāburu, see भ्रामण.

byāra, s. Trade. भूः to trade.

byāri, s. A Māpla, a Malayălam speaking Mahomedan.

byāribittyu, s. The croton seed.

bramānda, see भ्रामण.

bramē, see भ्रामण.

brashā, see भ्रामण.

bhra, s. The Divine Cause or essence of the world, the unknown God. 2. sacred knowledge. भ्रामण a religious student; a bachelor of the twice-born class. भ्रामण the vital part in the head.
bha, The thirty-seventh letter of the alphabet.

bhanga, s. Loss, injury.
2. affliction, trouble. 3. defeat, disgrace, degradation. भंड to annoy, afflict. भंड to be disgraced, molested, troubled.

bhargata, s. Affliction upon affliction, extreme distress.

bhanga, s. Gold.

bhangi, s. Hemp, Cannabis sativa.

bhangitappalu, see bhanna, see भां.

bhajané, s. Destruction.
2. breaking, splitting.

bhanda, s. Obscenity, rudeness.

bhanda, adj. Obscene, rude, filthy, impudent. भंड obscenity.

bhakti, s. Devotion, piety, zeal, worship, faith, godliness. भंड an ungodly man. भंड to be devoted to; to worship.

bhake, s. A pious or devout

bhagandala, see भां.

bhagavante, s. God, the Supreme Being.

bhagavatagite, s. A theosophical poem represented as spoken by Kṛṣṇa.
bhagavati, s. A goddess.  
2. Parvati, etc.

bhagiratha, adj. Of or pertaining to Bhagiratha.  
—an enterprising man.  
—great exertions like those of Bhagiratha.

bhagirathe, s. A king who is said to have, after great exertions brought the Ganges down from heaven.

bhagtalé, see वृफ्रः.

bhagna, adj. Broken, ruptured. 2. overcome, defeated.

bhajake, s. A devoted man.

bhajane, s. Adoration, worship, homage. 2. a singing service.

bhajabhaja, see राजा.

bhajipuni, bhājisuni (श्री), v. a. To adore, worship.

bhaṭe, s. A hero, valiant man.

bhaṭṭi, see ग्राम.

bhaṭṭe, s. A priest. 2. a soothsayer.

bhatté, bhatya, s. Extra allowance, batta; travelling allowance. — to pay extra allowance. — to pay the same in kind.

bhadra, s. Care, precaution. 2. safety, security. adj. Careful, attentive. 2. safe, secure.

bhadra, s. A form of Kalī.

bhadramushīti, s. The aromatic grass-root, Cyperus hexastachyus, used in medicine.

bhadrasana, s. A throne.

bhadriké, see श्री.

bhaya, s. Fear, alarm, fright, timidity. — a fearless man. — full of fear, alarmed, terrified. — to be afraid.

bhayaṅkara, adj. Frightful, formidable, terrific.

bhara, s. Swiftness, speed.

bhara—swiftness of walking.

bharaṇa, see श्री.

bharanī, s. The second lunar mansion. 2. see श्री.

bharaṇa, see श्री.

bharate, s. A younger brother of Rāma. 2. a celebrated dramatist. 3. the son of Duśyanta by Śākuntala. दशरथ India proper. दशरथ a standard work on dramaturgy.

bharapūrṇa, adj. Full; brimful; crowded.

bharaṇa, s. Confidence, trust; assurance. — to assure. — to trust, confide in.

bharita, adj. Full, replete, completed.

bharké, see श्री.

bharta, bharti, s. The high tide, flow.
bharti, bharti, bharté, s. Fullness, completion. adj. Full, complete.

bhalle, s. A spear. [ing. bhavana, s. A house, dwelling.

bhava, s. Mundane existence. -स्त्रीलिङ्ग sickness of worldly pleasures.

bhavishyata, s. Future, about to be. -का the future tense.

bhasma, s. Ashes. 2. calx. -ण्या to be burnt to ashes; to be digested, as food.

bhaksha, bhakṣaṇa, s. Feeding, eating.

bhaksha, bhakṣyā, s. Dressed food. 2. a cake.

bhakshake, s. An eater. 2. a glutton. साप्ताहिक a meat-eater.

bhakshipuni, bhakṣisuni (bhaksha, bhakṣaṇa), v. a. To eat, devour.

bhanda, s. Any earthen vessel. 2. a bundle, load.

bhand, bhaga, s. Portion, share, part. 2. side, part. -का to divide, distribute.

bhagavata, s. One of the Purāṇas.

bhagavate, s. A pious man. 2. the manager of a theatre. [arith.

bhagākara, s. Division, bhaga, s. bhāgātē, bhā-gayati, see अनात्मक.

bhagipuni, bhāgīsuni (भाग, भागसून), v. a. To divide, distribute.

bhagirathi, s. The Ganges.

bhaigya, s. Riches, wealth. 2. felicity; fortune. 3. bliss. -अं a rich man; a blissful man. [arithmetic.

bhairaka, s. The divisor, bhajana, see अनात्मक.

bhajya, s. The dividend, arithmetic.

bhādrapada, s. The sixth lunar month.

bhaṇu, s. The sun. -स्त्रीलिङ्ग Sunday.

bhāmini, s. A virtuous Sunday.

bhāra, s. A weight, load, burden. 2. charge, onus.

bhāyā, s. 3. oppression, heaviness, as in sickness. 4. importance, consequence. adj. Heavy.

bhāya, s. 2. responsible. 3. oppressive.

bhāy, s. 4. important. विजय government, administration.

bhārata, s. A great epic poem of the Hindus, treating of the adventures of the Pāṇḍus and Kuru

bhārati, s. Sarasvati, goddess of speech.

bhāri, adj. Important, serious. 2. great, huge. s. see अभाव a great man.

bhāva, s. The eighth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. nature, condition of being,
bhava, n. disposition. 3. meaning, purpose, intention, mind.

bhavane, s. Mental perception.

bhavārtha, s. Design, purpose, intention.

bhāvi, s. A well. 2. future.

bhārivā, bhāvipuni, bhāvisuni (bhāvo, bhāvan), v. a.
To think, imagine, intend.

bhāve, s. A brother-in-law.

bhās, bhāsē, bhāshē, s. Speech, language. 2. reproof, reprimand. -bhāse to reprove.
-bhāsē to be able to speak.

bhāshāntara, s. A translation, interpretation.

bhāshi, bhāshinga, see bhāsha.

bhāshiṇa, adj. Split, broken, mutilated. 2. divided, distinguished, other, different.

bhikāri, s. A beggar. 2. a pauper, vagabond.

bhiksha, see bhikṣa.

bhikṣa, bhikṣāta, bhikṣātānē, s. Begging, asking. 2. wandering in quest of charity.

bhikṣē, s. Alms, charity. 2. begging. -bhikṣē a beggar.
-bhikṣē to beg alms.

bhikāra, adj. Terrible, fearful, formidable, frightful.

bhīti, s. Fear.

bhīme, s. The second of the Pāṇḍu princes.
bhūmi, s. The earth or world. 2. land, soil, ground. 3. a place, site. 4. landed property.

bhūvana, see ṇvana.

bhūshana, s. Ornament, embellishment. 2. a trinket or jewel. 3. flattery, praise, honour.

bhujana, s. Food. 2. a repast, meal, eating. -a a dining hall. -ẹ the Lord's Supper.

bhuvana, see 'v3.

bhushana, s. Ornament, embellishment. 2. a trinket or jewel. 3. flattery, praise, honour.

bhru, bhruţte, bhruţye, s. A hired servant. 2. a dependant or adherent.

bhrə, bhēti, s. A visit, audience. -ते to give an audience. -ते to visit.

bhrē, see तत्र.

bheda, s. Distinction, difference. 2. disunion, discord, strife. -ते to make distinctions.

bhēdi, s. Purging; a purging; Bhēdisuni (भेदिसूनी), v. a. To separate, disunite, tear, pierce.

bheri, s. A large drum; a kettledrum.

bhērave, s. Śiva. 2. an inferior manifestation of him.

bhōga, s. Enjoyment, pleasure.

bhōgi, s. A person brought up in luxury or enjoying it. Bhōgipuni (भोगिपुनी), v. a. To enjoy, especially any carnal or sensual pleasure.

bhōgya, s. Enjoyment, usufruct. 2. a crop. भोगिया a mortgage by which the interest of money lent on a house, land, etc., is regarded as an equivalent for the use; a usufructuary mortgage.

bhōjana, s. Food. 2. a repast, meal, eating. -a a dining hall. -ẹ the Lord's Supper.

bhramana, bhra- mane, s. Whirling, wandering. 2. perplexity, confusion.

bhramipuni, bhramisuni (भ्रामीपुनी, भ्रामिसूनी), v. a. To confuse, perplex. v. n. To err, think erroneously.

bhramē, s. Whirling, going round. 2. error, ignorance, mistake, misapprehension, illusion. 3. confusion, perplexity of mind, giddiness. 4. a temporary aberration of reason, delirium. 5. astonishment, surprise. -म to be confused; to be astonished.

bhrashta, adj. Fallen, depraved, defiled. -त to be depraved, defiled.

bhrashte, s. A depraved or corrupt man. -त an apostate.

bhāntāṇu, bhānti, s. Delusion, mistake, blunder. 2. delirium.

bhānte, s. An idiot, fool.
ma, The thirty-eighth letter of the alphabet.

maṅkūḍi, s. A wooden peg in a wall to support a roof, or a plank serving as a shelf.

Dulness, stupidity. -half mad, foppish.

maṅga, s. A monkey. adj. Apish, foolish, senseless. -the pranks of a monkey.

maṅgatū, s. Coaxing, wheedling, cajolery.

maṅgātvuni (maṅgātvā), v. a. To coax, cajole, hoax, wheedle, deceive.

maṅgaṇe, maṅgaṇē, s. Affectionation, coquetry, foppishness.

maṅgala, maṅgala, s. Happiness, auspiciousness, good fortune. 2. see adj. Happy, auspicious, fortunate, prosperous. -an auspicious ceremony. -deceit. -a female's marriage-badge worn round the neck. -an auspicious ceremony to be concluded.

maṅgalārati, see māṇga-

maṅgalavāra, s. Tues-

M

maṅgalādevi, maṅgalāvati, s. The goddess after whom the town of Mangalore is called.

maṅgalārati, s. Waving a lamp before an idol, etc.

maṅgalāśṭaka, s. Sanskrit verses sung when waving lamps before a bridal pair.

maṅgalili, s. A spotted cow. adj. Dappled, spotted.

maṅgaluru, s. lit. A prosperous town. 2. the town of Mangalore.

maṅgale, s. The planet Mars. 2. a spotted ox or bull. adj. Spotted, dapple.

maṅgalya, see maṅgala.

maṅgāṭa, s. The pranks of a monkey. 2. tricks, pranks.

maṅgu, s. A female cat. 2. a silly female. 3. a small insect. lit. by the time you conclude your narrative the cat will be pubescent; i.e., you are a slow coach, pro.

maṅge, s. A monkey, ape.

2. a silly fellow. a small worm.

maṅñane, see māṇa.
marica, manta, manca, mancavu, mançepatu, manjapatrè, manjipatrè, s. Artemisia indica, a pungent, bitter drug, said to be anthelmintic, stomachic, and a remover of phlegm and catarrh.

mançilu, s. A kind of conveyance, resembling a hammock, made of sack cloth with an awning above, and and carried on the shoulders of men.

manja, s. A fish-market; also ʀaʃaʃa.</s>

mañjana, see ʀaʃaʃa.

mañjari, s. The spike, pedicle, or bunch of flowers and fruits.

manjalu, manjalu, s. Turmeric, Curcuma longa. 2. yellow colour. adj. Yellow. -ʀa a kind of cake. -ʀa a kind of fish. -ru Curcuma zerumbet. -ra a kind of bird. -ra a kind of flower. -ra, -ra, -ra are several kinds of turmeric. -ru Curcuma xanthorrhiza, a kind of medicinal root, applied to the eye.

manjala, adj. Yellow.

manjale, manjale, s. A yellow or tawny coloured man. -ra a yellow cock.

manji, s. A long boat. 2. a single masted country-vessel.

manji, s. A kind of hemp. -ra, see ʀaʃaʃa.

manjishtha, Bengal madder, Rubia manjista.

mañju, see ʀaʃaʃa. 2. see ʀaʃa. 3. see ʀaʃa.

mañjuru, s. Approval. 2. validity. adj. Authentic, valid, ratified. -ra disapproved, invalid; rejected. -ra to approve, ratify; authenticate, to make valid.

mañjë, adj. Barren, unfruitful.

manje, s. The arnotto tree, Bixa orellana. 2. the seed of it, used as a weight by goldsmiths.

manjeru, adj. Sterile, barren. -ra a barren field.

mañjeraye, s. A demon so called.

manjele, see ʀaʃaʃa.

mañjotti, mañjotti, see ʀaʃaʃa.

mañjottë, s. A raised bank at the end of a race-field.

mañjolu, see ʀaʃaʃa, ʀaʃaʃa.

mañampa, mañtamè, mañtavu, s. An open shed or hall erected
on marriage and other festive occasions. मंडां - an airy shed. मंडी - a portico, porch.

मंडा, s. The counter of a country shop; a low bench or platform on which a shopkeeper squats while transacting business.

मंडला, मंदला, s. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. an orb, ball, globe, circumference in general. 3. a province, region, district. 4. an empire. 5. a heap, quantity, multitude, assemblage. 6. the period of forty-eight days.

मंदिम, मंदिम एक राजा. मंड - the disk of the moon; an idol car. मंडक - the Coromandel Coast. मंड - a foreign territory. मंड - the earth. मंडी to describe a circle.

मंदलिस, s. An assembly, congress. मंदेली a member of an assembly. मंदिर a president.

मण्डि, s. The knee.

मण्डिकुट्टे, s. A demon so called.

मण्डिगेष, s. A kind of very thin cake. 2. the nasal passage into the mouth. 3. the name of a caste.

मण्डेद, s. The skull; the head. 2. a large earthen vessel. मण्डरी a large kind of crow. मण्डी from head to buttocks. मण्डलु मृदुलो, dropsy of the head. मण्डने मण्डने, मण्डना a capitulation or poll tax. मण्डना a royal ant.

मण्डला मण्डला difference of opinion, disagreement. मण्डला to box the head or knock it against anything hard. मण्डला to take part; to interfere.

मण्डेगे, s. The name of a caste; also मण्डा. मण्डेबलेस, s. A straw covering of a vessel. 2. the pole-plate of a roof.

मण्डमारि, s. Swelling of the head, a cerebral disorder. 2. giddiness, intoxication. 3. a word of abuse.

मण्डेले, see मण्डिकुट्टे under मण्डम.

मण्डोलिगे, s. The president of an assembly. 2. a member of an assembly.

मण्डु, s. Earth, clay, soil. मण्डु (lit.) earth and cemetery; anything without order or discrimination. मण्डु a lump of earth. मण्डु heavy. मण्डु मन्त्र, मण्डु मन्त्रिक तो be reduced to earth; to die; to decay. मण्डु मण्डु मण्डु lit. earth to fall into the mouth; to be disappointed or deceived; to be afflicted with. मण्डु मण्डु a grovelling dispo-
sition. — to swallow earth.

manḍakē, s. The sepistian plum tree, Cordia myxa.

manḍiky, adv. Under the earth, subterranean.

manṇā, see manṇa.

manṇāsē, s. Earthly desire, worldly-mindedness.

manṇi, s. Rice flour and jaggory boiled with cocoanut juice, etc., treacle. — to boil down.

manṇuppū, s. Bay salt.

mantū, manta, s. A churning stick. 2. see manṭi.

mantadabombē, s. A moving puppet.

mantarmē, s. The back or railing of a cot.

mantāna, s. High birth, noble parentage.

mantra, s. A mystical verse or incantation. 2. a formula sacred to any individual deity. 3. a charm. — a charmer, conjurer, magician. — charms and devices. — to charm. — to master the mysteries of a formula.

mantrakshatē, s. Raw rice coloured with red powder, over which incantations have been pronounced.

mantri, s. A minister, counsellor. 2. the queen in chess.

mantriyuni (manṭyuni), v.a. To charm, enchant. 2. to advise, persuade.

manṭy, manthanā, see manṭi.

manthanā, see manṭi.

manda, s. Slowness; dulness, stupidity. 2. thickness, density. 3. the planet Saturn. adj. Dim, dull. 2. stupid, senseless. 3. mild, moderate, gentle. 4. thickly spread, dense. — digestion, want of appetite. — thick butter milk. — dim sight. — a dense forest. — a slow walk. — turbid water. — dull comprehension. — a gentle breeze. — Satur-day. — a gentle smile.

mandara, mandāra, s. The tree Bauhinia acuminata. 2. a mythical mountain. — mandāra flower.

mandarē, s. A tell-tale woman. 2. an artful woman.

mandāmastu, see manṭa.

mandāksha, s. Modesty, bashfulness.

mandi, see manṇa.

mandira, s. A house, habitation. — a palace.

mandiri, see manṇa.
mandilu, see mandi.

mandè, s. People, persons. lit. ten people; the members of a parish, a presbytery. how many persons? lit. ten people are equal to pearl; there is wisdom in the counsel of an assembly, pro. a few persons.

mandri, s. A bed-sheet, covering garment. 2. a table cloth.

mandhana, see mandi.

mandhi, mandhe, see mandhi.

manna, s. Suspense, postponement. 2. discontinuance, cessation. 3. prohibition, disallowance.

mannè, s. Respect, civility, politeness, attention.

manni, see mamm.

mannipuni, mammisuni (mandi, mammì), v. a.

To forgive, pass over, overlook. 2. to regard, treat kindly. 3. to honour, show respect.

mampuni, see mamm.

mamma, s. The pap, breast.

mammatikottu, s. A mamooty.

mammatè, see mamm.

mammè, s. Longing, eagerness. 2. want, deficiency, scarcity. to desire eagerly.

maka, s. A sacrifice, oblation.

makamaluy, s. Velvet.

makaryù, s. Trick, artifice, cheat, deception.

makara, s. An alligator.

2. Capricornus, sign of the zodiac. adj. Obstinate. Cupid, whose banner bears the sign of an alligator. obstinacy. a wreath carried on poles. the passage of the sun from Sagittarius into Capricornus.

makariyuni, makaryuni (makkä), v. n. To be changed.

makuṭa, s. A crown, crest, tiara.

më, makë, see mamm.

makkù, s. Awn or beard of grain, etc. adj. Bristly, rough. to be bristly, as a plant, etc.

makkù, s. Irritation in the throat. adj. Irritating.

distressing cough. to feel irritation in the throat.

makkaryù, see makkù.

makkara, see makkù.

makkalaceshte, s. Convulsions of children.

makkalasantana, s. Inheritance by one's sons, in
contrast to inheritance by nephews (ಅವಸ್ತಾಣೆ). makka, s. Irritation. 2. Ploughing. -- a ploughed field; a field of one crop. -- a ploughman. -- rough timber.
makki, s. Ploughing.
makkeri, s. A kind of wicker basket used for fishing. -- to fish with such a basket.
makku, see makki.
makku, v. n. To feel irritation in the throat.
makkè, see makki.
makkely, adj. Irritating, as a rancid substance. 2. Bristly, rough.
makmaly, see maguè. makhè, see maguè.
magutè, adj. Again, a second time.
magupu, s. A turn.
magupuni, v. a. To turn, upset. -- to retch.
maguryu, adj. Next, following. adv. Again, once more. -- next year. -- to crop up again, to have a relapse.
magurnè, adj. Next, following, succeeding. -- the next year.
magya, see maga.
magapuni, v. a. To draw and turn over. -- to draw water.
magaru, see magcr.
magaruni, see magaru.
magaruru, see maguru.
magalu, s. A daughter. pl. magaru, daughters.
magununi, magupuni, see maga.
mage, s. A son; pl. maguru, sons.
magga, s. A loom. -- to pass or shoot the shuttle through the warp in weaving, as country weavers do.
maggi, s. Multiplication, the multiplication table. -- to repeat the same. -- to know the same.
maggina, s. An obstacle, impediment.
magte, see maga.
magna, adj. Plunged, immersed, sunk. -- to be sunk, as in any vice.
magpu, see maga.
magrama, adj. Next, following. adv. Again, once more. -- next day, the following day.
magravonuni, v. refl. (of magru) To prostrate.
magru, see magru.
3. to feel a reeling sensation. to feel uneasiness in the belly.

- to feel un-easiness in the belly.

3. The tenth lunar asterism. a season of much rain.

A. A little piece of gold or silver kept as a sample or test.

A. A strong, stinking smell.

S. A kind of fish.

see \( \text{mača} \).

s. A stone-cutter's chisel.

s. Likeness, resemblance. 2. s.

s. see \( \text{maja} \).

s. see \( \text{majānti} \).

s. A small kind of bee. 2. its wax.

v. n.

To become dim. To scatter, huddle.

A kind of creeper.

see \( \text{majade} \).

s. A kind of black scars on the body. to suffer from them.

see \( \text{majabūtū} \).

s. A stage in a journey, halting place. 2. a distance from nine to twelve miles.

s. Of middle sort, as land. a field of middle sort. middle sort.

s. Rubbish washed on shore.

see \( \text{majūsīgē} \).

s. Coal. 2. black powder. 3. ink.

s. A churning-stick.

s. Hire, coolly, wages. to pay hire.

s. A natural speck, spot, freckle, mole.

see \( \text{majjī} \).

adj. Before-mentioned, aforesaid. s. Contents.

adj. Strong, firm, fixed.

s. Boast, brag.

adv. Till.

see \( \text{matīge} \).

s. A carpenter's or bricklayer's square. 2. level, height, measure. water level.

s. Toddling. adv. At full length. on the whole back. to toddler, as a child.
dmatharu, s. A place of cock-fighting. 2. a fair held in the month of May.

mathitouté, s. A small kind of cucumber, gerkin.

mattí, s. Measure, extent, limit, capacity, ability. ackle to understand a person's capacity.

mattê, s. A kind of tune.

mattelú, s. The pouch in front formed by the folds of a female's garment and used as a pocket. 2. the bosom, lap. -mat- an under pouch so formed.

matha, s. The residence of a priest or spiritual guide; a monastery. 2. a school, college.

- the eight residences of the spiritual guides, connected with the Krishna temple at Udupi, namely, , , , , , , , and . ...... a nunnery. 1. the residence of a spiritual guide or minister. the residence of a Linga priest. an inhabitant of a monastery.

maduguni, see . mađa, see . madańky, see . madante, madandelú, s. Rice plants sprouting again after they have been once reaped. 2. a kind of tree.

madake, s. An earthen vessel for collecting toddy. a kind of crab. a kind of fruit.

madaguni (madaguni), v. a. To lay down, put, place.

mađatana, see .

mađatê, s. A fold, crease.

madalyú, s. A palm branch. 2. a cocoanut branch with plaited leaves. a dried leaf of a palmyra tree. a kind of fish. to plait palm leaves.

madastana, s. Rolling one's self round a temple or before an idol, in fulfilment of a vow. to roll in such a way.

madayisuni (madayisuni), v. a. To bind, cover, as a book.

mađi, s. A newly washed cloth, bleached cloth. 2. a garment of bark, silk, or wool, worn by Brahmans and other high-caste people during meals or any ceremonies. 3. fold, the same quantity added; (in comp. with and 5, changes into as, a single fold; a double fold, etc. adj. Bleached, washed. a washed cloth. a kind of toad. a washerman. to bleach, wash clothes.
to change a washed garment. — to become dirty.

madìkè, s. Folding, doubling. 2. a wrinkle, crease. 3. a small earthen vessel. — a kind of cake.

madìciravu, s. A kind of bag or purse.

madipavuni, c. v. (of madipu) To make fold, cause to fold.

madipu, s. A fold, plait. — a clasp knife.

madipuni (madipu), v. a. To fold, plait, double up. — to feel loathing or disgust; to retch.

madiyuni (madipu), v. n. To become folded, doubled up.

madivale, see madivale.

madiru, adj. Second born. — the second son.

madu, s. An axe, hatchet. — the handle of an axe.

madugadi, see madugadi.

maduguni, see maduguni.

madè, s. Orts, refuse, crumbs, or remains of victuals. 2. saliva, spittle. 3. whatever has come in contact with the mouth. — a ring worm. — to defile anything by bringing in contact with the mouth.

madènji, s. A kind of fish.

madìkè, s. A quantity of grass, etc.

madì, s. Sediment, lees. 2. rice boiled with cocoanut and husk, for cattle.

madelapakki, s. A kind of bird.

madì, m.idadele, madyele, s. A washerman.

madìlu, see madìlu.

mana, manaku, adj. Viscous, sticky. — to stick, adhere, become united.

manangu, s. Pilchard.

manajogu, s. Giddiness, vertigo.

manali, s. A tune. 2. see manali.

manashile, s. Red arsenic.

manara, see manara.

mani, s. A bead. 2. a small bell. 3. a gem, pearl. — a small kind of black beads. — a rib of a ship. — a prophesy. — a necklace of beads. — beads in general. — to string beads.

manigantu, s. The ankle.

manigare, see manigare.

manipande, see under manipande.

manipu, s. A strong, superior kind of coir.
manipuni, see manu.

manu, s. A maund equal to 28 lbs.

mane, s. A low stool to sit upon. — a whetting board. — a kind of stool furnished with a short handle. — see under maund. — wooden furniture.

manegare, s. A revenue inspector.

manoli, s. The vegetable *Coccinia indica*.

mata, s. Purpose, intention, wish, mind. 2. religion; a religious sect. — the Christian religion. — a follower of a religion, a sectarian. — Buddhism. — religious difference.

matalapu, matalabu, s. The contents or purport of a writing or speech.

matayi, s. A wave.

mati, s. Understanding, intellect, common sense. 2. the senses. — senseless. — to be out of senses.

mattu, see mattress.

matta, adj. Intoxicated. 2. furious, mad.

matti, s. The tree *Terminalia tomentosa*.

matte, s. An inebriate man; a mad man.

matlabu, see matlubu.

matsara, s. Envy, malice.

matsya, s. A fish. — the first incarnation of Vishnu in the form of a fish.

mathana, s. Churning.

madumaye, s. A bridegroom.

madumalu, s. A bride.

2. a pubescent female. — a kind of fish. — see under madura.

madumé, s. A wedding, marriage. — a shed erected for nuptial ceremonies. — to become married. — to marry.

madure, s. Madura. — a red kind of turban manufactured in Madura.

madurengi, see madure.

madulyu, s. A roofed wall of a compound. — to make a roofed wall.

mada, s. Pride, arrogance. 2. insanity, madness, infatuation. 3. joy, pleasure. 4. rutting, as of an elephant. 5. inebriety, intoxication. 6. spirituous or vinous liquor. 7. desire, love.

madante, see madante.

madakari, s. Ulcerous leprosy. — to be affected with leprosy.

madakuni (*madaka*), v. n. To go or move swiftly.
madaga, s. A large natural tank.

madadu, adj. Slothful, indolent. s. A log, trunk. — an indolent fellow.

mada, see mada. 

mada, s. A lazy woman. adj. Lazy. 2. sloping.

madae, s. A blockhead. 2. a sluggard.

madatruni, see madatruni. 

madana, madane, s. Cupid. 2. a man’s name.

madapu, s. Forgetfulness.

madapuni, v. a. To forget.

madapele, s. A forgetful man, absent-minded man.

madari, see madari. 

madirengi, see madirengi. 

madalé, madalé, see madalé.

madante, madandhe, s. A man blind with pride or passion; an arrogant or dissolute man. 2. a sluggard, lazy man.

madamastu, adj. Stout, robust, lusty.

madipu, s. A consultation, deliberation. 2. settlement, resolution. — to consult. — to settle.

madipuni, v. a. To consult, deliberate, settle.

madimuṭṭelu, s. The first menstruation.

madirengi, see madirengi. 

madilu, see madilu. 

madu, s. Mediating or interceding with a devil-dancer as the spokesman of a community. — to mediate so.

madura, see madura. 

madè, s. A screen, blind. 2. a retired place, privacy. — to be screened, sheltered. — to screen, hide.

made, s. Shade, shelter, retirement.

madepu, s. Shade, shelter, retirement.

madepuni, v. a. To screen, shelter, hide.

madeyuni, v. n. To be out of sight, shut.

madoṭi, s. A branch of a palmyra, stripped of its leaves.

maddu, see maddu. 

maddakataye, s. A demon so called.

maddalé, maddalé, see maddalé.

maddané, s. A rutting elephant.

maddima, see maddima. 

maddesa, madyesa, s. Persuasion, inducement. 2. pacifying, appeasing. 3. mediation.

maddoli, s. A finger-drum.
maddya, s. Wine; spirituous or fermented liquor.  
2. see madya. —voc. taking liquor. —adv. a drunkard.

madrengi, s. The henna plant, Lawsonia spinosa.

madha, see mana.

madhānde, madhānde, see madya.

madhu, s. Spirituous liquor, wine.  
2. honey.  
3. sugar.  
4. sweetness in flavour, sound, or disposition.

madhura, adj. Sweet, pleasing, agreeable.

madhya, s. The middle, centre. —adv. Between; cf. madya.

madhyama, adj. Middle, of middle sort.

madhyastaga, madhyastaga, madhyaste, s. A mediator, arbitrator.

madhyastige, s. Arbitration.

madhāyana, madhāyana, madhyāyna, madhyaḥna, s. Noon, the middle of the day.

madhyāsa, see mana.

madhācarye, s. The founder of a Veishnavā sect.

mana, see mana.


manakasarige, s. Ill-feeling; uncleanness of heart or mind.

manadāni, s. The next day, following day.

manara, see mana.

manavarikā, s. Knowledge, perception. [manasātā]

manastāpa, s. Heart-burning, grief.  
2. contrition, repentance. —adv. his grief has cleaved unto you.

manassā, s. The mind; the heart.  
2. desire, inclination, attention. —adv. the state of mind. —adv. magnanimous. —adv. vacillation, wavering; reluctance. —adv. an excellent mind, amiable disposition. —adv. dreaming and waking. —adv. an evil mind; a bad disposition. —adv. fickle-mindedness. —adv. to will; to wish, desire. —adv. to have no mind; not to desire or like. —adv. as one likes; indiscriminately, arbitrarily. —adv. to covet; to be attentive. —adv. to will; to resolve, determine. —adv. to have mind; to covet; to like. —adv. to be grieved. —adv. to be moved, to relent; to feel pity. —adv. to be dejected. —adv. to pay attention. —adv.
to be willing, to will, consent, determine. to shrink, recoil; to be disinclined; to be fascinated, enamoured.

manassākshi, s. Conscience.

manapuni (मनपु), v. a. To speak, utter. *It is used chiefly in the negative; as, म दोष (I) do not speak म दोष do not speak. श्रेष्ठ he does not speak. श्रेष्ठ without speaking, quietly, silently. श्रेष्ठ to be silent.

manu, s. The celebrated Hindu legislator. the institutes of Manu.

manuje, manushye, s. Man, a man, mankind.

manuse, see mana.

mane, s. A house, home. a palace. a prison, jail. a household. household furniture; personal property. -कर्ता. household affairs, family concern.

manegāre, see mane.

manepu, see manu.

manoli, see manu.

manogata, s. State of mind, purpose, opinion.

manabhāva, s. State of mind.

manoratha, s. Wish, desire.

Thought, word and deed.

manovēga, s. Swiftness of thought. as quick as thought.

manohara, s. Charming, delightful, agreeable, pleasant.

manadakē, see manavarū. manipuni, see manavarū

manmathe, s. Cupid.

manvantara, s. The reign of a Manu, a period equal to 306,720,000 years of the mortals or one day of Brahma.

manvāru, s. A Man of war.

manse, s. A Pariah.

mappu, s. Evening, twilight. to grow dark.

mabbu, adj. Dim, dull, obscure.

makara, mate, makāra, mamate, mamatkāra, s. Affection, love.

maya, s. A Sanskrit affix used in the formation of adjectives attributive of that of which a thing is chiefly made or consists; as, ध - covered with water. golden, all gold.

mayanti, s. A demon so called.

mayandruni, see mayanta.

mayaka, see mayanta.
mayakuni, v. n. To vanish, disappear.
2. to flicker, as a light.

mayana, see marayana.

mayamaya, adj. Dim, dull. — to become dim, as the eyes.

mayaluni, see mayaluni.

mayasure, A titan, the architect of giants.

mayi, see mayi.

mayiloo, see under mayiloo.

mayyaryu, s. A pair of compasses. 2. a circle. — to draw a circle.

mara, s. A tree. 2. timber; wood. — a stilt; a wooden leg. — small branches of a tree. — a carpenter. — a kind of Acacia, Arum viviparum. — to become stiff. — trees to be rubbed against each other. — to cut or fell a tree.

maraka, see maraka.

marakatu, adj. Rough, clumsy. — a clumsy work.

marakadi, adj. Rough, half finished, as a work.

marakata, s. An emerald.

marakalu, see marakalu.

marakale, s. A fisherman, who is also a palankeen bearer; a steersman. fem. marakal.

marakalme, s. The headman of fishermen.

marakereingu, s. Tapioca, Fatsa maunhot.

marakodappe, s. A woodpecker.

maragupatru, s. Mint.

maraj, see maraj.

maradu, s. Barrenness, sterility. 2. a small trough; cf. maradevi. adj. Barren.

marana, s. Death. — birth and death. — time of death. — a horoscope predicting one's death. — a will or testament.

maranantika, adj. Lasting, enduring, ending with death.

maradavi, s. A barren woman.

maraniru, s. Toddy.
mara, s. Forgetfulness; cf. रोग. 2. a mistake, omission.

marapu, s. To fell, pull down, as a wall, etc. 2. to set up what has been upset. 3. see रोग.

marapuni (रूप), v. a. The yellow sanders, *Morinda umbellata.*

mara-maṇjalu, maramaṇjalu, s. Tough meat.

mara, s. A particle, atom. adj. Following, next. the next day. there is no body.

maraluni, see रोग.

maru, s. A trough or bowl. a cattle trough. a long trough. a stone trough. a large trough with a handle on either side.

mari, s. A serpent, snake. 2. a worm. 3. a young animal. जल the young of a serpent. a green whip-snake. a boa-constrictor. an intestinal worm. poisonous earth; unhealthy soil.

marimuguḍu, s. A kind of fresh-water fish.

mariyādi, mariyādē, s. Custom, usage. 2. propriety of conduct. 3. respect, civility, politeness. 3. a present. a polite man; a man of rank.

mariyāla, see रोग.

maruva, see रोग.

maruvāyi, s. The bivalve, a kind of oyster. जल, जल, जल, जल, जल, जल, जल. are different kinds of it.

maru, s. A shelter, retreat; cf. रोग. 2. the milky juice or sap of plants, fruits, etc.; gum. the milky juice to exude. to be covered with the same.

mareṇuni, see रोग.

marepuṇi, see रोग. 2. see रोग.
marku, s. Scum or sediment of oil.
marka, adj. Fainting, dejection, languor. चाहे to faint, feel dejected.
markatu, see चाहे.
markate, s. A monkey, ape. 2. a stupid fellow.
markadi, see चाहे.
markad, markad, markad, s. A bad habit, improper behaviour, rudeness, naughtiness.
markalu, s. A measure of salt, equal to 28 pounds.
markuni (यं), v. n. To groan, moan.
markelu, adj. Dead. चाहे to die.
margi, see चाहे.
margilu, s. The side, flank. डायं the right side.
यं the left side.
marca, s. Enticement, seduction. 2. taming, domesticating.
marchavuni, c. v. (of चाहे) To entice, seduce. 2. to tame, domesticate.
marcuni (यं), v. n. To be enticed, seduced. 2. to be tamed, domesticated.
marcely, adj. Tamed. s. Tameness. डायं taming, as an animal.

marja, see चाहे.
marjavinuni, c. v. (of चाहे) To cover, shelter, as a hen its young ones under its wings.
marji, s. Opinion, sentiment. 2. disposition, inclination. 3. will, pleasure. 4. manner, way.
marna, see चाहे.
marti, s. A silly or simple woman.
martè, s. Selling, bargain.
mardu, s. Medicine. 2. gunpowder; also चाहे. 3. decoy powder, philter. -चाहे a physician. -चाहे to administer medicine, treat a patient.
mardà, s. An honorary title among Jainas.
mardana, s. Rubbing, shampooing. 2. grinding. 3. killing. -चाहे, चाहे to rub, shampoo, grind.
marmu, see चाहे.
marbu, see चाहे.
marma, see चाहे.
marmal, marmal, s. A secret. 2. a vital part. 3. see चाहे.
marmaye, s. A female's son-in-law, a nephew or a brother's son.
marmalu, s. A female's daughter-in-law, a niece or a brother's daughter.
maryādi, see चाहे.
malampu, see *malampu.*

malakā, *s.* A kind of necklace. *marlu*—a small kind of necklace.

malaka, *s.* A storm, tempest. *malaka*—to have a storm.

malagunī (*malaguni*), *v. n.* To lie down, to sleep.

malataṅkē, *s.* A hyena.

malapūna, *see* malapuni.

malapūpa, malapūru, *s.* An enclosure in a letter.

malamalū, *s.* Muslin.

malamāsa, *s.* An intercalary month.

malayāla, *s.* The province of Malabar. *malaya*—a man from Malabar.

malarāye, *s.* A demon so called.

malave, *s.* A man with squint eyes.

malāmū, *see* malamū.

malamatu, *s.* A strait, calamity, difficulty, dilemma. 2. reproach.

malina, *adj.* Foul, filthy, dirty.

maliruni (*maliruni*), *v. n.* To slip or wear away, as a portion of earth or mud work; also *malirunī.*

malē, *s.* A forest, jungle; a hill overgrown with forest.

malē, *s.* A large viper.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>male</th>
<th>maše</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a kind of serpent.</td>
<td>a kind of sweet potato.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To recline, lean against.</td>
<td>To make coincide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A demon so called.</td>
<td>A kind of fish.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malepini, see</td>
<td>mallasū, s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maleyāla, see</td>
<td>A lamp-bearer, a man who attends with a light.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maleyuni, malevuni (malevuni), v.n.</td>
<td>a molten image holding a lamp in its hands.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallāvuni, c. v. (of mallāvuni)</td>
<td>malligē, s. The creeper Jasminum sambac.</td>
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<tr>
<td>malli, s.</td>
<td>the four-o'clock flower, Mirabilis jalappa.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallavu, mallāvū, adj.</td>
<td>malliyuni, see</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malli, s.</td>
<td>mallivālu, see</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mallavuni, c. v.</td>
<td>malluni (malluni), v.n. To coincide.</td>
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<tr>
<td>malloli, see</td>
<td>malli, s.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallol, s.</td>
<td>mallupuni, see</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallaki, s. A leather bag.</td>
<td>mallakka, see</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallakā, s.</td>
<td>māsā, s.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallam, s.</td>
<td>māsā, s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A boxer, wrestler.</td>
<td>A leather bag.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a barber.</td>
<td>A torch.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a keeper.</td>
<td>inkstand.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a dog-keeper.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallol, s.</td>
<td>mallol, s.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallupuni, see</td>
<td>mallupuni, see</td>
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<td>māsā, s.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallam, s.</td>
<td>māsā, s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A goddess so called.</td>
<td>inkstand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mallayuddha, s.</td>
<td>māsā, s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boxing, wrestling.</td>
<td>A mosque.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a duel, combat.</td>
<td>a mosque.</td>
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<tr>
<td>mallarāye, see</td>
<td>mallarey, see</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mallari, see</td>
<td>mallarāye, see</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>māssale, s. A man senior in age; a senior.</td>
<td>a man senior in age; a senior.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a rich man.</td>
<td>a rich man.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a grown up man.</td>
<td>a grown up woman;</td>
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<tr>
<td>fem.</td>
<td>a female senior</td>
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<tr>
<td>not at all.</td>
<td>there is no effect at all.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
machi, s. Intoxication, pride, lust. 2. the rut of an elephant, etc. — to be overbearing; to be aggressive, quarrelsome.
mahākāli, see maha.
mahatva, s. Greatness, either in rank or bulk.

maha, s. A palace, mansion, hall. 2. an elephant’s stable.

mahā, adj. Great, much, eminent. adv. Exceedingly, excessively, very. a large crowd or assembly of people. an incurable disease.

mahākāli, mahādevi, s. Durgi, wife of Siva.

mahātme, s. A great man. 2. a prophet.
mahānubhāve, s. A man eminent for wisdom.

mahārāja, adj. Prince-

mahāraje, s. A sovereign, emperor. 2. a gentleman.

mahāraṣṭa, mahāraṣṭra, s. The Mahratta country.
mahārnoumi, s. The ninth day of Dasara feast. 2. the Dasara feast.
53
35
maha
35
si)
33
s;
&
mahalaya,
mahalya,
s.
Offerings made
to the manes of the departed
ancestors, during the second
fortnight of the 6th lunar
month; also —
mahi, s. The earth; also
— a king, sovereign.
mahita, adj. Proper, right.
2. reverenced.
mahimè, s. Glory, magnitude, majesty, greatness.
mahishásure, s. A
giant so called.
mahisandáye, s. A
demon so called.
mahésvare, s. A name of
Síva.
mahónnata, adj. Very
high, supreme. — supreme bliss. God the Great
or High One.
mahótsava, s. Great
festivity.
mahótsara, s. Ascites,
a kind of dropsy.
malampu, see mahé.
maligè, s. A store-house,
wholesale shop. 2. a cloth-
shop.
malè, s. Rain. — to do, make, perform, cause, frame. — to do a kind
office. — to arrest; to close, finish. — to frame
rules. — to cause or inflict
pain. Affixed to nouns it
gives them a verbal signification; as, — to cook.
— to eat. — to delay. — to love.
maúka, s. Darkness; cf.
maúkt.
maúkali, see maúka.
maúgavuni, c. v. (of
maúgav) To avert the eyes.
2. to put out of sight. 3. see
maúgav.
maúguni (maúga), v. n.
To disappear, vanish.
maúji, s. The pomfret,
a kind of fish. — Strom-
atcus candidus.
mánta, see manj.)
maúndra, s. Dried juice of
mangoes. 2. sweetness.
mámpuni, see maúmp.
maúmphala, see mánma.
mámbala, mámblala,
mámbala, s. A cake of fruits.
mámbra, s. A garland
put upon the neck of a devil-
dancer.
mámsa, s. Flesh; meat.
máka, mákatë, mákaqë,
s. A deceitful woman. adj.
Deceitful, trickish, fraudu-
 lent. 2. worthless, useless,
base.
mákariyuni (maúka),
v. n. To become black.
maka

mākaldī, *see* mākāla.

mākī, *see* māki.

mākīrakallu, *s.* A collyrium from the calx of brass, used for toothache.

māganē, *s.* A division of a tāluk. —mēre a village accountant and writer.

māgayi, *s.* An ear-ornament.

māguni (mākūn), *v. n.* To ripen. 2. *see* mākāla.

māgha, *s.* The eleventh lunar month. 2. the name of a Sanskrit poem.

mācipatrē, *s.* Wormwood, *Grangea maderaspatana*.

mājāvuni, *c. v.* (of mājā) To hide, conceal. 2. to erase, wipe, efface. 3. to dissipate, squander.

māji, *adj.* Late, former, recent.

mājimū, mājimē, mājumū, *s.* An intoxicating sweetmeat made of hemp-leaves, sugar, etc.

mājiru, *s.* A statement of people present at an inquest, etc.

mājuni (mākūn), *v. n.* To wear away, become dim, be effaced. 2. to vanish; also *see* mēkāla. 3. *see* mākāla.

mātū, *adj.* Unsuitable.

māta, *s.* Sorcery, witchcraft. 2. wickedness, mischievousness. —mēre a sorcerer; a mischievous fellow. —mēkāla to bewitch.

māti, *see* mākāla.

māṭe, *s.* A hole, or cavity in earth, wood, etc. 2. a hole of snakes, scorpions, etc.

māḍāvuni, *s.* The roof. āṭāṭe-, āṭāṭe-, āṭāṭe-, āṭāṭe- are different varieties of roof.

māḍa, *s.* The shrine of a demon.

māḍavuni, māḍavuni (mādavuni), *v. a.* To cultivate, as land. 2. to display, parade. —mēre to be foppish.

māḍu, *s.* A weapon made of a deer’s horn.

māṇavuni (māṇavuni), *v. a.* To lull to sleep. 2. to lessen, decrease, abate.

māni, *s.* A Brahman boy. 2. *see* māna. 3. *see* mānuśa.

mānika, *s.* A ruby.

mānyādīgē, *s.* The position of a demon priest.

mānye, *s.* A demon priest.

māṭukathe, *s.* Conversation. 2. intercourse. —mēre not being on good terms.


matma

- a respectable gentleman.

matayi, see mana.

matiri, s. Ebb, the reflux of the tide.

matuni, v. n. To lounge about, saunter.

matary, matary, mataryam, s. All people.

matra, adv. Only, solely, simply, merely; alone. merely that. only he, he alone. just come.

matre, s. A pill. a short vowel. 2. quantity in metre.

matrephala, s. A kind of citron.

maddy, s. Turning about. 2. a small bridge.

madaraphala, s. A large kind of citron.

madari, see madri.

madala, see madri.

madavuni, madavuni, madavuni, c. v. (of madav) To turn about, turn the face to another quarter.

madipe, s. A chuckler; a class of Pariahs.

madir, s. A kind of dancing.

madira, madir, madiraburu, s. A kind of creeper.

madira, see madri.

madduni, v. n. To turn about.

maddemi, see maddemi.

madri, s. A specimen, sample, pattern.

mana, s. Honour, respect, civility. 2. measure in general. 3. a quarter seer.

madavuni, see mana.

man, s. A man. 2. a messenger. 3. a servant; cf. nisuni.

manipuni, manisuni, v. a. To honour, respect.

many, s. A grant of lands. 2. respectability. adj. Respectable, venerable. of princely honours; royal. 

many, adj. Human, pertaining to man. human voice. to murder.

many, s. A Pariah servant. 2. see mana.

mapala, s. A large citron, Citrus medica.

mapari, mapathi, s. A public measurer, one who metes or measures grains, etc.
māpi, māpilē, māpuḷē, s. A descendant of Malabar Mahommedans; *cf. amūḍi.*

māpuṇi (māpuṇi), v. a. To undress, divest of clothes.
2. to change dress. 3. *see* māpuṇu, s. māpuṇu to change dress.

māphu, māphū, māphu, s. Pardon, excuse; exemption, remission. —māphū to excuse, as a fault; to remit, as a debt, etc. —māphū to beg pardon. —māphū to forgive.

māphaku, adj. According to, suitable, fit, proper.

māphala, see *māphu.*

māmi, s. A paternal aunt.
2. a mother-in-law. 3. the wife of a maternal uncle.

māmulu, māmulu, māmulu, s. Usage, established custom, prescription.

māme, s. A maternal uncle, mother’s brother.

māya, s. Fraud, trick; infatuation; deception. 2. illusion; *cf. māyā.*
3. juggling. 4. wickedness, villainy.
5. vanity, phantom, imagination.
—māyā, māyā jugglery, sleight of hand, legerdemain, magic.
—māyā to disappear. —māyā to deceive, impose upon; to conceal, hide.

māyangruni, māyangruni, māyangruni (māyangruni), v. n. To become dirty or filthy; to become sticky from much soiling, as clothes, etc.

māyandāye, s. A demon so called.

māyaka, māyaka, māyaka, s. A female demon so called.

māyīka, s. Vanishing, fleeting, passing away, disappearing.
2. *see* māyā. —māyā to vanish. —māyā to conceal.

māyake, s. A great deceiver; *cf. māyā.*

māyaṇa, s. Wax. —māya a wax candle.

māyatū, māyīti, s. A wax candle.

māyāpāsa, s. Family ties.

māyāprapana, s. The world, as being an illusion.

māyāvada, s. Idealism. 2. pantheism.

māyāvadi, s. An idealist. 2. a pantheist.

māyi, s. The eleventh Tulu month (Febr.-March).

māyiphala, s. Gallnut; also *māyila.*

māyilo, s. A term of exorcism, coupled with *māyila.*
mayuni (ಮೈಯುನಿ), v. n.
To be extinguished, put out.
2. to evaporate, as vapour or fumes. 3. to fall off, as corn, etc. from being over-ripe. fire to extinguish. to drop down, as a fruit from being over-ripe.

māyē, see māyē.

māru, s. A fathom, the space to which a man can extend his arms. 2. twisting straw into a rope. 3. see mārāṇa. 4. see mārānta. to measure a rope, etc., with the arms extended. to twist a rope of straw.

māra, s. Cupid.

mārampāḍē, s. A title among Jains.

mārajē, s. A large kind of snake; cf. अज. mārāṇa, s. Killing, destroying by charms or sorcery. 2. intrigue, cabal.

mārayi, see māraya.

mārāta, s. Sale; barter, exchange.

mārāṭige, s. A Maratha settler.

mārāmārī, s. Fighting, cuffing. 2. a riot, affray. to fight.

māraye, see māraya.

māravuni, c. v. (of मारव) To cause to sell, get sold.

mārāṣṭha, see mārāṇa.

māri, s. Durgi, presiding over epidemic diseases. 2. a plague, epidemic. 3. smallpox. 4. a bore, intolerable person. a large cowpen. a large hand-net. pestilence. an epidemic, as cholera, etc. an evil to happen suddenly.

mārīnūse, mārimanse, s. A low class of Pariahs.

māru, see māru.

māruni (ಮಾರುನಿ), v. a. To sell, dispose of.

mārubala, see mārubala.

māroji, see māroji.

mārga, s. A way, road, path. 2. means, manner, mode. 3. conduct. a cross-path; an improper course or conduct. a foot-path, short cut, by-path. the highway, main road. a traveller. to show the way or means. to construct a road; to devise means.

mārjanē, s. Cleaning, particularly the floor of a house with cow-dung.

mārnuḍi, s. A reply.

mārnomi, see mārnomi.
märpa, s. Change, alteration. —mare to change, be altered.
märpu, s. A fathom; cf. marbala, s. An opposing,
mālū, s. Property, wealth.
1. goods, things, articles.
2. An opposing.
mālu, s. Scum, refuse, lees. —āvalụ scum to accumulate.
—āvalụ scum to float, to ferment.
mila, J. The mullet, *Mugil cephalotus*.
malakariya, mālaya, sec mārapū.
malapuri, s. A kind of sweet meat.
malavuni, c. v. (of mē) To make lean or incline, cause to lean. 2. to impute, charge with; to throw upon. —āvalụ to charge with guilt.
mali, s. A gardener.
mālikāṇu, s. An annual allowance to deposed kings.
mālike, s. An owner, possessor. 2. an heir.
mālisu, s. Rubbing, cleaning, as a horse, etc., with a brush. —āvalụ to clean a horse.
māluni (mē), v. n. To lean, incline. 2. to reel, stagger, totter. 3. to be proved, established.
mālē, s. A garland, wreath of flowers. 2. a necklace. 3. a string of beads, a rosary.
4. cunning, trickery; cf. mē. —āvalụ a florist; a class of dancers. —āvalụ the scrofula.
malōke, s. A foreigner, an alien.
mālīdi, s. fem. of mē.
mālya, see mālē.
māvute, s. An elephant driver, a mahout.
māvu, s. A kind of tares. —āvalụ tares to grow.
māve, s. A father-in-law.
māsū, s. Fading, turbidity; soil ing. adj. Faded; turbid; soiled. —āvalụ to charge with guilt.
māsa s. A month. 2. see māsādīgē, s. Animal food, in contrast to vegetable food.
māsika, s. A monthly ceremony for a deceased ancestor, performed during the first year after his decease. adj. Monthly.
māsuni (mē), v. n. To fade, lose colour. 2. to soil. —āvalụ a flower to fade. —āvalụ the face to become pale.
māsē, s. The after-birth.
māselu, s. Fading. 2. that which has faded or soiled.
māsti, s. The ghost of a suttee. —āvalụ worship of such a ghost.
mahi, s. Acquaintance, knowledge, experience.

mali, see malu.

malu, see malu.

mala, mula, mulya, see maliyada.

maligè, s. An upper story; a terraced roof. –a cellar. –g aner – a garret, loft.

maluni, see malu.

makshi, see kashm.

miñci, see minci.

miñis, see minis.

miñjuni (miñj), v. n.
To be released, saved. 2. to escape. v. a. To exceed. 2. to spare. 3. to conquer, overcome.

miñdakâre, see miñdackar.

miñg, miñig, miñigü, s. Unchastity, lewdness (applied to a female).

miñdi, s. An incontinent woman.

miñde, s. A rake, paramour, whoremonger. –lo to live in adultery.

miñnukuni, see miñnook.

mimpuri, see miñpuri.

mikka, adj. Left, remaining. 2. other. –so other affairs, etc.

mikkuni (mik), v. a. To surpass, exceed, transgress. v. n. To remain, be left.

migutè, migite, s. Surplus, balance, remnant.

2. mesne profit.

miga, s. A deer; cf. muga.

mig, migi, migilyu, s. Surpassing, excelling.

migiluni (miñj), v. n.
To excel, surpass.

migu, migi, miggi, see migi.

migguni, see miggu.

miñj, miñjak, miñjdu, miñjasy, s. Display, ostentation, vain show. 2. pride, vanity.

miñjipuni, miñjuni (miñj), v. n. To be full of worms, affected with worms.

miñjimi, miñjimi, a. Viscous, sticky.

mitri, s. Sweetness. 2. smacking. –lo to smack.

mitê, adj. Prominent, protruding. s. Pollen. –k pollen of Pandanus odoratissimus.

mithäyi, s. Sweetmeat.

midi, s. Young, unripe fruit.

miku, see miku.

miñimi, adj. Twinkling, glistening, dimly shining. –k a lamp burning dimly. –k eyes to glisten.

miñuku, see miñook.
To twinkle, glisten, sparkle.

Moderation, temperance, forbearance. 2. measure. 3. limitation, bounds. adj. Temperate, moderate.

Temperance, moderate enjoyment, indulging moderately.

Moderation and excess.

Limit, bound. 2. measure. 3. moderation. 3 boundless. to rate, estimate; to despise, undervalue. to transgress.

Above, upon, over, after. adv. Then, afterwards. to come up, to prosper; to be possessed, as with a demon. to get up; to assault.

A demon so called.

The loft of a small upstair-room, an attic.

An offering to the manes.

The lintel of a door, etc.

High, beyond reach of hand.

To ascend, mount, climb.
To mix, compound.

**milāvu, milāvu**, s. Steel.


**misimi**, s. Valour; skill.

**misku**, s. Scorn, despising.

2. confusion, dizziness. —*& to be dizzy.

**miskuni** (*miskunī*), v. *n.* To move, venture. 2. to interfere with, meddle. *It is used chiefly in a negative sense with श्रेष्ठ, श्रीनमी, अन्, etc.; as, श्रेष्ठ अनुशासन अद्यय यदि you cannot venture there. तथा शी नर जसों अनुशासन अद्यय यदि the cart being completely laden, there is no more room. जगद्धि कही रन नर जसों अनुशासन अद्यय my stomach being full, I can take nothing more. तथा श्रेष्ठ अनुशासन अद्यय यदि it is difficult to climb upon such a large tree. जगद्धि अनुषासन अद्यय यदि you should not interfere with their quarrel.

**misra**, see श्रेष्ठ.

**misri**, s. A gold coin worth about 2½ rupees.

**milli**, s. A small metallic vessel. *मिली*—such a vessel containing holy water.

**mīnūti** (*mīnūti*), v. *a.*

To force up or out; to exert a pressure or sustain weight, as with a lever.

**mitu**, *adj.* Clever, smart, sharp.

**mitavuni**, c. *v.* (of भास्कर) To cause to force up.

**mituni**, see मिस्री.

**minu**, s. A fish. *मिनी*—salted or preserved fish. ती—dried fish. ती—fresh fish. —*& a fishing net. —& a kind of ear-

**mina**, s. The 12th solar month; the sign Pisces in the zodiac.

**minakanda**, s. The calf of the leg.

**minamaṇja**, s. A fish-market.

**minavuni** (*minavuni*), v. *a.*

To behave coquettishly.

**minānka**, s. A public fishing.

[bath.]

**mipāta**, s. Bathing, a

**mipavuni**, c. *v.* (of मीपा) To make or cause to bathe; to bathe, wash, give a bath.

**mipini** (*mipini*), v. *n.* To take a bath, to wash one's self.

**miyande**, s. The throat, roof of the mouth.

**miyarpuni** (*miyaarpuni*), v. *a.* To wash a corpse.

**miru**, *adj.* Much, exceeding; *cf.* मित्र.
mira, s. Sweet toddy.
miravuni, miravuni, miravuni, c. v. (of mira) To cause to surpass or exceed.
miriké, miriké, miriké, miriké, miriké, miruviké, s. Transgression, violation.
miruni (mir), v. a. To transgress, violate. 2. to exceed; cf. manavu.

mirpe, s. The sexton of a Roman Catholic church.

misé, s. Mustaches, whiskers. 2. feelers of an insect. –misé to trim the whiskers to appear. –misé to stroke the mustaches; to defy, challenge.

mu, mūn, (in comp.) adj. Three, treble. mūn a three pie or quarter anna piece. mūn a tripod, stool.
mūn, adv. Before, in front. –mūn the front.

mūnkaṇṇu, see manasāni.
mūnkudi, see manasāni.
mūnkele, s. A proud woman.
mūnkele, s. A sickly man. 2. see mūkāli.
mūnkoraṇu, s. A small spike of corn. 2. the first ear of corn.
mūngada, mūngana, s. An advance in money. –mūngu to pay in advance.

mūngayi, see mūnag.
mūngaliyuni (mūnala), v. a. To surpass.
mūngāryu, s. A hammer.
mūngili, mūngile, mūnguli, s. A mungoose, ichneumon.
mūngu, see mūngu.
mūnguduni (mūngud), v. n. To be angry; cf. mūngudā.
mūngudi, see manavu.
mūngudi, see manavu.
mūnguduni (mūngud), v. n. To dive, sink.
mūngumusudu, s. A wry face.
mūngurta, s. Prognostication, foretoken.
mūngē, s. A shoot, bud, sprout.
mūngai, s. The fore arm. 2. the elbow. –mūngē a chain bracelet. –mūngē to hold out the fore-arm. –mūngē to box each other's fore arm in a kind of boxing match.

mūniṇaṇa, see manasāni.
mūniṇī, s. Red cayenne pepper, chilli, Capsicum annum. mūniṇī – pepper, Piper nigrum. mūniṇī, mūniṇī. mūniṇī a very sharp kind of chilli. –mūniṇī the stalk of a chilli. –mūniṇī pepper water.
munja, s. Circumcision. 
munji, s. The grass *Saccharum munja*. 2. investiture with the sacred thread; *also mundu*. 2. circumcision of Mahommedans. —*kibul* to invest a boy with the sacred thread; *to circumcise*.

munja, munja, munjé, s. The breast, as called by children. —*chabul* to suckle. 
*mund*, see *mundu*.

munda, s. The forehead; *cf. mundal*, 2. the trunk. *adj. Small.*

mundagé, see *mundi*.

mundataye, s. A demon so called.

mundalu, mundal, s. A higher class of Pariahs. —*kabul* a Pariah of this class.

mundalli, see *mundi*.

mundasu, s. A turban. —*kabul* to wind a turban.

mundi, s. The blue flowered tree *Memecylon tinctorum*. 2. a female’s name.

mundigé, s. A small stool. 2. *see mundiduni*.

mundiduni (mundidi), v. a. To kneel; to prostrate; *also mundidpavuni.*

(mundid) To make kneel, cause to kneel.

mundíla, s. A brush used by devil-dancers. 2. a kind of bush.

mundu, s. A young ox. 2. the vessel in which toddy is put. 3. a small upper garment. 4. the raised border of a veranda. 5. *see mundu*. —*kabul* an out-house. —*kabul* to prostrate. —*kabul* to wear a small garment. —*kabul* to fasten a toddy-vessel with a coir network.

mundupacara, s. False civility.

mundumukkali-gé, s. A tripod, low stool.

mundé, s. A widow. 2. an abusive term. 3. a pestle. —*kabul* a kind of jack fruit.

mundeyi, s. The screw-pine, *Pandanus odoratiussimus*.

mundo, see *mundu*.

mundola, see *mundi*.

mundoli, s. A rough kind of betel leaves. —*kabul* a betel-vine trained upon a mango tree.

munni, s. The folds of a male’s cloth.

munne, see *mundu*.

mundana, s. Priority. *adj. First, prior, future.* —*kabul* future destiny.
munda, munda-ripuni, mundarisuni (mundale, mundale), v. a. To advance, march; to continue, carry on; also संरक्षण.

mundalė, s. The front part of the head. 2. the hair above the forehead. 3. a head ornament. —संरक्षण a plate set with jewels in its centre. संरक्षण the whole face.

mundiri, s. Settlement, adjustment. संरक्षण a settled account.

mundilu, s. Export, exportation. 2. the court-yard of a house. संरक्षण the inner courtyard of a square.

munduka, mundukaṭṭu, munduku, s. Dangerous illness.

munduruni see नेट

mundē, adj. Before, in front.

munderiyuni, munderuni, mundersuni, see नेट

munnadu, see नेट

munnaya, s. Bezoar.

2. the bezoar root, Dorstenia Drakena, Radix contrajervae.

munni, s. Tip, lappet.

munnigē, s. The hem of a dressing garment.

munnūdu, num. Three hundred.

munnūlu, s. Three threads.

munnē, see नेट

munnodu, adv. Year before the last, two years ago.

mumbara, s. Calamity, distress.

mumbāyi, s. Bombay.

mumbu, s. The name of a caste. 2. dumb animals.

mummaḍi, adj. Three-fold.

mummana, see नेट

murākavuni, see मुरुरुक.

murākuni, murānguni, see मुरुरुक

murāgele, see मुरुरुक

murntu, see मुरुरुक

murndala, see नेट

muka, see नेट

mukadāmu, s. A head cooly or labourer, a maistry.

mukabāre, s. A kind of bush.

mukarāvu, mukarpū, mukasiri, see under मुरुरुक

mukāru, s. Three legs.

संरक्षण to run with three legs, as a lame quadruped.

mukāri, s. The headman of Pariahs.

mukāsu, s. Consideration, foresight. 2. see नेट
mukaste, see mukku. mukunda, adv. All over, around.
mukunde, s. A name of Vishnu.
mukuta, mukutē, s. A crown, diadem.
mukuda, s. The coccyx.
mukudi, see mukutē.
mukudu, s. Looking back.
mukuduni (mukuti), v.n. To look back, turn the face.
mukude, see mukuti.
mukuti, see mukutē.
mukutē, see mukuti.
mukurukapōlē, s. A very nice woman.
mukuruni (mukuti), v.n. To bud, germinate.
mukururūru, see muktu.
mukuli, see mukutē.
mukūbu, s. Suspension, stoppage, adjournment.
mukē, see mukā. 2. see mukūbu.
3. see mukūbu.
mukoralu, see mukūbu.
mukka, s. An abusive word. 2. see mukka. adj. Deformed. -mukka a deformed child.
mukkanē, s. Śiva with three eyes. [mukka, mukka, see mukku.
mukkarāvu, see mukkā. mukkaligē, mukkalē, s. A small stool or bench.
mukkaldi, s. The priest of the demon Koḍamandāye.
mukkāmbē, see mukkā. mukkāni, s. Three-sixty-fourths. 2. a quarter anna.
mukkāryu, s. Three legs.
mukkāri, see mukkāryu.
mukkālu, s. Three quarters. 2. a three-pie or quarter anna piece.
mukkāli, see mukkāryu.
mukkāvuni, c.v. (of mukkāvuni) To over-feed.
mukkāsū, s. Three cash.
mukki, see mukku.
mukku, s. A corner. 2. a narrow lane. 3. painting, dying. -mukka to dye.
mukkuṇa, adj. Stout, robust. 2. mute, speechless. -mukkā to become stout.
mukkuḍi, s. A taciturn or a reserved woman.
mukkuḍu, s. Reserve. 2. taciturnity, reservation.
mukkuḍe, s. A taciturn or reserved man.
mukkuni, v.a. To gobble, swallow, devour. lit. to de-
your earth, to be ill-fated, ruined.

mukku, mukkuri, see mukha.
mukkuridpini, see mukkura.
mukkuru, s. Snorting, grunting, growling. a kind of crab. see mukkuri.
mukkuruni (mukkur), v. a. To challenge, defy. 2. to snort, grunt, growl.
mukkururu, sa? mukkuli, mukkuli, s. A mouthful of any liquid.
mukkulyuni, mukkulyuni (mukkur), v. a. To gargle or rinse the mouth.
mukku, mukke, s. One of a class of fishermen. 2. see mukka.
mukkele, s. A voracious man.
mukkanq, s. Three quarters of a seer.
mukkolu, adv. Thrice. a menial servant; of.
mukkona, s. A triangle.
mukta, adj. Released, liberated.
mukta, see mukta.
muktaru, muktari, muktyari, s. A power of attorney.
1. an assignment, transfer of title or interest by writing.
muktare, s. An attorney, agent, assignee. 2. an owner, master.
muktis, s. Manumission, absolution. 2. final beatitude.
muktisre, see muktis.
mukyun, s. Mukyel, see mukyun.
mukri, s. A reader of the Koran in a mosque.
mukru, adj. Established, fixed, certain. 2. appointed. to establish, determine; to appoint.
mukha, s. The face, countenance. 2. a means, instrument.
mukra, the complexion, colour of the face.
attention, regard or civility inspired by a person's presence; partiality, respect, consideration.
a veil; a wrapper.
the expression of the countenance.
resemblance of features.
a front veranda.
lustre of the countenance: betel leaves, eaten with areca nut, lime, etc., which gives the mouth a deep red tinge.
flattery.
face to face; to be satiated; to become disgusted.
mukharapu, mukhara, s. Expression
of the features. 2. a metallic plate tied below the eyes of a racing buffalo.

mukhābile, s. Collation, comparison; confronting. to compare, collate. to confront.
mukhi, see mukhaste.
mukhupu, s. Abolition, abrogation. 2. adjournment, postponement. to be abolished, adjourned.
mukhurūpu, see under mukh.
mukhoṭu, see mukhustu.
mukhya, adj. Chief, principal. chiefly.
mukhyaste, s. A chief, head, principal.
muga, s. A demon’s headgear made of silver, etc. 2. a mask, disguise.
mugante, s. The pials on either side of an entrance; to a house.
mugadya, mugāḍa, mugāḍē, s. The capsule of a cocoanut or other fruit.
mugadora, adj. Bottled.
muganu, s. The front.
mugapatṭu, s. The cramp of a lock.
mugapunī, see sīnasu.
mugamūrti, s. Utensils of demon-worship, especially of Jumādi.
mugayi, s. A small earthen vessel.
mugarāvu, see muga.
mugalū, mugalū, s. A cloud. sultry heat. to become cloudy.
mugaiṭe, s. Scent. to scent, track.
mugāṣa, mugāṣu, mugasa, see sīnasu.
mugadora, see muga.
mugayi, see sīnasu.
mugita, see sīnasu.
mugitala, s. End, conclusion. adj. Final.
mugitaye, see sīnasu.
mugituruni(mugitunī), v. a. To accomplish, conclude, finish.
mugitē, s. A settlement, decision. 2. a contract, bargain. a work given on contract. to give a work on contract. to undertake a work on contract.
muginoldu, s. A kind of paddy.
mugipu, see sīnasu.
mugipnī (sīnasu), v. a. To finish.
To end, terminate, cease. 2. to close, contract, shut up. — to close hands in salutation, to salute without prostrating.

mugilu, s. Planitude. 2. see मङ्गिळी.

mugili, s. A turret, minaret, top, as of a temple.

mugu, s. The fixed hire with board, lodging, and raiment of a labourer. — मङ्गिण्या to serve under such a contract.

muguḍu, s. A kind of fish. 2. see मङ्गिधू. मङ्गिधू a kind of eel.

mugude, see मङ्गिधू.

mugutāyi, s. Completion, finishing.

mugutāye, s. A servant engaged for fixed hire, boarding, etc.; cf. मङ्गिता.

muguti, see मङ्गिता. 2. see मङ्गिता.

mugute, see मङ्गिते.

mugur, see मङ्गुर.

muguru, s. A sprout, shoot, bud. adj. Tender, delicate. 2. gentle, not harsh. — मङ्गुर्व a gentle smile. — मङ्गुर्वा a tender breast.

muguruni (मङ्गुरूनि), v.a. To bud, sprout.

mugururu, see मङ्गुरूरु.

mugul, see मङ्गु.

mugulari, s. Parboiled rice.

muguli, s. An odd number. मङ्गुळी odd and even numbers.

mugule, s. A Mogul.

muguvali, see मङ्गुवळी.

muguli, s. A bubble. 2. the pinnacle of a temple. 3. the top of a walking stick. 4. see मङ्गुळी. 5. see मङ्गुळी.

mugu, see मङ्गु.

mug, s. A small earthen vessel.

mugeru, s. A hare, rabbit. 2. see मङ्गेरु.

mugere, s. A demon so called. 2. the name of a caste.

mugeu, see मङ्गे.

mugga, s. Mould, mustiness. 2. see मङ्गा. adj. Musty. — मङ्गें a musty smell. — मङ्गें to become mouldy.

mugganu, muggena, s. A narrow piece of cloth, used for covering the privities.

muggiyuni, see मङ्गीयुणि.

muggu, see मङ्गू.

muggè, s. A flower bud, germ.

muggeryu, s. A Malayalam fisherman. 2. see मङ्गेरु.

muggerlu, s. A class of Pariahs.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kannada</th>
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<tr>
<td>अनांको</td>
<td>species of contribution or tax levied in the days of Hyder and Tippoo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>अनांको</td>
<td>to shut, close, cover. 2. to screen, shelter. अनांको to shut the eyes. अनांको to shut the door. अनांको to keep quiet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>अनांको</td>
<td>A kind of tree.</td>
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<td>अनांको</td>
<td>a relation; a man with whom one can associate. अनांको a female</td>
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**muōgō**

- A species of contribution or tax levied in the days of Hyder and Tippoo.

**muṭṭa**

- To shut, close, cover. 2. to screen, shelter. अनांको to shut the eyes. अनांको to shut the door. अनांको to keep quiet.

- A species of contribution or tax levied in the days of Hyder and Tippoo.
relation; a female with whom one can associate. — to approach, go near. — to come near; to be sufficient. — very near, near by.

mutta, s. A sickle, scythe.

muttatti, s. A sickle, scythe.

muttadané, muttadané, s. An instrument for mincing vegetables, etc.

muttalé, muttalé, s. A cap made of the stalk of an areca-nut branch.

are some of its varieties.

muttavuni, c. v. (of mutte) To cause to touch.

2. to accompany to one’s destination; to cause to reach, to deliver. — to deliver a letter.

mutta, s. A very stupid or indigent man.

mutti, s. A small kind of earthen pot equal to a pint, by which toddy is sold to customers. 2. see muttu. — to be unlucky or unfortunate.

one potful of toddy will make one light-hearted, two will make him talkative, three will make him turbulent.

muttikallu, s. A stepping stone.

muttibisalé, s. A distilling vessel; also

muttu, s. A shoe, sandal.

2. a footstep. 3. steps, stairs.

4. a stool. — a hold, brace.

a stool or machine for preparing vermicelli. — to walk step by step. — to put on sandals; to measure with the foot. — cocks to fight.

muttu, s. Menstruation.

2. ceremonial uncleanliness or defilement. — a critical state; a dangerous illness; a narrow path; straitened circumstances.

people of the same rank.

the lid of a distillery.

muttuni, s. Touch, contact.

2. a distillery. adj. Touching. — a critical state; a dangerous illness; a narrow path; straitened circumstances.

people of the same rank.

the lid of a distillery.

muttuvali, see mutte.

mutte, s. The head, as of fish or fowls.

2. a heap. 3. the fist.
The knuckles, joints of fingers. 2. see 
Expenses, cost.

Stiffness, rigidity. 2. emaciation, leanness.

Stupidity, dulness.

to become stiff; to be emaciated; to become stunted.

see

A kind of fish.

A bundle of rice, etc., packed in straw. 2. a lump of tamarind, etc., packed in leaves. 3. a measure of grain, etc., containing from forty to sixty seers. 4. a young, unripe mango, etc. from the head to the toe, all over the body. —, to pack rice, etc., into a straw-bundle. — to pack a lump into a bundle.

The mask (or ) of the demon called Lekkēsiri.

Roasted rice.

A gold ornament for the head.

To have a person's head dressed with flowers.

A bundle of money, jewels, etc., put by, as devoted to some idol. — to put by money in this way. — to present to some idol money or jewels thus consecrated.

To be turned into a knot; to be knotty.

A cock with a treble comb. — such a comb of acock.

Pregnancy without getting menses after the birth of the former child.

see

A side-piece. 2. see 3. see a side-piece of a coffer.

A kind of parched rice.

see

see
To eat up, consume.

A screen, made of coconut leaves. — to put up such a screen.

To plait, braid, knit. 2. to bind.

To be folded. 2. to get entangled. — to pinion the wings of a bird.

The buttock.

A wild boar. 2. see मुदीये.

The cuscus grass, Andropogon muricatuni. — a dark kind of it. — a white kind of it.

see मुद्ये.

see मुनि.

see मुनुगुनि.

see मुनुकी.

see मुनुमुनु.

see मुने.

see मुनकुनि.

To say झेल, expressive of disapproval or unwillingness. 2. to cry, as a ghost.

A grumbler.

Pepper. 2. chilli.
muttu, s. A pearl. 2. a drop. 3. see mudalé, -a nare, -a nari a pearl necklace. -a nari a pearl earring. -a a precious pearl. -kata the nape of the neck. -manjaka to string or set with pearls.

muttu, s. A darling, dear child. adj. see muttu.

muttu, adj. Desolate, waste. -sakha to become desolate or extinct.

muttuni (muttu), v. n. To become extinct, be destroyed.

muttuni (muttu), v. a. To surround, besiege, hem in, encompass.

muttê, s. A dear boy. 2. four cowries won in a game of cards to lose the chance of winning the same.

muttedi, see muttu.

mutteri, s. A kind of skin ornamental knob in jewelry.

müttesi, muttési, müttesi, muttési, s. A woman whose husband is alive.

müttesa, s. The five principal ornaments, constituting the badge of a woman whose husband is alive; namely, katarakka, mudalé, muduru, muttu, jatiga and padumattu 2. any instrument or implement.
mudu, *v. n.* To expand, become dilated or enlarged.
mudulu, *s.* A hawk.
mudè, *s.* Consanguinity.
mudēpū, *s.* A screen, blind.
mudelyū, *s.* The bottom.
2. stubble, stump of a tree.
3. origin, cause.
4. capital, principal.
mudā, *s.* A kiss.
2. affection, love.
adj. Dear, pet, darling, favourite.
∞ juvenility.
∞ a dear child. -∞ to kiss, give a kiss.
muddē, *s.* A lump, unshapen mass.
2. consanguinity. -∞ useless.
∞ to be turned into a lump or mass.
the Pambadas observe no rules of consanguinity.
muddēi, *s.* A complainant, prosecutor.
muddeile, *see* muddēi.
mudra, *see* mudrā.
mudrakshara, *s.* The printing type; typography.
mudrikē, *s.* Dedication of a literary work to a person.
2. hoarding or amassing wealth.
3. *see* muddē.
∞ a dedicatory stanza.
∞ to dedicate.
∞ to lay out money.
mudripuni, *v. a.* To seal, stamp, impress.
mudrē, *s.* A seal, signet.
2. a stamp, print, impression.
∞ a stamp-paper.
∞ a seal-ring.
∞ to seal, stamp, impress.
applying sectarian seals among the Vaishnavaits to the different parts of their body above the navel.
muna, *adj.* Half done; remaining, left, unfinished.
munaphē, *s.* Profit, gain; saving.
muna, s. The subordinate civil judge of a taluk.

munase, see muis.

munasiphe, s. Worth, value, estimate. 2. discretion, opinion. 3. circumstance, condition, position, state. - to be of opinion; to be worth, seemly or appropriate.

munasabu, s. Worth, value, estimate. 2. discretion, opinion. 3. circumstance, condition, position, state. 

munase, see *.

munasiphe, s. The subordinate civil judge of a taluk.

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munasabu, s. Worth, value, estimate. 2. discretion, opinion. 3. circumstance, condition, position, state. 

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down, overturn; cf. సరము. 2. to strangle. 3. to finish.

ముయిపుని (muyipuni), v. a. To pluck off. 2. see ముయియా.

ముయరు, see మురండి.

ముయ్యా, adj. Returning. -మురండి to return, give back. 

మురా, s. A demon so called. 

మురా, s. A stone quarry; laterite stone. adj. Laterite. 2. stony, hard, strong. పునిది a medicine prepared of hard wood left by white ants and of earth from the ant-hole. -పునిది a laterite stone, used for building purposes. -పునిది a hard-hearted man. 

మురా, మురాంధే, see మురియత.

మురాండి, మురాండి, మురాండి, మురాండి, see మురియదుని.

మురాసేయ, see మురాసేయ.

మురాగే, s. A rope made of straw. 

మురాడి, adj. Knotty. 

మురాలి, s. A file. 2. see మురాండి.

మురాండి, మురాండి, మురాండి, see మురియదుని.

మురు, s. Entreaty; cf. సరము. 2. an incision or notch. -మూతుండి to swear. -మూతుండి to make a notch.

మురు, s. A curve, circle, ring, twist. 2. the creases of the hand, winding of a conch, etc. మురియదుని Heliceteres Isora, a conch that winds to the right. 

మురుగి, see మురు.

మురుగే, మురుగే, s. Twist. 2. entanglement. -మురియదుని to disentangle. 

మురుపావుని, v. (of మురుపాండి) To cause to burn, consume, as firewood for culinary purposes. 

మురుపాండి, v. a. To burn, consume, as firewood for culinary purposes. 

మురియా, s. A cry, weeping; a loud noise. -మురియాది to make one cry; to grieve, distress. 

మురియత, s. Lamentation, wailing. 

మురియదుని, మురియాడుని, v. n. To weep, lament, bewail. 

మురియేపుని (మురియేపుని), v. n. To grumble, murmur. 

మురియా, intj. Alas! s. Weeping loudly; a cry of lamentation, distress, etc. 

మురియదుని, s. Severe illness; a crisis. 

మురు, s. An ear-ring. 2. fortitude, patience. -మూతుండి to endure quietly. 

మురుంటు, adj. Shrunken, shrivelled. 

మురుంటుని (మురుంటుని), v. n. To shrink, shrivel.
murukula, see Shrink-
ing.
muru, muruku, see Murugan.
muruga, see Murugan.
muru, see Murugan.
murutu, see Murugan.
muruduni, see Muruduni.
muruduni, see Muruduni.
murupavuni, see Murupunun.
murupuni, see Murupunun.
murumurcande, see Murumurcande.
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murumurcande, see Murumurcande.
murgu, v. n. To mould, become musty. 2. see mould.
murgu, s. Ducking, diving.
murugērē, see mould.
murugāvā, murgāndē, murei, see mould.
muruguni see mould.
murude, see mould.
murta, s. Beginning. 2. see mould. 3. see mould. —to to begin.

murtā, murtāma, s. Haughtiness, arrogance, pride. 2. folly, foolishness. —a a kind of kettle-drum. —an an offering accompanied with beating of a drum.
murī, s. The act of drawing toddy; tapping a palm tree for toddy. 2. see mould.
murtelu, s. Dry leaves, etc., used for kindling fire.
murdārasāngi, s. Semi-vitrified oxide of lead.
murnālī, murnāli, s. A grooved instrument of metal for tapping a bundle of grain, etc., in order to take out a sample of it.
murpāvuni, see mould.
murpun, s. Kindling fire into a blaze. 2. stretching of a limb. 3. see mould.
muriṇi (सूर्णि), v. n. A spark to be kindled into a blaze. 2. to be stretched, as the limbs. 3. see mould.
murle, s. A quarrelsome man.
murli, adj. Little, small; tender.
mursāvuni, see mould.
mulām, mulām, s. Cerate, plaster. 2. gilding.
mulājī, melājē, s. Respect, regard for.
muli, s. Thatching grass.
mulladonkuni (मुल्लाडणकुं), s. A Pariah woman to become pubescent.
mullé, s. The tail of a cock, etc. 2. see मल्ल - the lapwing. अँडा - the tail of a cock.

मुलुङ्गी, see मल्लुङ्गी.

मुवौडू, see मल्लौडू.

मुवौडू, मुवौडु, मुवौँडु, see मल्लौडू.

मुव्वें, s. A blossom.

मुव्वे, मुव्वर, see मल्लुङ्गी.

मुव्वले, मुव्वलू, see मल्लुङ्गी.

मुस्ति, s. The fist. 2. a handful.

मसरे, s. Anything boiled or dressed for eating. 2. uncleanness. adj. Boiled, dressed. 2. unclean, foul. अङ्गरा - a vessel in which rice has been boiled.

मसला, s. A wooden pestle used in pounding rice.

मसपिरी, मसाप्हरी, s. A traveller, stranger. माहृत्यु - a traveller's bungalow.

मसन्दु, मसुंदु, s. The face, snout, muzzle. अङ्गरा - a distorted face; an angry look.

मसुधिद, मसुधि, मसुधिदा, s. A shameless woman. 2. a kind of weapon. 3. see मसुधिदा.

मसुकु, see मसुकु.

मसुदू, see मसुदू.

मसुलमान, s. A Mussalman.

मस्कु, s. Inefficacy. 2. disregard, disrespect. adj. Ineffective, fruitless. 2. obscure. 3. see मस्कु.

मसकारा, see मसकारा.

मस्कुल, मस्किल, s. Pain, trouble.

मस्कु, विंध्य, s. A hood, veil.

मस्त, मस्ता to put on a hood or veil; the sky to be clouded.

मस्ते, s. The grass Cyperus rotundus.

मस्रें, मस्रे, see मस्रे.

महृत्यु, महृत्यु, s. Time. 2. an English hour. 3. an hour of 48 minutes. 4. the time fixed for marriage or other auspicious ceremonies. अङ्गरा - to fix such a time. माहृत्यु to begin at such a time.

मला, see मला.

मलाे, मलाे, s. A traveller, stranger. मलाे - a traveller's bungalow.

मलावूणी, see मलावूणी.

मलि, see मलि.
muliyuni, muleyuni, mulévuni (mulli, muky), v. n. To germ, shoot, sprout.

muluguni, see muksha.

mulè, s. A nail, peg, wedge.

1. a germ, shoot. 
2. the out-turn of a crop may be estimated from the saplings.

mulekutti, see muksha.

multa, adv. Of here, belonging to this place. mullan a man of this place.

mul, mulp, mulla, adv. Here.

mulli, mulli-kalè, mulli-kölè, s. The plant Hugonia mystax.

mulladi, s. A thorny ground. mulli thorns will sprout on a thorny ground, prov.

mullaparndù, s. The fruit of a thorny plant.

mullapadpè, mullupadpè, s. A kind of orach, Amaranthus spinosus.

mulévuni, see mulli, muky.

mulè, s. see mulli, muky.

mulè, s. A thorn, thorny bush, an iron prickle. 2. a spur. 3. the bone of a fish or a serpent. 4. the spine. 5. a fork. mulè a species of yam, Dioscorea tomentosa.

mulluni (mulli), v. n. To grunt.

muksha, see muky.

múkanu, s. Small grits of rice or other grain.

múku, s. The germ of corn. 2. the top, or space between the eyes of a coconut. 3. the extremity of a mango fruit. 4. see mundi.

mundi, see mundi.

mundikande, s. A big yam from Ceylon.

mundù, s. A pale to support a wooden bridge.

múkanu, see muky.

múkambè, s. A dumb goddess.

múki, s. A woman who snuffles or speaks through the nose.

múku, s. The nose, bill, beak.
jewel of a woman whose husband is alive. — the nostrils. — up to the nose. — a flat nose. — a long nose. — to stop the nose. — to bore the nose. — to snuffle, speak through the nose. — to put the finger on the nose, as an indication of surprise or threat. — to blow the nose.

mukuduni, see makudi.
mukuti, mukudi, s. A nose-ornament of a married woman.
muke, s. A man who snuffles or speaks through the nose.
mukele, s. A proud man.
mukoraly, see under.
mugu, see mugi. 2. see.
muguti, see mugut. muce, see muce.
muduni, v. To rise, be born.
mudavuni, see mugavuni.
mudè, s. A kind of rice cake or pudding boiled in steam. 2. a mould made of the leaves of screw-pine, into which the dough is poured.
mudhe, s. An ignorant man; a fool.
mutra, s. Urine. — scalding urine; inflammation of the urethra. — stop-
muda

page of urine, strangury.

mudalé, see mūda.

mūniyuni, see mūda.

mūnè, see mūda.

mūpu, s. Timber.

mūpunì, see mūna. 2. see mūna.

mūbadali, s. A loan without interest. 2. anything lent to be returned.

mūryu, adj. Fat, stout, corpulent. -Rx to become fat, stout.

mūri, s. A bad smell, stench. 2. stretching oneself. -L Lantana aculeata. -RX to stretch oneself. -N to stink.

mūru, see mūna; cf. mūd.

mūruti, see mūd.

mūrunāli, see mūna. 2.

mūruni (mūri), v. a. To tap the blossoms of a palm tree for toddy. 2. to mince, cut up, as vegetables. -mūru to mince vegetables. -mūru a toddy-drawer.

mūrusāvuni, see mūna.

mūre, s. A man without moustaches. 2. see mūdre.

mūrkar, adj. Obstinate, wilful. 2. foolish, ignorant, stupid. -mūro obstinacy, stupidity, ignorance.

mūrkhe, s. An obstinate man. 2. a fool, blockhead.

mūrdère, mūrdêri, mūrdèra mūrccē, mūrcē, mūrēhē, s. Fainting, syncope, swooning. -mūro to swoon, faint.

mūrti, s. Matter, form, solidity. 2. the body. 3. the figure, form, any definite shape or image, an idol. 4. a god, emanation of a god. 5. see mūrti. -mūro idolatry. -mūrti the first cause. 3— the Hindu triad. 3— a respectful epithet used in addressing learned men or priests.

mūrtimatti, adj. Substantial, material.

mūrtilēye, s. A demon so called.

mūrte, see mūd.

mūrda, mūrtha, s. The head, pate.

mūrduni, see mūna. 2.

mūrdhanya, adj. Chief, principal.

mūrdhābhishēka, s. Anointing or crowning a sovereign.

mūla, s. A root. 2. origin. 3. commencement. 4. capital, principal. 5. the original text of a work. 6. means. 7. cause. 8. the nineteenth of the lunar mansions. adj. Main, principal, original. -mū
mula

the original cause. 

the owner or proprietor of a land.

a perpetual lease of land.

the original text of a work.

a Pariah attached to a land.

the title-deed of a land.

a mystic formula, the Gayatri.

the piles.

the metropolis, original habitation or abode, as of a tribe or demon; one's native place.

assets and liabilities.

mulańgi, see mulańca.

mulańji, see mulańca.

muli, adj. Original, principal.

proprietary tenure of land.

mūlikē, mūlīgē, s. Any medicinal drug or root.

2. a charm.

wear a charm on some part of the body.

to charm; to administer a drug.

muliye, s. A potter.

mūlē, s. A corner, angle.

2. a point of the compass, quarter, direction.

a corner-stone.

to put or collect in a corner; to exclude; to degrade; to ignore.

to be in a corner; to become an old maid; to remain neglected; to remain unemployed.

to become weak, powerless.

muleńgi, s. A radish.

mūlōka, s. The three worlds.

mūlya, see mūlōka.

mūlye, s. A demon priest.

2. see mūlōka.

mūvala, s. Three seers; cf. mūvali.

mūvē, adj. Shrivelled, shrunk, contracted.

mūveru, müveru, mūveru, pron. Three persons.

mūvelu, s. Three pairs of cattle.

mūvodu, s. Last year.

mūvola, mūvolu, see mūvoli.

[mouse.

mūshike, s. A rat, mūshē, see mūshē.

mūsaliyuni (mūsal), v. a. To scent, trace, track.

2. to smell.

mūsāvuni, c. v. (of mūsal) To make smell.

mūsu, s. Smell. 2. money.

mūsuni (mūs), v. a. To smell.

2. to take notice.

to sniff.

no one takes notice of him.

mūsē, s. A mould. 2. a crucible.

mūlavuni, see mūlē.

2. see mūlavuni.

mūlu, adv. Here; cf. mūlē.

mruga, s. An animal, beast, brute. adj. Brutish.

brutishness.
The fifth of the lunar mansions; head of Orion.

Dead, deceased. — to be a life-restoring cordial.

Earth, clay, soil.

A will, testament.

Death.

A finger-drum, tabour. — to beat the same.

Mild, soft, bland; cf. ।

Cooked rice well seasoned. 2. dainties, rich meal.

To cause to shine. 2. to polish.

Brightness, effulgence, glitter; 2. lightning. — to sparkle, glitter.

Bright, shining, sparkling.

To sparkle, glitter; to flash, lighten.

Glitter, sparkle.

To glimmer, glitter.

A spark.

Gummy, adhesive. 2. see ।

To make glitter, glimmer.

Glitter, glimmer.

A large species of the same. a small species of the same.

Glitter, glimmer.

Gummy, adhesive. 2. see ।

To make glitter, glimmer.

A spark.

The handkerchief, used for covering the breast of a Pariah woman.
menu

menuk, s. Sparkling.
menkuni, see మెన్కిడి.
menkoli, menpakki, menpe, see మెన్కులి.
menpuri, s. A glowworm.
menkuni, see మెన్కులి.
menkoli, menpakki, menpe, see మెన్కులి.
menpuri, s. A glowworm.
menkoni, see మెన్కులి.
mentripu, s. A kingfisher.
menat, see మెన్యతం.
menipun, see మెనిపున.
menkavuni, menkuni, see మెన్కులి.
menkoli, see మెన్కులి.
meppuni, see మెన్కులి.
memu, see మెరుగు.
memal, s. Fenugreek,
Trigonella Fenestratum.
memala, adj. Soft, pliant.
memasal, s. A kind of fine rice.
memu, memalu, medul, medal, s.
A thread-worm, pin-worm.
medupuni, see మెడ్యపున.
medi, s. A bush about a field.
medipuni, see మెడీపున.
medu, adj. Soft, pliant, gentle, ripe, yielding. -రి to become soft, get ripe. -డి to soften, make elastic.
medupuni (మెడుపిను), v.n.
To move, be in motion.
medupavuni, see మెడుపావునీ.
medupuni, see మెడుపిను.
mere, mereyuni, merevuni ('me)', v. n. To go in procession. 2. to swagger, make an ostentatious display. 3. to shine.
megi, mega, adj. Slow, soft, gentle. adv. Slowly, softly, gently, slightly; also මෙගෝෂ. —මෙගෝෂ මෙ to go slowly.
melli, adj. Bad, inferior. මෙලි — good and evil; auspicious and inauspicious occasions.
mespāku, s. A kind of sweetmeat.
mehanatu, s. Labour, pains, effort, exertion. —මාණ to exert.
menke, see මැන්.
meky, s. A peg, wedge, nail. 2. malice, enmity. —කෑම a malicious man, foe. —කෑම to speak maliciously. —කෑම full of malice.
mēky, s. A disease of cattle, caused from feeding on poisonous matter. 2. the craw or crop of birds. 3. see මැක්. —මැක් cattle to suffer from the above disease.
menkaye, s. Coupling, union. 2. a female's toe-or-nament. 3. see මේන්ටිගේ. under මේන්ටිගේ.
mentē, s. A couple.
mentu, mēnta, adj. Showy, boastful. 2. lewd, rakish. —menta showiness, foppery; lewdness. —menta a fop; a rake.
mentige, s. Coupling, union. 2. a female's toe-or-nament. 3. see මේන්ටිගේ. under මේන්ටිගේ.
mentu, mēnta, adj. Showy, boastful. 2. lewd, rakish. —menta showiness, foppery; lewdness. —menta a fop; a rake.
meke, s. A disease of cattle, caused from feeding on poisonous matter. 2. the craw or crop of birds. 3. see මැක්. —කෑම cattle to suffer from the above disease.
An imputation, accusation, false or malicious statement; cf. megi,
adj. Cloudy; relating to clouds.
— heaven.
međha, s. A sacrifice, offering.
međatur, see sākṣa.
međa, međali, međari, međali, međari, međali, s. A grazier, one who tends cattle.
međavuni, c. v. (of meța) To cause to feed or graze cattle.
međi, v. n. To graze, eat grass, as cattle. 2. to spread, as a parasitic itch.
— the body to be infested with ring-worms.
međa, see sākṣa.
međun, see sākṣa.
naeru, /r<?. (honorific pi. of nār) This person.
meru, pro. (honorific pl. of mēnu) This person.
meru, s. The pipe or tube of a hooka.
meru, s. The mount Meru.
meruvē, see sākṣa.
merē, s. A boundary, limit.
meroga, see sākṣa.
merē, s. Manner, method.
2. conduct, act, behaviour.
melu, s. The upper part of any thing. 2. superiority,
excellence. 3. futurity, time to come. 4. success. adj. Upper, higher. 2. superior. 3. future. adv. Hereafter, at some future time. postp. After, upon, over, above, beyond. — & good and evil, superior and inferior. — 3 the address of a letter. — 3 future event, what is to happen hereafter. — 3 the upper part of a female’s garment. — 3 in future, hereafter. — 3 to succeed, overcome. — 3 to place above or over. — 3 to fall upon, attack, assault. lit. to raise the hands and mouth; to grumble, growl; to gesticulate.

mēla, see mēla.

mēlāntē, s. A barber of fishermen.
mēladhikāra, s. Supremacy; predominance. mēla a superintendent, a higher authority.
mēlagra, s. Curried vegetables.
mēlāta, s. Out-bidding another; rivalry.
mēla-disuni, mēlāduni, see melāpatala.
mēlāra, adj. Superficial; upper. — mēla the fibrous covering of a cocoanut.
mēlāi, s. An overseer, head coolie. — mēlā to supervise.
mēlē, see mēlē.
mēlādqnuni, v. a. To outbid, vie with each other.
mēloquni, v. refl. To overreach, defraud. 2. to throng.
mēlokāra, see mēlākara.
mēlākari, s. Extra expense; sundry expense.
mēlāquni, see melāquni.
melquni, v. n. To be cautious. 2. to win. 2. see melqoni.
mēltara, see under mēlā.
mēva, s. A sweet kind of food; any thing eatable.
mēvu, s. Food, fodder, pasturage.
mēsha, s. The first solar month. 2. the sign Aries in the zodiac. 3. a ram.
mēsē, s. A cleft or hollow in a tree.
mēste, s. A carpenter. 2. a stone-cutter, mason.
mēstri, mēstre, s. An overseer, head labourer, maistry.
mēha, mēharōga, s. Urinary or venereal disease, gonorrhoea.
mela, s. Concord in music, concert, harmony. 2. a set of musicians, dancers and actors. 3. beating time to music. — a double drum. — a musician; an actor. — to cut a dash, make a display. — to get up a band of musicians, etc.; to mask, disguise.

mejana, s. Union.

méli, s. Marriage. 2. a bride, wife. 3. rutting.

mélè, see 3. rutting.

mei, s. The body, person. 2. see 3. lutting. 3. a thin or lean body. — form, shape, model. — a painted eye; cf. lalitakal. — tempera- ment, habit. — orna- ments and cash, whatever one has got. — perspiration; urine. — to become thin. — to become stout, robust. — the system to be affected, as with food, etc. — to assist, help; to venture; to be attentive. — to be possessed by a god or demon. — the body to swell, suffer from dropsy. — to become fat. — to suffer from fever. — to suffer from leucorrhea, as a female.

meindu, s. Dew; mist, fog. — thick fog. — dew to fall.

meindrajali, s. Legerdemain, conjuration.

meikannu, meikanu, s. A kind of fish.

meikuni (mukul), v. n. To entice, persuade. 2. to perplex.

meigala, meigalla, adj. Lazy. — laziness.

meigalle, s. A lazy fellow, sluggard.

meijodu, see 3. lutting.

meijū, s. The plant *Ruellia ringens*, used in medicine and purifying salt.

meitidi, meitedi, s. A sister-in-law, a father's sister's daughter, or a mother's brother's daughter.

meitine, s. A husband's younger brother; a son of a female's maternal uncle; the husband of a female's sister.

meidana, s. A plain, open field.

meidune, see 3. lutting.

meina, s. The bird Mina.

meipakü, s. Exercise.

meipavuni, c. v. (of 3. lutting) To make or cause to pour.
mondu, adj. Blunt. 2.

meipu, s. A broom or besom made of the ribs of palm-leaves. — a worn-out broom; the stump of a broom. — a new broom.

meipuni (mr.), v. a. To pour. 2. to cast, as in a mould. — to feed; to bait.

meipè, meippè, s. A black or dark-coloured fowl; also ūruv.".

meimè, see ūruv.

meiyaryu, see ūruv.5.

meiyi, s. A kind of collyrium; cf. }"8".

meieresuttu, see ūruv.".

meiru, s. A compass.

meiru, s. A peacock. — dim sight, weak eyes. — the stars in a peacock's tail. — a peacock's feather.

meirambala, s. A kind of plant.

meiràna, meivràna, s. Legerdemain, jugglery. — to juggle, play tricks.

meirè, s. A tawny coloured cow. 2. a female so called. adj. Dark yellow, tawny.

meiròjina, s. A kind of rush.

meirsuttu, s. Blue vitriol, sulphate of copper.
moka, adv. Face to face, personally. —мокать to speak personally. —мокать to confront.

mokadamē, s. An affair. 2. a criminal proceeding.

mokamante, s. The front porch, as of a temple. 2. a vestibule, portico.

mokaruru, see мокару. mokasale, see мокасал. mokabili, mokabili, s. Confronting, comparison. —мокаться to collate, compare, confront.

mokamu, s. A halting place in a journey, camp. 2. a dwelling, residence.

mokta, see мокту. moktāri, moktyāri, s. A power of attorney; also моктари. —моктяреть to empower, authorize.

moktēsare, moktēsre, s. A trustee, manager of a temple. 2. a principal resident of a village, etc.

mokrēru, s. Appointment, nomination. 2. resolution, settlement. adj. Appointed. 2. settled. —мокреть to be appointed; to be settled. —мокреть to appoint; to settle.

mokhuphu, see мокху. mokhtāri, see моктари.
moda

modāṅkuni, adj. To become crooked. 2. to bow, bend.

modāṅkelyu, adj. Side, margin, edge. 2. see modaṅkeli. 

modāṅkele, s. A hump-backed man. 2. a perverse man.

modāṅgū, s. A kind of oil fruit.

modāṅelu, s. A kind of oil fruit.

modāṅelu, s. A bump-backed man. 2. a perverse man.

fish.

modāṅ, s. A kind of fish.

modāṅda, morāṇḍa, morāṇḍe, s. A swelling on any part of the body; induration of the skin.

morāṅgē, s. A cubit from the elbow to the tip of the little finger, about seventeen inches.

morāṇṭe, s. A kind of fish.

morāṇṭe, morāṇṭe, morāṇṭi, morāṇṭe, morāṇḍe, s. A swelling on any part of the body; induration of the skin.

morampāyi, adj. Knee-deep.

morampu, s. The knee. 2. a cry, roaring. — to kneel, bow the knee.

morampē, s. A swelling or protuberance on any part of the body. — to have a swelling.

moraja, morajē, see morāṇṭe.

morāṇi, morāni, adv. The day before yesterday.

moru, see morāṇṭe.

moruṇṭu, see morāṇṭe.

morē, s. A cry. 2. sec morē.

moreni, see morē.

moreduui, see morē.

morepū, s. A small piece of land stretching into a river.

modadē, see morē.

monē, see morē.

moppē, s. An old man.

mobalagū, mobalagū, mobalagū, s. A sum of money.

mobadilē, s. Exchange, transfer. 2. advance; also 
morē.

mobbu, see morē.

momatē, see morē.

moyili, moyile, s. One of a class of Sudras, employed in the out-door service of temples and sometimes acting as musicians. 2. an oil-monger.

mora, see morē.
more

more, see moresuni.

morodu, adj. Empty.
mola, s. A large hare.
molampu, s. Mire, mud; sediment.

molańku, molanńkana, s. The knee-pan.
molani, see more.
molamyu, see molampu.
molé, see molère.

mosaru, s. Curds. -a A pot of curds; a festival in commemoration of Krushna's birthday and childhood.
mosaré, see mose.
mosalè, s. An alligator, crocodile. - the ornamental top of the pole of a palankeen, etc.
moharu, mohari, s. A gold mohur or pagoda.
moharam, moharamu, s. The first month of the Mahommedan year. 2. an annual Mussulman festival in commemoration of the death of the two brothers Hassan and Hussein.
mohasamu, s. The trading season.
mohuru, see moharu.
mola, see mose. 2. see mola.
molamparu, see molampu.
mondalé, s. Shaving the face, etc., particularly of a bridegroom.  -монда to shave in this way.

mombatti, s. A wax-candle.

mökulu, pron. (plur. of mok) These persons.

möké, s. Love, affection.  -моклу to love, fondle.

mokhūphu, see моклу.

moga, s. Fragrance. 2. plenty. adj. Soft.

mocane, see моклу.

móci, s. A shoemaker. 2. a book-binder.

mócé, s. Country shoes.

mója, móji, móju, s. Fun, sport, amusement, entertainment.  -моклу a beau, gay man.  -моклу gaiety, merriment.

móti, see моклу.

móte, see моклу.

móda, s. A cloud. 2. obscurity, dullness. 3. see моклу.

módatme, see моклу.

módi, s. Hooking the fingers one into the other. 2. any thing placed by a conjurer to try the ability of another. 2. conjuration, delusion, sorcery. 3. a running hand, illegible writing.  -моклу a sorcerer, conjurer.  -моклу provincialism.  -моклу a running hand, illegible writing.  -моклу sorcery, conjuration, trick.


môle, s. An ignorant man, silly fellow.  -моклу a simpleton, witless fellow; an instigator.

móde, adj. Curved, bent. s. An ox or buffalo with curved horns.  -моклу a curved horn.

mône, s. The face, countenance. 2. the front of a house.  -моклу a small face.  -моклу a long face.  -моклу a plump face; an angry face.  -моклу a stern face.  -моклу to be dejected.  -моклу to flatter.  -моклу to slap on the face; to be over-sweet; to nauseate, as over-sweet food.  -моклу to regard, show partiality.  -моклу the face to swell.  -моклу the face to be distorted or deformed.  -моклу to be sour-faced.  -моклу the face to become pale or reduced.

móti, see моклу.

mótra, see моклу.

móda, s. A wave, billow, surge.
moda, s. Joy, delight.
mödanda, s. Doubt, uncertainty. adj. Doubtful, uncertain. —adv a doubtful word, speaking undecidedly.
mödu, s. A stripe, a wale.

môna, see mãra.
môni, s. A daughter.
mônun, s. A son.
môné, see mãra.
mûpu, see mãra.
môra, s. Beginning, outset, commencement. 2. see mãra. adv. Immediately, instantly. —commencing a new business, a new undertaking; a new broom. commencement of the monsoon. the moment he came his business was done.
môri, s. Fodder for cattle. 2. a channel, drain, kennel. 3. a public dunghill.
mûrisû, s. Mauritius. —refined sugar.
mûru, s. A seal, stamp. —to seal; cf. mãra.
mûrô, s. The face, visage. 2. a person without moustaches.
mûra, mâra, mãrârje mârca, mûrja, môharjê, s. A battery where cannons are mounted.
mûrta, see mãra.

mîrî, see mãra.
môlu, s. Price, value.
môla, s. Coupling or coming together, as serpents, cats, etc. —cats to couple. —reptiles to couple.
mûli, s. A kind of pepper-water.
mûsa, s. Fraud, trick, deceit, dissimulation, treachery. 2. fault, mistake. 3. danger, risk. —a deceiver, hypocrite. —to make a mistake. —to be exposed to danger, to run a risk. —to deceive. —to be deceived. —to mislead; to deceive. —to be mistaken; to run a risk.
mûsam, see mãra.
môha, s. Love, lust, carnal affection. 2. fascination, allurement. —to be affectionate, to love; to covet.
môhana, s. The overpowering of reason by worldly allurements, fascination. —a necklace of gold beads.
môharyû, see mãra.
môhini, s. A fairy; a fascinating woman.
môhipuni, môhisuni (môha, mãha), v. a. To love. 2. to fascinate.
**M**

moli, *see Moli.* 2. *see Molu.*

molu, *pron.* She, this female.

moksha, *s.* Deliverance, setting free. 2. heaven, beatitude, bliss, salvation. —āt on attainment of salvation. —āthe way of salvation.

mouna, *s.* Silence, taciturnity. —nān to be silent.

moupuni (*mōpuni*), *v. a.* To upset, turn; *cf.* nānān.

mourāvuni, *c. v.* (*of* mōvunī) To mumble, chew softly. 2. *fig.* to make a thing easy.

**Y**

ya, *The thirty-ninth letter of the alphabet.*

*For words beginning with yā,* etc., not found here, *see under s.*

yantra, *s.* An implement, engine, mill, apparatus, machine. 2. a necklace, talisman, amulet, charm. 3. a diagram of a mystical character. 4. restraining, checking, controlling. —*a* water pump or lift. —ānān to append to the arm, etc.; a talisman; to avert evil by charms.

yantri, *s.* A charmer.

yakkandelu, *s.* Being beyond reach or means. 2. want, insufficiency.

yakkambi, *yakkamberu,* yakkambelu, *see yakkambe.*

yajamāni, *s.* A mistress, wife; also *iyajamene* yajamāne, *s.* A master, lord, proprietor, owner. 2. a husband.

yajñya, *s.* A sacrifice, ceremony in which oblations are presented.

yada, *adj.* Left. —ān the left hand. —ān inferior sort.
The left side. 

*yadambu, s.* The left side. —*yadambu* means lit. to look to the right and left; to use the right hand instead of the left.

*yatā, see yadya.*

*yati, s.* A sage whose passions are under complete subjection; a religious mendicant.

*yathā, adv.* As, according to, to the extent of. adj. Usual, customary; also *-ṣa.*

*yathārttha, s.* Truth, verity. adj. True, real. adv. Truly, really. —*yathārttha* denotes simplicity.

*yathāṣṭigē, s.* Truthfulness, veracity.

*yathāṣṭhiti, adj.* As before, as it was. 2. true, certain. s. Usual state; truth, fact.

*yamaloka, s.* The infernal regions.

*yamargē, see yamagā.*

*yame, s.* Yama the god of the infernal regions and judge of departed souls.

*yavañāi, see yavānā.*

*yavana, s.* Greece. 2. see yavana. *yavana* is the Greeks.

*yaksha, s.* A demi-god, attendant on Kubēra.

*yakshi, yakshīṇī, s.* A sort of female fiend, attached to the service of Durgi, and frequently maintaining, like a fairy, intercourse with mortals. —*yakshi* worship of these spirits. —*yakshi* a magical charm.

*yā, conj. Or. adv. Otherwise.*

*yāga, s.* A sacrifice.

*yācaka, s.* A beggar, mendicant.

*yājake, s.* A priest, any officiating Brahman who conducts any part of a sacrifice.

*yāta, s.* An engine for drawing water.

*yātane, s.* Pain, agony. 2. the pains of hell.

*yātē, s.* Pilgrimage. 2. see yātē. — yātē pilgrimage to Benares. — yātē pilgrimage to a holy place for bathing, etc. — yātē to go on pilgrimage.

*yādāṣṭu, s.* A memorandum, note.


*yālni, intj.* of surprise.

*yāvāna, yāvattu, yāvastu, s.* The whole. adj. Whole, entire.

*yi, yi, yi,* *For words beginning with these letters see under *y* and *i.*
yukta, adj. Right, fit, proper. 2. possessed of, endowed with, as virtue, qualities, etc.

yukti. s. Fitness, propriety. 2. an excellent expedient, happy thought. 3. advice, counsel. — a schemer, contriver. — a bad contrivance, foolish device. — to suggest an expedient. — to contrive.

yuga, s. An age of the world, of which four are enumerated, namely, the primeval or golden age. the second or silver age. the third or brass age. the fourth or iron age. — the shape or state of any thing to change.

yugantra, s. Change of ages; another age of the world.

yugadi, s. The new year's day.

yudhishthire, s. Dharma, Dharmane, the eldest of the Pandu princes.

yuddha, s. War, battle, conflict.

yuva, s. The ninth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Young, youthful.

ye, see the remark under yo.

yekkubalyaru, s. A species of shark.

yekkerigantu, s. Consecrated money.

yeda, yedambu, yedatta, see and.

yeduma, yedma, see ad.

yerasara, see agur.

yevura, see eva.

yelampu, see eva.

yekanali, s. Indigestion.

yega, see eva.

yeli, see eva.

yéshiti, s. A white garment with coloured borders worn by males.

yesu, s. Jesus.

yo, intj. of surprise.

yoga, s. Junction, connexion, combination, association, conflux. 2. a religious and abstract meditation. 3. lucky conjuncture; cf. medio. meditating abstractedly or deeply.

yogaja, s. Wonder, surprise.

yogi, s. A devotee, ascetic. 2. one who performs worldly actions and ceremonies without regard to their results, and keeps his mind fixed upon Brahma.
alone. 3. one devoted to abstract meditation.

**yogya, adj.** Fit, proper, worthy, suitable. 3. powerful, able, capable. -**ability, merit, fitness, suitability.**

**yogya,** s. The vulva; womb. 2. place or site of birth or production in general. There are four kind of **yoni, viz.** oviparous, viviparous, engendered by sweat, steam or vapour, as insects and worms. viviparous.

**yōjana,** s. A distance of about ten or twelve miles.

**yocane,** s. Thought, reflection, deliberation. 2. anxiety, concern.

**yogyan,** s. The vulva; womb. 2. place or site of birth or production in general. There are four kind of **yoni, viz.** oviparous, viviparous, engendered by sweat, steam or vapour, as insects and worms. viviparous.

**younana,** s. Youth, virility, manhood. **adj.** Juvenile; also योनी.

**ra,** The fortieth letter of the alphabet.

**rauka,** s. A large ladle or spoon. 2. a measure of fluids equal to about twelve rupees in weight.

**raṅgu, raṅga,** s. Paint, colour, tint, dye. 2. dancing, acting, singing, etc. 3. pleasure. 4. a place. —**worshipping an idol with illuminations and sweet offerings. —the ornamented hall of an idol; the place in which a king sits at a public levee. —a very nice person. —s. see राकें.** —the place before an assembly in which actors, etc., perform. योजना —a battle-field. योजना to sound sweetly to the ear. योजना to paint; to please, delight.

**rangani,** s. A child's plaything.

**rangalé,** s. see राङला.

**rangani,** s. see राङनी.

**rangōlā,** s. Ornamenting the entrance and floor of a house with white sand or chalk.

**rañjané,** s. Fascination, enchantment, captivation, bewitchment. —**to captivate.**

**rañja,** s. see राङ.

**rañjaka,** adj. Charming, agreeable. s. Colouring, dying. 2. a stimulus, an inciter of affection. —agreeably.

**rañjake,** s. A charming man.

**rañjana,** s. Colouring. 2. gladdening.
raga

raji, see raktambara.
raju, see raktambara.
rambha, see raktambara.
rambhari, see raktambara.
ramyaksh, s. A female demon so called.
ramvall, see raktambara.
ragara, adj. Beautiful, handsome, pretty.
ragaraga, adj. Beautiful, handsome, pretty.
raga, see raktambara.
ragga, see raktambara.
ragi, see raktambara.
ragi, see raktambara.
ragy, s. A guard, guarding.
ragvalli, s. A guard, watch, keeper.
ragk, see raktambara.
ragk, see raktambara.
ragkasi, s. A giantess.
ragkase, s. A giant.
ragk, s. A charm, amulet.
ragk, s. Anything very thin or light.
ragka, see raktambara.
ragk, s. Myrrh. aloces. [cloth.
ragkit, s. A red
ragksh, s. The fifty-eighth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
ragkesvari, s. A female demon so called.
ragvar, see raktambara.
ragarega, adj. Beautiful, handsome, pretty.
ragora, adj. Beautiful, handsome, pretty.
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raja, s. Gabble, incoherent talk. 2. a confused state of things. 3. trouble, bother, annoyance.

rata, s. a gabbler, prater. 1. to be in a confused state; to be involved in troubles.

rata, see raj.

raghu, s. The name of a sovereign of Ayodhya. 2. a hero.

rajané, s. Literary composition. 2. making or preparing anything. -st to compose, write; to make, fabricate.

rajané, see raj.

rače, s. The thorny rind of a jack fruit. -s to fly from alarm.

raja, rajé, s. Leave of absence; permission. 2. a holiday.

rajatapitha, s. A silver throne of the god Krushna at Udapi. 2. a name of Udapi.

rajaputre, s. A Rajpoot.

rajabandigé, rajavantigé, s. A compromise, composition. -st to compromise a matter in dispute, to settle amicably.

rājāraptu, s. Absence on leave. -s to be absent on leave.

raju, s. A rope, cord.

rañu, s. Sacking, canvas.

rațavuni, c. v. (of rat) To strike or kindle fire. 2. to raise, as dust. 3. to shed, as blood. 4. to scatter.

ratuni (rat), v. n. To splash, as mud. 2. to rise, as dust. 3. to fly, run away. 4. to be scattered.

ratte, s. The arm.

rade, s. Retreat, flight. 1. to run away, backslide.

raddu, num. Two. 1. a pregnant woman. 2. -s to betray, be treacherous. -s to exaggerate, misrepresent. -s to improve, better, as one's fortune; to break, as a vessel, etc.

raddané, adj. Second. 2. middling.

raña, s. Battle, war. -s a war trumpet, horn. -s, -s, -s a battle-field. -s, -s a valiant hero. -s a run-away, coward.

ranarana, s. The glare or heat of the sun.

ranagra, s. The front of a battle; a sanguinary battle. -s to fight.

ratalu, s. A weight, one pound or forty tolas.
rati, s. The wife of Cupid.
2. passion, desire. 3. sport, dalliance. 4. a weight, one-eighth of a pagoda, used in weighing diamonds and emeralds. — to dalliance, sexual intercourse. — Cupid. — to enlarge, to make much of a trifle.

ratipa, s. Increase, multiplying. — to put or join together.

ratipe, s. A witty man.

ratna, s. A jewel, gem. — the nine kinds of precious stones. — a fine sort of rug used to sleep on, etc.

ratnagandhi, s. The Barbadoes flower-fence, *Casalpinia pulcherrima*.

ratnagarbhe, s. Kubëra the god of wealth. — the ocean; the earth.

ratha, s. A car, carriage, chariot. — the festivity of a car drawn in procession. — ascending a car.

rathike, s. A charioteer. 2. an able man.

raddu, s. Repeal, cancelment, rejection. adj. Null, void. — to be repealed, cancelled; to be void. — to abrogate, abolish, cancel, revoke, reject.

ranarana, see ranarana.

rapurapu, s. Drubbing, cudgelging; beating soundly. — to beat in this way.

rappa, s. A noise of beating; slapping suddenly; also rappu — to beat suddenly, give a violent blow.

rappu, s. Darning. — to, to to darn.

raphtu, s. Export. — to import and export; sailing of a vessel to and fro. — to to export.

rabasa, see rabasa.

ramani, s. A woman, wife, mistress. 2. an agreeable woman. — beautiful, pleasing.

ramane, s. A husband.

ramipuni, ramisuni (rama, ramini), v. a. To associate; to copulate with.

ramya, adj. Pleasing, delightful, agreeable, charming. — a delightful garden.

rayite, see rayite.

ravake, s. A bodice.

ravalava, s. Ardent attachment, devotedness to some object or pursuit. 2. strong excitement.

ravasa, s. Speed, velocity. 2. a loud, rattling sound.
ravânisuni (ravâ), v. a. To send, forward, despatch.
ravâné, s. Sending, despatching. —ravâ to send, despatch.
ravi, s. The sun. —ravi the solar disk.
ravè, s. Molasses, syrup. 2. a small particle of anything, grit, groat. 3. a small shot.
rasidi, s. A receipt.
rasa, s. Flavour, taste. 2. taste, sentiment, emotion, as an object of composition. 3. affection of the mind, passion. 4. juice, exudation, liquid. 5. a mineral or metallic salt. 6. quicksilver. —rasa crude calomel. —r of ras, see Rasâ. —rasâ see Rasâyana. —rasa a kind of plantains.
rasané, s. The tongue.
rasâyana, s. A dainty. 2. medicine in a state of fluid, elixir. 3. chemistry.
rasavâda, s. Alchimy.
rasâlu, see Rasâ.
rasika, adj. Tasteful, agreeable, sociable, sensible, full of good sense. —rasik an agreeable man; a sensible man. —rasik an agreeable speech.
rasidi, see Rasâ.
rasoli, s. A kind of plantains.
ratã, rastãi, rastãli s. A fine, soft kind of sugar-cane; also rastâli rastâli.
rastê, s. A road, way, path.
rahadâri, s. A passport; an intimation to a village officer to provide a traveller with necessary supplies. —rahadâ to issue a passport.
rahasya, adj. Private, secret. s. A secret, mystery. —r of rah, a secret word.
rahâri, s. Pleasing.
rahite, see Râ.
rakshake, s. A saviour, protector; a guardian.
rakshané, s. Salvation, redemption; saving, protecting. —raks to save.
rakshase, see Raksha.
rakshipuni, rakshisuni (raksha, raksha), v. a. To save, protect, defend.
rakshé, s. Preserving, protecting, saving. 2. a talisman, amulet, charm. —raksh a jacket, coat. —raksh a pair of shoes. —raksh to charm.
râukuni (raksha), v. n. To adulterate.
râkû, see Râ.
râka, râka, râkâti, râkadi, râkuî, s. A circular ornamented plate of gold, worn by females on their top-knot.
râkase, see Rakas.
rāki, rāki, rāki, rākè, see राके.

rāga, s. Tune, music, singing. 2. mental affection in general, as joy, sorrow, passion. 3. envy. 4. see रागः.

rāgi, rāgi and hatred. —रागः envy and hatred. —रागः an organ or pianoforte. —रागः to sing.

rāgi, s. The common grain rāgi, Eleusine coracana. —रागः rāgi gruel.

rāja, adj. Royal, denoting excellence or eminence. 2. chief, supreme. —राजः, see राजः. —राजः a public affair. —राजः a carbuncle. —राजः kingship. —राजः duty incumbent on a king. —राजः a capital, metropolis. —राजः politics. —राजः majestically or regally. —राजः kingly in respect, reverence, and wealth; a respectful mode of address. —राजः, —राजः a highway. —राजः royalty, royal dignity. —राजः a royal assembly or court. —राजः a pulmonary consumption.

rājanē, s. The core of a bamboo.

rājasu, rājasa, s. The predominance of passion, pride, arrogance, presumption or anger.

rājānāna, s. The court-yard of a palace.

gे, s. Intermeddling; boasting. 2. royalty.

rāji, s. A compromise or adjustment of differences. 2. reconciliation, pacification. 3. pleasure, good will. adj. Contented, satisfied, agreed, pleased, willing. —राजः a written agreement to a compromise. —राजः a deed of compromise of matters in dispute; resignation of an employment. —राजः to come to terms, be compromised or adjusted; to consent, agree. —राजः to like, be willing; to be on good terms. —राजः to resign, as an employment or post. —राजः to compromise, reconcile.

rājisu, adj. Manufactured by Rodgers, as a knife.

rājē, s. A king, sovereign, prince. —राजः an emperor. great king; a nobleman.

rājeśri, rājeśri, s. An emperor; king of kings.

rājya, s. A government, kingdom, province, country. 2. the administration of government. —राजः rule, government.

rāte, see राते.

rādu, see रादु.

radi, adj. Foul, turbid.
rade, see \(\text{\`ra\`\text{\`d\text{\`e}}}\).

राणा, s. Brightness. 2. see राजा.

रानी, s. A queen.

राय, s. An army. 2. a low class of Pariahs; also रानी. —रानी a man belonging to this class.

रात, रात्रि rātalu, rātelu, see रत्रि.

रात्रि, rātri, rātrे, s. Night. रात्रि—, रात्रि—, रात्रि— midnight. —रात्रि night and day. —रात्रे the Lord’s Supper. रात्रे रात्री, रात्री रात्रा by night, before daybreak. रात्रङ्ग रात्रङ्ग रात्रङ्ग रात्रङ्ग he came and went away before daybreak.

राधा, s. A way; cf. देवा.

राधारी, see राधा.

रापुवनी rāpāvuni, c. v. (of रापु) 1. To make or cause to fly. 2. to blow up.

रापु, see राधा.

रापु, s. Lustre, splendour, effulgence. 2. beauty, comeliness. 3. pride, arrogance, haughtiness. —रापु a proud man. —रापु— pride of money.

रापुनी rāpunī (अ), v. n. To fly. 2. to leap, jump, skip. 3. to behave haughtily.

रामा, s. see राम. adj. Of or pertaining to Rāma. —राम, —राम Hanumanta, the faithful messenger of Rāma. —राम Rāma’s monkey-troops.

रामा’s arrow, which had the peculiar property of hitting the mark and then returning to the quiver; a kind of fire-work. —रामा a term of salutation among the Hindus. —रामा a faithful promise.

रामधीरा, s. The cuscus grass, \text{\textit{Andropogon muricatum}}.

रामायण, s. The epic poem, containing the history of Rāma. रामायण, रामायण, रामायण, रामायण— are some of the works on the same subject.

रामरक्त, s. Bleeding profusely.

रामे, s. Rāma, the seventh incarnation of Vishnů.

रामेश्वर, s. The celebrated place of pilgrimage in Madura.

राय, राया, राये, s. An honorific affix to the names of Brahmans, etc. 2. a Tahsildar. 3. see राय.

रायभारी, s. An ambassador, envoy.

रायरे, s. The moon.

रायसा, s. A letter addressed by a sovereign or a spiritual guide to his subjects or followers. —रायसा to write or address such a letter.

रारी, s. Cheerfulness, animation, good spirits. —रारी
to be cheerful or in good spirits.

rali, see ॥.

ravu, see ॥.

ravaki, see ॥.

The king of Lanka or Ceylon, who was destroyed by Rāma; also रावान or रावन.

A greedy man.

ravu, see ॥ 2. see ॥.

ravute, s. A horseman, trooper.

ravuni, see ॥.

ravve, s. Syrup made of sugarcane juice.

rasi, s. A heap, quantity.

2. abundance, plenty. 3. a sign of the zodiac; a month.

a crowd of people. a grand festival. रस, रस or फु, and रसम are different positions of constellations interpreted in astrology.

to consult astrology about one's fortune. to pile, heap up.

rasya, see ॥.

rashtra, s. An inhabited country, realm or region. the Mahratta country.

rāhu, s. The ascending node or caput draconis. 3. a sudden fit of apoplexy or paralysis. 4. a curse, deprecation. 5. voracity, ravenousness. रेक्स Elaeocarpus dicera. the diurnal situation of the ascending node; a fierce countenance.

राहु to be voracious. राहु to be seized with a sudden fit of apoplexy or paralysis.

rāhute, see ॥.

rāla, s. Pitch, resin.

rākshase, s. An evil spirit, giant, demon, fiend.

rēkābu, s. A stirrup.

rij, s. Punishment. to chastise, punish.

rita, s. Taste, relish, sweetness. adj. Palatable, savoury. to be tasteful; to relish, like. to have a relish for. to acquire a taste for; to attract one's attention. to taste, try.

ritu, see ॥.

rippē, see ॥ 2. see ॥.

riyātu, riyati, riyāyiti, s. Remission, abatement, as of revenue. 2. lenity, moderation, forbearance. to treat leniently, as one's subordinates. to abate in a demand, to be lenient in enforcing a penalty. etc.
rivā, s. Custom, usage, practice.

rishi, see रिषि.

risālū, see रिसालु.

rikū, s. A mystical prayer.

riti, s. Usage, custom, practice. 2. method, way, manner.

rinū, see रिनु.

ripu, s. A reaper, lathe.

runā, ṛṇḍā, ṛṇḍu, ṛṇḍē, s. A skull. 2. the head severed from the body. —संस्कृत a necklace of skulls. —संस्कृत he will not yield even at the risk of his head.

runḍarapāṇjūrli, s. A demon so called.

rundāre, runḍavāna, see रुंडवान.

rundā, rundi, s. Width, breadth. adj. Broad.

rundha, rundhi, s. The grave of a Svāmi.

rumbādhi, s. The front of a crowd.

rumbāli, s. The name of a tribe.

rumbāvuni, c. v. (of रुम्बाव) To make or cause to strip off, pluck off, as leaves from a stalk.

rumbha, rumbhu, see रुब्ध.

rumma, adv. With violence. —संस्कृत to shoot or throw with violence.

rummuni (रुम्मु), v. n.
To move hastily. 2. see रुम्मु.

rukmini, rugmini, s. The first wife of Kṛṣṇa.

rugruje, s. One beginning to learn the Vēdas.

rugvēḍa, s. The first of the four Vēdas.

ruči, s. Taste, relish, sweetness; cf. रूचि.

ruji, ruju, s. A signature. 2. proof; also रूज़ा. 3. assent, admission. adj. True. —संस्कृत to be proved; to be brought home to; to be convicted. —संस्कृत to sign. —संस्कृत to prove.

ruṇṭti, see रूण्टी.

ruṇa, s. Debt, obligation. —संस्कृत the sin of indebtedness. —संस्कृत to discharge a debt. संस्कृत to be indebted or under obligation. संस्कृत the cremation of a person's remains cannot cancel his debt.

ruta, s. Improvement, bettering, turning to good account; cf. रूढ़ि. 2. see रूढ़ि. —संस्कृत to be improved; to prosper.
to improve, make productive or profitable.

**rūtu**, s. A season. 2. the menses. **rūtēm,** **rumēm,** **ruju,** **rujēm**—are the six seasons of a year.

**rudra**, adj. Pertaining to

**rudri**, s. One of the six Brahmans who take part in performing the sacrifice of...

**rudre**, s. Śiva, the dispen-

er of tears of mortals. 2. a demi-god.

**rudhirōdgāri**, s. The fifty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

**rupā**, s. Form, figure, shape; an image, reflection, or resemblance of any real object. 2. beauty. 3. declension, conjugation.

**rupa**, s. Form, figure, shape; an image, reflection, or resemblance of any real object. 2. beauty. 3. declension, conjugation.

**rupiyi**, see **rupā**.

**rupārūpu**, see **rupā**.

**rupita**, s. Economy, frugality. adj. Economical. —**rupī** a frugal man. —**rupā** to manage economically.

**rupisuni** (rupa), v. a.

To sketch, form, shape, model. 2. to describe.
rupu

rupurūpu, rūbaṟūpu, rūburūbu, adv. Face to face, in one's presence.
- rūbra to ask in person.
- rūbarū to confront.
- rūbra to see in person.
- rūbra to speak personally.

rupuri, s. A cheat, rogue, hypocrite. තඳුමී – a downright rascal.

rūsu, s. Hardness, stiffness.

rūkāvuni, c. v. (of තඳුමී) To smear, soil. 2. to perform slowly; to delay, put off.

rūkuni (තුකු), v. n. To be smeared, soiled. 2. to be dilatory, performed slowly; to linger, procrastinate. 3. to be delayed, put off.

rūkā, s. A wing of a bird. මියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටඳුමී to pinion the wings.
- මියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටඳුමී to be fledged, as a bird.
- මියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටියෙටඳුමී to fade, faint, be exhausted.

rūkāgāyi, s. An inferior kind of rāgi.

rūkele, s. An invalid, cripple, etc. 2. a slow coach. 3. a procrastinator.

rūkā, s. A wing of a bird.

rūja, rūjī, rūjīru, rūjē, rūjēyi, rūjēvu, s. The tree *Mimusops elengi*.

rūjuni (කෑගු), v. n. To dissolve, decay. 2. to roll, wallow, as in mire.

rēkkā, s. A weaving apparatus. 2. see පිය.

rečevu, s. *Caladium esculentum*. පිය the bulb of the same. පිය a dark species of it.

rēṭē, see පිය 2. see පිය.

reppūni, see පිය.

reppē, s. The eyelash, eyelid. පිය to wink.

resa, see පිය.

rekshē, see පිය.

rē, intj. Oh! halloo!

rēnjī, s. A kind of conveyance resembling a hammock, a litter. පිය to get into a litter. පිය to travel in a litter.

renūti, renūti-kāyi, see පියසා.

renē, renē rekē, rekēhē, s. A line, streak, stroke. පිය geometry. පිය creases in the hand.

regiyuni (කෙළ), v. n. To be excited.

rečana, see පියසා.

rēdu, s. Debt; cf. පිය.

rēnu, s. Dust, powder.

rētassu, s. *Semen virile*.

rēti, s. Fine, black sand.
- පිය a sand or pounce box.

rēpha, s. The letter ප or 5.

rēbhānta, adj. Described, stated.
reyati, see reyati. 2. sec reyati.

reyati, révani, révani, s. Revenue, assessment. 2. the revenue department.

reyati, s. Balarāma’s wife. 2. the twenty-seventh lunar asterism.

revu, s. A harbour, port.

revu, see revu.

resi, s. Pus, matter of a boil, etc.

resimi, reshmi, s. Silk. "a silk cloth.

resa, see resa.

reite, s. A farmer, cultivator, ryot; also ōte.

reisų, s. A small coin; a cash; cf. ēte.

reisuni (ēte), v. n. To be clear, evident; to shine.

rokōti, see rokōti.

rokka, see rokka.

roki, rokati, roki, rokoti, adj. In cash or ready money.

roga, s. Sickness, disease, indisposition. -roga, *roga* a sick man; a leper. -roga to get sick; to have syphilis. -roga, *roga* to be sick.

roganu, s. Varnish.

roga, -roga. -roga. -roga, -roga to varnish.

roca, s. Movement, motion.

rocana, s. A yellow pigment used as medicine, dye or perfume; bezoar. 2. a stomachic; a carminative.

roja, see roja.

roji, s. A day. 2. daily work. -roji earning, service, employment. -roji a workman, servant.

rojipini (roji), v. n. To be employed.

rötu, s. Trouble, annoyance.

rödu, see rödu.

rötri, s. A deceiver.

rödana, rödana, rödanė, s. Weeping, lamentation, crying.
la, The forty-first letter of the alphabet.

laṅka, laṅkē, s. Ceylon, the ancient capital of Rāvana; also लञ्क, लञ्के, लञ्चर्थ.

laṅka, see लञ्के.

laṅkini, A giantess who defended Laṅka. 2. a fierce, passionate woman.

laṅgade, s. A cripple, lame man.

laṅga, s. A gown.

laṅgaru, s. An anchor.

laṅgōti, s. A cloth covering the privities.

laṅghanē, s. Fasting. 2. leaping, jumping.

drul, see डुळ. 2. hair, wool.

drul, s. Roman Catholic.

drul, adj. Fearful, formidable, terrific. 2. acute, violent.

rōmanu, adj. Roman.

rōshanu, adj. Fearful, formidable, terrific. 2. acute, violent.

roshanu, s. The fifty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

rōshana, s. The hair about the body. 2. hair, wool.

rōsha, s. Wrath, fury, anger.

rōshant, s. Shine, glitter.

rōhiṇi, s. The mother of Balarāma. 2. the fourth lunar asterism.

rōhita, adj. Red.

rōhite, s. A well-wisher.

roukula, see रूक़ुला.

roudra, s. Wrath, rage.

rōdrā, s. Wrath, rage. adj. Fearful, formidable, terrific. 2. acute, violent.

rouktu, s. A mode of drum-beating.

rouvanē, adv. Suddenly; cf. तेवने.

rousu, see रोसु.
lampa, s. Eagerness, desire for. indulging in carnal appetites.
lamba, lambaśu, adj. Long, tall. 2. suspended. 3. expanded. a tall man.
lambana, s. Hanging on, depending. 2. see əbəxx.
lambadi, see e>37.3.
lambanuge, s. Length, lambu, adj. Tender. i lambe, s. A tender fruit.
lambodare, s. Large puffed. 2. Ganesa.
lakula, lakulaku, adj. Shining, glittering, brilliant. to shine, glitter.
lakulagi, see əbəxx.
lakulagu, adj. About. nearly, approximately.
laga, s. Taking or seizing, as a fort.
lagana, see əbəxx.
lagabaga, s. Hurry, haste.
lagāḍu, s. Rubbing.
lagāḍu, lagāḍu, lagāḍi, s. Intercourse, interference, connexion. 2. trouble, annoyance, difficulty. 3. wickedness, mischief. 4. ruin. to annoy, dun; to ruin, eradicate, destroy. to interfere with.
lagāmu, lagāmu, s. A bridle.
lagāsu, s. Devouring. 2. flogging.
lagāsuni (əx), v. a. To eat, devour. 2. to beat, flog.
lagu, see əbəxx.
lagga, s. Compensation. 2. see əbəxx.
lagge, s. Crowding, thronging, assembling. 2. scaling.
lagna, s. The period selected for any auspicious ceremony, as the celebration of a mar-
riage, etc. 2. the rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon. 3. the celebration of a wedding or of investiture with the sacred thread. — the rising of the moon in a constellation. — a natal star. — to be married, etc. — to fix a time for marriage, etc. — to marry, etc.

laghu, s. A short vowel. 2. sleight of hand, dexterity. adj. Light; slight, trifling. 2. abating, on the decrease.

lacca, see laccana, see laccimi, see laccili, s. A pasture ground; a brushwood.

lačča, see laččana. laččimi, see laččilu. laččē, see laččē. lajja, lajje, s. Shame, modesty, bashfulness.

lajjanė, s. A shameless fellow.
latupatij, latupata, s. A noise of breaking sticks, etc. 2. fighting, quarrelling. 3. slapping; cf. latadu.

lattu, adj. Young, tender, unripe, green. 2. imperfect, rough. — a tender mango. — tender age. — immature understanding, thoughtlessness. — he acted imprudently, he was hasty. — he acted imprudently, the thing did not succeed; the business spoiled.
latta, s. A creeper.
lattandė, lattane, s. Lentil, Dolichos catjang.
lattë, s. A die; a game of dice. 2. a blow. — playing at dice. — to give a blow.

ladda, adv. Wholly.
laddi, s. The dung of a horse, elephant, etc. — to void excrement.

lappavuni, v. (of lapp) To make or cause to measure.

lappuni (ौ), v. a. To measure, mete. v. n. To cough. 2. To sneeze. सा to measure rice. सा to cough. सा to sneeze.

lapramu, s. A pulley.

laba, s. Fear.

labalaba, s. A noise made by crying and beating the mouth. 2. crying, lamentation, weeping. सा a confused noise of talking loudly or indistinctly. सा to beat the mouth while crying.

labādi, s. Dissimulation, hypocrisy, deceit, pretence, fraud. 2. a false promise. 3. a hypocrite, cheat, rogue. सा to deceive, cheat, dissimulate; also सा .

labdha, s. The product, अरिह. 2. profit, gain.

labbe, s. One of a class of Tamil Mahommedans. 2. a Mahommedan weaver.

laya, s. Loss, destruction, ruin. सा to perish, be destroyed, ruined.

layisū, adj. Accomplished. 2. ready.

lalantigē, s. A necklace.

lalanē, s. A woman.

lalāṭa, s. The forehead.

laksha, s. A lac, one hundred thousand. 2. see सो. सो more than a lac, many lacs.

laksha, s. A property, peculiarity, indication, or predication. 2. mark, sign. 3. beauty, neatness, perfection, in outward shape or form.
4. fortune. लक्ष— a bad sign.

लक्षदीपः, s. A general illumination festival in honour of an idol.

लक्षपुष्पः, s. Worshipping an idol with a profusion of flowers.

लक्षपुष्प, लक्षिपुष्प, लक्षिसुनी (लक्षिसुनी), v. a. To esteem, regard, care for. 2. to aim.

लक्ष, see लक्षे.

लक्ष्माणे, s. Rāma's younger brother. 2. the name of a man.

लक्ष्मी, s. The wife of Vishnu, the goddess of wealth and property. 2. success, fortune, prosperity, riches, wealth. राजस्—rich in wealth. विजय—rich in courage.

लक्ष्य, s. Regard, respect, care for. —स्ये to care for, be provident. —स्ये स्ये तेषु to regard.

ला, A conjunctive affix meaning and, also; as, एव, एव एव house and garden; एव एव this and that; एव एव still, yet; एव एव always; एव एव though it be, but, nevertheless; एव एव here and there.

लांचा, लांचन, लांचना, लांचना, लांचे, s. A mark, sign. 2. a spot; a bit. adj. Very little or small.

लांतनुः, लांदार्, s. Length. 2. hitting the ball from above in a game of cricket, etc.

लांबः, s. A mushroom, toad-stool, fungus. 2. nonage. adj. Tender. चलो, लांब, चलो, चलो, चलो, चलो, चलो, चलो are different species of fungus.

लाक्ष, s. A half-grown hen. 2. see लाक्षे.

लागः, लागा, लाग्या, s. A summerset, jump, leap. —स्या to make a summerset.

लागाता, लागाता, s. Jumping, leaping.

लागायिता, लागायिता, s. Beginning, commencement.

लागियुः, लागियुः, लागियुः, लागियुः, v. n. To leap, jump, skip.

लाचार्, लाचार्, लाचार्, लाचार्, adj. Reduced, helpless, in difficult circumstances. 2. weak, debilitated. एव difficulty, helplessness. —स्या to be in difficulty. —स्या to become weak, as from sickness.

लाचि, adj. Tender, soft.

लातु, adj. Inexact, not precise, superficial, loose. —स्या superficial work. —स्या
कोणीकृति to do a thing superficially.

लातनु, s. A lantern.

लाठे, s. A spinning wheel.  
2. a pulley used for drawing water.

लाठु, s. A line, row, group.

लादा, s. A horse shoe.

लादि, लादे, see लाठी.

लातु, s. A kick.  
2. disgrace; reproof.

लिंगा, s. The penis.  
2. the phalus, or Śiva under that form or emblem.  
3. gender, gram.  
लिंगपुरुष, a Lingait, one who wears the linga.  
लिंगण्डक, the neuter gender.  
लिंगेश्वर, the masculine gender.  
लिंगा, the feminine gender.  
लिंगाधिकारशी, to wear the linga.

लुंगी, see लंगी.

लिम्बी, लिम्बी limbi, limbé, s. The lemon fruit, Citrus bergamia; also लिम्बी.

लिखित, adj. Written.  
लिखित, see लिखित.  
लिखित, फैट, fate, as supposed to have been inscribed upon the scull by Brahma.

लिपी, s. Hand-writing, a written paper, etc.  
लिपी, फैट, fate; an act which is irrevocable or unalterable.

लिले, s. Play, sport, pastime, frolic.  
लिले, children's sport.

लुंगी, s. A checkered garment worn by a Mussalman.


**lunda, adj.** Confused, confounded, mingled. s. see

**lunde, see lunda.**

**lumbavuni, c. v. (of lumbuni)** To cause to plunge, wash, rinse.

**lumbuni (lumbun), v. a.** To plunge, wash, rinse.

**lukalyu, see lundes.**

**luksanyu, s.** Loss, damage. -see an ale-house, liquor shop, slg.

**luca, adj.** Mean, base, low, worthless. -see meanness, baseness, vulgarity,

**lucce, s.** A base fellow.

**lutayisuni (lutoso), v. a.** To pillage, sack, plunder.

**lutuka, s.** The cracking of the fingers.

**lubdha, adj.** Covetous, greedy. -see a miser, covetous man.

**lutaluti, s.** Plundering, sacking. 2. mischief, harm.

**luti, s.** Mischief, misbehaviour. 2. plunder, pillage. -see a mischief-maker; a plunderer. -to make or cause mischief; to plunder, extort.

**luti, s.** A cutaneous disease; also a kind of nut used in medicine for this disease.

**lenki, adj.** Timid. -see timid people.

**leukinyu, s.** A dark cloth.

**leukini, see leukinu.**

**leunkiryu, leunkiri, s.** A thin kind of bamboo.

**leunkuni, see slg.**

**leuke, s.** A slave, servant.

**leuncia, see lenki.**

**leenci, s.** A ladder, flight of stairs.

**lenda, adj.** Wicked, evil.

**lendu, s.** A topknot, tuft of hair, tresses. 2. a lump of dung. -try to come. -he resembles that man.

**lekkā, conj.** That, in order that. adv. As, like, according to; also s. see try to come. 

**lekkanda, see lenki.** 2. see lenki.

**lekkani, lekkangi, lekkayuni (lekeki), v. a.** To count, reckon up. 2. to estimate, regard, esteem.

**lekkesiri, s.** A demon so called.

**lekkha, s.** An account, reckoning, arithmetic. 2. con-
To examine or audit an account. 

to write out an account. 

to count. 

to charge or enter to one's account.

lekkha, s. Accounts. 2. money transactions.

lejja, lejjadi lejji, lejjede, see lejje.

leppâvuni, c.v. (of leppa) To cause to call, to send for.

leppu, s. A call. 2. the distance at which a loud cry can be heard.

leppu, see leppāvuni, leppūduvuni, leppuduni, see leppu, leppuni.

leppuni, v.a. To call. 2. to invite to an entertainment.

lebbe, see leppu.

lekha, s. Writing, scripture. 2. an epistle, letter.

lekhâ, see lekha.

lejhamu, s. A kind of arrow.

ledu, ledè, s. Denying. 

to deny.

lepa, lepana, s. Smearing, plastering. 2. a ointment, salve, ointment. 

lepy, lepy, see lepy.

lele, s. Dancing of the Pariahs.

levâdi, s. A kind of sweet.

levâdevi, s. Borrowing and lending, usury; dealing.

lêvu, s. A cry. 

levê, s. A kind of decoration.

leśa, s. A bit, small quantity. adj. Small, little. 

leśa only a little.

leśdu, leśu, s. An auspicious ceremony or event. 2. a handkerchief. adj. Excellent, good; cf. leśdu, leśu. 

leśu a host, one who receives or entertains guests. 

leśu to be excellent; to be well done. 

leśu to perform an auspicious ceremony.

leha, s. An electuary in medicine.

leipuni, v.n. To jump, leap; also leipuni, see leipuni.

leilâmû, s. Auction. 

to sell by auction.

leisû, s. Preparing, providing, making ready, completing, finishing. 

leisû to be ready; to be accomplished, finished. 

leisû to prepare, make ready; to accomplish, finish.

lotulotûtu, see lotulotûtu.

lotûte, s. A lie, falsehood, fib. adj. False, untrue.
lodā, adj. Loose. 2. unreserved. —व अन र जब अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

loka, s. A division of the universe; an inhabited place, region, world. 2. the world of people, mankind. आपसी— the three worlds, namely: धर्म— heaven, धर्म— earth, and धर्म— hell. अन्तर, अन्तर an earthly ruler, king.

lokānta, adj. Public, spread abroad. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

lokāntara, s. Another world. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

lokāntya, s. The end of the world.

lokāntara, s. The manner of the world; worldly custom or practice.

ločana, s. The eye. 2. sight, seeing.

lo ta, lōta, lōtu, s. A crowd or throng of people; over-crowdedness.

lōdu, s. A cushion to lean the back against. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

lōpa, s. Rejection, expunging, cutting off in general. 2. elision, ellipsis, gram. तत्पर— the dropping of a letter. तत्पर— omitting part of one's duty. तत्पर— deficiency in wealth. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

be left out or dropped; to decrease, become less and less, be wasted. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

lōpisuni (लोपिसून), v. a. To omit, drop. v. n. To be omitted; to suffer elision. 2. to disappear.

lobha, s. Covetousness, avarice, stinginess. —प सस्य, avarice.

lobhāna, s. A fragrant resin, incense. ज्वल— myrrh. ज्वल— frankincense, resin of Boswellia thrifera; also ज्वल.

lobhi, lobhishtē, s. An avaricious man, miser.

lōma, see लोम.

lōla, lōlē, adj. Desirous, wishing, bent on, fond of. 2. moving, shaking.

lōlisara, see लोलिसारा under लोलिसारा.

lōve, s. Steel. 2. see लोहा, s. Metal. —व अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस अन र जस.

lōli, lōlē, see लोल.

lounḍī, s. A strumpet, whore, harlot.

lounḍarī, s. The penis, obsc.

loukika, loukika, adj. Worldly, secular.

loukika, s. A worldly man; a layman.

loudi, see लौडी.
va, The forty-second letter of the alphabet.

For words not found under this initial see under v.

vāki, s. A fimbriated gold ornament.

vāga, s. The white oxide of lead. 2. tin. 3. the ancient province of Bengal. —vāgī calcined oxide of lead, sugar of lead.

vānčake, s. A cheat, deceiver, hypocrite.

vānčanē, s. Deceit, deception, delusion, fraud, hoax, hypocrisy.

vānčipuni, vānčisuni (vāč, vāči), v. a. To deceive, defraud.

vānji, see vācī.

vāntakāri, see vāntaka.

vante, vantedī, Masculine and feminine affixes implying the possession of certain dispositions, qualities, etc. ṣāvācī a wise man. ṣāvācī a righteous man. ṣāvācī a handsome woman.

vādanē, s. A bow, obeisance, reverence, worshiping, salutation. —vādanē to reverence, salute.

vādipuni, vādisuni (vād, vādī), v. a. To reverence, worship, salute.

vammukha, see vāmmun.

vāṅku, see vāṅgū.

vāmbuni (vāmbū), v. n. To quarrel, fight. 2. to grasp.

vāṁsa, vāṁsa, vāṁsa, s. A race, generation, lineage, family.

vāṁśāvalī, s. A genealogy, line of descent.

vāṅkātu, vāṅkātu, vāṅkātu, s. A power of attorney, commission, agency.

vakile, s. A pleader, vakil, advocate, agent.

vākānu, vākānu, vākānu, s. The style of a letter. 2. a literary composition, diction.

vakra, adj. Bent, awry, crooked. 2. malignant, cruel.

vageирे, postp. Et cetera, and so forth.

vacana, s. A word, speech, sentence, dictum, aphorism. — the singular number.

vacisuni & vacisuni, the plural number.

vāčipuni (vāc), v. a. To speak.

vaja, vaja, vaja, vaja, s. Deduction, subtraction, remission; also ṣāva. —vajā, —vajā to deduct, remit.

vajaya, s. Paying, payment; cf. vāc.

vajaya, s. Form, shape. —vajā of like form or shape, a chip of the old block.
vajira, see vaj.

vajiru, vajire, s. A prime minister. 2. the queen, in cards.

vajra, s. A diamond. 2. one of the astronomical yogas. adj. Hard, strong. —जज a strong constitution of body. —जज a coat of mail. —जज a hard blow. वज्रावज्र the weapon of Indra; a thunderbolt.

vajrayussu, vajrousa, s. Longevity, long life.

vata, s. The large banyan, Ficus religiosa. —जज the leaf of it.

vatāra, s. The compound or enclosure of a house, vicinity.

vattamù, see vattam.

vadè, s. A kind of cake.

vaddlyana, see vaddlyana.

vānaññana, s. A kind of vegetable, Alternanthera sessilis.

vanasu, see vana.

vattasu, see vat.

vatti, see vatti. 2. see vatti.

vatsanābi, vatsanābhi, s. An active vegetable poison, Aconitum ferox.

vatsara, s. A year; also वासस्य.

vatsale, s. A kind, affectionate man. वासस्य God who is gracious to His devotees.

vadana, s. The mouth, visage, face, countenance.

vadhu, s. A woman, bride, wife. —वाजा bride and bridegroom.

vadhè, s. Killing, murder. —वाजा to kill.

vāna, s. A grove, garden, park, forest, wood. —वाजा residence in a forest for religious purposes. —वाजा one who resides in a forest, a hermit. वाजाa pleasure garden. वाजा a garden near a house or town.

vamana, s. Oblation. 2. vomiting.

vayana, s. Manner, circumstance, way; the art of doing a thing. 2. a device, scheme, expedient. 3. artifice, dodge.

vayaluni (वयलु), v. n. To totter, reel, stagger. 2. to shake, be agitated.

vayina, see vayina.

vayilu, s. see vayilu.

vayyara, see vayyara.

vāra, s. A blessing, boon, gift. 2. a bridegroom. adj. Best, excellent.

varaṇṭu, s. Envy, rancour, deep animosity, hatred. adj. Malicious, vicious. वास्त बय-
struction of business from malice or spite. — to bear malice.

vara, s. A veranda.

Gilt, gold leaf.

varaka, s. A fountain, spring.

varatuni (varad), v. a. To chaffer. 2. to trouble, dun; cf. vartisuni.

varaṭe, see vara.

varaṭele, s. A haggler, one who chaffers. 2. a teasing fellow.

varanu, s. A pagoda, four rupees; also varada.

varada, adj. Favorable.

varadi, see vara.

varaha, see varā.

varuna, s. Uranus, the Hindu Neptune, regent of the west, the god of water and rain.

varusha, see varṇa.

varga, s. A class, tribe. 2. a chapter, section. 3. transfer, removal to another place. 4. tenure of land, proprietary right; also varasuni. — the square root. — to transfer.

vargipuni, vargisuni (vargiṇī), v. a. To square, multiply a number by itself; also varasuni.

vargiṇī, varja, varjana, varjanē, s. Abandonment, relinquishment, quitting. — to abandon.

varjita, adj. Abandoned, relinquished.

varjipuni, varjisuni (varjisani), v. a. To relinquish, abandon, give up.

varṇa, s. A class, tribe, caste. 2. colour, tint, hue. varṇanē, s. Description, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies.

varṇipuni, varnisuni (vargiṇi), v. a. To describe, point out qualities or excellencies.

varta, s. Fountain, spring.

vartake, s. A merchant, trader.

vartanē, s. Occupation, profession, living, livelihood.

vartamanā, s. News, intelligence, information, intimation. 2. the present tense, gram.

vartisuni (vargiṇi), v. a. To act. 2. to thrive on.

vartē, s. A female demon so called.

vardi, s. News, report, intelligence; also varṇa.

vardhanti, s. A birthday.

vardhana, s. Increase.

vardhisuni (varjana), v. n. To grow, prosper, thrive.
### varma

varma, s. Rancour, grudge, spite. 2. *see* vañky.  —*va* a vital point.  —*va* to pursue with rancour.

### vañky

vañky, s. A demon so called.

### varsha, varsa

varsha, varsa, s. A year. 2. rain; *cf.* varsa.

### valeduguni

valeduguni (वालेदुगुणी), *v. n.* To be possessed by a demon.

### vallabhe

vallabhe, s. A lover, husband. 2. a superintendent, overseer.

### vaša, vaša

vaša, vaša, s. Submission. 2. charge; *also* vaša.time of death. —*va* to be subject to, be possessed of. —*va* to subdue; to deliver, make over.

### vasa

vasa, s. Marrow, fat. 2. an offering to fire.

### vašanta

vašanta, s. The season of spring.

### vašati

vašati, s. An abode, dwelling.

### vašana

vašana, s. Cloth, garment, clothes.

### vašalu

vašalu, s. Alacrity. 2. *see* vaša.

### vašavuni

vašavuni (वाशवुनी), *v. a.* To sit, stay.

### vašilu, vašili

vašilu, vašili, *see* vašalu.

### vašulu

vašulu, s. A word, speech. 2. a rule. 3. an imprecation, curse. 4. an imaginary danger or risk. —*va* to curse, imprecate. —*va* to curse, implicate. —*va* to incur the risk of ordering or assenting to a delicate proceeding. —*va* to curse, denounce. —*va* to absolve from a curse.

### vašulu, vašuli

vašulu, vašuli, vašuli, s. Collection of a debt, *etc.* —*va* to collect.
vāgda, s. Reproof, reprimand.

vāgdanda, s. A promise.

vāgdatta, vāgdana, s. Quarrel, dispute.

vācaka, vācana, s. Facility in reading; reading.

vācāta, vācāta, s. To quarrel, dispute.

vācāduni (vācāde), v. a. To quarrel, dispute.

vācālake, s. A great talker, eloquent man.

vācita, s. Reading.

vācoule, s. Talkativeness, loquacity.

vācyay, adj. Fit to be uttered. 2. see  vācyu. improper to be spoken.

vāja, s. Speed, haste, swiftness.

vājabi, vājmi, adj. Reasonable, proper, right, just.  a proper, true word.

vāta, see vāti.

vātepuli, see vātepuli.

vādike, vādikē, vādigē, s. Custom, usage, practice.

vāta, s. Rheumatism; gout, arthritis. 2. see vāpasu. gout; swelling of the joints. inflammation of the joints.

vātsalya, s. Parental affection, love, tenderness; sympathy. 2. home-sickness.

vādu, s. Way, road.

vādu, vāda, s. A dissertation, discourse, dispute, contention, discussion. to discuss, dispute.

vādi, s. A plaintiff. a defendant, respondent.

vādikē, see vādi.

vādipuni, vādisuni (vādi), v. n. To argue, discuss, dispute.

vādyay, s. Instrumental music. 2. any musical instrument. a musician. a wind-instrument. to play on a musical instrument.

vānaprasthe, s. A hermit, anchorite.

vanare, s. An ape or monkey.

vāpūsu, adv. Again, behind, back, returning. s. Return. to return, give back.

vāmaney, s. A dwarf.

vāmāt, the fifth incarnation of Vishnu.

vāyavyay, s. The northwest quarter. adj. Relating to the wind.

vāyi, s. Flatulence, windiness. 2. gout, rheumatism. 3. see vāyi.
An instalment, term of payment.

The seeds of *Erycibe paniculata*.

Wind, air.

A rod, yard.

To do homage. 2. to serve.

To be cured. 2. to put to auction.

A warrant to seize an offender, goods, etc.

An abode, dwelling, habitation.

A stench, disagreeable smell. 2. a good smell, fragrance.

A name of *Krūṣṇa*. 2. a proper name.

An inhabitant. 2. see वसी.
vasi, vasipuni, vasisuni (vasi), v. a. To dwell, reside.

vastavya, s. Dwelling, residence. -n. to dwell.
vahana, s. A conveyance, vehicle, chariot, waggon.

vahya, intj. of approbation. -n. to applaud.

vala, vale, valya, s. A protuberance, swelling.

2. a bubo produced by venereal affection; also सन्ता, सन्तोष.
vindhya, s. A range of mountains so called.
vikata, adj. Terrific, awful, frightful. 2. austere, severe. -का a frightful form.
vikalpa, s. Doubt, indecision. 2. alternative. 3. offence, displeasure. -काल to disagree, be at variance.
vikara, s. Transformation, alteration, change. 2. sickness. adj. Ugly. 2. unnatural. -कर an unnatural disposition. -कार an ugly man.
vikari, s. The twenty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

vikasa, s. Expansion; cf. विक्रम.
vikrāṇa, adj. Scattered, diffused, spread about. 2. dissolved.
vikrūta, adj. Changed. 2. ugly.
vikruti, s. The twenty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. change. adj. Wicked.
vikrama, s. Heroism, valour, strength. 2. the fourteenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
vikramāditye, vikramārke, s. A celebrated sovereign.
vikraya, s. Selling, vending.
vigada, adj. Terrific, severe. 2. opposed, contrary.
vigraha, s. An idol, image. -सा, अवधव an idolator. -सार्थ an idolator.
vighaligé, s. The sixtieth part of a योग.
vighata, s. A hinderance, obstacle; a prohibition.
vighna, s. An impediment, obstacle.
vighnēśvare, s. Ganēśa, the remover of obstacles.
vicakshana, adj. Clever, able, wise. विकाश a clever man.
vidvā, s. Investigation, consideration, judging. 2. solicitude, anxiety. —रु to investigate. —रु to be solicitous.

vidvā, vidvār, vidvāraṇã, s. Investigation, examination, inquiry. 2. consideration, thought. 3. superintendence, management; also विद्वारणम्. —रु to examine; to superintend; to inquire.

vidvāraṇī (vidvāraṇa), v. a.
To investigate, examine, inquire.

vidvāra, s. A curiosity, wonderful thing. adj. Beautiful, wonderful, variegated, curious. स a wonderful act or workmanship. स a beautiful form.

vidvāra, vidvāraṇa, vidvārṇa, s. Agreeableness. adj. Pleasant, beautiful. 2. wonderful.

vijaya, s. Victory, conquest, triumph. 2. the twenty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. स Bijāpur.

vijārya, s. Trousers.

vijāpanē, s. A petition, application, solicitation. स to solicit, request.

vīta, s. Whoredom, lewdness, gallantry. स a gallant, seducer, lewd man; a fop.
vidha, s. Form, formula, rule. 2. manner, kind, sort.

vidhavē, s. A widow.

vidhāna, s. Rule, precept.

vidhi, s. Fate, luck, destiny. 2. rule, precept, formula. 3. text. 4. order, command. 5. the imperative mood, gram.

vidhura, s. Separation.

vidhure, s. A widower.

vidhēya, adj. Obedient, pliant, tractable. -ē, -ē; obedience, submission. -ē to be obedient.

vinanti, s. Petition, request.

vinaya, s. Modesty, affability, humility, mildness. 2. reverence, obeisance. 3. decorum. 4. see ṭhī. -ē speaking modestly. -ē reverently, respectfully.

vinā, vinahā, vinā, adv. Without, except.

vināyake, s. Gaṅgeśa. a feast on the fourth day of the sixth lunar month, in commemoration of Gaṅgeśa's going to call his mother Pārvati.

vināyisuni (स्यायसूनि), v.a. To except, exempt, exclude.

vināśa, s. Destruction, annihilation, ruin. 2. loss.

viniyōga, s. Sharing any thing sacred. 2. appropriation, as of money, etc., for any purpose. 3. giving or parting with any thing. -ō to divide, share, distribute.

vinōda, s. Sport, play, pastime.

vipattu, adj. Contrary, reverse, perverse, opposite.

vinayita, adv. Without, except. vina, to divide, share, distribute.

vināśa, s. Destruction, annihilation, ruin. 2. loss.

viniyōga, s. Sharing any thing sacred. 2. appropriation, as of money, etc., for any purpose. 3. giving or parting with any thing. -ō to divide, share, distribute.

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vināyisuni (स्यायसूनि), v.a. To except, exempt, exclude.
Śiva smear themselves. 2. superhuman power. 3. divine grace, manifestation, glory.

*vima* (s. investigation, inquiry. सरी— review, as of a decree.

*vimāna* (s. A kind of air balloon or car, self-directed and self-moving. 2. a chariot of the gods.

*vimukti* (s. Liberation, final emancipation from future births.

*vimocane* (s. Pardoning, absolving, cancelling. 2. releasing, quitting. 3. redemption, liberation. —से to pardon, release, absolve; to deliver.

*viyoga* (s. Separation, disunion. 2. bereavement, loss. 3. subtraction.

*virahita* (adj. Left, abandoned, diverted. —से to exclude, discard.

*virāga* (s. Disregard of all carnal enjoyments, absence of passion.

*viruddha* (adj. Opposed, hindered; contrary, opposite.

*virupa* (adj. Deformed, ugly.

*virūpākṣhe* (s. Śiva, having an unusual eye in the centre of his forehead.

*viśānti* (s. Purging; evacuation; also विधान.

*virōdha* (s. Animosity, opposition, contradiction. 2. prevention, hinderance. —से, —सी, see विधेय. —से to speak against. —से विध्ये to oppose.

*virōdhi* (s. An opponent, adversary, enemy. 2. the twenty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

*virōdhikrūtu* (s. The forty-fifth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

*vilamba* (see विलंब.

*vilambī* (s. The thirty-second year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

*vilayati* (s. Europe. adj. European. —से chalk.

*vilakshana* (adj. Extraordinary, unprecedented, peculiar.

*vilāśu* (s. Superscription, mark or direction. 2. the price of a cloth, etc., marked on it. डै— the address of a letter.

*vilāsa* (s. Sport, pastime. 2. dalliance, wantonness, coquetry.

*vile* (विलेः, विलेवारी, s. Distribution, apportioning, arranging.

*vivara* (विवरा, विवरानें, s. Explanation, particulars, detail. 2. circumstances, matter, affair.
vivāripuni, adj. To explain at large; to describe distinctly.

vivāka, see vākā.

vivāda, s. Dispute, quarrel, law-suit.

vivāha, s. A wedding, marriage, matrimony.

vividha, adj. Diverse, various.

vivēka, s. Judgment, discernment, discrimination. 2. reconciliation. & to be reconciled. 3. to reconcile.

viveki, s. A sensible man.

viša, see vās.

višaya, see vāso.

višākhē, s. The sixteenth lunar mansion.

višāla, s. Diffusion, extension. 2. the firmament. adj. Wide, roomy, capacious, spacious.

višishta, adj. All.

višu, see vās.

višuddha, adj. Pure, clean. 2. pious, virtuous.

višēsha, s. Sort, kind, manner. 2. distinction, difference. 3. eminence. 4. anything unusual. adj. Distinct, different. 2. unusual, extraordinary. 3. much, great. — a festive day. — superior talents. — an extraordinary affair, some-

thing unusual. — to distinguish; to make much of.

višēshana, s. An attribute or adjective. 2. distinguishing, discriminating. an adverb.

višrama, s. Repose, rest.

višramipuni, višramisuni, adj. To rest, repose.

višrānti, s. Repose, rest. — to repose, rest.

višva, s. The world, universe; all. — Lord of the world; Śiva; a proper name.

višvamitre, s. A monarch who became a Brahmārūshi.

višvāvasu, s. The thirty-ninth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

višvāsa, s. Faith, confidence, belief. 2. kindness, intimacy, favour. — a betrayer of trust or confidence.

višvāsisuni, adj. To believe, trust. 2. višve, s. The heavenly architect.

višha, s. Poison, venom. a famous remedy for snake-bite. a poisonous creature. the shrub Crinum deflexum. a kind of water-lily. , see sūkṣma. — to poison.
vishama, adj. Odd (in numbers). 2. uneven, rough. 3. painful, difficult, troublesome.

vishaya, s. Any object of sense, any thing perceived by the sense; any object in general. 2. reference, relation, as to a person, place, etc. 3. the topic or subject of a discourse, etc. 4. semenvirile. postps. Respecting, regarding. यो अजस्वः in this respect. यो अजस्वः in what respect? on what subject? यो अजस्वः I am ignorant of that subject. यो अजस्वः inordinate. यो अजस्वः inordinate devotion to women; lewdness.

vishu, s. The fifteenth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. 2. the vernal equinox; the feast observed on that day.

vishu, s. The second of the Hindu triad.

vishnukrānti, s. The plant Evolulus alsinoides, used as a decoction in fevers.

visa, see विसा.

visarga, s. The soft aspirate व.

visarjanē, s. Quitting, relinquishing; dismissing.

visarjūni (विसर्जूनि), v. a. To relinquish, abandon.

visēsa, see विसेसा.

vistaripuni (विस्तारिपुनि), v. a. To make prolix; to diffuse, publish.

vistarā, s. Diffusion, extension. 2. abundance, plenty. 3. prolixity. —स्त्र यो to become diffused, spread abroad; to extend, expand, dilate; to transpire, become public.

vistarīna, adj. Spread, extended, expanded. 2. large, great. s. Area, space, extent.

vismaya, s. Wonder, surprise. —स्त्र यो to be surprised.

vismṛūti, s. Forgetfulness.

vihita, adj. Friendly, amiable. 2. fit, proper. 3. true, certain. —स्त्र यो a fact. —स्त्र यो a friendly or proper manner.

vilamba, s. Slowness, tardiness; delay, procrastination.

vilambi, see विलंबिः.

vilāsa, see विलास.

vinē, s. The Indian lute.

vīra, adj. Brave, valiant, strong, powerful. —स्त्र यो heroism, bravery.

virabhadre, s. One of Śiva's attendants.

vire, s. A hero, champion, warrior, brave man. अस्तुः यो a great hero, very brave man.
virya, s. Heroism. 2. strength, vigour. 3. fortitude, firmness. 4. semen virile.

veda, visu, visa, s. A sixteenth. 2. a weight of gold equal to a grain of rice.

vīlē, vīlya, s. The betel leaf.

JjF, JF u, ü, For words beginning with these letters see under ṣ. ṣu.

vrundāvana, s. A basin round the purple stalked basil, sacred to Vishnu. 2. the shrine or tomb of a spiritual guide.

vrūta, see तोऽ.

vrūtta, s. Verse, metre.

vruttānta, s. News, intelligence, tidings. 2. an event, occurrence.

vrūtti, s. Livelihood, profession, occupation.

vrūthā, adj. Useless, fruitless. 2. incorrect. adv. In vain.

vrūddha, adj. Old, aged, ancient. 2. wise, learned.

vrūddhāpya, s. Old age.

vrūddhi, s. Enlargement, increase, augmentation, extension. 2. prosperity, success.

vrūdde, s. An old man; an experienced man.

vrūya, see योऽ.

vrūśēika, s. A scorpion.

2. the sign Scorpio; the eighth solar month when the sun is in Scorpio.

vrūshabha, s. A bull. 2. the sign Taurus; the second solar month when the sun is in Taurus.

vrūṣṭi, s. Rain. ज्या—drought. ज्या—a shower of gold; a good shower of rain. ज्या—a shower of flowers.

vrūksha, s. A tree.

veṅkaṭagiri, s. The sacred hill of Tirupati.

veṅkaṭaramane, s. Vishnu worshipped at Tirupati, etc., under this designation.

večča, s. Expenditure, expense. ज्याऽ—income and expense.

vejja, vejṛjha, see ज्या. ज्याऽ vetyāśa, see ज्याऽ.

vethē, see तोऽ.

veddē, adj. Moist, wet.

verta, see तोऽ.

vēga, s. Speed, velocity, quickness. adj. Quick, speedy.

vējya, see तोऽ.

veda, s. The principal sacred writings of the Hindus, which are four in number, namely, चेती, ऊर्जा नुहेत, and श्रवगुः. ज्याऽ—supplementary Vēdas. ज्याऽ—the true Vēda, the Bible.
veda, vedané, védhané, s. Pain, agony, distress. 2. sensation, perception.
vedangá, s. A subordinate part of the Vedas.
vedánta, s. The Upanishads or theological part of the Vedas.
vedánti, s. An adherent to the Vedánta system.
véd, védí, védiké, s. A raised floor, especially one used as an altar. 2. a pulpit.
vélé, see véd.
védika, adj. Conformable to the Vedas; scriptural. 2. spiritual.
vedika, s. A Brahman well versed in the Vedas. 2. a priest. 3. a doctor of law.
vedya, s. The science of medicine; also veidyá. 2. medical aid, advice or prescription. —नन्द some to give medicine.
vedya, s. A physician; also vedyá.
vedhávyá, s. Widowhood.
veinu, see vén.
veina, see vén.
veipa, veipu, s. Elongation, enlargement, growing long. —न a loop, noose. —न a waist cord.
veipuni, see veipa.
veibhava, veibhóga, s. Happiness, enjoyment. 2. wealth, riches. 3. majesty, glory. —ीन to enjoy.
veimanasyá, s. Sadness, dislike, sorrow, disinclination, offence.
veimélé, s. Fiction, invention. 2. veimála. adj. Fictitious, invented. —नन्द some to invent a story.
veimáligé, s. An open upstairs room.
veimé, s. Straightness, fitness, rectitude. 2. see veima. —न a straight tree.
A temporary roof. — to build a temporary roof.

Temporary roof. — to hate.

The absence of worldly passion or desire, want of affection, self-renunciation.

An enemy, adversary, foe. The six properties of fallen humanity, namely, lust, anger, avarice, love, pride, and envy, hatred.

A whirlpool, eddy; a strong current of water.

Danger, difficulty.

The second lunar month. 2. mid-summer.

The agricultural and mercantile tribe. a man of such a tribe.

Inequality, unevenness. 2. prejudice, bias, prepossession. — to be biased.

A follower of Vishnu.
To stick in the mire, as a wheel; to clog. 2. to be in a strait. 3. see &n.

To stick in the mire, as a wheel; to clog. 2. to be in a strait. 3. see &n.

At once; cf. 3o3.

A very small demon shrine.

Prosperity, good luck.

A small log of wood, a stake used for a hedge; cf. &n. —देव to cut and prepare stakes for a hedge.

Useless, vain, unprofitable, unmeaning. —स in vain.

Litigation, law-suit. —सुनाम to litigate, contest.

Grief, sorrow. 2. care, thought, concern. 3. calamity, misfortune. 4. fault, vice, frailty. —देव the vice of drunkenness. —सुनाम the vice of chewing tobacco. —सुनाम to be in sorrow.

Grammar.
vyāku, adj. Perplexed, confused, bewildered. s. Distress, perplexity, grief; also ज्ञाता.
vyākhya, s. An explanation, exposition, gloss, commentary.
vyāghra, s. A tiger.
vyaśya, s. A law-suit, dispute, quarrel. —सा to dispute; to sue.
vādhi, s. Sickness, disease, plague.
vapaka, adj. Diffusive, pervading, comprehensive. —सा to diffuse, spread.
vāpake, s. A ruler, superior person.
vapāra, s. Occupation, business, commerce, trade; cf. विज्ञान. —सा to trade.
vāpisuni (वापिसूनि), v. n. To pervade, extend, spread.

vyāsa, s. The diameter in geometry. 2. division.
vāsānga, s. Knowledge or experience in learning. 2. state, circumstances.
vyāsa, s. The original compiler or arranger of the Vedas; a sage.
vrana, s. An ulcer, sore, wound.
vrata, s. A vow, any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed observance of any penance, austerity, etc. —सा to observe a vow; to perform some act of piety.
vraya, s. Expense, expenditure. 2. waste.

sa, The forty-third letter of the alphabet.
śaṅku, see शांकु.
śaṅka, s. The conch-shell, used as a horn, and for offering libations. —का a flower of the creeper Clitoria ternatea. वापीसूनि— a conch winding to the right. वापीसूनि— a conch winding to the left. —सा to blow a conch.
śaṅkare, s. Śiva, he who makes happy.
śaṅkini, s. One of the four classes of females.
śaṅkiyuni (शाङ्कीयूनि), v. n. To doubt, fear, be alarmed.
śaṅkē, s. Terror, fear, apprehension. 2. doubt, sus-
sion, uncertainty. 3. envy, jealousy.

sanka, see sankha.

sankhapashana, s. Rats-bane, arsenic.

sambhu, s. Siva.

saka, s. An epoch, era.

sakuti, see a^.

sakuna, s. An omen, augury. 2. an ominous bird. - an interpreter of omens. a bad omen. a good omen. to consult an omen.

sake, see *.

sakku, J. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt.

sakkare, see 33^3.

sakta, adj. Able, strong, powerful, capable.

sakti, s. Power, strength, prowess. 2. an iron spear or dart. 3. the energy or active power of the deity, personified as his wife. impotence, weakness. the potential mood.

sakte, s. A strong or powerful man.

sakya, adj. Practical, possible. impracticable.

sakyamuni, s. Goutama the founder of Buddhism.

sagti, s. Extravagance. 2. see *.

sata, adj. A hundred. 2. many. a great effort. a century. a hundred years; a long life.

satabhisha, s. The twenty-fourth lunar mansion.

satru, s. An adversary, foe, enemy.

sani, saniśre, saniśvare, s. The planet Saturn or its regent. 2. distress, calamity. Saturday.

to be in distress.

sapatha, s. An oath, protestation, asseveration by 2. an imprecation, curse, oath. to swear, take an oath; to resolve solemnly.

sapisuni (sapi), v. a. To curse, adjure.

sabasū, intj. Bravo! well done!

sabda, s. Sound, a sound. 2. a word. an ungrammatical expression, speaking irrelevantly or improperly. noiseless, silent, still. literal meaning. to sound, a sound to be made. to sound, make a noise.

sama, s. Mental tranquillity, calmness. 2. subduing, pacifying, quenching. refreshing, cooling.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sanskrit</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sānti, santi</td>
<td>Tranquillity, quiet, peace. 2. patience. 3. mildness. 4. rest, repose. 5. preliminary ceremonies to prevent inauspicious accidents at any religious ceremonies. 6. remission, alleviation. 7. removing the effects of unhappy stars, inauspicious omens, etc. 8. a ceremony performed to avert a plague, etc. 9. a ceremony performed to propitiate the nine principal planets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārāra, s.</td>
<td>An arrow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārāngū, see</td>
<td>ඉරුක්ගී.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārāna, s.</td>
<td>Protection, refuge, shelter. ඉරුක්ගී, ඉරුක්ගී a refugee, one who seeks protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārānu, s.</td>
<td>Obeisance, reverence, salutation. ඉරුක්ගී to salute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sāratkālā, sāradrutu, s.</td>
<td>Autumn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārabha, s.</td>
<td>A fabulous animal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārabu, s.</td>
<td>Brandy, liquor, spirit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sāradhūra, s.</td>
<td>Force, violence. 2. mischief, hurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārāra, s.</td>
<td>The body.  adj. Bodily, corporeal. ඉරුක්ගී the constitution. ඉරුක්ගී, ඉරුක්ගී the different constitutions of the body.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārīri, s.</td>
<td>An animal or sentient being.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārē, see</td>
<td>ඉරුක්ගී.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sārtya, sarta, s.</td>
<td>A condition, stipulation, clause. 2. an agreement, compact. 3. a bet or wager. 4. to bet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sālya, s.</td>
<td>The shrub <em>Vanguerca spinosa</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sālya, salla,</td>
<td>A thin upper cloth, generally without border; cf. ඉරුක්ගී. adj. Thin, fine. ඉරුක්ගී a fine cloth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>såva, s.</td>
<td>A corpse, dead body.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>såśi, s.</td>
<td>The moon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>såstra, s.</td>
<td>A weapon. 2. a surgical instrument. ඉරුක්ගී discharging a weapon; surgical operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>såhārya, såhārya, s.</td>
<td>A city, town. 2. a bazaar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sånta, adj.</td>
<td>Calm, patient, tranquil. ඉරුක්ගී quietness, meekness, patience. ඉරුක්ගී mercy-seat. ඉරුක්ගී to be calm, quiet, appeased; to abate, as fever, etc. ඉරුක්ගී to appease, quench.</td>
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*Terminalia bellirica*; also ඉරුක්ගී.
sakhe, s. A part, branch, subdivision.

sinka, s. A clever man. 2. see サ.

sipa, s. Curse, imprecation, malediction; abuse. — サ an accursed man. — サ condemnation. — サ deliverance from a curse. — サ to curse.

sipyuni, s. To curse.

sibas, s. Ink. — サ、— サ an inkstand.

sity, s. Ink. — サ, — サ an inkstand.

sitydi, s. A witness. 2. evidence.

sary, s. A town.

srad, s. Sarasvati, the goddess of speech and knowledge in general.

sardula, s. The royal tiger. adj. Excellent, superior.

svari, s. The thirty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

saly, see サ.

sali, adj. (in comp.) Possessing, having. サ a conqueror. サ a wise man.

salivhane, s. An ancient king and institution of the era called the Salivahanaśaka, which commences A.D. 78.

salu, s. A shawl.

sälé, s. A hall, room, chamber. 2. a school. サ a cow-pen. サ a college.

sávanti, sänabhoge, see サ.

sanabhoge, see サ.

sane, s. A clever man.

saj, s. A curse; imprecation, malediction; abuse. — サ an accursed man. — サ condemnation. — サ deliverance from a curse. — サ to curse.

sapiyuni, s. To curse.

sabasu, s. To curse.

sayi, s. Ink.

sayidi, s. A witness. 2. evidence.

sary, s. A town.

srad, s. Sarasvati, the goddess of speech and knowledge in general.

sardula, s. The royal tiger. adj. Excellent, superior.

svari, s. The thirty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

salu, see サ.

sastra, s. Scripture, science, institutes of religion, law, or letters. 2. any work of literature or science in general. サ arithmetic. サ astronomy, astrology. サ a code of laws.

sastri, s. A pundit, teacher of sacred science, or one skilled in it.

srtoka, adj. According to scripture, agreeably to science.

Words not found beginning with this letter must be sought under シ or シ.

 siè, intj. denoting disgust, loathing, etc. Fie!

sıkadandane, s. Capital punishment.
slnki, see šiṅki.
šiṅgaripuni, see šoṅgaro.
šiṅgāra, see šoṅgoro.
šiṅgi, see moṅ.
šiṅgiri, s. A kind of fish.
šiṅdy, adj. True, established; valid.
šimha, see moṅ.
šikastu, šikastu, s. Doubling a paper into folds before writing upon it.
šikāryu, šikāry, šikāri, šikāri, s. Hunting. -aṅk to hunt.
šikè, šikè, šikhè, s. Heat.
šikkuni, see ōṅk.
šikkeyuni (šikk), v. n. To end, be complete.
šikheyuni (šikk), v. n. To be hot, sultry.
šiguru, s. A sprout, germ.
šiguruni, see ōṅk.
šittu, s. Anger, displeasure.
šittēśi, s. Trouble.
šidikè, šidikè, šidigè, see šidè.
šidipuni, see šidè.
šidibu, šidibu, s. The pustule of small-pox.
šidīly, see šidè.
šidi, see moṅ.
šidigolī, s. The tree Urostigma pisiferum.
šiddi, see šëṅdi.
šiddigè, šiddè, s. A quarter seer.
šiparasu, šipārasu, s. Recommendation, commendation. —aṅk a certificate, testimonial. —feṅk to commend. —aṅk to recommend.
šiṅy, s. A soldier, sepoy.
šibba, šibbu, see šībū.
šima, s. Cold, moistness.
šimudrē, see ōṅk.
šiyamā, adj. Third, inferior. —Ś third sort or quality.
šir, širā, širassu, s. The head. —feṅk decapitation. —feṅk to carry on the head; to obey implicitly.
širi, see ōṅk. 2. see ōṅk.
širiponnè, s. The ponn tree, Calophyllum apetalum.
širè, see ōṅk.
širōmani, s. A crest gem. 2. a headman; a leader.
širduni (šird), v. a. To correct, reform, alter, rectify. 2. to afflict, grieve, torment, trouble. 3. to reproach.
širè, see ōṅk.
širva, see ōṅk.
šilā, adj. Of stone, made of stone. —feṅk made of, or abounding in stone. —feṅk a stone image. —feṅk a charter inscribed on stone.
šilè, s. A stone; also ōṅk.
šilè, s. A fishing rod. —feṅk to stir up, incite.
Silpa, s. Any manual or mechanical art. architecture, sculpture.

Siva, s. Siva, Siva, the third of the Hindu triad, the destroyer. Siva's history. Adoration of Siva. A follower of Siva. The thirteenth night of the second fortnight of the eleventh lunar month observed in honour of Siva's birth.

Besides, except. adj. Excluded, exempted.

A pupil, disciple, follower.

A land-tax. 2. a mark, aim.

An instructor.

To punish, fine, correct.

Punishment, correction, chastisement. 2. instruction. - punishment and protection. to punish.

Sweet. and hot, sweetish, not sufficiently hot, as a dish.

Sikshir, see sikshiri. Sikshun, see sikshin. Sikthi, s. Sprinkling.

Sikshuri, see sikshiri. Sikshuni, see sikshin.

Sikshun, see sikshin.

Sikshi, s. An instructor.

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Sikshuri, see sikshiri. Sikshuni, see sikshin.

Quick, swift, speedy. adv. Quickly.

Sikiri, see sikshiri. Sikish, see sikshin.

Sikshi, s. Sweetness, pleasantness. adj. Sweet, pleasant, agreeable. liquorice.

Sikthi, s. A country. 2. England. a kind of red flower. chalk.

Sikshir, see sikshiri. Sikshun, see sikshin.

Sikshi, s. A female's garment.

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Sikshir, see sikshiri. Sikshun, see sikshin.

Sikshi, s. A female's garment.
sīle, see द.  
sīśi, intj. Fie! fie! cf. द।  
sīsa, see स.  
sīsē, sīsē, sīsē, s. A glass bottle.  
sīlyu, see स.  
sūnthi, s. Ginger, dry ginger; also दसी।  
sukra, sukre, s. Venus.  
2. the name of a man; also दी।  
fṣā, see द्र।  
sukla, s. White colour.  
2. the third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.  
3. semen virile.  
adj. White.  
सुमार्यु, see सुमार्यु।  
surū, see सुरु।  
sū, s. A sound, used in exorcism.  
-वष्ट्य-exorcism.  
-वष्ट्य to exorcise.  
sūnthi, see सून्थि।  
subhā, adj. White.  
2. pure, clean.  
-वष्ट्य to be clean.  
sunthi, see सून्थि।  
su, s. A sound, used in exorcism.  
-वष्ट्य-exorcism.  
-वष्ट्य to exorcise.  
subha, adj. Heroic, valiant, brave.  
-वष्ट्य-heroism.  
sūre, s. A hero, champion, brave man.  
surpanakhi, s. A giantess, Rāvana’s younger sister.
śūla, s. A weapon, pike, dart. 2. a stake for impaling criminals. 3. a trident. 4. a stake to impale a criminal.

śūlē, s. Sharp pain in general. 2. the colic. 3. painful menses, dysmenorrhea.

śūstra, see śētra.

śrūṇgaripuni (śrūṇga), v. a. To decorate, garnish, ornament.

śrūṇgāra, s. Ornament, decoration. 2. beauty. 3. the sentiment of love, as in poetry. 4. to decorate.

śrūṇgēri, s. A village in Mysore, containing the monastery of Śāṅkaracārya and his successors.

śe, Words not found beginning with this letter, must be sought under ś or s.

śentunī (śeṇtuni), v. n. To stumble.

śekē, s. Heat, warmth.

śēṭṭu, see śēṭṭa.

śēṭṭāvuni, c. v. (of śēṭṭa) To spoil, destroy, ruin.

śēṭṭi, s. A title of Jains, Bants, etc. 2. the headman of a village, etc.

śēṭṭi, adj. Spoiled, ruined. 4. to become wise when too late.

śēṭṭivālu, s. A title of some Bants.

śēṭṭunī (śēṭṭa), v. n. To decay, be spoiled.

śēṭṭe, see śēṭṭā.

śēṭṭatunī (śēṭṭa), v. n. To feel a throbbing pain. 3. the head to ache severely.

śēṭṭavu, s. Pride, haughtiness, affectation, coquetry.

śēṭḍi, s. Sprinkling. 2. boxing with fingers. 3. see śēṭṭa.

śēṭṭita, s. Throbbing pain.

śēṭṭipini, śēṭṭyuni (śēṭṭa), v. a. To sprinkle with fingers, as water, etc. 2. to box with fingers, as the ear, etc. v. n. To feel a throbbing pain; cf. śēṭṭāvuni.

śēṭṭilu, see śēṭṭita.

śēṭṭaturunī, see śēṭṭa.

śēraṃgu, see śēṭṭa.

śērerē, s. Imprisonment, captivity. 2. a prison; also śērerē. 3. indebtedness, obligation. 4. liability, answerableness. 5. see śē. 6. to excuse or release from an obligation; to absolve from a liability.

śērerē, s. A wave, billow.

śergē, see śēṭṭa.

śellē, see śēṭṭa.

śēṅkāda, see śēṅkuṇa.

śēṅkuṇi, see śēṅkuṇa.

śēṅṭu, s. The hair about the privities.
sendi, s. Toddy. -toddy-contract.

sekà, s. A salutary heat; fomentation; cf. seka, adj. Per cent, hundred. s. Percentage. - in a percentage.

setu, see seka.

sete, see setu.

setu, see sete.

sedu, see sedu.

seduni, see seduni.

sebi, adj. Open. 2. wide.

sebè, see sebi.

semattigè, s. A fragrant flower of *Pyrethrum Indicum*.

semage, see semage.

seràvuni, c.v. (of serà) To join, unite, mix, combine, include, accumulate. 2. to admit, as a member into any sect, class or profession. 3. to find, provide with occupation or employment.

serègà, s. A lot.

serèvé, see serèga.

seràsvuni, see seràsvuni.

selè, s. Boast, brag. 2. coquetry, affectation, haughtiness. 3. display, show. adj. Boasting; showy; affected; haughty. - a braggart;
a fop. —செய், ஓற்றை a very coquettish woman. —செய்வே to brag, be showy, affected, coquettish. —சோப்பு, ஓற்றை வைத்து to make a display.

The rest, remainder, residue. —செய் what has remained.

The chief of the serpent race; the couch and canopy of Vishnu, and upholder of the world.

Cold, cooling. s. A cold.

Belonging to the sect of Siva.

A follower of Siva.

Sorrow, grief, affliction.

Pleasure, gaiety, merriment. 2. proclivity, addictedness to vice. —சோப்பு a pleasure-hunter; a gay fellow. முன்னை—indulgence in liquor.

A gay-man.

An inquirer, examiner, critic. 2. a tempter.

Search, research, examination. 2. temptation, trial. 3. correcting. 4. cleaning, cleansing, purifying. சோப்பு filtering water. —சோப்பு to search; to try; to correct; to filter, strain.

To search, examine. 2. to try, assay, tempt. 3. to sift, strain, filter. 4. to purify, clean.

The thirty-seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

The consumption of a marriage, when the parties come together.

A festive song. —சோப்பு to recite a festive song.

To shine. 2. to be adorned.

Lustre, radiance, light. 2. beauty. —சோப்பு to be beautiful.

Cleansing, purification. 2. easing nature.

Heroism, valour.

A cemetery.

A festive song. 3. to recite a festive song.

To shine. 2. to be adorned.

Labour, fatigue, distress, trouble, suffering. —சோப்பு to endure hardships. —சோப்பு to be in trouble. —சோப்பு to labour, toil; to be industrious.

The ear. 2. hearing. 3. the twenty-second lunar mansion. —சோப்பு to listen to.
sraddha, s. A funeral ceremony, performed for recently deceased relations and continued annually.
sravaka, s. A sect of Jains.
sravana, s. The fifth lunar month.
sringara, see ^o^o^l^.
sravana, J. The fifth lunar month.
sringara, see ^o^o^l^.
Lakshmi, wife of Vishnu and goddess of plenty and prosperity. 2. fortune, prosperity, thriving. 3. wealth, riches. 4. a prefix to proper names of deities.
srigandha, s. Scented sandal.
sritali, s. The taliput or fan-palm, Corypha umbraculifera.
srimanta, adj. Noble, princely, wealthy.
srimante, s. A prince; a nobleman; a very rich man.
srimukha, s. The seventh year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.
srimudrê, s. The five sectarian seals used by Madhva Brahmans in marking the face, etc. 2. the impression of these seals.
srivêsha, see ^o^o^l^ under ^o^.

sruta, s. Holy writ, sacred science. adj. Heard. -sruta to be heard or known. -srutâ to inform, make known.

sruti, s. A sort of drone corresponding to that used with the bagpipes. 2. the Vedas. 3. the ear; hearing.
sreyassû, s. Virtue, moral merit. 2. good fortune.
sreshtha, adj. Pre-eminent, excellent, chief. -sreshthâ excellence, pre-eminence.
sreshthe, s. An excellent man, a pre-eminent man.
sleshma, s. Phlegm, phlegmatic humour.
loka, s. A couplet, distich, stanza or verse.
svâna, s. A dog.

svâsa, s. Breath, breathing. 
- to breathe in. -svâsa to breathe out, exhale; to pant. -svâsa to heave a sigh; to be jealous. -svâsa to gasp, pant; to breathe one's last; to be in a hurry.
sha, The forty-fourth letter of the alphabet.

shashti, s. The sixth lunar day of either fortnight. adj. Sixth. —sha the genitive case. shumāru, see şumār.

sa, The forty-fifth letter of the alphabet.

sam, pref. With, together with.

saṅka, s. A bridge. 2. the liver. 3. see sand.

saṅkā, saṅkaṭa, saṅkaḍa, s. Illness, sickness. 2. distress, difficulty. —kā a sick man. —kā— dangerous illness. —ka— fainting, swooning. —ka to be sick, laid up.

saṅkāna, see sand.

saṅkapāśaṇa, see śaṅkāpāśaṇa.

saṅkamālā, s. A kind of serpent.

saṅkalē, s. Fetter, chain.

saṅkalegulige, s. A demon so called.

saṅkala, saṅkalpa, saṅkalpaṇe, s. A resolve, determination, resolution. 2. a pro-

ject, design. 3. a religious vow or declaration. —kā to resolve, vow.

saṅkalpisuni (sand), v. n. To resolve, determine. 2. to vow, declare solemnly.

saṅkalmē, s. Doubt, suspicion.

saṅkāvasana, see śaṅkāvasana.

saṅkavaṇa, saṅkasalē, s. A mint.

saṅkyaṇa, saṅkīyunī, saṅkiyuni (sand), v. n. To hesitate, doubt, waver. 2. to be shy, or bashful; also ṣaṅkāvaṇa.

saṅkirtanē, s. Praising, hymning, celebrating. —kā to sing the praises of God.

saṅkē, see śaṅkē.

saṅkēmē, see śaṅkē.

saṅkesa, saṅkēsa, s. A residence. —saṅkē— the residence or seat of a swāmī.
Hesitation, doubt.
2. shrivelling up, contracting.
3. brevity, abridgment.
— to abridge.

The passage of the sun from one sign of the zodiac into another.
1. the first day of a solar month.

Number in general. 2. a number or numeral. 3. counting.

Union, junction, confluence.
2. association, company. — good company.
sexual embrace.

Fastening two boats together. — to fasten in this way.

Union, see .

, , . An associate, companion. 2. a colleague.

Company, association, union. 2. subject, affair, matter, business, circumstance, occurrence, contents of a writing.
— have nothing to do with him. — what is the matter?

With, together with, accompanying.

Acquisition, amassing, collection. 2. compilation. 3. abridgment. 4. taking, receiving, seizing.
 a compendium of laws. — a library. — to amass, acquire.

A number or multitude of living beings. 2. an association, society.

Occurrence, happening. 2. encountering, meeting. 3. success, achieving. — to occur; to meet; to succeed.

Collection, mass, heap. 2. a hold, support.

A hold, support.

Difficulty of breathing.
— to be choked, to gasp.

Earnest money, advance.
sanca, s. Throwing the ashes and bones of the dead into a sacred river.

sañcaripuni, sañcarisuni (santo, santośa), v. n. To wander, roam, travel.

sañcara, s. Roaming, wandering, travelling, journeying. -sañcara to wander, travel.

sañći, see 302. 2. see 303.

sañcigara, see 303.

sañcita, adj. Acquired, obtained, got. s. What has been acquired, as wealth, merit, sin, etc.

sañcu, s. Intrigue, plotting. 2. artifice, stratagem. 3. spying. 3014 secret plotting, collusion. -sañcu an intriguer. -sañcu to spy.

sañcemi, see 301.

sañcesaraku, see 302. under 302.

sañja, sañjè, see 302.

sañji, see 302.

sañjivana, s. A life-restoring medicine.

sañjuè, s. A hint, gesture, sign; cf. 301.

sañtè, see 305.

sañlige, s. A condiment or seasoning made with chillies, asafoetida, cummin seed, etc.

sañña, adj. Small, little. 2. fine, delicate, thin. 3. narrow.

sañni, s. A kind of silk cloth, worn during prayers and meals.

santati, santana, s. Family, progeny, offspring, issue. 2. lineage, race.

santarpanè, s. The ceremony of feeding Brahmans.

santipa, s. Burning heat. 2. torment, pain, distress. -santipa to be distressed.

santuṣṭa, adj. Pleased, delighted, satisfied. -santipa to be satisfied, contented.

santuṣṭi, s. Satisfaction, contentedness. -santipa to have contentment.

santṛupti, s. Fulness, satiety, satisfaction. -santipa to be satiated, satisfied.

santè, s. A market, fair. -santipa goods taken to or purchased in a market. -santipa to hold a fair.

santemi, s. The wild mustard, Cleome icosandra; cf. 305.

santeruni, santeripuni, santerisuni (santo, santośa), v. a. To comfort, console, calm, pacify.

santesi, see 305.

santōla, see ṣaṅgīna under 305.

santōsha, s. Delight, gladness, joy, pleasure, happiness. -santipa to be glad,
pleased. — to please. sandu, s. A cleft, fissure, opening. 2. a joint, joining, junction. 3. an interval of time. — a crisis, critical time; an opportunity. — the creeper *Cissus quadrangularis*. — gout, arthritis, rheumatism of the joints. — to rabbet, cement, join, as a fissure. — to leave a gap; to crack. — to be polluted by an unclean contact.

sandarpu, sandarba, s. Convenience, feasibility. 2. opportunity. — to be convenient, feasible; to have an opportunity; to get, obtain. — to try for something. — to procure.

sandalśana, s. Seeing; inspection. 2. a visit. — to visit.

sandāna, see sandarpu.

sandāya, s. Delivering over, making payment. — to make a set-off. — to make excuses; to justify. — to pay off; to deliver over.

sandāvuni, c. v. (of to) To pay, liquidate. 2. to perform, accomplish. 3. to retort. sandi, s. A call, promise. 2. see sandu. — a time to call.

sanduni (sandu), v. n. To pass, as time. 2. to pass from this world, die. 3. to be due, indebted. 4. to be paid, liquidated. 5. to come to pass, be accomplished. — time to pass. — to depart this life. — a vow to be performed. — a debt to be paid. I owe him something.

sandēha, s. Suspicion, doubt, hesitation, scruple. — to feel doubt or scruple.

sandyuni (sandu), v. a. To join, unite; to bring in close contact.

sandye, see sandarpu.

sandrapu, see sandarpu.

sandhāna, s. Mediation, pacification. — to mediate, go between.

sandhi, s. Junction, union, combination. 2. an interval, pause, rest. 3. the union of letters either at the end or beginning of different words
or in the middle of compound terms, to avoid dissonance or hiatus. 4. a chapter. 5. a eulogistic narrative of a great personage.

sandhipuni, see sampi.

sandhyāvandane, s. The daily ceremonies and prayers of the Brahmanas.
sannu, s. Anno domini.
sanna, see sampi.

sannadu, sannadu, s. An order, a written authority for holding land or office. 3. a certificate enrolling a person as a pleader.
sannaddha, adj. Ready, arranged.
sanna, sannaya, sannāha, s. Preparation. 2. materials required for a specific purpose. —sannaya to prepare.
sanni, s. Morbid state of the three humours, bile, wind and phlegm. 2. cholera; also sannidhāna. 3. epilepsy, convulsions. 4. typhus fever; delirium, as in fever; also sannidhi. —sann— raving, as in a fit of epilepsy.
sannidhāna, sannidhāna, sannidhi, s. Presence, perceptibility, appearance. 2. proximity. sannidhanan in presence of, before.
sannivāra, see sampi.

sannā, see sampi.
sannā, sannā, sannāsa, sannāṣigē, see sampi.
sampagē, see sampi.
sampattu, s. Riches, wealth, increase, prosperity; also sannada, sannaddha, sannadu. —sann to be prosperous.
sampanna, adj. Possessed of, having. 2. accomplished, completed, effected, obtained. 3. prosperous, fortunate, thriving. sannada a prosperous man.
sampaya, see sampi.
sampayi, see sampi.
samparka, s. Union, mixture. 2. meeting, contact. —samp to associate with, mix.
sampala, see sampi. 2. see sampi.
sampali-puni, sampaliyuni (sann), v. a. To gain, acquire, attain, earn.
sampādanē, s. Gaining, acquiring, attaining. —samp to gain, acquire.
sampāvuni (sann), v. n. To become calm or cool.
sampigē, s. The strong smelling flower Michelia champaca. —samp— a wild sort of the same, Plumeria acuminata. —samp— a red sort of it. —samp— another sort in the form of a bell.
the white sort, *Mesua speciosa.* — the thick-leaved lavender, *Anisochilus carnosus.*

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— champaca oil. — champaca oil.

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— champaca oil. — champaca oil.
sambhrama, s. Joy, delight, pleasure. 2. grandeur.
sammandha, s. Connection by affinity, connection in general; cf. जोि. adj. Connected with, endowed with, belonging to, possessing.
sammandhâtha a relative. —संन्या to be related to.
sammagâre, see सम्म ग रे.
sammata, s. Assent, agreement; acquiescence; also सम्मत. —सं- to assent, agree, yield, comply. —संस्था to agree to, to be willing, to acquiesce in. —संस्था to consent, agree to, accept. —संस्था to give consent. —संस्था to receive assent.

sammana, see समन्न.
sammaniyuni, see सम्मानि.
sammâle, see सम्माले.
sammâna, see सम्मान. 2. see सम्मान.
sammara, see सम्मार.
sammukha, adj. Encountering, opposite, facing. सम्राक्षे in front of, in the presence of.
sammâla, s. A double drum. 2. mixing, blending; union.
samyukta, adj. Endowed with, possessed of. 2. united, joined, annexed. 3. compound.
sāmśkāra, s. A purificatory rite or ceremony. 2. burning or burying a dead body. —स to burn or bury a dead body.

sāmśkrūta, s. The Sanskrit language.

sāmśsthāna, s. A seat of government, the royal city. 2. a kingdom, state, presidency. —स the Madras presidency.

sāmśhāra, s. Destruction, killing, annihilation. —स to destroy, kill, annihilate.

sāmśhītē, s. An arrangement of the text of the Vedas into short sentences. 2. a code, digest.

sānkshipta, adj. Abbreviated, abridged, brief.

sānkshēpa, s. Abridgment, brevity. —स to say briefly. —s to abridge.

saka, see र.

sakāna, s. An omen; bet. चर. —क an ominous bird.

sakati, see र.

sakala, s. The aggregate, whole. adj. All, entire, whole. —क all facts.

sakalāti, sakalātu, s. Superior woollen stuffs.

sakāya, s. Easiness. 2. see रसस.

saki, see र.

sakiyuni (र), a. To submit.

sakē, sakku, sakke, see र.

sakka, s. A small mat. 2. a net. 2. see र्षेः. 3. see र्षेः.

sakkarē, s. Sugar. रिः- the pumplemose fruit. रिः- sugar candy. रिः- China sugar. रिः- Mauritius sugar.

sakkelu, see र.

sakkela, s. A proper or suitable time.

sakti, s. Force, constraint, exaction. 2. see र.

sakra, see र.

sakhāya, see रसस.

sakhi, s. A female friend.

sakhe, s. A male friend.

sakhyā, s. Friendship, amity, intimacy. 2. see र.

saguti, see र.

sagulē, see र.

sage, see र.

sagōtre, s. A distant kinsman descended from a common ancestor of the same family-name, as among Brahmans; also रससससस. रसस a relationship of this description.
sagti, see 631.
sagme, see 631.

sacalasna, sacelasnana, s. Bathing with all one's clothes on.

sada, see 631.

sacidanande, s. God, the eternal source of wisdom and happiness.

saecya, s. Expense. — to pay expenses.

saja, see 631.

sajapu, see 631.

saja, s. Punishment, fine.

2. annoyance, trouble. — to be punished. — to punish.

sajabu, see 631.

sajibijji, see 631.

sajiva, adj. Animate, lively.

sajja, s. A short time. adj.

Instant, temporary. presently, now, recently, lately; shortly; temporarily. for the present use; temporarily, etc. — there is no work for the present. she will come shortly.

sajjandi, s. A good woman, gentle woman.

sajjana, adj. Virtuous, good. 2. gentle.

sajjanige, s. Virtue, goodness. 2. gentleness, meekness.

sajjane, s. A good man; a gentle man.

sajjalmè, see 631.

sajji, adj. Good, well, proper, fine, excellent. 2. healthy. adv. Well, nicely, properly. a fine lad. a good behaviour. a proper speech. to enjoy good health, be well. to hear attentively. to eat heartily. to thrash soundly. to make a thing well.

sajjigè, s. Rolong or wheat-grain grits.

satasa, adj. Grating, harsh. adv. Harshly, severely. to speak harshly.

sate, s. Falsehood; also false.

satta, see 631.

satti, s. A kind of wooden ladle. 2. see sadaga, 3. a feast on the night of the sixth day of a child's birth.

satuga, see 631.

sadaga, adj. Hard.

sadagara, see 631.

sadita, s. A purpose, vow, resolution. 2. a bet, wager.

sadily, adj. Loose, slack, loosened. to become loose. to let loose. to loosen, slacken.
saddu, s. Disdain, inattention, negligence. 2. satiety, indifference. 3. facility, ease.

saddu, see saddu.
saddule, s. The relation in which the husbands of two sisters stand to each other.
saddu, see saddu.
saddusu, see saddu.

Sanipuni, sanipuni, sanipuni (saddu, saddu), v. n. To cool, grow calm, be mitigated.
saně, s. A fine cloth; cf. sanā. 2. see sanā.
sanna, see sanā.
satu, adj. (in comp.) True, good, virtuous; excellent, right, proper. —sā a true story. —satvā, —satvā a good action. —satvā worthiness. —satvā, —satvā a worthy man. —satvā an excellent son.
sati, s. A virtuous woman.
2. a woman in general.
satku, satku, satu, satuva, see satku.
satkara, s. Politeness, honour, respect. —sakkā, sakkā to show respect.
sattri (corrup. of sattri), s. Power, strength. —attri a heavy stone to be lifted up
to try one’s strength. —attri a stick to try one’s strength with another in wrestling.
sattigē, s. An umbrella, a parasol.
sattike, see sattike.
satya, s. Truth. 2. justice, honesty. adj. True, sincere, honest. —atya truth; credibility. —atya a truthful man; a sincere man. —atya truth to prevail; justice to be done. —atya, —atvā to do justice. —atvā to be cursed.
satyē, s. An umbrella.
satva, s. Life, vitality. 2. power, strength. 3. essence, substance. —atva powerless. —satva to be strong or vigorous.
sadu, see sadu. 2. see sadu.
sadury, sadury, saduranga, s. The front. 2. spreading abroad, becoming public. —sadury to come to the front; to appear before the public; to become published.
saduru, saduru, sadaru, s.
A throne. 2. a mattress, carpet. 3. see saduru.
sadaramine, s. A subordinate judge.
sadari, see sadari.
sada, adv. Always, at all times, perpetually, for ever. —sada for ever. —sada the eternal Spirit.
sadācāra, s. Regular observance of all duties, good conduct.

sadāpu, sadābu, s. The rue plant, *Ruta graveolens.*

sadapu, sadabu, s. The rue plant, *Ruta graveolens.*

sadu, s. Sound, noise. 2. answer, reply. 3. rebutting.

saduranga, see saduranga.

sadrupa, adv. As it is, in an exact or true form. 2. face to face.

sanamata, see sanamata.

sanāni, see sanāni.

sani, see sanī. 2. see sanī.

sanīyāra, s. Saturday.

sanipāvuni, c. v. (of sanā) To make cold or cool. 2. to pacify, conciliate, comfort.

sanipuni (sanu), v. a. To cool, render cold. 2. to refresh; to set at ease.

saniya, see saniya.

saniyuni (sanu), v. n. To become cold; to be cool; to be softened.

saniyesre, see saniyesre.

sanilu, s. A bayonet.

sanipa, see sanipa.

sanu, see sanu.

sanè, see sanè.

sanna, see sanna.

sanmāna, s. Respect, honour, politeness. —संमान करेगा to show respect, treat politely.

sanmārga, s. Morality, good conduct, true way.

sanyāsa, s. Asceticism.

sanyāsi, s. An ascetic.

sapa, s. Polish, smoothness. —सपा sap. —अधे there is no polish.

sapata, see sapata.

sapala, see sapala. 2. see sapala.
sapaliye, sapale, *see* sapaliye.
sapalè, sappalè, *see* sapalè.
sapalye, sapale, sappale, *lit.* A spearman. 2. a fisherman.
sapasara, *s. Taste.*
sapayi, *adj.* Even, level, smooth. —to become smooth. —to make smooth.
saparnè, *s. Fasting.*
sapura, sapūra, *adj.* Delicate, thin, fine, narrow.
sapè, *s.* A page.
sapetu, *see* sapeti.
sapta, *adj.* Seven. —the seven notes of the gamut.
saptama, *adj.* Seventh. —the seventh day of the lunar fortnight.
sappa, *see* sapp.
sappala, *see* sappala.
sappu, *see* sapp.
sappè, *see* sapp.
saphala, *s.* Success, prosperity, reward. —to be successful. —to make successful.
sabaku, *see* sabaku.
sabatu, *see* sabatu.
sabatuni, *see* sabatuni.
confirmation). — अनु बोधिक आने, अनु बोधिक आने to excommunicate.

समुगारे, s. A cobbler, shoemaker.

सामा, adj. Like, similar. 2. same, even, equal. 3. uniform, equable. 4. right, just, proper. — अनु proper value. — मध्य equal shares. — वध्य midnight. — अद्य to compare. — अभित्र to agree, coincide; to fit, suit. — अद्य अनु to make level; to put right; to make equal; to correct, rectify.

समांता, adj. All, whole; समां all people.

समात्ता, s. Proportion, fitness, suitability. 2. level, smoothness of surface. — वध्य अनु a level, even surface. — अद्य अनु to fit, agree.

समागारे, see समागारे.

समाग्रा, adj. All, entire, full, complete.

समाजायिसिगे, समाजायिसिगे, s. Pacification, satisfaction, consolation. — अद्य अनु to calm, appease.

समाजायिसुनि, समाजायिसुनि, s. Pacification, satisfaction, consolation. — अद्य अनु to calm, appease.

समात, s. Equality, proportion. 2. similarity.

समानिसुनि, समानिसुनि see समानिसुनि.
tion. 2. a message. the intelligence of one's welfare.
samāja, s. A multitude, assembly. 2. a society, asso-
ciation.
samādhāna, s. Peace, tranquillity. 2. conciliation, consent, agreement. 3. re-
conciling differences. 4. welfare, well-being. -ता to be reconciled; to agree, con-
sent; a sickness to become subdued. -ता to have peace; to feel better. -ता to reconcile, console, appease.
samādhi, s. A grave, tomb. 2. deep meditation. 3. silence. -ण to be absorbed in meditation.
samāna, adj. Like, similar, analogous. 2. equal. 3. one, uniform, same; cf. सम, समान. -ता equality. -समा
similar things. सं an equal person.
samāpta, adj. Finished, completed.
samāpti, s. Completion, finishing, end. 2. killing, destroying. -ता to be com-
pleted. -ता to complete, finish.
samāra, see समार.
samārādhānē, s. Worship, reverence. 2. a public feast to Brahmans.
samāsa, s. Composition of words, formation of com-
ound terms, gram.
samidhē, s. Short sticks of particular trees used in burnt offerings.
samīpa, s. Neighbourhood, proximity. adj. Near, close by.
samukha, s. Presence, proximity. समुक्ष, समुक्त near to, in the presence of.
samugāre, see समुगति.
samuccāya, s. Collection, assemblage. 2. conjunc-
tion of words or sentences, gram.
samudāya, s. Assemblage, heap, multitude, number, quantity. -यया a multitude of persons. समुदायेन generally, on the whole.
samudra, s. The ocean, sea. -म् a ceremony of bathing in the sea at new moon in the month Āti. -म् the fruit of the tree Borring-
tonia racemosa; fish.
samūha, s. Aggregate, assemblage, multitude.
samrūdhī, s. Prosperity, success. 2. increase, thriving. रूढ़ि an abundance of crop. -ूढ़ि to prosper.
samēta, adj. Accompanied by, associated with, possessing.
saya, see ೒.  
sayi, see ೒.  
sayipini, see ೒.  
sayile, s. A ghost, goblin.  
sayísuni, see ೒.  
sara, s. A string of beads or pearls; a wreath, garland; a necklace.  
A necklace of coins.  
sara, see ೒.  
sarańku, s. A kind of suffocation caused while swallowing any liquid.  
sarańkally, see ೒.  
sarańgu, s. A trench, mine, hole, tunnel.  
A rat’s hole.  
sarańjámyu, s. Tools, implements, goods.  
furniture.  
Prepare, furnish.  
saraku, s. Terms, goods, commodity.  
Articles, goods, commodity.  
To unladen; to land goods.  
To load; to freight.  
saraku, intj. Get out of the way! slip aside!  
sarakárı, s. Government.  
Government service.  
The public money, assessment, revenue.  
sarakonuni, see ೒.  
saradu, see ೒.  
saradáni, s. A cry, noise.  
saradáryu, sara-  
sära, s. A European.  
a person of superior rank.  
saradi, s. Cold, catarrh.  
sarapi, sarapi, sarapi, sarapi, sarapi, see ೒.  
sarapati, see ೒.  
sarapita, see ೒.  
sarapoli, s. A chain of any metal.  
sarabaráyi, s. Furnishing supplies, preparation.  
to furnish supplies.  
sarayi, see ೒.  
saralu, see ೒.  
saralé, see ೒.  
sarasu, s. A joke.  
merriment. adj. Tasty, sapid.  
jocose, merry.  
sarasara, adj. Hastily, quickly, speedily.  
sarasvati, s. Brahma’s wife, the goddess of speech, learning, music, etc.  
sarahaddu, s. Limit, boundary, frontier.  
saralu, s. A bar of iron.  
sarala, adj. Straight.  
sincere.  
Easy.  
saralajumádi, s. A demon so called.  
sarali, see ೒.  
saralé, see ೒.  
saratá, sarágu, sarága, adj.  
Easy, facile, convenient.  
free, unobstructed.  
54
a straight road. -sarà to go straightly. तसरा तरीका तक तुमने you can freely speak to him. -sarà easily, freely.

सराने, adv. Directly, straightly. -सरा to go straightly without lingering in the way.

सरापे, s. A jeweller. 2. a money-changer.

सराबू, see सरा. 

सरायि, see सराय. 

सरायियुण (सराय), v.n. To be exact.

सरासरी, adv. Equally, alike. adj. Right, proper.

सरा, adj. Equal, like. 2. just, right, proper, fit. 3. even, not odd. 4. full; cf. सरा. adv. Good, very well, it is right. -सरा to mixing different ingredients in equal parts. में ते evens and odds. -सरा to be right, equal, even, complete. -सरा to suit, fit; to be proper; to agree with, to be on good terms.

सरा, s. Spending, consuming, exhausting. -सरा to spend, exhaust.

सरिके, adj. Right, fit, proper. 2. level, even. 3. plenty, abundant. 4. complete, full.

-सरा to be properly arranged, to be well done. -सरा to eat heartily. -सरा to be of age, as cattle. -सरा to arrange, put in order; to level; to do or execute anything well.

सरीगे, s. A wire, gold or silver thread. 2. a gold or silver armlet; also तसरा. 3. a thin wire of any metal.

सरिया, see सरा. 2. सरा. 

सरिसमाना, adj. Equal, same, on a par with.

सरिगुरु, see सरिगुरु. 

सरूटा, सरूटा, सरूटा, see सरूटा.

-सरे, see सरा.

सराकल्लू, s. The shaft of an arrow.

सरोली, adj. Of superior breed, as cattle. 2. सरोली. -सरोली a buffalo of superior breed yielding much milk.

सरोने, see सरा. 

सरोवरा, s. A lake.

सर्रा, see सरा.

सर्का, see सर्का. 2. सर्का. 

सर्कती, see सर्कती.

सर्कारु, see सर्कारु.

सर्क्युण (सर्क्युण), v.n. To consent, submit. 2. to get out of the way.

सर्कें, see सर्कें.

सर्केनिपुण (सर्केनिपुण), v.a. To examine.

सर्कोड़ुणी (सर्कोड़ुणी), v.a. To oppose, gainsay.
sarko

**sarkonuni**, see sarga.

sarga, s. A chapter, section.

sargè, see sarga.

sarta, adj. Straight, direct, upright. adv. Straightly, directly. — with a straightforward man. — to go straightly.

sarti, s. A time, turn, rotation. once. many times, often. your turn. in turn.

sardare, see sarta.

sardi, see sarta.

sarpa, s. A serpent, snake. a malignant sore mouth. the serpent kind. rancour, hatred. barrenness supposed to be due to injury done to serpents. a serpent’s coil.

sarpati, s. A train, line of gunpowder. to lay a train.

sarpali, see sarpiti.

sarpita, s. Occurring, happening, befalling. 2. encountering, meeting. to occur; to meet.

sarpe, see sarpa.

sarbarayi, see sarva.

sarva, adj. All, entire, complete. omniscience. omnipotence.

sarva, s. The twenty-first year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

sarvatā, sarvathā, adv. In all ways, by all means, at any rate. assuredly, certainly.

sarvatra, adv. Everywhere, at all times, in all places. to behave alike at all times or in all places.

sarvadā, adv. Always, for ever.

sarvadhāri, s. The twenty-second year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

sarvanāma, s. A pronoun.

sarvāṅga, s. The whole body. feeling pain all over the body. to rub the whole body, as with oil, etc.

sarvātme, s. The all-pervading God.

sarvēsa, sarvēśva, s. All. God, the Supreme Being.

salaku, see salage.

salakè, see salage.

salagè, see salage.

salaguni (salaguni), v. a. To nourish, succour, shelter, protect, take care of.
salayi, s. A hundred sheaves of straw. 2. a measure of paddy varying from five to twelve mudas of rice.
3. ruin. 4. see salúma. 5. A hundred sheaves of straw.—salayi to be ruined.
salahatra, adv. Near.
saláma, s. A mode of salutation accompanied with the raising of the hand to the head.—saláma to salute in this way; to thank.
saláki, adj. Full grown.
s. A log.
salayi, s. Split pulse. —split Cytisus cajan, dhal.
saláyisuni (sálúma), v.a. To clear, liquidate, as a debt.
salávañi, see salúma.
sali, see salúma.
saligé, s. Friendship, amity, familiarity, indulgence. 2. freedom, liberty. —saligé to allow freedom, be indulgent. —saligé to be familiar.
salima, s. Sardonyx.
salisa, adj. Easy.
salé, see salí.
saleyuni (sálúma), v.a. To bear, suffer, endure.
saleisuni, see salúma.
salkavuni, c.v. (of salúma) To entangle.
sition. — to have some thing to say. — to ask a question; to make a proposal.

savi, see savi.

savipuni (savi), v. n. To be tasteful, savoury, palatable, sweet. 2. to abrade.
savuté, see sahác.

dsasara, adj. Easy, light, trifling. s. Easiness, ease.

to slight, make light of; to render easy.
sasi, s. A young plant.
sase, see sasdra, adj. Easy, light, trifling.

easiness.

to slight, make light of; to render easy.
sastra, see sastra. 3. with the root; completely, entirely.

sahavása, s. Association, company. 2. sexual intercourse.
sahasra, s. A thousand.

ts a thousand names, as of a deity. sahagamané a general, commandant.
sahāya, s. Help, aid, assistance, succour. 2. protection.

to be a helper, assistant. — to help, assist.
sahi, adj. Proper, correct, right. 2. a signature. 3. see sahi.

sahita, adj. Accompanied by, in company with. 2. also. 3. with.
sahisuni (sahisuni), v. a. To endure, bear, suffer, support. 2. to forgive.

to endure pain.
sahōdari, s. A sister.
sahōdare, s. A brother.
sahya, adj. Bearable, tolerable. 2. agreeable. — unbearable; disgusting.
salasala, salasalané, s. A noise caused in pouring water, etc.
sali, see sali.
salé, s. A sling. 2. a snare.
salli, see salli.
sānkané, s. Fostering, nursing, nourishing, bringing up. 2. adoption of a boy or girl into another family.
an adoptive mother.

an adoptive father.

an adopted son.

I am tired of this work.

to be quite done up; to be exhausted.

A great sinner; a consort of sinners.

Superficial.

speaking at random; doing a thing in a superficial manner.

A system of philosophy by Kapila.

Complete, perfect.

to be accomplished, finished.

to accomplish, complete.

Genuine, true.

Holy, saintly.

see

A great sinner; a consort of sinners.

Superficial.

To foster, nourish, nurse, bring up, take care of, protect, shelter.

Complete, perfect.

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Superficial.

To cause to foster, bring up, nourish, nurse.

Complete, perfect.

to accomplish, complete.

Genuine, true.

Holy, saintly.

see

A great sinner; a consort of sinners.

Superficial.
ing, tillage, cultivation of land.  

sadha, s. Barter, exchange.  

sātu, s. A bargain, contract.  

sātē, s. A grinding stone.  2. a whetstone.  

sātā, s. A moment, instant.  

sātra, see sā.  2. see sātri.  

sātri, see sā.  

sātre, s. A white cock with a thick comb; also sāthārakkatu.  

sātvika, sātvika, adj. Ingenious, open, frank.  2. honest, true, good, gentle, amiable.  

sātvike, s. An honest, frank, sincere man.  

sādu, see sā.  

sāda, adj. Plain, simple.  2. see sā.  

sādye, adv. Throughout, wholly.  2. see sā.  

sādulīgē, s. A watercourse, channel.  

sādyē, adv. On the road, by the road.  

sādēvi, s. The ash-coloured fleabane, Vernonia cinerea.  

sādulīga, see sā.  

sādagā, see sā.  

sādana, see sā.  

sādāraṇa, adj. Received, arrived.  

sādāraṇa, adj. If the order is not received.  

sādalūvāru, s. The sundry charges of a public office, contingent charges.  2. stationery.  

sādā, see sā.  

sādī, s. A road, way, path.  

sādī, s. To stop the road; shut up a passage; to obstruct, hinder.  

sādikē, s. Smearing.  

sādiyuni, see sā.  

sādu, see sā.  

sādrushe, s. Manifestation.  

sādrusya, s. Resemblance, similarity.  

sādē, see sā.  

sādēvi, s. The ash-coloured fleabane, Vernonia cinerea.  

sādolīgē, s. A watercourse, channel.  

sādyē, adv. On the road, by the road.  

sādhaka, s. Exercise, practice.  2. gymnastics.  

sādhana, see sā.  

sādāraṇa, adj. Received,
Accomplishing, effecting. 2. means, expedient. 3. persevering. 4. instrument, agent. 5. a document, deed. a deed of sale. a deed of gift, a testament, will. to try, aim, aspire after. to persevere; to accomplish.

Common, ordinary, general, universal. s. The forty-fourth year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

To achieve, accomplish, persevere. 2. to retain malice long. 3. to take, conquer. 4. to assert, allege. 5. to prove, establish. 6. to charge upon another. to harbour malice.

Tame, docile. 2. good, virtuous, pious. to tame.

Curable. 2. possible, practicable. a practicable work. to succeed, be accomplished. to accomplish.

see samagri.

A thing, article, ingredient, material.

A comparison, simile, proverb.

A native lamp; a lamp-stand.
sama, s. Membership of an assembly or society.
samānu, s. Baggage, goods and chattels. 2. things, furniture, tools, instruments.
samānya, adj. Common, general. 2. ordinary, indifferent, middling.
sami, see sama.
samipya, s. Proximity.
samīlū, s. Complicity, confederacy. 2. interference.
samūla, see sama.
samē, s. Millet, Paniceum miliaceum. — Paniceum frumentaceum.
samya, s. Equality. 2. likeness. 3. a comparison, parable, similitude, allegory, proverb. 4. one's due, as fees, etc.
samrājya, s. Imperial rule, universal dominion.
sayya, see sama.
sayānkāla. s. Eventide, evening.
sayana, s. Help, aid.
sayane, s. A helper.
sayaru, s. Custom, duties, tax levied on imports and exports. — sea-customs. — a custom-house.
sayasa, s. Support, aid; cf. sama. — to help, support.
sayitya, see sama.
sayidi, see sama.
sarasvata, s. The north-west part of Delhi.
sarasvate, s. A Sarasvata Brahman.
saraš, s. Smearing, plastering.
sarāṃśa, s. The substance, essence, pith, purport.
-sara to give the purport.
sarāṃśakali, s. A demon so called.
sarāyi, s. Arrack, spirit, liquor.
sari, s. A time, turn; cf.
sara. 2. a cowrie; also sarā. adv. Up and down, to and fro. once. -sara to walk to and fro.
sariṅga, see sarōṇa.
sariyāvuni, c. v. (of sarotu) To cause to proclaim or publish.
sariyuni (sari), v. a. To proclaim, publish, preach.
2. to warn. 3. to sift. 4. to smear, plaster.
sarisuni (sari), v. a. To smear, plaster. 2. see sarā.
sarbuni (sari), v. a. To sift.
2. to smooth, polish. 3. see sarā.
sarūpya, s. Obtaining the image or form of God.
sareūgi, see sarotu.
sareti, see sarā.
saresa, see sarā.
The

salep misiri, *Orchis mascula.*

salevali, s. Luckiness

of a horoscope. 2. agreement,
amity.

sāli, s. Failure, loss, dis-
appointment. 2. see दी.

sālita, adj. Punctual, ac-
curate, exact. 2. clear, as
eye-sight.

sāliye, see दी.

sālē, see दी.

sālokya, s. Obtaining

existence in the very place

where the deity resides.

sālya, s. Sight. कची रुप

कची the eye-sight is not
clear.

sālyuni (दी)

v. a. To

smell.

sālye, see दी.

sāvakāre, see दी.

sāvakās, s. Leisure,

respite; delay. —क to be

at leisure. —क to delay,

be dilatory.

sāvaji, see दी.

sāvadhāna, s. Caution,

deliberation. 2. diligence.

sāvāsa, see दी.

sāvira, see दी.

sāyu, s. Death. 2. a

mourning feast. —क to

celebrate a mourning feast.

sāvukāre, see दी.

sāvē, see दी.

sāshťānga, s. A mode

of salutation by prostrating

one's self. —क विन such a

mode of reverence. —क to

prostrate.

sāsa, s. Boldness, prowess.

2. energy, effort, exertion.

क, क to exert

one's self, be enterprising.

sāsana, adj. Durable,

lasting; cf. दी. । क durable

work.

sāsi, s. A bold, adventur-

ous man.

sāsimē, sāsemi, s.

Mustard, *Sinapis juncea;* cf.

क.

sāsiyuni, see दी.

sāstre, see दी.

sāhasa, see दी.

sāhasra, sāsra, s.

An aggregate of many thou-

sands; an army of a thousand

strong.

sāhitē, sāhitē, sāhite, sā-
hitya, sāheti, s. An implement.

2. an ingredient, material.

sāhibū, sāhēbu, s.

A title of a respectable

European. 2. see दी.

sākshātu, adj. Visible,
present, manifest. । to

Evidently, manifestly.

sākshi, s. Evidence, testi-

mony, witness. —क, —क

a witness. —क a depo-
sition of evidence. — to swear by God. — a martyr. — to give evidence, testify.

A. AD

sinking, see δυσίν.  

sînka, s. A sort of plantain.

A. AC

sînga, see 无不.

sîngabûre, s. A sort of plantain.

A. ACM

sîngara, sîngâra, see 无不.

sîngaripuni, sîngariyuni, see 无不.

sîngalapuri, see 无不.

sîngi, s. Poison; also 无不.

2. a pungent taste. adj. Cross, perverse.

sîngiri, see 无不.

sîngom, see 无不.

sînșu, see 无不.

sîndhù, s. The river Indus. 2. the province of Scinde.

sîndhûra, s. Red lead, oxidum plumbi.

simbulû, see 无不.

simba, adj. Cold. 2. see 无不.

sîmmê, s. The eyelash.

sîrântuni, sînduni (sîrânt, sîndû), v. n. To contract, shrivel.

sîmha, s. A lion. 2. the sign Leo in the zodiac; the fifth solar month.
siddi, s. Siddigè, siddè, s. A leathern bottle. 2. see _sk.. siiddha, adj. Ready, prepared. —to readiness. —to be ready. —to make ready, prepare.

siddhânta, s. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth. 2. firm conviction. 3. the system of the Mîmâṃsa philosophy. 4. a work on astronomy. —to demonstrate, prove.

siddhânti, s. A follower of the Mîmâṃsa philosophy. 2. an astronomer.

siddhârti, see  sk.. siiddhi, s. Accomplishment, fulfilment, achievement, success. 2. the acquirement of supernatural powers. — to be accomplished, achieved. —to accomplish, achieve.

siddhe, s. An inspired or prophetic writer, seer. 2. an adept. 3. an ascetic.

siddhyârthi, s. The fifty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty.

sinè, s. A fence 2. see  sk.. — a thin stick.

sipângi, sipângi, s. Brag, boast. — to brag.

sipâyi, see  sk..
silpa

silpa, silpi, see सिलप.
silvāna, श्लिप्वान, see श्लिप्वान.
sillāna, श्लिलान, see श्लिलान.
silluni (सिल्लुँि), v. a. To spurn, trample upon; also श्लिलुँि.
silloďuni (श्लिलोडुँि), v. a. To push.
sistu, see सिस्तु.
sisilisi, s. Hissing.
si, see सी.
sinkiri, s. A thin stalk of a palm leaf. 2. a thin split of a bamboo, etc. 3. see सिल्लुँि. adj. Thin, lean.
sintelu, adj. Last; youngest. —सिंतेलुँ a last born daughter. —सिंतेलुँ a last born son.
sintū, s. Scrape, rub, wipe.
sintelu, s. Scraping, wiping.
sintāvuni, see सितावुँि. sintuni, see सितुँि.
sintelu, adj. Stinking. —सिंतेलुँ a stinking smell, stench.
sintelu, s. A dirty woman.
sinduni (सिंडुँि), v. n. To have a disagreeable smell.
simple, see सिम्पी.
simpuni, see सिम्पुँि. siku, adj. Sick.
sikōlu, s. Liquorice.
sigē, s. The pods of *Mimosa abietegens* reduced to fine powder and used as soap for cleansing, etc.; soap-nut; also श्लिलकोला.
sita, see सिता. 2. see जागी.
sitāphala, see सितापङ्क. sitāli, see सिताली.
sitē, s. Sita, the wife of Rāma. —जागी, श्लिलाताकली a kind of fern.
sida, sida, sidā, adj. Straight, direct. 2. straightforward, upright, honest. —हिउँकल an upright man. —हिउँकल a straight way.
sipē, see सिपी.
sipu, see सिपु.
simanta, s. A purificatory ceremony performed in the sixth or eighth month of a female’s first gestation.
simullu, see श्रीमुळुँि. simē, see सिमी. 2. see सिमी.
sime, see सिमे. simekōlu, s. A fine kind of bamboo stick, as that of a Chinese umbrella.
siyamū, see सियामुँि. siruni (सिरुँि), v. n. To hiss. sirē, see सिरेः.
sirta, see सिर्ता.
sila, see सिळा.
sivaripuni (सिवारिपुँि), v. a. To entice, allure.
sisa, s. Lead. —जागी, —जागी a lead pencil.
suṣa, sīsā, sīsē, see ṣeṣa.

siṣā, siṣu, s. A crack, crash, split. —स्युः to split, divide, crack.

ṣu, A particle and prefix signifying good, well, prosperous.

ṣunka, s. Toll, custom, duty on goods. —रक्षा a custom-house. —रक्षा to a tollgate. —रक्षा to pay duty.

ṣunkanā, see रक्षन; 2. see संशयन.

ṣunku, see संकु. 1. see सुनायि; 2. see रक्षयि.

ṣuntayi, see रक्षयि. 1. see सुति; 2. see रक्षि.

ṣunṭe, see रक्ष. 1.

ṣundilu, s. An elephant’s proboscis.

ṣundu, see सुन्दु. 1. see सुन्देलि; 2. see सुन्दे. 2. see सुन्दमुखिः.

ṣundeli, s. A muskrat.

ṣunna, s. Lime, chunam, mortar. —चुः a small metallic box for keeping in chunam to eat with betel leaf. —चुः lime mortar, stucco; whitewash. —चुः to whitewash. —चुः to prepare lime mortar. —चुः to burn lime.

ṣundara, adj. Comely, handsome, beautiful.

ṣundavuni, c. v. (of झुंडु) To cause to wind, as thread.

ṣundilu, see सुन्दिलु. 1. see सुन्दु, s. Depression of mind.

ṣunduni (झुंडु), v. a. To wind, roll; to spool.

ṣunati, s. Circumcision; cf. सन्न. —सन्न to circumcise.

ṣunnamukhi, s. Senna leaves.

ṣunali, see सुनलः. 1. see सुंबिलु; 2. see सुंबि. 1. see सुंबेदः, see सुंब. 2. see सुंब क ः.

ṣumbë, s. A small hole in a wall.

ṣuka, see सुकः.

ṣukute, s. A smart man.

ṣukrūta, s. Fortune, auspiciousness. 2. virtue, moral merit. adj. Virtuous.

ṣukraṇḍe, s. A kind of sweet cake fried in ghee or oil.

ṣukti, s. Ebb, low tide.

ṣukrama, s. Good order.

ṣukra, see सुक्रः.

ṣukha, s. Delight, happiness, joy, pleasure. 2. health, welfare, safety. adj. Happy, joyful, delighted. 2. healthy. —सुः joy and grief; vicissitudes of life. —सुः unexpectedly, unreasonably, without sufficient cause. —सुः to make happy. —सुः to enjoy happiness. —सुः to relate one’s circumstances. —सुः to scold unreasonably.
suga, s. Fragrance, perfume. *adj.* Fragrant, scented, perfumed.
sugandha, s. A fragrant drug. 2. amethyst. -a a kind of fragrant flower. -s a sarsaparilla root.
sugati, s. A good or happy condition.
sugandhi, s. A fragrant drug.
amethyst—kind of fragrant flower.
sarsaparilla root.
sugati, s. A good or happy condition.
sugipuni, see sugandha.
suguna, s. An amiable disposition. 2. morality.
suguruny, s. A swing.
sutty, see sutti.
sudaruy, see sutti. 2. see sutti.
sudale, s. Burning a dead body. -s a cemetery, burning ground. -s ashes of a burnt corpse.
sudu, s. The act of burning. -s a cemetery, burning ground. - hot wind.
sutye, s. An offering of rice and cocoanut to a manure. - very hot; see total ruin.
sudupini, sudpini (sudupini), v. n. To burn, be hot or sultry. v. a. To burn.
2. to bake, toast, roast.
sudsu, s. A burning sensation in the throat, as after vomiting, etc.
sunna, see sunde.
suti, see sunde. 2. see sunde.
sutuli, suptali, see sutupini.
sute, s. A son.
sutta, s. Circumference; circuit. postp. Around, about. - round about. - besieging. - to surround, besiege. - to enclose, fence, encompass.
suttavuni, c. v. (of sutte) To cause to wind.
sutti, see sunde. 2. see sunde.
suttat, sutti, sutti, sutte, suttye, s. A hammer.
suttu, see sunde.
suttuni (suttuni), v. a. To wind, roll, wrap. 2. to surround.
suttè, see sutte.
suttoli, suyttoli, s. Twine, pack-thread.
suda, see sud. — to make such an offering.

suda, suda, adv. Also.

sudaripuni, see suma. sudaripuni, s. Vishnu's discus. adj. Handsome.
sudarshana, s. Vishnu's discus. adj. Handsome.

sudaripuni, sudaripuni, sudarshana, s. Vishnu's discus. adj. Handsome.
sudaripuni, sudarshana, s. Vishnu's discus. adj. Handsome.

sudaripa, see suma. sudurupa, see suma. sudu, see suda. sudure, see suda. suduri, s. Rumour, news, information, intelligence. — to transpire, become public. — news, tidings. — to publish, inform.

sudduruni (sudduri), v.n. To get loose. 2. to get rid of. sudhā, see sudha. sudhā, s. Nectar, ambrosia. 2. see sudri.

sudduruni, sudurupa, see suma. sudurupa, see suma. sudu, see suda. sudure, see suda. suduri, s. Rumour, news, information, intelligence. — to transpire, become public. — news, tidings. — to publish, inform.

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suddu, sudure, see suda. suduri, s. Rumour, news, information, intelligence. — to transpire, become public. — news, tidings. — to publish, inform.

suphala, s. Good fruit, happy result. adj. Bearing good fruit.
suba, s. Proof, evidence. subage, see suma. subedary, see suma. subodhanē, s. Moral instruction.

subba, s. A blotch, discolouring of the skin.

subbarāye, s. The serpent-god. 2. a proper name. subbu, see suda. subyamma, s. A female demon so called.

subramanya, s. A celebrated place of pilgrimage in Uppinangadi Taluk.

subrahmanye, subrāye, see suman. subhave, see sanya. subhāva, see sanya. subhāshita, s. Moral aphorisms or sayings. adj. Well spoken.

subhikshē, s. Abundance, plenty. — to thrive.

subhedāru, subhedāre, s. A chief native military officer.

sumaṅgala, sumaṅgala, adj. Very auspicious. a married woman.

sumāna, s. Arbitrariness, capriciousness. adj. Arbitrary, capricious, whimsical.
suma, s. Conjecture, guess, estimate.  

adj. Middling, moderate, tolerable.
2. better, well. adv. About.
-

to abate, become less; to improve.
approximately, probably.

sumali, s. A giant so called.

sumuhārta, s. A very auspicious time.

suyimpuni, suyimbuni (suygit), v. a. To blow the nose.
2. to hiss, snort, bellow, fizz, grunt, etc.

suyily, suyyu, s. Breath, respiration; also 
2. sighing, a sigh, sob.
-

to hold one's breath, feel difficulty in breathing.
-
to blow; to whistle.
-
to breathe out; to sigh.

suyuni, see suyiyus.

sura, adj. Of or belonging to the gods.
-
the capital of Indra.

suraŋga, see sora.

suragi, suragi, suragè, see 

surata, s. Sexual embrace.

surabè, s. A glutinous female.

suralè, see 
suras, adj. Sweet.
2. well flavoured, juicy.

surasuranè, s. Drinking liquids with a sipping noise.
-
to drink in this way.
surali, s. A coil, roll of any thing.
-
to coil, roll.

surakāra, s. Saltpetre.

surāpāna, s. Wine or spirit drinking.

surāyi, see .

surāsure, s. A demi-god.
2. a giant.

surigè, see 

suripuni, see .

suriya, s. A demon's straight sword.

suriyāruni (suriyar), v. n. To wander, roam.

suriyuni, see .

suriyè, see 

suriya, s. Commencement, beginning.
-
to begin.
surunṭu, s. Contraction, shrivelling.

surunṭuni (surunthy), v. n. To shrivel, contract, shrink.

surugi, see 

surugu, s. Sinking.
2. sliding.

suruṭu, see 

suruṭuni, see 

surupa, see 
2. see 
3. see 

surupu, s. Instigation, encouragement.
-
to instigate.
suruma, s. A collyrium for the eyes.
surumei, s. A kind of dried fish.
surulu, surulâ, see surula.
surupa, s. A kind of Qj, dried fish.
surupa, s. A beautiful form. adj. Handsome; cf. sure.
surka, see sura.
surti, see sura.
surpa, see sura.
surpu, s. Beginning. 2. see surpu.
surlukandayi, s. A kind of fish.
surluni, see sura. 2. see sura.
sulagitti, see sura.
sulabara, see sulabara.
sulabha, adj. Easy, feasible, attainable. 2. easy of access, condescending. 3. cheap. 4. light, not heavy.
sulayi, s. A rudder.
sulayisuni, see sulayisuni. 2. see sulayisuni.
sulakshana, s. A good sign, auspiciousness. 2. beauty. adj. Respectable. 2. handsome, comely. 2. auspicious.
sulâvani, s. Listening; hearing, acquaintance with. -sulâ to be heard; to become familiar with the merits of a case. -sulâ to cause a superior to hear, as the reading of the papers of a case; to interpret.
sulâvuni (sulâvuni), v. a. To row a boat.
suli, see sulâ.
suligè, s. Pillaging, plundering, robbing. -sulig to plunder, rob, pilage.
sulipini, sulipuni (sulipuni), v. a. To peel, flay, skin, pare off. 2. see sulipuni. v. n. To whirl, go around; cf. sulipuni.
sulipu, see sulâ.
suliyaruni, see suliyaruni.
suliyâvuni, c. v. (of suliyâvuni) To give up to plunder.
suliyuni (suliyuni), v. a. To pillage, plunder, rob; cf. suliyuni.
sulugè, see sulugè.
sulèka, see sulèka.
suleisuni, see sulâvuni.
sulômani, s. An interpreter.
suvâna, s. Gold. adj. Fine coloured, golden.
suvartamâna, suvârtè, s. Good news. 2. a gospel. [woman.
suvâsini, s. A married sušila, adj. Well disposed, of good temper. -s amiable-
sushti, see जोग्य.

susūtra, adj. Free, clear, straight-forward. 2. unobstructed, easy, settled. 3. determined, decided. —सूत्र to speak decidedly, give a decided answer.

susūti, s. Delay. 2. sloth, laziness, indolence. —सूति to have leisure. —सूतियाँ to delay.

susūtigē, see जोग्य

susū, s. An eddy, whirlpool. 2. an ominous curve on the person. 3. a tender shoot, germ or bud. 4. the soft part on the crown of a young child's head. 5. a hinge. —सू व वी to whirlwind. —सूटिया a round trough.

susūpuni (सूपू नि), v. a. To shake, agitate. 2. to churn. 3. to turn in a lathe. 4. see जोग्य.

susūyuni (सूयू नि), v. n. To shake, be agitated, as water. 2. to overflow. 3. see जोग्यसूयूनि.

susū, s. Devise, hint.

susū, s. A lie, falsehood, fib. adj. False, untrue. —सू a fable, fiction. —सू म् a liar. —सूर्य a false document; a false claim; a false plea. —सूत्र a false witness; giving false evidence. —सू म् to brag. —सू म्स् to tell lies.

susū, see जोग्य.

susūkana, see जोग्यसूक्ति.

susūkuni, see जोग्यसूक्ति.

susūkā, see जोग्य.

susūgu, see जोग्यसूति.

susūtanā, susūtani, s. The fatty part of pork.

susūtu, susūtu, sūnti, sūnthi, s. Ginger, dry ginger, Zingiber officinale.

sūmbu, s. A sluice, gutter.

sūmbo, s. A term used for suspending a game. 2. a reserved place in a game.

sūka, see जोग्य.

sūkana, see जोग्यसूक्ति.

sūkatī, sūkatā, s. A demon so called.

sūkara, s. Ruin. 2. a pig.

sūkē, s. Perception, cognition, apprehension. —सूक्त to perceive.

sūkta, s. A good word. 2. a hymn of the Vedas.

sūkrāma, adj. Delicate, fine, nice; cf. सुक्र. —सूक्रि fine work. —सूक्र to a man of fine discrimination.

sūcāke, s. A spy, informer.

sūcānē, s. A hint, intimation, gesture. 2. a note; a summary, contents of a
book or chapter.  — sūci to hint, make a sign.

सूचिपुनि, सूचिकाल्य, s. A load-

stone.

सूरसन, सूरसाना, s. A place for sacri-

fice of animals.

सूर, s. A chapter of the

Koran.

सूरान्ते, s. Hydnocarpus

inobrians.

सूरा, s. A chapter of the

Koran.

सूरा, s. A chapter of the

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सूरा, s. A chapter of the

Koran.

sūra, s. The Telinga

potato, Arum campanulatum.

सूरु, see sūra.

सूरे, s. Plundering, ran-
sacking, pillaging.  — सूरे का
to give up to plunder.  — सूरे
to pillage, plunder.

सूरे, see sūra.

सूरोल्य, s. Rattan, Cal-
amus rotang.  — sūro a rattan

stick.

सूरा, see sūra.  2. see

sūra.

सूर, s. Surat.  — सूर

a Surat rupee.

सूरा, s. The sun.  — सूरा

sunshine.

सूरा, s. The sun-flower, Hel-
anthus annuus.  — सूरा a

sunbeam.  — सूरा an eclipse

of the sun.  — सूरा pro-

stration to the sun.  — sūra
calcination of metals, medicines, etc., by exposing them to the sun. —सूला the disk of the sun. —सूला Rāma's generation. —सूला the sun to set. —सूला the sun to rise.

सुला, see तेज.

सुलागिती, s. A midwife.

सुली, s. Skin, bark, rind; cf. तेज.

सुलु, s. Swearing.

सुले, see तेज.

सूलेजी, s. An instrument for peeling the fibrous covering of a coconut. 2. a small crowbar.

सूवत्ती, s. A good woman.

सूसी, s. A female's ordinary garment.

सूसु, s. A noise made for driving away birds, etc.

सुस्रा, सुस्ट्रा, see तेज.

सुलागिती, see तेज.

सुली, see तेज. 2. see चर.

सुले, s. A whore, harlot. —सुलेवा whoredom. —सुलेवा a whoremonger. —सुलेवा a whore's son; an abusive term, vīg.

सूलेबोळ्ट्तु, s. The shrub Pavetta indica.

सुक्ष्म, अ०. Fine, thin, subtle, delicate. 2. very small, minute, atomic. 3. clever, smart, quick. —सुक्ष्म दिन quick sight. —सुक्ष्म a refined mind, sagacity. —सुक्ष्म a very fine thing; an atom, particle. —सुक्ष्म a delicate body.

स्रुंगिरा, see तेज.

स्रुष्टि, s. Creation, creating. 2. the world, universe. —सर्वस्रुष्टि, —सर्वस्रुष्टि the Creator. —सर्वस्रुष्टि, —सर्वस्रुष्टि to create, give birth to; to forge, manufacture.

सर्वत्र जो जीवित, see तेज.

से, see तेज.

सेलिवल, see तेज.

सेदागर, सेदावु, s. Egotism, vanity, conceit, ostentation. 2. squeamishness, over-nicety.

सेदासुनी, see तेज.

सेदी, s. Swinging, in fulfilment of a vow to a goddess, suspended by an iron hook passed through the large tendons of the back, to one end of a lever which is raised on the top of a high pole or fulcrum, and whirled round by means of a rope fixed to the other end. 2. see चर. —सेदी the swinging feast. —सेदी to suspend a person as described above.

सेदी, अ०. Strong, affecting the smell powerfully. —सेदी a strong scent.

सेदिता, see तेज.

सेदितरुनी, see तेज.
sedi, sedipini, sedipuni, see रसिका.

sedi, see रसिका.

सेडियुँ (सृष्टि), v. n. To throb. 2. see रसिका.

sedi, s. Sweeping, rubbish.

सेमातिजिंगे, see रसिका.

सेनांगुँ, s. The end or edge of a female's garment. झोँ- झोँ- the lower edge of a garment. झोँ- the silk edge of a garment. झोँ- झोँ- the upper edge of the same.

सेराकयिंगे, see रसिका.

सेरासरे, सेरासरे, s. A curtain, screen. झस्यू तो put up a curtain.

सेरे, see रसिका.

सेरे, s. A wave. 2. the palm of the hand bent so as to hold anything. 3. see रसिका.-सो a handful of rice. -सो झस्यू to hold fast.

सेलाडियुँ (सृष्टि), v. n. To be folded. 2. to be tired. 3. to loathe.

सेलाडूँ, सेलाडूँ सेलाडूँ, सेलाडूँ (सृष्टि), v. n. To move aside, get away; cf. रसिका.

से- seli, s. A prepossessing appearance. adj. Clear, pure, filtered. -रस सुसाय सुसाय pure water.

सेलिपनी (सृष्टि), v. a. To filter; to cleanse.

सेलियुँ, सेलियुँ सेलियुँ, s. The beard of the thatching grass. 2. see रसिका.

liyuni (सृष्टि, रसिका), v. n. To become clear, pure.

सेले, s. A chink, crack, flaw, as in a stone.

सेलुँ, see रसिका.

सेलबी, see रसिका.

सेले, see रसिका.

सेले, s. Force. 2. see रसिका.

adj. Strong.

सेलेयुँ (सृष्टि), v. n. To go round; cf. रसिका.

सेन्कुडा, see रसिका.

सेन्कुडा (सृष्टि), v. n. To pant, breathe quickly or heavily.

सेन्केयुँ, सेन्केयुँ सेन्केयुँ, s. Panting, breathing quickly.

सेन्ता, see रसिका.

सेंदी, see रसिका.

सेंदवनी (सृष्टि), v. (of रसिका) To sprinkle. 2. to float.

सेंदुँ (सृष्टि), v. n. To splash.

सेका, see रसिका.

सेकांडा, see रसिका.

सेके, see रसिका.

सेजा, see रसिका.

सेजा, सेजा सेजा, s. A present, gift; raw rice sprinkled on persons attending a marriage, etc. झस्यू- a novel gift; a rare or costly present.

सेजुँ, सेजुँ सेजुँ (सृष्टि), v. a. To sharpen, whet, polish.

सेतुँ, s. The beard of the thatching grass. 2. see रसिका.
The hair about the privities.

A Bombay merchant, a native of Guzerat or Cutch.

Setuni (setu), v. a. To stab.

Setu, s. A slice, piece.

Setè, see setu.

Setenave, see setu.

Seti, s. A kind of silk cloth.

Setu, setuvé, s. A bridge. 2. Adam's bridge.

Bathing at Adam's bridge near Rāmēsvaram.

Setuni (setu), v. a. To throb. 2. to draw, as water; cf. seti.

Senè, see setu.

Sèbi, adj. White.

Sêmatige, see setu.

Sêmayidaddyé, s.

A kind of vermicelli made of wheat or other grain.

Semè, s. A sharp kind of vermicelli. 2. a kind of crab.

Sèru, s. A seer, measure of capacity equal to about eighty rupees in weight. 2. a weight equal to about twenty-four rupees.

Seравuni, see setu.

Sèrigare, sèrigāre, see setu.

Sèrigāre, see setu.

Sèru, see setu.

Serè, see sèru.

Sèrlöbhana, s. A kind of incense.

Sèlè, see sèru. 2. see sèru.

Sèvantigè, see setu.

Sève, a servant, attendant.

Sèvu, see setu.

Sève, s. Service, servitude. 2. homage, worship, devotion.

Sesa, sesè, adv. A time, turn. 2. see setu. Sesè—three times.

Sèlè, see setu.

Sei, adv. It is right, it is well, indeed, aye. —sèn to consent, assent, approve.

Seinkolū, seingolē, seingolū, s.

A crowbar.

Seindave, s. A native of Sindh; a giant so called. 2. a stalwart man.

Seinduppu, seindurlavāna, s. Rocksalt.

Seitana, see sènū.

Seitānu, seitāne, s.

The satan, devil.

Seitya, s. Cool, a cold. adj. Cool, fresh, cooling.

Seinya, s. A superior kind of long cloth.

Seinike, s. A soldier.

Seinya, s. An army.

Seinyādhipati, s. The general or commander of an army.
seipini (씨피니), v. n. To die, expire. 2. to be starved.

seiranė, s. Patience, forbearance, endurance.  

seirane, s. A female servant or attendant. 2. a name assumed by Droupadi, when serving in Virāṭtarāja’s household.

sonkuni, see sonkā.

sonta, s. The loins, hip, waist.  

sonname, see sonname.

sonamā, n. A deformed woman.

sondilu, see sondilu.

sonna, s. Gold.  

sonname, see sonname.

sonname, see sonname.

sonta, see sontha.

sondu, s. Exertion, effort.

sonduni (씨도니), v. n. To exert, labour, work hard.

sonnagāre, see sonnagāre.

sonnē, s. The nought, cipher. 2. the medial letter 0. 3. a sign. 4. a demon so called.  

seipini (씨피니), v. n. To die, expire. 2. to be starved.

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seipini (씨피니), v. n. To die, expire. 2. to be starved.
sonagare, s. A Konkani speaking goldsmith.

sonkê, see सोऽकेः.

sonpa, num. Ninety.

sotantra, see सूक्तनत्रा.

sopna, see सोपना.

soppu, see सोप्पु.

soba, see सोबा.

sobagû, adj. Pleasing, well-looking.

sobage, see सोबाजे.

soya, see सोया.

soyire, s. A eunuch.

sora, see सोरा.

soraîga, see सोराईगा.

soragibalê, s. A kind of bracelet.

soragè, s. A small, sweet scented yellow flower. —सोरागेः its tree.

sori, adj. Sufficient for one year. —सोरीं rice sufficient from one harvest to the next.

sorîpa, see सोरिपा.

sorkû, sorku, s. Fat; vigour. 2. rankness, luxuriance. 3. lust, inordinate affection. 4. pride, insolence.

sorkaliyuni, see सोरकलीयुनी.

sorkavuni, c.v. (of रक्ष) To make fat, vigorous, or rank. 2. to give undue indulgence.

sorku (रक्षु), v. n. To become fat, vigorous. 2. to be rank, luxuriant. 3. to be lustful, sensual. 4. to be proud, insolent.

sorkelû, s. Lust, rutting, as an animal. 2. see सोरकेळ. 3. narcosis. adj. Vigorous, rank, lustful. 2. narcotic, as a dry piece of betel nut.

sorkeluni (रक्षेळु०), v. n. To be in rut, to lust after, seek copulation, as an animal. 2. to be narcotic, as an areca nut.

sorga, see सोर्गा.

solabara, s. Weighing one’s self against gold, etc., in fulfilment of a vow; bet.

solabha, see सोलाभा.

solâvuni, see सोलावूनी.

solikê, s. The scab of itch. 2. a piece of plantain leaf.

soligê, see सोलिगे.

soleka, see सोलेका.

solpa, see सोल्पा.

solpavuni, see सोल्पावूनी.

solpuddaru, s. New rice boiled with milk or old rice and eaten at the harvest feast.

solpuni, see सोल्पूनी.

solma, solmè, s. Salutation, making obeisance, as a low-caste man does to
one of a superior caste. 2. submission, yielding, as a defeated party. — to salute, to yield.

solmi solmiyuni (सोल्मीयुनि), v. a. 
To salute. 2. to submit, yield, please.

soóka, s. An epidemic, infection; a contagious disease; also शोकस्यो चिकारा. 2. a fit of epilepsy or apoplexy. 3. paralysis. 4. see शोकुस्यो. — सोौकेन sand said to be thrown by a demon at a person to make him sick of such a disease.

soóku, see शोकुस्यो.

soóku, s. An epidemic, infection; a contagious disease; also शोकस्यो चिकारा. 2. a fit of epilepsy or apoplexy. 3. paralysis. 4. see शोकुस्यो. — सोौकेन sand said to be thrown by a demon at a person to make him sick of such a disease.

soókuni, sónkuḍruni, són-guni (सोौकुनी, सोौकुड्रुनी, सोौगुनी), v. a. To affect, as a disease. 2. to touch, come into contact; to infect, affect.

soóngè, s. A furrow, a small channel. — शोौंगे to make a furrow.

soónta, soónté, s. A cudgel, club. 2. firewood.

soóntuni (सोौंटुनि), v. a.
To box with the knuckle of the fingers.

soónté, s. A kind of solanum.

soóku, see शोकुस्यो.

soókuni, see शोकुस्यो.

södare, see सोदारे.

sódiyuni, see सोडियुनि.

söde, s. A rake. 2. a pimp.

södy, s. Wonder, surprise.

södare, s. An incontinent woman.

söna, see सोना.

söpa, see सोपा.

söpana, s. A drain, sluice.

söpaḍuni (सोपाढुनि), v. a. To sway to and fro, as a devil-dancer.

söpana, s. A kind of gram.

söpavuni, c. v. (of सोपळ) To make one lose at a game. 2. to defeat, overcome, conquer. 3. to charm, allure, captivate.

söpu, s. Defeat, discomfiture. 2. soap. adj. Defeated, overcome. 2. unclean. 3. rough.
sopu

sopuni (sopu), v. n. To lose at a game. 2. to be defeated, overcome. 3. to be charmed, allured, to have the heart or affections won over to an object.

sobana, see sobana.

sobê, see sobê.

soma, see soma.

somanâthakallu, s. Marble-stone.

somanâthe, s. Śiva.

somanâdhikâyi, s. Asafoetida.

somerabaru, s. The root of a medicinal plant so called.

somalvâra, somâra, s. Monday.

somasâlê, s. A kind of rice.

somâri, s. A lazy man.

adj. Lazy, indolent. —sê laziness, indolence.

some, s. The moon. 2. the name of a man.

sorikê, see sorikê.

soruni, see soruni.

sôrê, adj. Tender, unripe; also sôrê.

sôrê, s. Oozing; cf. sól.

sôla, s. Defeat, failure, disappointment. —sê loss and gain, defeat and success; a kind of game.

solavuni, see solavuni.

soli, see soli.

sûlu, see sûlu.

sôlë, see sôlë.

sôlpu, see sôlpu.

sôvu, s. Spying, watching, observing secretly. 2. trace, mark, sign. 3. private intelligence, secret information. —sê a spy. —sê to keep watch, lie in wait.

sôla, see sôla.

soimpâka, see under sûlu.

sounâtu, s. A spoon or ladle.

sourdari, soudarya, s. Comeliness, beauty.

soukara, s. Soap.

soukâra, s. A merchant, trader.

soukâsa, see soukâsa.

soukhya, s. Pleasure, happiness, ease. —sê a comfortable place. āniruddha āniruddha āniruddha to have plenty to eat, etc.; to be in easy circumstances. āniruddha āniruddha to enjoy good health.

soujanya, s. Mildness, goodness.

soujû, s. A hint, sign, gesture. —sê to make a sign.

soutu, see soutu.

soutê, see soutê.

souda, see souda.

soudi, s. Firewood.
soubhāga, s. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

soubhagya,. Luckiness, auspiciousness, good fortune.

a woman whose husband is alive.

soumya, s. The forty-third year in the Hindu cycle of sixty. adj. Handsome, pleasing. 2. gentle, mild, placid.

a mild disposition.

Wednesday.

soura, s. A solar month.

measured by the sun, solar; day, year, time.

souru, s. Heroism. 2. provoking language.

souruni, see soulu.

soulu, adj. Brackish. —sour brackish water. —sour salt ground, unfruitful soil.

souli, see soulu. [section.

skanda, s. A chapter,

stamba, stambha, s.

A post, pillar. 2. stoppage, suppression, as of urine, etc. by incantation, medicine, etc.; also sthāna.

stana, s. The female breast.

to suck the breast.

stabdha, adj. Stopped, blocked up. —sour to be spell-bound; to be silent.

stuti, stotra, s.

Praise, eulogy. 2. adoration.

flattery. —sour to praise, eulogize.

stoma, s. A heap, mass, quantity, assemblage, multi-
tude. 2. a body, company, gang. —sour a crowd of people.

stri, s. A woman. adj. Feminine, female. —sour a woman’s separate property; her dower.

a weak, effeminate mind; indecision. —sour the feminine gender. —sour the guise of a woman.

sthala, sthala, sthala, s. A place, site, spot, locality, residence. 2. room, lieu, stead. 3. an office, situation, station. 4. soil.

of place.

sthalāntara, s. Change

sthāna, s. A place, spot, situation, local position. 2. a habitation, dwelling, station. 3. likeness, resemblance. —sour a temple, God’s dwelling. —sour a father's place. —sour a dwelling-place, residence. —sour a local privilege or custom.

sthānike, s. One belonging to a caste so called. 2. the steward or head servant of a temple employed in its outer service.

sthāpanè, s. Establishing, founding, fixing, erecting. 2. settling, determining, appointing, proving, verifying, confirming. —sour to establish; to determine.

sthāvara, adj. Immovable, fixed, stationary. —sour immovable and movable.
sthiti, s. An estate, wealth, property. 2. state, condition. 3. continuance, being; existence. .Blocks one's condition or state. 2. landed property. 3. a wealthy man.

An estate, wealth, 'property.

state, condition.

continuance, being; existence.

A man's condition or state.

a landed property.

a wealthy man.

sthira, adj. Steady, stable, firm, fixed. 2. permanent, continuing, lasting. 3. immovable and movable. 4. an unsteady man. 5. a steady disposition, decision of character. 6. to be firm, fixed. 7. to confirm.

sthula, adj. Great, large, thick. 2. gross, corpulent, huge, coarse. 3. dense, not attenuate or subtil. 4. doltish, stupid, thick-headed. 5. a corpulent body. 6. dull sense. 7. a gross substance. 8. a superficial view of a case.

snāna, s. Ablution, bathing. 2. ceremonial purification of the body through ablution, etc. 3. baptism. 4. to baptise. 5. to bathe. 6. to be baptised.

snēha, s. Affection, attachment, friendship, love. 2. intimacy, intimate friendship. 3. to love, be attached. friendship; intercourse, commerce.

snātite, s. A friend.

spatikāra, s. Alum.

sparśa, sparśana, s. Touch, contact. 2. the sense of touch. 3. wind, air. 4. to be touched. 5. to touch.

spashta, adj. Clear, plain, distinct, apparent, open, manifest, evident, intelligible. 2. to be plain, intelligible. 3. to make plain.

sphatika, s. A crystal.

spuṭa, sphuṭa, adj. Open, clear, manifest. 2. revealed, explained, as a horoscope. 3. to elucidate a horoscope.

smaranā, s. Recollecting, reminiscence, recollection. 2. remembrance. 3. memory. 4. mental recitation of the name or names of a deity. 5. to remember; to be conscious of. 6. to recollect, call to mind; to recite the names of a deity.

smaśana, see śmaśana.

smarte, s. A follower of the doctrine of Śaṅkarācārya.

smrūti, s. Recollection, reminiscence, memory. 2. the body of the Hindu law, as committed to writing from recollection by the pupils of the law-givers. 3. any book, canon or portion of this law.
sweet, s. Swiftness, speed.

srava, srāva, s. Oozing, trickling. 2. exudation. 3. miscarriage, premature birth.

sva, s. Self, own soul or individuality. 2. property, wealth. adj. Own, proper, peculiar. —sva one's private business or interest. —sva self-will. —sva God's property, church-property.

svanta, adj. Own, private, peculiar. —sva one's own property.

svaēca, svaēcha, adj. Exceedingly pure or clean, spotless, stainless.

svatantra, s. Independence, freedom of will. adj. Independent, free, uncontrolled, absolute. —svā an independent man.

svatah, svatā, adv. Of one's own accord. 2. personally, in person.

svapna, s. A dream, dreaming. —svā the state of dreaming. —svā nightly emissions.

svabhāva, s. Own or native state or quality; nature, natural temper, disposition or constitution. —svā natural temper.

svaya, s. Recollection, recollecting; memory, reminiscence. —svā an absent-minded man.

svayam, adv. Of one's own self or accord, spontaneously. —svā self-formed. —svā cooking with one's own hands; cooking in general. —svā a cook. —svā God, the self-existent. —svā choosing one's own husband.

svara, s. Voice, sound. 2. a note in music. 3. an accent. 4. a vowel. 5. air breathed through a nostril. —svā (his) voice is faint.

svarūpa, s. One's own proper figure, general appearance, countenance, features. 2. nature, natural constitution, quality or condition. —svā senseless, shameless. —svā I know your whole character.

svarga, s. The sky or heaven in general. 2. Indra's paradise. 3. bliss, beatitude. —svā the kingdom of heaven. —svā ascension, going to heaven.

svalpa, adj. Little, few, small, trifling.

svalma, see svāma.

svasta, svastha, s. Bodily health or ease. 2. mental composure. adj. Easy, quiet, composed, comfortable. —svā disease, sickness.
mind at ease. —स्वस्ति to become well, recover, get better. —स्वस्तिः to be at ease or healthy. —स्वस्तिः to cure, heal. —स्वस्तिः to be well, quiet.

स्वस्ति, s. A particle of benediction, May it be well with you. 2. so be it, amen. —स्वस्तिः to wish well, bless. —स्वस्तिः to yield, acquiesce in.

स्वादि, s. A kind of fish. 2. a game.

स्वाति, s. Arcturus, the fifteenth lunar asterism.

स्वाद, स्वादु, स्वादु, s. Taste, flavour. 2. tasting. adj. Sweet, agreeable, delightful. —स्वादुः to be tasteful, sweet. —स्वादुः to give taste. —स्वादुः to taste.

स्वाधिन, स्वाधिना, स्वाधिना, adj. Absolute, free, independent. 2. in the custody or keeping of. 3. under the control or command of. स्वाधिनविध to be dependent on or subject to another; alienation, as of property. —स्वाधिनाः to come into one's possession. —स्वाधिनाः to give possession, as of property.

स्वामनुभाव, स्वामनुभाव, s. One's own experience or observation.

स्वामि, s. Owner, lord, master, chief, king. 2. a husband. 3. God. —स्वामि one's master's business or interests. —स्वामि treachery, treason. —स्वामि a traitor.

स्वारस्य, स्वारस्य, स्वारस्य, स्वारस्य, s. Sweetness, savouriness. 2. pathos, spirit. 3. goodness, excellence. adj. Pleasing, delicious, excellent. —स्वारस्य to be pleasing, excellent.

स्वार्जित, adj. Self-acquired.

स्वार्त, s. Success. 2. possession. 3. see तत्त्वावर्त.

स्वार्त, see तत्त्वावर्त.

स्वार्तुक, see तत्त्वावर्त.

स्वार्थ, s. Self-interest, selfishness. 2. inherent or real-meaning. —स्वार्थः a selfish word. —स्वार्थः to be selfish.

स्वास, see तत्त्वावर्त.

स्वास्ति, स्वास्ति, स्वास्ति, s. An estate, property, especially endowed for religious or charitable objects; a foundation. —स्वास्तिः to endow a religious or charitable institution with property.

स्वास्तिक, adj. Everlasting. s. see तत्त्वावर्त.

स्विकार, s. Claiming, acknowledging; affirming or admitting to be one's own. 2. adoption. —स्विकार adoption of a son. —स्विकार to adopt; to acknowledge, admit.

स्वेद, s. Sweat 2. steam, —स्वेद, see under दृष्टि.
ha, The forty-sixth letter of the alphabet.

hānkāra, see ṣenānā.

haṅgu, s. Obligation; the state of being in the power of another; duty. -हके one who is under obligation or power of another; a dependant, adherent. -हके to be under obligation to, or in the power of, another.

haṅgusāvuni (हनक), v. a. To upbraid, rebuke, charge contemptuously with any thing.

haṅgāmi, haṅgāmu, s. Season, time, period. adj. Temporary, for the time being. -हके, -हके a temporary employment.

haṅgipuni, see ṣenānā.

haṇči, see ṣenā.

haṇcu, s. A tile.

haṇcuni (हनक), v. a. To distribute, divide.

haṇḍi, see ṣenā.

haṇḍa, s. A large copper vessel, caldron. 2. see ोरी.

haṇṇukāyi, see ṣenā ṣenā.

haṇṭāyi, s. Mustard.

hanti, see ṣenā. 2. see ṣoṣ. 2 haṃbaḷu, s. Solicitous thought; the mind absorbed in thought. -हके to think anxiously respecting some thing, to brood over a subject.

haṃbaḷu, see ṣoṣ.

haṃbottu, see ṣoṣ.

hammattu, see ṣoṣ.

hammāle, see ṣoṣ.

hammini, see ṣoṣ.

hamsa, Ṣoṣ haṃsa, haṃsē, s. A swan, goose; a fabulous bird so called; also जोरेदा.

haṃsapāda, s. An asterisk. 2. a prop. 3. a caret.

hamsānī, see ṣoṣ.

hākikū, s. A kind of bead.

hākikatū, hākikatū, hākikatu, s. A statement or representation of occurrences, affairs, etc. 2. affairs, events, facts. -हके to state one's affairs, etc.

hākime, s. A Mahommedan physician.

hākku, s. Right, title, claim. 2. share, portion. -हके, -हके a claimant, the
holder of a share; one who has a right. \( \text{hada} \) without right or reason.

\( \text{hakkal} \), s. Gleanings of corn. 2. see \( \text{hakka} \).

\( \text{hakki} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hakkil} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hakku} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hagal} \), s. The daytime; cf. \( \text{z&} \). \( \text{z&} \), a large kind of blue light.

\( \text{hagura} \), adj. Light, not heavy. 2. slow, dilatory. adv. Gently, slowly, leisurely. \( \text{z&} \), a light load. \( \text{z&} \), fickleness, indifference. \( \text{z&} \), to make light, treat lightly; to act or work slowly.

\( \text{hag} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{haca} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hacca} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{haccade} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{haccuni} \) (\( \text{z&} \)), v. a. To affix, attach. 2. to smear, daub, anoint, plaster. 3. to paste or glue on.

\( \text{hajame} \), s. A barber.

\( \text{hajur} \), s. The head collector's office; also \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hat} \), \( \text{hata} \), \( \text{hatha} \), s. Obstinance. 2. violence, severity. 3. a grudge, spite against. \( \text{z&} \), \( \text{z&} \), \( \text{z&} \), \( \text{z&} \) an obstinate man. \( \text{z&} \), to be obstinate.

\( \text{hadakuni} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hadaga} \), s. A ship, sailing vessel.

\( \text{hadapa} \), s. A barber's dressing case; cf. \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hadapuni} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hadab"e} \), s. A bastard; also \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{ha"epu} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hana} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{han"ahani} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hanita} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{han"e} \), s. The forehead, scull. \( \text{z&} \), lot, fate, destiny, fortune.

\( \text{hata} \), adj. Struck, hit. 2. killed. \( \text{z&} \), to slay, kill.

\( \text{hato} \), intj. An exclamation used to set on, as a dog to pursue an animal, etc.

\( \text{hattara} \), adv. Near, close by. s. Nearness, proximity.

\( \text{hatti} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hattun} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hatya} \), s. Killing, murder.

\( \text{hatra} \), see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hadu} \), see \( \text{z&} \). 2. see \( \text{z&} \).

\( \text{hada} \), s. The proper condition of things. 2. sharpness, as of a knife, etc. 3. forming, as metals to proper degree of hardness. 4. boiling or cooking to the proper point. \( \text{z&} \), to be fit for use; to be temperate. \( \text{z&} \), to become fit for use; to
become sharp. - to take a due proportion of ingredients; to harass, tire, exhaust.
- to taste or try anything to see whether it is duly done. - to sharpen; to temper.

**haddu**, s. A limit, border, boundary. - neighbourhood, jurisdiction, extent of power. - to guess. - to violate a prescribed bound.

**hani**, see **hari**.

**hanumante**, **hanumāṇu**, **hanumē**, s. The deified monkey chief, friend, ally and spy of Rāma.

**happala**, see **happu**.

**habadu**, see **haddu**.

**habali**, see **habadi**.

**habé**, see **hine**.

**habba**, see **habba**.

**hamaruni**, see **haratuni**.

**hamire**, s. A nobleman, grandee.

**hamusāni**, see **hamusāni**.


**hara**, s. Śiva. 2. expelling, as poison; counteracting, as evil spirits, etc.

**harakū**, see **harakū**.

**harakatū**, see **harakatū**.

**harakē**, see **harakē**.

**haragolū**, s. A round wicker-boat covered with leather.

**haratuni** (हरतुं), v. a. To prate, blabber, talk nonsense.

**haraṭē**, s. Prate, jabber.

2. teasing, vexing, troubling.
- a prater, idle-talker.
- to prate, babble.
- to tease.

**haraḍuni**, see **haraḍuni**.

**haraḍē**, s. Gallnut, inknut, *Terminalia chebula*.

**haraṇa**, **haraṇē**, s. Removing, carrying, bearing off, as of pain, disease, sin, trouble, etc. 2. passing time; sustenance, maintenance. ā to pass away time; to live, sustain; to put off with vain excuses.

**harata**, s. adj.

**haradāri**, s. A distance of about three English miles.

**harade**, see **harāde**.

**haravañēi**, s. Embezzlement, defalcation, as of public money.

**harasuni** (हरसूँ), v. a. To bless, wish well.


2. wicked, iniquitous, vile, base. - a vicious horse.

-treachery to a master.

**hari**, s. Vishṇu.

**harīsū**, see **hāriṣū**.
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<tr>
<td>hariyana</td>
<td>A flat, metal dish.</td>
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<td>hariyuni</td>
<td>1. See hariyana. 2. See hariyana.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>harivata</td>
<td>A kind of gout.</td>
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<tr>
<td>harishka</td>
<td>See harsha.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>harkyu</td>
<td>Adj. Torn, rent, tattered.</td>
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<tr>
<td>harkatu</td>
<td>S. Opposition, hinderance. - to oppose, hinder, obstruct.</td>
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<td>harkatti</td>
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<td>harpuny</td>
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<td>harpudduni</td>
<td>See harpu.</td>
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<td>harsha</td>
<td>S. Happiness, delight, joy. - to rejoice, be glad, delighted.</td>
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<tr>
<td>halava</td>
<td>See halava.</td>
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<tr>
<td>halavu</td>
<td>Pron. Many, much. 2. Some. - several castes or classes.</td>
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<tr>
<td>halasu</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>halakyu</td>
<td>S. Loss, waste, desolation. 2. Disorder, - to be wasted, destroyed; to become weak. - to destroy; to waste, spend.</td>
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<tr>
<td>halaki</td>
<td>See halaki.</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>halkyu</td>
<td>Adj. Inferior, low, mean, base. 2. Cheap. 3. Easy. - a cheap or inferior sort of cloth. - a mean act. - low people. - a mean person. - a low word. - to depreciate; to slander, defame.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>halkuni</td>
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<tr>
<td>hallukaadi</td>
<td>S. A toothpick.</td>
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<tr>
<td>halli</td>
<td>See hallukaadi.</td>
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<tr>
<td>havaludare</td>
<td>Havanadare, see havaludare.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>havane</td>
<td>S. Sacrifice, offering to the gods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>havela</td>
<td>See havela.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>havela</td>
<td>S. Coral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>havelu</td>
<td>S. Air, wind; climate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>haveli</td>
<td>S. A large house, mansion, villa. 2. The upper story of a house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hasta</td>
<td>S. The hand. 2. The thirteenth lunar asterism; also - legerdemain, sleight of hand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hala</td>
<td>See hala.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
an adulterer, fornicator.  
- to commit adultery.

- s. Loss, injury, harm, detriment. adj. Damaged, injured.  
- to ruin.

- s. A grain measure of eighty rupees weight.

- see .

- a necklace, garland, chaplet.  2. see 

- see 

- see .

- To desire, wish, be anxious about.  to wish for an opportunity.  [affair.

- s. State, condition, 

- s. A bird of ill omen. 2. a mendicant who professes to interpret such omens.  this bird to utter its ominous notes.

- s. Particulars of one's circumstances.  to represent one's circumstances.

- adv. Now, at the present time.

- see 

- s. Trouble, difficulty. 2. evil.
hāvu, s. A snake, serpent.

hāsīgē, see ḍāmā. hāsū, see ḍū.

hāsūkāḷu, hāsīkāḷu, s. A paving stone.

hāsūpāsū, hāsūpisū, see ḍū. hāsarākattē, s. A mule.

hāsīgē, s. A bed, mattress. -sātu to spread out a bed.

hāsiyuni (ḥās), v. a. To ridicule.

hāsunī (ḥās), v. a. To spread out. 2. to pave.

hāsya, s. Laughing at, ridicule, derision. 2. laughter. ḍū derision, irony; mimicry. -sā to jest, jeer, sport, mock.

hāhā, intj. of pain, grief, or surprise. 2. ah! woe!

hālū, s. Ruin, destruction, desolation, annihilation. adj. Desolate, waste, ruined, destroyed. -sā, -śū to go to ruin, to be waste. -sā śū to ruin, spoil, destroy; to spend, waste.

hālitā, s. An exact measurement, dimension, quantity. adj. Exactly fitting, proper. 2. tempered, of due temperature. 3. of a proper heat. ḍū, sū a rough estimate, etc. -śū to fit. -śū to take an exact measurement, etc.; to take a due proportion of ingredients. -sā to see whether a given measurement, etc., is correct.

hālmē, see ḍū.

hīngū, s. Asafoetida. 2. abatement, allaying.

hīngara, see ḍū. hīngara, adj. Latter; following, subsequent. ḍū the latter rain. -śū the second crop.

hīngaranē, adv. Behind, backward. -śū śū making sommersets backward and forward.

hīnguni (ḥīṅ), v. n. To be unsteady. 2. to be allayed, as thirst. 3. to be subdued, to abate, as sorrow; ḍū śū śū he will not shrink; he is firm, steady.

hīndī, s. The remains of any thing from which the juice has been expressed; cf. ḍū.

hindu, s. A Hindu. 2. an Indian. adj. Indian, of India. -śū the Hindu people. -śū the Hindu castes. śū India.

himmatū, s. Boldness, courage, intrepidity, spirit, resolution.

himmū, himmini, himmuni, see ḍū.
able, refreshing or wholesome, as food; to be edifying.

hitamārya, s. Enmity.

hitabārya, see hitamārya.

hittalē, see hitamārya.

hittuni, see hitamārya.

hitly, s. A garden; bet.

hidya, see hidya.

hinpini, see himpini.

hippali, see himpini.

hima, s. Snow, hoar-frost, dew. 2. cold. adj. Frigid, cold, frosty. — the cold season, winter.

himalaya, s. The range of Himalaya mountains.

himini, s. A purse, bag, pocket.

hiranya, s. Gold. 2. wealth, property.

hiri, adj. Great, elder, senior, superior. — old and young, superior and inferior. — a presbytery. — eldership, seniority. — the monitor in a school; an ancestor, senior, elder, presbyter.

hiridū, see hiri.

hiryuni, see hiranya.

hirye, see under hiri.

hire, see hire.
hirtu, see hirtu.
hirdu, adj. Pre-eminient, best, superior, excellent. -hirtu a superior cloth.
hirduni, see hirdu.
hillayu, see hillu.
hiltu, s. An offering of betel-leaves to a demon. 2. see hiltu. 3. see hillu.
hille, s. A false excuse, difficulties made to evade the payment of a debt or the performance of a task. -hille to plead a false excuse.
hile, hile, hisè, hisè, s. Part, portion, share. -shile to give a share. -shile, -shilu to divide, share, apportion.
hishare, hisè, s. Part, portion, share. -shishare to give a share. -shishare to divide, share, apportion.
hishāryu, s. A sign; a hint.
hisābu, s. An account.
hūkaripuni (hootipuni), v. a. To find fault with, blame, despise, scorn.
hūdruni, huntri, himpunı (hooti, hu), v. a. To blow the nose.

hīne, s. A base fellow. 2. a weak man. -vū a stupid man, fool.
hīesuni (hootu), v. a. To despise, disgrace, disregard.
hūruli, see hūruli.
hūrè, see hūrè.
hum, intj. of response, approbation or assent. -hū to answer, as a call; to approve; to assent; to pay attention to a story, etc.
hūndi, s. A bill of exchange; a money order.
hūnnamē, see hūnnamē.
hūnmaru, s. An art, a resource or power of skill or cunning; ability for contriving, devising or effecting. -hūmaru a shrewd or ingenious man; an artist; an alchymist; an athlete or gymnast. -hūmaru to devise, contrive; to show one's skill or ability.
hūkumū, s. An order, command. 2. leave, permission. -hūkumū to command, order; to permit.
hūkā, s. A hooka, smoking apparatus.
hūjatu, s. Constraint, force, compulsion. -hūjatu to force, compel.

hūṭu, s. Birth, origin, production. 2. nature, natu-
3. profit, gain.
adj. Natural, inherent. —天生
one's antecedents or circumstances.

3. huditi, s. The produce of a garden or field.
2. mesne profit or rent.

hudary, see シール.

hudige, huduge, s.
A youngster.
hudugigè, s. Childishness, puerility.

hunna, see シール.

huto, see シール.

hude, see シール.

hubbu, s. The eyebrow.
hubbè, s. The eleventh lunar asterism.
2. see シール.
huyimpuni, see シール.

huri, see シール.

hurbu, see シール.

hullu, s. Grass. —一把 a handful of grass given by a cattle dealer to a purchaser as a ratification of bargain.

husi, s. A lie, falsehood.
2. failure, omission, miscarriage. —忽略 to fail or miscarry. —忽略 to omit or neglect.

hupini, see シール.

hrudya, s. The heart, mind, bosom, breast.

hrudgata, adj. lit. Gone to the heart or mind; impressed; remembered, got by heart.

heu, s. A woman.

henta, see シール.

henda, s. Toddy, palm-wine. —酒 a drunkard, wine-bibber.

hemma, adj. Abundant, plenty, much, many.

hemme, s. Pride, insolence,
arrogance, haughtiness. — to an insolent man. — to be haughty.

hemmetuni, see hemne. A kind of cucumber.

hekkuni, see hekkarme. A chief, chieftain, headman.

heggade, s. A family name; cf. heggade.

heccalme, s. Exaltation, greatness. 2. brag, boast.

heccavuni, c. v. (of heccal) To increase, enlarge, exalt, promote. 2. to spoil, vitiate, as a child, etc., by over-indulgence; also a stupid man.

hecc, hecci, heccigè, s. Increase. 2. promotion, advancement. 3. excess, superfluity. 4. eminence, excellence. 5. any thing unusual. — a superfluous word. — an unusual occurrence; further particulars. — to increase, augment; to be promoted. — to raise, as rent, etc.; to increase, promote.

heccika-damè, heccukadamè, s. Difference, variation. adj. About, more or less. — there is no difference. — to speak without due regard; to abuse. — to make a mistake; to make a difference; to make partiality.

heccugarigè, see hecc.

heccuni (hecc), v. n. To increase, augment. — to be overwise. — a disease to aggravate. hecc he has become conceited.

heccely, see hecc.

hejjè, see hecc. 2. see hecc.

hețțu, see hecc.

hețtuni, see hecc.

hedamudi, adj. Pinioned, as the arms. — to pinion.


heđde, s. A dolt, blockhead, stupid man.
heddyu, heddyuni, hedtaruni, hedpini, see हेद्दूङा, हेद्दूङी.

हेदरिके, s. Fear.

हेदा, adj. Great, large, spacious, chief, principal.

हेदारी, s. A highway, great road.

हेबारे, s. A dolt, blockhead, ignorant man.

हेबाकिला, s. A town gate, chief entrance. 2. the front door of a house.

हेबारे, s. A family name. 2. a member of this family.

हेबवु, s. The boa constrictor.

हेरांगादे, s. Exclusion, expulsion, interdict. —हेरा to interdict, excommunicate.

हेरिया, see हेरा.

हेरु, हेरुल, heruni, herduni (हेर), v. a. To bring forth, as a child.

हेरपुङ्क, see हेरपुङ्क.

हेली, see हेली.

हेरिके, see हेरिके.

हेरी, हेरी, हेरी, हेरी, s. A coward, poltroon, adj. Timid. —हेरी to be dependent upon.

हेरी, to obey one's instructions.

हेरु, s. A person belonging to a class of Brāhmans so called.

हेरपुङ्क, see हेरपुङ्क.

हेद्री, adj. Of the time of Hyder Ali. —हेद्री a gold coin so called.

हेराङ्गु, हेराङ्गु, हेराङ्गु, हेराङ्गु, adj. Perturbed, disturbed, distressed, discomposed, as through sickness, fatigue, etc. s. Distress, perturbation, discomposure. —हेराङ्गु to be exhausted, done up.

होंगारे, see होंगारे.
impute, charge with. 3. see 

<ref>hortandé, hortu, adv. Unless, except. 2. besides. 3 besides that.</ref>
holi, holi, holi, s. A feast celebrated at the full-moon of the month of Phalguna, when Cupid is burnt in effigy.
holike, s. Resemblance, similarity, likeness.
holuvé, hólve, s. Probability, likelihood. 2. resemblance.
hólégé, s. A broad, round cake of wheat flour, and filled with boiled split pulse and jaggory.
hólé, see holi.
houli, see holi.

la, The forty-seventh letter of the alphabet. No words begin with this letter.

ksha, The forty-eighth letter of the alphabet, compounded of ो and श.
kshana, s. A measure of time equal to four minutes. 2. a moment, instant. ोो in a moment.
kshatri, s. The second of the four classes of Hindus. ो a man of the royal or military caste.
kshamipuni, kshamisuni (स्म, स्मि), v. a. To pardon, forgive. 2. to bear with.
kshame, s. Forgiveness, pardon, forbearing, bearing with. 2. patience, endurance.

kshaya, s. Waste, decline, decay, consumption. 2. destruction, extinction, annihilation. 3. decrease of the digits of the sun or moon. 4. the sixtieth year of the Hindu cycle of sixty. ोो moon on the wane. अस्थ phthisis, consumption. ोो to be consumed, destroyed.

kşama, s. A famine, scarcity of provisions. अो a time of famine.
kşina, adj. Wasted, emaciated. 2. destroyed, extinguished. 3. thin, lean. अो an emaciated body. अो a thin man.
* kshira, s. Milk.

* kshirna, s. Digestion.

* kshudra, adj. Small, little.
  2. low, mean.
  3. avaricious.

  4. cruel.
  s. Fault, folly, defect.

  2. slander, calumny.

  3. sorcery.
  – kshudhe an intrigue; a mean act.
  – kshudhe an intriguer; a slanderer; a sorcerer.
  – kshudhe a calumny.
  – kshudhe to bewitch.

* kshudhe, s. Hunger, appetite.

* kshetra, s. A sacred spot, place of pilgrimage, holy land.
  2. a plane, superficies.
  – kshetra a demon so called.
  – kshetra land measure, area.

  – kshetra a holy place or shrine.

* kshema, s. Welfare, well-being, happiness, health.
  adj. Well, happy.
  – kshema, – kshema news about one’s welfare.

* kshoura, s. Shaving the head.
  – kshoura a barber.
  – kshoura to shave.
SUPPLEMENT.

annyare, see அன்யாறே.
ambiri, ........ 2. see அம்பரி.
akalkara s. A kind of medicinal root.
akkosa, see அக்கசா.
acci, s. ........ 3. a gold coin, pagoda.
attalige, see அத்தலிகே. 2. see அத்தத்து.
appvspu, s. A kind of fish.
arakuttulu, s. A cook-room in a temple.
alkade, see அல்கடே.
avandu, see அவண்டு.
உண்டு (உண்டு), v. a. To do; cf. உண்ட்கு.
ariyuni, see அரியுணி.
ålanda, see அலந்தா.
āvara, see அவரா.
ārisgisi, s. Risk, responsibility, care; cf. அசிரேவலே.
ittore, see இட்டொரே.
idakatti, idakatti, see இடைகடை.
idepinni, see இடைபிரிநி.
ināsarē, s. Embracing.
irolu, see இரோலு.
umbara, s. Danger.
ugudu, see உக்குடு.
yettu, yetty, yetta, s. A game at dice.

yettoli, see yettu.

yesaguni (v. a. To discharge. 2. to help. 3. to begin.

votto, see votto.

vorkatta, adj. Single, alone.

vorba, see vorba.

volmana, see volma.

vödurimada, see vorba.

kandada, see kandada.

kanda, see kandada.

kambala, see kambala.

kada‘yige, s. Kneading; cf. kandada.

kadavuni, see kandada.

kadunjikaiy, see kandada; also kandada.

kandes, see kandada.

kandesa, see kandada.

kamadu, kamaru, s. Dregs. 2. smell of burnt oil, etc. adj. Old.

kalavu, s. A scar, mark. 2. see kandada.

kalijiga, kalijiga, kalpadi, s. A learned man, sophist. 2. a hypocrite.

kalpe, s. Learning.

kasavade, s. A gown.

kallatu, s. A fixed place.

kallavu, see kandada.

kandaya, s. A large vessel for boiling.

kandaya, ... 2. see kandada.

känmé, s. Appearance, show.

kälaga, see kandada.

killara, s. A frame-work. 2. the stomach.

ku‘calaa, see kandada.

kunte, see kandada.

kummu‘duni, see kandada.

kukku‘ta, s. A fowl.

kuddi, see kandada.

kudunte, s. A lump of dung. 2. see kandada.

kudru, see kandada.

kurduni, see kandada.

kura, s. A kind of tree.

kükru, adj. Young, small.

kura, a cub, young dog.

kudru, a kind of small crab.

kura‘nda, see kandada.

kurea, s. An enclosure. 2. a tassel.

keddesa, see kandada.

keppa, see kandada.

kepparu, s. A kind of cap; cf. kandada.

kedage, see kandada.

keikuni (v. a. To wash the hands.

keipuni, v. a. To fasten, bind tight.

kondada, adj. Beloved, dear. s. see kandada.
kombā, s. A kind of umbrella.
kojānē, s. A thicket.
koppanda, s. A female's ornament.
korana, adj. Unconferable; rare, as a gift.
korni, see 7a.
gandanda, adj. Small, fine.
garndalu, s. A stalwart man, giant.
gatya, see 7a.
gadiya, adv. Wholly; cf. 7a.
gali, s. Small pieces of light wood fastened to a net.
gavana, s. Desire, wish.
ganuni, see 7a.
gindo, see 7a.
giriya, s. A hinge, as of a door.
gudi, s. . . . adj. Deep, sunken.
guji, adj. Short, thick, of little stature. —ady a short, thick cocoanut tree.
guddaluni (7a), v. a. To work hard.
guddale, see 7a.
gurmaneyu, see 7a.
guvel, see 7a.
gellundu, s. Success, victory, triumph; cf. 7a.
geirayatu, s. Absence.
čandagiḍi, s. Haughtiness. 2. a man's name.
čatalu, see 7a.
camaku, s. Lustre; brandishment, flourish. 2. haughtiness.
čarakajē, s. Dishevelled hair.
čingani, see 7a.
čittnesi, see 7a.
čillodu, see 7a.
čōre, adj. Tender, unripe, as a fruit.
čōpakhānē, see 7a.
jantri, see 7a.
jalmunde, adj. Nice, fine.
jambumuri, s. A peculiar smell.
jataga, s. Walking. —ady a walking stick.
jāmuri, see 7a.
jāvara, see 7a.
juvana, see 7a.
jokkē, joga, see 7a.
2. see 7a.
jogatē, see 7a.
ivalipuni, v. n. To burn, shine.
jyokerākē, see 7a.
dalaguni (7a), v. a. To shine.
davanē, s. A whirlpool; also 7a.
takeiru, see 7a.
tatimuṭi, s. Strait, dilemma. 2. see 7a.
tariya, see 7a.
**tarte, adj.** Deep; *cf.* ठाल, ठाला.

**tallāra, see ठाला.**

**tālē, s.** Comparison; proof; agreement.

**tīgrū, s.** A sprout, bud, germ. 2. a split, crack.

**tipparū, s.** A knotted root. 2. confusion, hurlyburly.

**tirudi, s.** A vice, an instrument for holding and griping things. 2. *see तिप्परुः.

**tirusōlu, see तिरुसोल.**

**tunē, s.** A stick. 2. *see तीन.

**tēduni (तेदु), v. a.** To grind, macerate, bray.

**temulē, see तेमुलेक.**

**tēgu, see तेगु.**

**tōranṭē, s.** A kind of *solanum.*

**tōlarā, adv.** With the arms extended.

**thalli, thallē, s.** A cloth used in offerings to demons, at weddings, *etc.*

**damanē, see दामानेक.**

**dalliya, s.** A kind of cloth.

**divala, see दिवाल.**

**divārē, s.** Fixing a day.

**dunduni, see दुंदुनी.**

**dukki, s.** The left side of a finger-drum.

**dentadē, see देंतादेक.**

**deva, s. . . . . 3. see देवी.**

4. *see देवी.

**desa, desē, s.** Raw rice used on auspicious occasions for sprinkling upon a married couple, *etc.*; *cf.* ठेव. 2. *see देव. —देवादेव to sprinkle rice in this way.

**nāṭa, s.** Seeking, search.

**nāda, adv.** Soon, speedily.  s. A falsehood.

**nāyuni, see नायुनी.**

**napē, see नापेक.**

**nālāvuni, see नालावुनी.**

**nilepuni (निलेपुनी), v. a.** To establish, found.

**patluppu, s.** Salpetre.

**padakara, see पडाकर.**

**padāvu, s. . . . 2. a ship.**

**paditaḍē, s.** A temporary dwelling.

**padāmpu, s.** Moisture. *adj.* Moist, wet.

**padāmpuni (पदामपुनी), v. a.** To moisten, wet.

**paripāḍu, s.** Fate. 2. trouble.

**parivāla, s.** Food. 2. *see परिवाल.**

**pāmbalē, s.** A kind of ornament.
bambolu, see S3s>c23jsv.

pidibali, s. . . . 2. a
demon's sword.

pidukaantu, s. Blinking,
twinkling of the eyes.
piravatty, see 252.
pirnalu, s. A gift.

pinari, see 252.
pudagala, s. The body.
purapu, s. Circumstances.
puli, s. . . . — a kind
of sour sauce or condiment.
punica, s. An ant-hill.
pugare, s. A temporary
shed covered with awnings
erected during the funeral
 ceremonies of a deceased
Sudra.

perna, see 252.

ponolige, see 252.
potthulu, s. A rotten
seed.
pokre, s. A nasty man.
potla, s. A pustule, blister,
sore. 2. a kind of parasite.
prana, s. . . . . . —to work hard. — to commit suicide.
bakkanne, s. A quarrel.
bapipuni, babipuni, bapipuni (252, 252), v. a. To put
out of the way.
bittulu, s. A garden,
compound.

bisaru, s. A stroke, blow,
cut.

beauty, s. Disturbance,
confusion, disorder. 2. en-
tanglement. — to disentangle.

beukuni (252), v. n. To
be complicated, entangled.
bembana, s. Work.
badaga, s. Medicine for
a woman in childbirth.
mallayulu, s. A large
ladle.

mambra, s. A cry, shout.
—to cry, shout, call.
mijatu, see 252.
mugaliyuni (252), v. n. To become cloudy, as
the sky.
mujuju, s. An old
person.
mudavuni (252), v. a.
To draw near.
resa, s. A kind of pepper
water or sauce.
lecal, adj. Wide, broad.
vayana, s. Offerings of
cocoanuts made by a marri-
ed woman to the goddess
Gouri.
vayola, s. Any state-
ment or account written on
palm-leaves.
sine, s. A flute, fife.
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